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The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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BY

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, east of Backer's Exchange.

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Advertisements not accompanied with written directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Business Directory.

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Harwood & Highes.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Bridge St., Owatonna. 2-31

W. R. Kinyon.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at Law in all the Courts of the State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes. Procures Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2 doors from the Public Square Bridge street Owatonna. May 11th, 1865. v1n3

J. B. SEARLES. F. B. VAN HOESEN

Searles & Van Hoesen,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Will give prompt attention to all professional business, [illegible] pay taxes, collect pensions, back pay and bounties, buy and sell land on commission, and Notary Public. Office on Bridge Street, front room over Excelsior Drug Store, Owatonna, Minnesota. v2n23tf

Miss L. J. Kellogg,

DENTIST, is prepared to attend to all departments of Dentistry, including latest improvements, with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted. Office—Chesley's Photograph Rooms, in Dresser's Block. v3n33tf

E. C. Phelps

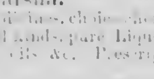
DEALER in all kinds of Groceries at the Lowest Figures, Bridge Street, Owatonna.

Nov. 30, 1865. 31-6m

Frank Curtis & Co.,

DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v3n29t

J. M. Williams,



DENTIST. I have worked at Dentistry twenty one years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed to please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n10

D. S. Harsha.

DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals, Patent medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Jaos & Ball.

DEALERS in Pure Wines Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Assorted Candies, Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins etc. v1-n1 Cash paid for Hides.

Hastings & Twiss.

GOOD [illegible] carriages constantly on hand [illegible] reasonable terms and ready pay. Livery Stable and Stage Barn. v2 1y.

Marble Factory.

H. CARPENTER, Dealer in Head Stones, Monuments &c. Main St., Rochester, Min. 3-1

American Hotel.

J. B. C[illegible], Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna. [illegible] has fitted up the old stand [illegible] Hotel, and has all the conveniences for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n31.

F. S. Bodie, M. D.,

LATE Surgeon U. S. Army, having located at Owatonna, will promptly attend to any calls pertaining to his profession. Office over Wadsworth's store. Residence at the American Hotel.

C. C. Cornell,

MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars and all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Street, Owatonna, Minn. v1n12

Carpenter & Smith,

NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings. Faribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. -1y.

L. L. Bennett, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

Horace Hawks.

PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Hotel, 2½ miles west of Rice Lake, on the Owatonna Road.—Good accommodations have been made for the weary traveler and his team. Bills always reasonable, and satisfaction given. v3n3tf

C. C. Hazzard.

PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-tf

D. P. Smith.

PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1n22.

G. W. Yearly,

PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel," Wasioja, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Wasioja Hotel." v2n52

J. H. Easton,

PHOTOGRAPHIST. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27tf

L. H. Kelly,

PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAINDEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

J. B. Hooker,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. ☞ Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 3-2

I. O. O. F.

STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening, Lodge Room over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building.

E. K. Smith, N.·. G.·. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
L. Bixby, V.·. G.·. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
[illegible] Newsalt, D.·. D.·. G.·. M.·.

Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.

TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R.·. A.·. M.·. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

C. N. DANIELS, H.·. P.·.

Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39tf

S. Blood, M. D.,

WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, (known as the Potwin Place,) where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. ☞ Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n24tf

J. Hough,

WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. 8tf

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE

CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND RACKERS:
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR,

PICNICS:
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:

Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter,	8½
Sugar,	11
Cream,	13

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,

ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

TAIT & VAN VOORHIES.

Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n13

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!

Burr & McClure

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:—

WATCHES

Of all kinds, both GOLD AND SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS

Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the

Seth Thomas Clocks,

Excelled by none.

JEWELRY

Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORANTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETTS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE.

CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

SPECTACLES,

The best assortment in the county.

Musical Instruments,

GUITARS, BANJOES, VIOLINS, ACCORDIONS, CLARONETTS, PICKELOES, FLUTES, FIFES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Cutlery.

A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Willow Ware.

TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS, CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

BIRD CAGES

Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the

NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

☞ Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.

Call and see us, at the Sign of the Big Watch.

BURR & McCLURE.

Owatonna, May 18, 1865. v3n1tf

NOW OPEN!



CHESLEY'S NEW & ELEGANT

Photograph Gallery,

IN

DRESSER'S BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where he may always be found ready to wait upon those who may favor him with a call. He has the best SKY- AND SIDE-LIGHT in the State, the best of Instruments, Rooms and Chemicals, necessary for the business, and can safely warrant his work

Good as the Best.

Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.

Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER.

Miss C. E. Kelsey

would inform the people of Steele County, that she has established a branch

MME DEMOREST'S,

Great Emporium of Fashion,

in the City, of Owatonna, on Main Street, at the residence of E. K. FENNO, where she will be able to do all kinds of DRESS-MAKING, CLOAKS, MANTILLAS. Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's apparel, done promptly and in the latest styles. All kinds of the latest patterns, Cloaks, Mantilla Sacks, Dresses, Misses and Boys outfit, which she will furnish to all wanting them.

Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

Poetry.

LEISURE.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

Grand is the leisure of the earth;
She gives her happy myriads birth,
And after harvest fears no dearth,
But goes to sleep in snow-wreaths dim
[illegible] in the leisure up above,
The while he sits, whose name is Love,
And waits, as Noah did, the dove,
To wit if she would fly to him.

He waits for us, while, houseless things
We beat about with bruised wings
On the dark woods and water springs,
The ruined world, the desolate sea;
With open windows from the prime,
[illegible]
Until the fulness of the time,
[illegible]

Where is our leisure? Give us rest!
Where is the quiet we possessed?
We must have had it once—were blest!
With peace, whose phantoms yet entice.
Surely the mother of mankind
Longed for the gardens left behind;
For we still prove some yearnings blind,
Inherited from Paradise.

THE WHISTLER.

"You have heard," said a youth to his sweet-heart, who stood
While he sat on a corn sheaf, at daylight's decline,—
You have heard of the Danish boy's whistle of wood:
"I wish that the Danish boy's whistle were mine."

"And what would you do with it? Tell me," she said.
While an arch smile played over her beautiful face.
"I would blow it," he answered, "and then my fair maid
Would fly to my side, and would there take her place."

"Is that all that you wish for? Why that may be yours
Without any magic," the fair maiden cried;
"A favor so slight one's good nature secures!"
And she playfully seated herself by his side.

"I would blow it again," said he; "and the charm
Would work so that not even sweet modesty check
Would be able to keep from my neck your white arm!"
She smiled, and she laid her white arm 'round his neck.

"Yet once more I would blow, and the music divine
Would bring me the third time an exquisite bliss,—
You would lay your fair cheek to this brown one of mine,
And your lips stealing past it, would give me a kiss."

The maiden laughed out in her innocent glee,—
"What a fool of yourself with the whistle you'd make!
For only consider how silly 'twould be
To sit there and whistle for what you might take."

THE SABBATH.

[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Six days of toil, poor [illegible] Cain,
Thy strength the slave of want may be:
The seventh thy limbs escape the chain,—
A God hath made thee free!

Ah, tender was the law that gave
This holy respite to the breast,
To breathe the gale, to watch the wave,
And know—the wheel may rest!

But where the waves the gentlest glide
What image charms, to lift thine eyes?
The spire reflected on the tide
Invites thee to the skies.

To teach the soul its nobler worth
This rest from mortal toils is given:
Go, snatch the brief reprieve from earth
And pass—a guest to Heaven.

They tell thee, in their dreaming school,
Of Power from old dominion hurled,
When rich and poor, with juster rule,
Shall share the altered world.

Alas! since time itself began,
That fable hath but fooled the hour;
Each age that ripens Power in Man,
But subjects Man to Power.

Yet every day in seven, at least,
One bright republic shall be known:—
Man's world awhile hath surely ceased,
When God proclaims his own!

Six days may Rank divide the poor,
O Dives, from thy banquet-hall;
The seventh the Father opes the door,
And holds His feast for all!

CAN THE NATION FORGET!

BY A. A. HOPKINS.

Suggested by the infamous proposal of Mayor Gunther to burn all the flags and trophies that every trace of the war might be removed from sight.

What! burn up the flags our victories won,
Ere Peace her glad anthem has scarcely begun?
Destroy the old banners our brave boys bore,
Forget the bright blue of the garments they wore?
Efface all the marks of the conflict so dire,
Remember no more the fierce trial by fire?
Speak not of the fields over which gleamed our stars,
And bid our maimed heroes forget all their scars?

Go, bid yonder mother tear out from her breast
The image of him who her bosom once prest;
Go wash from her heart the hot traces of tears
That burned so deep there in these terrible years;
Make her to forget her sad watchings—her prayer
That God would the life of her darling still spare,
And over his grave, where the palmettos grow,
Your mantle of misty forgetfulness throw.

The 'missing' ones back to the home-circle bring,
O'er desolate hearth-stones new happiness fling;
Give life to a name loving lips oft repeat,
Restore a dear form to the now vacant seat;
Uncover the graves where the marble slabs tell
Their stories of heroes who fought and who fell,
And from them give back to their country once more
The hearts that beflowed our green fields with their gore.

Go to Gettysburg, go where the blossoming soil
Drank deep of their blood who won stars for their toil;
And Southward, where up through Virginia's sod
The thousands are silently looking to God.
Remove every trace of the mounds scattered there
That never a mark of affection may bear,
And bid the dry bones in those shallow graves live,
The nameless there hidden to saddened hearts give.

When this you accomplish, we may then forget
That ever the hordes of oppression we met,
That Freedom was born amid travail and pain,
And blood that was offered as freely as rain!
May chant the old songs that our forefather sung,
Ere Freedom's grand anthem its chorus had rung,
Nor strike the grand strains of a song more sublime
That Freedom will shout thro' the arches of time!

In years yet to come the old grandsires gray
Will gather the children about them that play,
And tell them the story, so oft told before,
Of years when they fought on Potomac's fair shore;
Of march, and surprise, when the bivouac's fire
Became for brave hearts their own funeral pyre,
And tell, as they point to a crutch or a scar,
'Twas won when they battled in Liberty's War!

Then burn the old emblems we captured in fight,
Blot out the old stars that with glory are bright!
Our ranks of dead heroes should rise from their graves
And brand with their scorn the mean cowardly slaves
Who would even breathe of an action so base
As ever brought hateful and lasting disgrace,
And History's pen should the shameful wish write
In letters as black as oppression's own night!

The rivers their course to ocean may run
More bright and more glad than they ever have done;
The vine may creep over the blossoming shore,
The waters forget they were crimsoned with gore;
But ever rebellion's foul record will keep
In freshest remembrance, though nations may sleep,
And the world in its march round the circles of Time
Will tell how we punished foul treason's dark crime!

Miscellany.

AMSTERDAM.

A City in the Sea—Sunday in the Churches—Separation of the Sexes—A peep at Dutch Petticoats.

The city which lies nearly at the South of the Zuyder-Zee, has direct communication by sea with almost all the provinces, led became the mart for their produce long before railroads had introduced a new means of communication, which has not yet superceded the vast intercommunication by water, which existed in this very extraordinary country, almost every field of which may be reached by water, and the manure from the cities is thus, at a very slight cost, spread over the most distant fields. The large barges which are used for the sea voyage as well as internal trade, carry about 100 tons. They are rigged with two masts, placed considerably apart; at sea, and sometimes inland on the rivers, they use their sails. At other times they are propelled with long, straight poles, used by athletic boatman, who placing the ends of the poles against their chests, and urge the boat forward at considerable speed. Inland, when the sails cannot be used, they are drawn by men, or sometimes women. Horses are seldom used. Indeed, if one man can pull one of these boats along, it would be false economy to use a horse, which consumes as much food as seven men, to do the work.

Amsterdam may be said to be built in the sea; all her buildings are raised on piles.

The Protestant churches are rarely open except on Sundays, and even then it is difficult to get a seat. At Berne I found the church locked, and I was refused admittance because I was not there within a quarter of an hour after the service had begun. In Amsterdam it was a little better. I was allowed within the porch, but the doors admitting to the seats were all locked. The minister goes through his duties like a lesson of which he wishes to get rid, and he does not like to be disturbed by those who come late, and they are locked out. The churches are provided with large, heavy ponderous-looking Bibles, fastened with two imposing looking clasps. The catechisms and prayers are placed at the end instead of the beginning. They do not allow families to sit together in pews; all the women are placed in the centre of the church, and the men at each side. The men wear their hats, even during the service, and neither men nor women stand up during the singing of the psalms, which always occurs three times during the service, and collections are made during the sermon. The collectors have implements like landing-nets, with long handles; the net is lined with black velvet. These bags are poked in succession under each person's nose to receive the contribution. The clergyman was supplied with water, and he paused frequently in his discourse to moisten his lips and throat—a very necessary precaution in using such a guttural language as the Dutch.

I found the Crystal Palace open on Sunday evening, and a band engaged in its weekly concert. The building, which would hardly be missed out of that of Sydenham, is simply a large concert hall, with a few flower beds in it. The company, which numbered eight thousand, were seated in groups at small tables, where they had tea, coffee, wine, &c., or strolling about the hall or the adjacent ground. The building was lit with gas, and thronged with people of all classes.

The peculiar costumes of the Dutch women are to be seen in great variety. That of Noora Desbant, which consists of a cap fitting tight over the forehead, but very large over the back of the head, and with a deep curtain or fringe coming down over the shoulders, has a very pretty effect. The most curious head-dresses are those of North and South Holland, in which a gold band is worn across the forehead, and in some cases small ornaments like winkers at each side. These jewels which are very costly are much prised. The hat or bonnet, I hardly know what to call it, is also very peculiar in its shape. As each province has its own head dress, the fair present features of vast variety. The Dutch women seem to cherish their former costumes and traditions, and are not given to change. They are a-well-made and a well-looking race, and are well conducted. Illegitimacy is comparatively rare, and there are, it may be said, no poor.

FORCE OF HABIT.—There is an Eastern tale of a magician who discovered, by his incantation that the philosopher's stone lay on the bed of a certain river, but was unable to determine its locality definitely. He, therefore, strolled along the bank with a piece of iron, to which he applied successively all the pebbles he found. As one after another they produced no change in the metal, he flung them into the stream. At last he hit upon the object of his search, and the iron became gold in his hand. But, alas! he had become so accustomed to the "touch and go" movement, that the real stone was involuntarily thrown into the river after the others, and lost to him forever. This story well allegorizes the fate of the coquette. She has tried and discarded so many hearts, that at length she throws away the right one, from pure force of habit.

☞ There is a spot in Nashville called "Hell's Half Acre." If the devil holds no more real estate in Nashville than that, he has been badly swindled.—*Clarksville Chronicle.*

--- You don't understand the merits of the case. The devil owns "Hell's Half Acre," in fee simple, but he *squats* on a tremendous extent of territory.—*Nashville Press.*

GARIBALDI'S WIFE.

The story of Garibaldi's wooing is this: He was one day sitting in the cabin of a sloop on the lake of Santa Catharina, and looking toward the shore, when suddenly he saw, at a farm house situated on a neighboring hill, three or four girls busily engaged in domestic duties. They were all remarkable for beauty, but one in particular arrested his attention for her uncommon grace and loveliness. He was still watching them when he received an order to go on shore. Immediately on landing he directed his steps to the house. He was admitted by the owner, whom he happened to know slightly, having met him once before.

The impulse which had prompted him to the house was to address the girl he had so admired. On seeing her, he immediately besought her to become his wife. The girl, it seems, conceived an affection as warm and sudden as he had felt for her; and after the lapse of a few short days, they were man and wife. The surname of this lovely Brazilian girl of the province of Santa Cathrina, who became, under such peculiar romantic circumstances the wife of Garibaldi, has never been revealed. In all the biographies of our hero she alone is mentioned by her Christian name of Amita. She seems to have been a brunette of a rich, warm complexion, with black and piercing eyes: of a beautiful rounded figure, and a sort of queenly majesty of deportment; active, daring, and high-spirited, and in every respect worthy of being the companion for life of such a man as Garibaldi.

Her courage was remarkable. A short time after their marriage, she went through an engagement at sea, with her husband, refusing to go ashore, and during the fight would stay nowhere but on deck, where she wielded a carbine and cheered the men. In the heat of the battle she was standing on deck, flourishing a sabre, and inspiring the men to deeds of valor, when she was knocked down by the wind of a cannon ball that had killed two men standing at her side. Garibaldi was springing forward to her, thinking that he would find her a corpse, when she rose to her feet, covered with the blood of the men who had fallen close to her, but quite unhurt. He begged her to go below and remain there till the action was over. "I will go below," was her reply, "but only to drive out the sneaking cowards who are skulking there;" for only a few seconds before she had seen three men leave the deck and hurry rapidly down the hatchway, so as to escape out of danger of the storm of bullets that was sweeping the deck. And going below, she immediately after re-appeared, driving before her the three men, overcome by shame that they should have been surpassed in courage by a woman. She accompanied her husband in all his undertakings, and died while flying with him from the Austrians.—*Californian.*

A CURIOUS CALCULATION.

How *Harper's Magazine* is made, is explained in the December number of that periodical, in a long and elaborately illustrated opening article. The cuts include views of the exterior and interior of the Harper establishment, with full explanations of the various mechanical processes by which the magazine is made. For fifteen and a half years this popular magazine has been in existence, and during that time none of the original proprietors or editors have died. Of the printers and engravers who worked on the very first number, many are still engaged in the same labor. The following calculation is curious:

"The magazine was successful from the outset. Of the first number seven thousand five hundred were at first printed. Within six months the number had reached fifty thousand. The average calculation, taking all the numbers from the first, has been somewhat more than one hundred and ten thousand—in all, full twenty and a quarter millions of copies. They would weigh more than five thousand tons of 2000 pounds each. They would measure two thousand cords. They would build a solid wall ten feet thick, almost two and a half miles long. They would make a solid pyramid one hundred feet square at the base, and more than seventy-five feet high. The numbers laid side by side would cover two hundred and eight acres, or make a pavement two and a half feet wide and nearly sixty miles long. The separate sheets would cover a path two and a half feet broad, and four thousand four hundred miles long. They would carpet almost sixteen thousand acres, and as sheet is printed on both sides, they contain more than thirty-one thousand acres of printing.

YOUNG MEN GROWING UNPOETICAL.

"THE girls," will not forgive a London critic for thus disparaging the promising fathers of their own sweet families; "I find well educated young men of twenty who have never read the Waverly novels; who know nothing of the glorious romance of Ivanhoe, save what they gathered from a parody in some so called comic publication, or a burlesque at the theaters. I once knew a popular author, all of the present time, who had never read the Vicar of Wakefield. Our young men also skip the poets. There was a time when parents and guardians had to complain that their sons and wards were Shakspeare mad, and wasted their time in declaiming plays; there was a time not long gone, when Byron and Shelley had to be hidden away from the impressionable youths who were too much given to poetry. But, now-a-days, Shakspeare and Byron, and the rest of the English classics, lie with dust an inch thick on them."

MARRIAGE OVER THE WATER.

Now the French clergy exact that, before marrying a man, he shall come to confession; of which they give him a certificate, exactly as they would give a certificate of his baptism or burial, and they take advantage of the opportunity to put the most extraordinary questions respecting his previous ways and doings. It is not every nominally Catholic Frenchman who likes to pass this private examination; he therefore sends some fellow to personate him, who confesses what he pleases for a small renumeration and brings back the required certificate. As soon, therefore, as our bridegroom has acquired the right to utter fibs to him and his Maker, he convokes on satin paper all within his knowledge to be present at an act of hypocrisy. The party, after finishing at the Mairie, proceed, in all their finery, to the door of the church. The bride enters first in a cloud of white nothing but white from head to foot, leaning on her father's arm, or, in default of father, on her paternal or maternal uncle's. The beadle comes to meet her at the door, with his baldric displayed on his manly chest, and conducts her majestically to the altar, striking the pavement with his cane. During the march, the organ plays an opera tune. The bridegroom follows the bride at a distance of a pace or two; and they bend the knee side byside on a *prie-dieu* made comfortable by a velvet cushion. The priest hurries through a musical mass; a bit of red cloth is stretched over the spouses' heads; the officiating minister makes a short mystical allocution, in which he compares the union of man and wife to the Saviour's union with the Church. The company then emigrates to the sacristy, where bride and bridegroom, relations, friends, acquaintances kiss pell-mell, compliment, squeeze hand and every retires making their remarks on the prettiness or plainness of the bride. And now you have before you a couple of human beings, still unbeknown the one to the other, united to all perpetuity! The maiden has changed her name; and, pale as death under her garland of orange-flowers, she tries to smile. The face of the world may change; what was once a wilderness may become a city; what was once a monarchy shall be tomorrow a republic; but when once that word of the Maire and that other word of the priest have fallen on a woman's head, in France, that woman wholly belongs henceforward to the Irrevocable. Whatever be the sort of man who leads her by the hand to his home, whatever he do, she must follow him, in France, to the very last breath. Her only resource, her only refuge from him, is the grave. She has written on her door the word which ought only to be written on the gate of the cemetery.—*London Society.*

CHARLES DICKENS.

"Mr. Dickens is the quientessence of simplicity in the eyes of the French critic. To open one of his books is like opening a closet full of linen and lavender. His humorous power of observation, poetical imagery, and faithful facts gain the feelings of his readers, and then the unostentious wings of melancholy fan them into emotion, through which, nevertheless, a silver chord of gayety runs. The tears he calls forth are such as refresh the soul without scalding the cheek. Born in the mists of Albion, son of a land where spleen leads to suicide, Dickens is reserved in his mirth. His sighs pervade his pages like the southing of the wind in the trees, and his irony dances over all like a flame over a brazier. It is imagination is his power. From a faded flower, a fallen stone, a remnant of a ruin, he raises a pathetic story, and reanimates the past from its remains, as Cuvier reconstructed a world from isolated bones. In common with the English novelists, he has one common characteristic which lifts him above his brethren in France. He is free from the mania for direct moralizing and doctrinizing. The action of the tale never languishes to give place to the author. He never halts to launch a paradox, inflict a sermon, or thunder forth a harangue. His works are made up of small details, trifles; but they are the trifles and details that constitute real life. Novelists who create their details are in fact writers of a cotemporaneous mythology; they do not appeal to the practical experience of their readers. He makes the reader at once actor, witness and judge."—*London Gazette.*

WHAT VERDI DID.—Verdi, when his fame was just rising, was at Milan, an Austrian commander, delighted with his music, sent for him and asked him to write a march for the Austrian army. Verdi replied, coldly, "I can only write a retreat for you," which so incensed the white-coat that he replied, "I asked you as a favor to write a march; I now command you to do so. Do you understand?" "Perfectly," replied the composer.—"And you consent?" "There is no choice left me, you shall have the march this evening." That evening the march was delivered, and two days after it was played by all the bands, to the intense joy of the Milanese, who recognized in it a skillfully interwoven air, known as "Fuoriai barbari" (Away with the Barbarians!) Of course Verdi had prudently made himself scarce, or he might have got score for score.

☞ MISS HANNAH F. GOULD, the poetess, died at her home in Newburyport, Mass., recently. She was born in the last century, the first volume of her poems was published in 1835, and she has continued to be a prolific writer both in prose and verse until quite recently. Her poems are characterized by strong religious sentiment, and she has written much and acceptably for children.

LETTER FROM MRS. LINCOLN.

Mr. Carpenter, the artist, who has been publishing in the *Independent* his personal recollections of President Lincoln, gives in his last contribution, the following extract of a letter from Mrs. Lincoln:

"Truly, writes Mrs. Lincoln, no sorrow has been like unto mine. I am as broken-hearted over this overwhelming affliction as when the terrible tragedy first occurred, and of course realize it far more. I have lost the most loving and devoted of husbands, and my dear boys the best father that boys were ever blessed with. 'Until God's love shall place me by his side again,' I shall know no peace or alleviation of my grief—Knowing him as you did, I am sure you can pardon and appreciate a wife's great sorrow over so untimely a loss.

* * * * * *

"How I wish you could have been with my dear husband the three last weeks of his life. Having a realizing sense that the unnatural rebellion was near its close, and being most of the time away from Washington, where he had passed through such conflicts of mind during the last four years—feeling so encouraged, he freely gave vent to his cheerfulness. Down the Potomac he was almost boyish in his mirth, and reminded me of his original nature, as I remembered him in our own home, free from care, surrounded by those he loved.

"That terrible Friday, I never saw him so supremely cheerful. His manner was even playful. At three o'clock he drove out with me in an open carriage. In starting, I asked him if any one should accompany us. He immediately replied, "No, I prefer to ride by ourselves to-day." During the drive he he was so gay that I said to him laughingly, "Dear husband you almost startle me by your great cheerfulness." He replied: "And well I may feel so, Mary, for I consider this day the war has come to a close," and then added; "We must both be more cheerful in the future. Between the war and the loss of our darling Willie we have been very miserable." Every word he then uttered is deeply engraved on my poor broken heart. In the evening his mind was fixed on having some relaxation. * * * * I firmly believe that if he had remained in the White House, on that night of darkness when the fiends prevailed he would have been horribly cut to pieces. The fiends had too long contemplated this inhuman murder to have allowed him to escape."

CAN A MOTHER FORGET!

Can a mother forget? Not a morning, noon or night, but she looks into the corner of the kitchen where you read Robinson Crusoe, and thinks of you as yet a boy. Mothers rarely become conscious that their children are grown out of their childhood. They think of them, write of them as though not full fourteen years of age. She cannot forget the child. Three times a day she thinks of those who are absent from the table, and hopes that next year, at farthest, she may just "have her own family there;" and if you are there, look out for the fat limb of a fried chicken, and coffee which nobody but everybody's own mother can make. Did Hannah forget Samuel? A short sentence, full of household history, and running over with genuine mother's love, is telling beautiful; "moreover, his mother made him a little coat and brought it to him from year to year when she came up with her husband to sacrifice."

A mother mourning at her first born's grave, or closing the eye of the child after death, displays a grief whose very sacredness is sublime. But, heavier than the death stroke is the desperation of a son who rushes over a crushed heart, into vices which he would hide even from the abandoned and vile.

Napoleon was once asked by a lady what France needed for the education of youth: and the short, profound reply was, "Mothers."

OUR CITIZEN SOLDIERS.—Henry Ward Beecher, in a speech at the Grant reception in New York, paid the following beautiful tribute to the veterans who have resumed the garments, and pursuits of peaceful life:

"It was asked of me in England, "What will become of your army when your war is over? What will you do with them?" My reply was, "What do you do in March with your snow wreaths? They melt, and no man has any trouble about them, and out of them come the very juice and herbage that is to cover the ground with spring and summer; and has it not been so? When the soldiers were needed they came as avalanches come, and when they were no longer needed, they melted as snow in summer. They went back to be citizens, and though some are retained as officers and are known an honored throughout the world, they are every one to the core citizens, and are now about to achieve higher victories in the sphere of peace."

SINGING.—Singing is a great institution. It oils the wheels of care, and supplies the place of sunshine. A man who sings has a good heart under his shirt front. Such a man not only works more willingly, but he works more constantly. A singing cobbler will earn as much money again as a cordwainer who gives way to low spirits and indigestion.—Avaricious men never sing. The man who attacks singing throws a stone at the head of hilarity, and would, if he could, rob June of its roses and August of its meadow larks. Such a man should be looked to.

☞ MILES O'REILLY, through the New York *Citizen*, says that the "Wearing of the Green" song is a modification of the old Irish chant, of which he recalls these lines:

Then up stepped General Bonyparte,
And took me by the hand—
Sayin' how is ould Ireland,
And where does she stand?

This, he thinks, was written about the time Bonaparte was Consul, and Ireland had hopes of French interference.

☞ A Society of French antiquarians are striving to prove that Joan of Arc was not burned at all, but was married, had children, and died quietly at Metz. They contend that she came to Metz in 1436, where she was recognized by her two brothers though they thought she had been burned long ago. By-and-by she marries Mons. des Amosis chevalier; and some one has been lucky enough to find the very marriage contract dated in 1436.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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Miss L. J. Kellogg,

DENTIST, is prepared to attend to all departments of Dentistry, including latest improvements, with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted. Office Chesley's Photograph Rooms, in Dresser's Block. v3n33tf

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American Hotel.

J. B. C[illegible], Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, [illegible] has fitted up the old stand [illegible] and has all the conveniences [illegible] traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n51

F. S. Bodle, M. D.,

LATE Surgeon [illegible] S. Army, having located at Owatonna, will promptly attend to any call [illegible]. Office over Wadsworth's Store. [illegible] at the American Hotel.

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MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Wooden Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of [illegible] Owatonna, Minn. n12.

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NEW [illegible] and Dealers in Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, Faribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. -ly.

L. L. Bennett, M. D.,

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PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Hotel, 2½ miles west of Rice Lake, on the Owatonna Road. Good accommodations have been made for the weary traveler and his team. Bills always reasonable, and satisfaction given. v3n34tf

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PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-tf

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PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1n22.

G. W. Yearly,

PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel," Wasioja, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Wasioja Hotel." v2n52

J. H. Easton,

PHOTOGRAPHIST. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27tf

L. B. Kelly,

PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAINDEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

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I. O. O. F.

STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building.

E. K. Smith, N.·. G.·. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
L. Bixby, V.·. G.·. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
[illegible] Newsalt, R.·. D.·. G.·. M.·.

Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.

TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R.·. A.·. M.·. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

C. N. DANIELS, H.·. P.·.

Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39tf

S. Blood, M. D.,

WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, (known as the Potwin Place,) where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. ☞ Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n24tf

J. Hough,

WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. 3tf

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LARGE CRACKERS:
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Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n13

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Of various styles.

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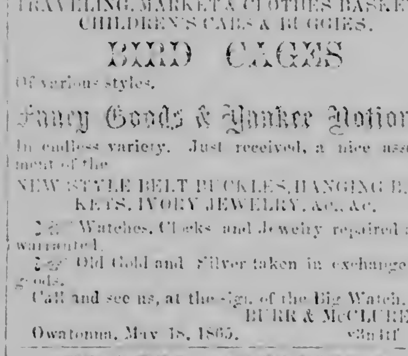
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Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.

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FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER.

Miss C. B. Kelsey

would inform the people of Steele County, that she has established a branch

MME DEMOREST'S,

Great Emporium of Fashion,

in the City of Owatonna, on Main Street, at the residence of E. R. FENNO, where she will be able to do all kinds of DRESS-MAKING, CLOAKS MANTILLAS. Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's apparel, done promptly and in the latest styles. All kinds of the latest patterns, Cloaks, Mantilla Sacks, Dresses, Misses and Boys outfit, which she will furnish to all wanting them.

Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

Poetry.

LEISURE.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

Grand is the leisure of the earth;
She gives her happy myriads birth,
And after harvest fears no dearth,
But goes to sleep in snow-wreaths dim
Dried in the leisure up above.
The white he sits, whose name is Love,
And waits, as Noah did, the dove,
To wit if she would fly to him.

He waits for us, while, houseless things
We beat about with bruised wings,
On the dark floods and water springs,
The ruined world, the desolate sea;
With open windows from the prime,
All night, all day, He waits sublime,
Until the fulness of the time,
Decreed from his eternity.

Where is our leisure? Give us rest!
Where is the quiet we possessed?
We must have had it once—were blest!
With peace, whose phantoms yet entice.
Sorely the mother of mankind
Longed for the gardens left behind;
For we still prove some yearnings blind,
Inherited from Paradise.

THE WHISTLER.

"You have heard," said a youth to his sweet-heart, who stood
While he sat on a corn-sheaf, at daylight's decline,
You have heard of the Danish boy's whistle of wood;
I wish that the Danish boy's whistle were mine."

"And what would you do with it? Tell me," she said.
While an arch smile played over her beautiful face.
"I would blow it," he answered, "and then my fair maid
Would fly to my side, and would there take her place."

"Is that all that you wish for? Why that may be yours
Without any magic," the fair maiden cried;
"A favor so slight one's good nature secures!"
And she playfully seated herself by his side.

"I would blow it again," said he; "and the charm
Would work so that not even sweet modesty check
Would be able to keep from my neck your white arm!"
She smiled, and she laid her white arm 'round his neck.

"Yet once more I would blow, and the music divine
Would bring me the third time an exquisite bliss,—
You would lay your fair cheek to this brown one of mine,
And your lips stealing past it, would give me a kiss."

The maiden laughed out in her innocent glee,—
"What a fool of yourself with the whistle you'd make!
For only consider how silly 'twould be
To sit there and whistle for what you might take."

THE SABBATH.

[illegible]

CAN THE NATION FORGET!

BY A. A. HOPKINS.

[illegible]

What! turn up the flag—our victories won.
Ere Peace her glad anthem has scarcely begun?
Destroy the old banner our brave boys bore,
Forget the bright blue of the garments they wore?
Efface all the marks of the conflict's strife,
Remember no more the fierce trial by fire!
Speak not of the fields on which gleamed our stars,
And bid our maimed heroes [illegible] their scars?

Go, bid yonder mother tear—as from her breast
The image of him who has closed to one e'rest;
Go wash from her heart the hot trace of tears
That burned so deep there in those terrible years;
Make her to forget her sad watchings—her prayer
That God would the life of her darling still spare,
And over his grave, where the palmettos grow,
Your mantle of misty forgetfulness throw.

The 'missing' ones back to the home-circle bring,
O'er desolate hearth-stones new happiness fling;
Give life to a name loving lips oft repeat,
Restore a dear form to the now vacant seat:
Cover the graves where the marble slabs tell
Their stories of heroes who fought and who fell,
And from them give back to their country once more
The hearts that bedewed our green fields with their gore.

Go to Gettysburg, go where the blossoming soil
Drank deep of their blood who won stars for their toil;
And Southward, where up through Virginia's sod
The thousands are silently looking to God.
Remove every trace of the mounds scattered there
That never a mark of affection may bear,
And bid the dry bones in those shallow graves live.
The nameless there hidden to saddened hearts give.

When this you accomplish, we may then forget
That ever the hordes of oppression we met,
That Freedom was born amid travail and pain,
And blood that was offered as freely as rain!
May chant the old songs that our forefather sung,
Ere Freedom's grand anthem its chorus had rung,
Nor strike the grand strains of a song more sublime
That Freedom will shout thro' the arches of time!

In years yet to come the old grandsires gray
Will gather the children about them that play,
And tell them the story, so oft told before,
Of years when they fought on Potomac's fair shore;
Of march, and surprise, when the bivouac's fire
Became for brave hearts their own funeral pyre,
And tell as they point to a crutch or a scar,
'Twas won when they battled in Liberty's War!

Then burn the old emblems we captured in fight,
Blot out the old stars that with glory are bright!
Our ranks of dead heroes should rise from their graves
And brand with their scorn the mean cowardly slaves
Who would even breathe of an action so base
As ever brought hateful and lasting disgrace,
And History's pen should the shameful wish write
In letters as black as oppression's own night!

The rivers their course to ocean may run
More bright and more glad than they ever have done;
The vine may creep over the blossoming shore,
The waters forget they were crimsoned with gore;
But ever rebellion's foul record will keep
In freshest remembrance, though nations may sleep,
And the world in its march round the circles of Time
Will tell how we punished foul treason's dark crime!

Miscellany.

AMSTERDAM.

A City in the Sea—Sunday in the Churches—Separation of the Sexes—A peep at Dutch Petticoats.

The city which lies nearly at the South of the Zuyder-Zee, has direct communication by sea with almost all the provinces, had become the mart for their produce long before railroads had introduced a new means of communication, which has not yet superceded the vast inter-communication by water, which existed in this very extraordinary country, almost every field of which may be reached by water, and the manure from the cities is thus, at a very slight cost, spread over the most distant fields. The large barges which are used for the sea voyage as well as internal trade, carry about 100 tons. They are rigged with two masts, placed considerably apart; at sea, and sometimes inland on the rivers, they use their sails. At other times they are propelled with long, straight poles, used by athletic boatman, who placing the ends of the poles against their chests, and urge the boat forward at considerable speed. Inland, when the sails cannot be used, they are drawn by men, or sometimes women. Horses are seldom used. Indeed, if one man can pull one of these boats along, it would be false economy to use a horse, which consumes as much food as seven men, to do the work.

Amsterdam may be said to be built in the sea; all her buildings are raised on piles.

The Protestant churches are rarely open except on Sundays, and even then it is difficult to get a seat. At Berne I found the church locked, and I was refused admittance because I was not there within a quarter of an hour after the service had begun. In Amsterdam it was a little better. I was allowed within the porch, but the doors admitting to the seats were all locked. The minister goes through his duties like a lesson of which he wishes to get rid, and he does not like to be disturbed by those who come late, and they are locked out. The churches are provided with large, heavy ponderous-looking Bibles, fastened with two imposing looking clasps. The catechisms and prayers are placed at the end instead of the beginning. They do not allow families to sit together in pews; all the women are placed in the centre of the church, and the men at each side. The men wear their hats, even during the service, and neither men nor women stand up during the singing of the psalms, which always occurs three times during the service, and collections are made during the sermon. The collectors have implements like landing-nets, with long handles; the net is lined with black velvet. These bags are poked in succession under each person's nose to receive the contribution. The clergyman was supplied with water, and he paused frequently in his discourse to moisten his lips and throat—a very necessary precaution in using such a guttural language as the Dutch.

I found the Crystal Palace open on Sunday evening, and a band engaged in its weekly concert. The building, which would hardly be missed out of that of Sydenham, is simply a large concert hall, with a few flower beds in it. The company, which numbered eight thousand, were seated in groups at small tables, where they had tea, coffee, wine, &c., or strolling about the hall or the adjacent ground. The building was lit with gas, and thronged with people of all classes.

The peculiar costumes of the Dutch women are to be seen in great variety. That of Noora Desbant, which consists of a cap fitting tight over the forehead, but very large over the back of the head, and with a deep curtain or fringe coming down over the shoulders, has a very pretty effect. The most curious head dresses are those of North and South Holland, in which a gold band is worn across the forehead, and in some cases small ornaments like winkers at each side. These jewels which are very costly are much prised. The hat or bonnet, I hardly know what to call it, is also very peculiar in its shape. As each province has its own head dress, the fair present features of vast variety. The Dutch women seem to cherish their former costumes and traditions, and are not given to change. They are a well-made and a well-looking race, and are well conducted. Illegitimacy is comparatively rare, and there are, it may be said, no poor.

FORCE OF HABIT.—There is an Eastern tale of a magician who discovered, by his incantation that the philosopher's stone lay on the bed of a certain river, but was unable to determine its locality definitely. He, therefore, strolled along the bank with a piece of iron, to which he applied successively all the pebbles he found. As one after another they produced no change in the metal, he flung them into the stream. At last he hit upon the object of his search, and the iron became gold in his hand. But, alas! he had become so accustomed to the "touch and go" movement, that the real stone was involuntarily thrown into the river after the others, and lost to him forever. This story well allegorizes the fate of the coquette. She has tried and discarded so many hearts, that at length she throws away the right one, from pure force of habit.

☞ There is a spot in Nashville called "Hell's Half Acre." If the devil holds no more real estate in Nashville than that, he has been badly swindled.—*Clarksville Chronicle.*

—You don't understand the merits of the case. The devil owns "Hell's Half Acre," in fee simple, but he *squats* on a tremendous extent of territory.—*Nashville Press.*

GARIBALDI'S WIFE.

The story of Garibaldi's wooing is this: He was one day sitting in the cabin of a sloop on the lake of Santa Cathrina, and looking toward the shore, when suddenly he saw, at a farm house situated on a neighboring hill, three or four girls busily engaged in domestic duties. They were all remarkable for beauty, but one in particular arrested his attention for her uncommon grace and loveliness. He was still watching them when he received an order to go on shore. Immediately on landing he directed his steps to the house. He was admitted by the owner, whom he happened to know slightly, having met him once before.

The impulse which had prompted him to the house was to address the girl he had so admired. On seeing her, he immediately besought her to become his wife. The girl, it seems, conceived an affection as warm and sudden as he had felt for her; and after the lapse of a few short days, they were man and wife. The surname of this lovely Brazilian girl of the province of Santa Cathrina, who became, under such peculiar romantic circumstances the wife of Garibaldi, has never been revealed. In all the biographies of our hero she alone is mentioned by her Christian name of Amita. She seems to have been a brunette of a rich, warm complexion, with black and piercing eyes: of a beautiful rounded figure, and a sort of queenly majesty of deportment; active, daring, and high-spirited, and in every respect worthy of being the companion for life of such a man as Garibaldi.

Her courage was remarkable. A short time after their marriage, she went through an engagement at sea, with her husband, refusing to go ashore, and during the fight would stay nowhere but on deck, where she wielded a carbine and cheered the men. In the heat of the battle she was standing on deck, flourishing a sabre, and inspiring the men to deeds of valor, when she was knocked down by the wind of a cannon ball that had killed two men standing at her side. Garibaldi was springing forward to her, thinking that he would find her a corpse. when she rose to her feet, covered with the blood of the men who had fallen close to her, but quite unhurt. He begged her to go below and remain there till the action was over. "I will go below," was her reply, "but only to drive out the sneaking cowards who are skulking there;" for only a few seconds before she had seen three men leave the deck and hurry rapidly down the hatchway, so as to escape out of danger of the storm of bullets that was sweeping the deck. And going below, she immediately after re-appeared, driving before her the three men, overcome by shame that they should have been surpassed in courage by a woman. She accompanied her husband in all his undertakings, and died while flying with him from the Austrians.—*Californian.*

A CURIOUS CALCULATION.

How *Harper's Magazine* is made, is explained in the December number of that periodical, in a long and elaborately illustrated opening article. The cuts include views of the exterior and interior of the Harper establishment, with full explanations of the various mechanical processes by which the magazine is made. For fifteen and a half years this popular magazine has been in existence, and during that time none of the original proprietors or editors have died. Of the printers and engravers who worked on the very first number, many are still engaged in the same labor. The following calculation is curious:

"The magazine was successful from the outset. Of the first number seven thousand five hundred were at first printed. Within six months the number had reached fifty thousand. The average calculation, taking all the numbers from the first, has been somewhat more than one hundred and ten thousand—in all, full twenty and a quarter millions of copies. They would weigh more than five thousand tons of 2000 pounds each. They would measure two thousand cords. They would build a solid wall ten feet thick, almost two and a half miles long. They would make a solid pyramid one hundred feet square at the base, and more than seventy-five feet high. The numbers laid side by side would cover two hundred and eight acres, or make a pavement two and a half feet wide and nearly sixty miles long. The separate sheets would cover a path two and a half feet broad, and four thousand four hundred miles long. They would carpet almost sixteen thousand acres, and as sheet is printed on both sides, they contain more than thirty-one thousand acres of printing.

YOUNG MEN GROWING UNPOETICAL.

"THE girls," will not forgive a London critic for thus disparaging the promising fathers of their own sweet families; "I find well educated young men of twenty who have never read the Waverly novels; who know nothing of the glorious romance of Ivanhoe, save what they gathered from a parody in some so called comic publication, or a burlesque at the theaters. I once knew a popular author, all of the present time, who had never read the Vicar of Wakefield. Our young men also skip the poets. There was a time when parents and guardians had to complain that their sons and wards were Shakspeare mad, and wasted their time in declaiming plays; there was a time not long gone, when Byron and Shelley had to be hidden away from the impressionable youths who were too much given to poetry. But, now-a-days, Shakspeare and Byron, and the rest of the English classics, lie with dust an inch thick on them."

MARRIAGE OVER THE WATER.

Now the French clergy exact that, before marrying a man, he shall come to confession; of which they give him a certificate, exactly as they would give a certificate of his baptism or burial, and they take advantage of the opportunity to put the most extraordinary questions respecting his previous ways and doings. It is not every nominally Catholic Frenchman who likes to pass this private examination; he therefore sends some fellow to personate him, who confesses what he pleases for a small renumeration and brings back the required certificate. As soon, therefore, as our bridegroom has acquired the right to utter fibs to him and his Maker, he convokes on satin paper all within his knowledge to be present at an act of hypocrisy. The party, after finishing at the Mairie, proceed, in all their finery, to the door of the church. The bride enters first in a cloud of white nothing but white from head to foot, leaning on her father's arm, or, in default of father, on her paternal or maternal uncle's. The bea[illegible] comes to meet her at the door, with his baldric displayed on his manly chest, and conducts her majestically to the altar, striking the pavement with his cane. During the march, the organ plays an opera tune. The bridegroom follows the bride at a distance of a pace or two; and they bend the knee side byside on a *prie-dieu* made comfortable by a velvet cushion. The priest hurries through a musical mass; a bit of red cloth is stretched over the spouses' heads; the officiating minister makes a short mystical allocution, in which he compares the union of man and wife to the Saviour's union with the Church. The company then emigrates to the sacristy, where bride and bridegroom, relations, friends, acquaintances kiss pell-mell, compliment, squeeze hand and every retires making their remarks on the prettiness or plainness of the bride. And now you have before you a couple of human beings, still unbeknown the one to the other, united to all perpetuity! The maiden has changed her name; and, pale as death under her garland of orange-flowers, she tries to smile. The face of the world may change; what was once a wilderness may become a city; what was once a monarchy shall be tomorrow a republic; but when once that word of the Maire and that other word of the priest have fallen on a woman's head, in France, that woman wholly belongs henceforward to the Irrevocable. Whatever be the sort of man who leads her by the hand to his home, whatever he do, she must follow him. in France, to the very last breath. Her only resource, her only refuge from him, is the grave. She has written on her door the word which ought only to be written on the gate of the cemetery.—*London Society.*

CHARLES DICKENS.

"Mr. Dickens is the quintessence of simplicity in the eyes of the French critic. To open one of his books is like opening a closet full of linen and lavender. His humorous power of observation, poetical imagery, and faithful facts gain the feelings of his readers, and then the unostentious wings of melancholy fan them into emotion, through which, nevertheless, a silver chord of gayety runs. The tears he calls forth are such as refresh the soul without scalding the cheek. Born in the mists of Albion, son of a land where spleen leads to suicide, Dickens is reserved in his mirth. His sighs pervade his pages like the southing of the wind in the trees, and his irony dances over all like a flame over a brazier. It is imagination is his power. From a faded flower, a fallen stone, a remnant of a ruin, he raises a pathetic story, and reanimates the past from its remains, as Cuvier reconstructed a world from isolated bones. In common with the English novelists, he has one common characteristic which lifts him above his brethren in France. He is free from the mania for direct moralizing and doctrinizing. The action of the tale never languishes to give place to the author. He never halts to launch a paradox, inflict a sermon, or thunder forth a harangue. His works are made up of small details, trifles; but they are the trifles and details that constitute real life. Novelists who create their details are in fact writers of a cotemporaneous mythology; they do not appeal to the practical experience of their readers. He makes the reader at once actor, witness and judge."—*London Gazette.*

WHAT VERDI DID.—Verdi, when his fame was just rising, was at Milan, an Austrian commander, delighted with his music, sent for him and asked him to write a march for the Austrian army. Verdi replied, coldly, "I can only write a retreat for you," which so incensed the white-coat that he replied, "I asked you as a favor to write a march; I now command you to do so. Do you understand?" "Perfectly," replied the composer.—"And you consent?" "There is no choice left me, you shall have the march this evening." That evening the march was delivered, and two days after it was played by all the bands, to the intense joy of the Milanese, who recognized in it a skillfully interwoven air, known as "Fuori i barbari" (Away with the Barbarians!) Of course Verdi had prudently made himself scarce, or he might have got score for score.

☞ MISS HANNAH F. GOULD, the poetess, died at her home in Newburyport, Mass., recently. She was born in the last century, the first volume of her poems was published in 1835, and she has continued to be a prolific writer both in prose and verse until quite recently. Her poems are characterized by strong religious sentiment, and she has written much and acceptably for children.

LETTER FROM MRS. LINCOLN.

Mr. Carpenter, the artist, who has been publishing in the *Independent* his personal recollections of President Lincoln, gives in his last contribution, the following extract of a letter from Mrs. Lincoln:

"Truly, writes Mrs. Lincoln, no sorrow has been like unto mine. I am as broken-hearted over this overwhelming affliction as when the terrible tragedy first occurred, and of course realize it far more. I have lost the most loving and devoted of husbands, and my dear boys the best father that boys were ever blessed with. 'Until God's love shall place me by his side again,' I shall know no peace or alleviation of my grief—Knowing him as you did, I am sure you can pardon and appreciate a wife's great sorrow over so untimely a loss.

* * * * *

"How I wish you could have been with my dear husband the three last weeks of his life. Having a realizing sense that the unnatural rebellion was near its close, and being most of the time away from Washington, where he had passed through such conflicts of mind during the last four years—feeling so encouraged, he freely gave vent to his cheerfulness. Down the Potomac he was almost boyish in his mirth, and reminded me of his original nature, as I remembered him in our own home, free from care, surrounded by those he loved.

"That terrible Friday, I never saw him so supremely cheerful. His manner was even playful. At three o'clock he drove out with me in an open carriage. In starting, I asked him if any one should accompany us. He immediately replied. "No, I prefer to ride by ourselves to-day." During the drive he he was so gay that I said to him laughingly, "Dear husband you almost startle me by your great cheerfulness." He replied: "And well I may feel so, Mary, for I consider this day the war has come to a close," and then added; "We must both be more cheerful in the future. Between the war and the loss of our darling Willie we have been very miserable." Every word he then uttered is deeply engraved on my poor broken heart. In the evening his mind was fixed on having some relaxation. * *

* * I firmly believe that if he had remained in the White House, on that night of darkness when the fiends prevailed he would have been horribly cut to pieces. The fiends had too long contemplated this inhuman murder to have allowed him to escape."

CAN A MOTHER FORGET!

Can a mother forget? Not a morning, noon or night, but she looks into the corner of the kitchen where you read Robinson Crusoe, and thinks of you as yet a boy. Mothers rarely become conscious that their children are grown out of their childhood. They think of them, write of them as though not full fourteen years of age. She cannot forget the child. Three times a day she thinks of those who are absent from the table, and hopes that next year, at farthest, she may just "have her own family there;" and if you are there, look out for the fat limb of a fried chicken, and coffee which nobody but everybody's mother can make. Did Hannah forget Samuel? A short sentence, full of household history, and running over with gentle mother's love, is telling beautiful; "moreover, his mother made him a little coat and brought it to him from year to year when she came up with her husband to sacrifice."

A mother mourning at her first born's grave, or closing the eye of the child after death, displays a grief whose very sacredness is sublime. But, heavier than the death stroke is the desperation of a son who rushes over a crushed heart, into vices which he would hide even from the abandoned and vile.

Napoleon was once asked by a lady what France needed for the education of youth; and the short, profound reply was, "Mothers."

OUR CITIZEN SOLDIERS.—Henry Ward Beecher, in a speech at the Grant reception in New York, paid the following beautiful tribute to the veterans who have resumed the garments, and pursuits of peaceful life:

"It was asked of me in England, "What will become of your army when your war is over? What will you do with them?" My reply was, "What do you do in March with your snow wreaths? They melt, and no man has any trouble about them, and out of them come the very juice and herbage that is to cover the ground with spring and summer; and has it not been so? When the soldiers were needed they came as avalanches come, and when they were no longer needed, they melted as snow in summer. They went back to be citizens, and though some are retained as officers and are known an honored throughout the world, they are every one to the core citizens, and are now about to achieve higher victories in the sphere of peace."

SINGING.—Singing is a great institution. It oils the wheels of care, and supplies the place of sunshine. A man who sings has a good heart under his shirt front. Such a man not only works more willingly, but he works more constantly. A singing cobbler will earn as much money again as a cordwainer who gives way to low spirits and indigestion.—Avaricious men never sing. The man who attacks singing throws a stone at the head of hilarity, and would, if he could, rob June of its roses and August of its meadow larks. Such a man should be looked to.

☞ MILES O'REILLY, through the New York *Citizen*, says that the "Wearing of the Green" song is a modification of the old Irish chant, of which he recalls these lines:

Then up stepped General Bonyparte,
And took me by the hand—
Sayin' how is ould Ireland,
And where does she stand?

This, he thinks, was written about the time Bonaparte was Consul, and Ireland had hopes of French interference.

☞ A Society of French antiquarians are striving to prove that Joan of Arc was not burned at all, but was married, had children, and died quietly at Metz. They contend that she came to Metz in 1436, where she was recognized by her two brothers though they thought she had been burned long ago. By-and-by she marries Mons. des Amosis chevalier; and some one has been lucky enough to find the very marriage contract dated in 1436.

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☞ Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.

TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

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Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39tf

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would inform the people of Steele County, that she has established a branch

MME DEMOREST'S,

Great Emporium of Fashion,

in the City, of Owatonna, on Main Street, at the residence of E. K. FENNO, where she will be able to do all kinds of DRESS-MAKING. CLOAKS MANTILLAS. Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's apparel, done promptly and in the latest styles. All kinds of the latest patterns, Cloaks, Mantilla Sacks, Dresses, Misses and Boys outfit, which she will furnish to all wanting them.

Owatonna, Nov. 23 1865.

Poetry.

LEISURE.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

Grand is the leisure of the earth;
She gives her happy myriads birth,
And after harvest fears no dearth.
But goes to sleep in snow-wreaths dim
Dried in the leisure up above,
The white he sits, whose name is Love,
And waits, as Noah did, the dove,
To wit if she would fly to him.

He waits for us, while, houseless things
We beat about with bruised wings,
On the dark woods and water springs,
The ruined world, the desolate sea;
With open windows from the prime,
All night, all day, He waits sublime,
Until the fulness of the time,
Decreed from his eternity.

Where is our leisure? Give us rest!
Where is the quiet we possessed?
We must have had it once—were blest!
With peace, whose phantoms yet entice.
Sorely the mother of mankind
Longed for the gardens left behind;
For we still prove some yearnings blind,
Inherited from Paradise.

THE WHISTLER.

"You have heard," said a youth to his sweet-heart, who stood
While he sat on a corn-sheaf, at daylight's decline,—
You have heard of the Danish boy's whistle of wood;
"I wish that the Danish boy's whistle were mine!"

"And what would you do with it? Tell me," she said,
While an arch smile played over her beautiful face.
"I would blow it," he answered, "and then my fair maid
Would fly to my side, and would there take her place."

"Is that all that you wish for? Why that may be yours
Without any magic," the fair maiden cried;
"A favor so slight one's good nature secures!"
And she playfully seated herself by his side.

"I would blow it again," said he; "and the charm
Would work so that not even sweet modesty's cheek
Would be able to keep from my neck your white arm!"
She smiled, and she laid her white arm 'round his neck.

"Yet once more I would blow, and the music divine
Would bring me the third time an exquisite bliss,—
You would lay your fair cheek to this brown one of mine,
And your lips stealing past it, would give me a kiss."

The maiden laughed out in her innocent glee,—
"What a fool of yourself with the whistle you'd make!
For only consider how silly 'twould be
To sit there and whistle for what you might take."

THE SABBATH.

Fresh glides the brook and blows the gale,
Yet yonder halts the quiet mill?
The whirling wheel, the rushing sail,
How motionless and still?

Six days of toil, poor child of Cain,
Thy strength the slave of want may be;
The seventh thy limbs escape the chain,—
A God hath made thee free!

Ah, tender was the law that gave
This holy respite to the breast,
To breathe the gale, to watch the wave,
And know—the wheel may rest!

But where the waves the gentlest glide
What image charms, to lift thine eyes?
The spire reflected on the tide
Invites thee to the skies.

To touch the soul its noble worth
This rest from mortal toil is given;
Go, snatch the brief repose from earth
And pass—a guest to Heaven.

They tell thee, in their dreaming school,
Of Power from old dominion hurled,
When rich and poor, with juster rule,
Shall share the altered world,

Alas! since time itself began,
That fable hath but fooled the hour;
Each age that ripens Power in Man,
But subjects Man to Power.

Yet every day in seven, at least,
One bright republic shall be known:—
Man's much unlike his fellow surely ceased,
When God proclaims his own!

Six days may Rank divide the poor,
O Dives, from thy banquet-hall!
The seventh the Father opes the door,
And holds His feast for all!

CAN THE NATION FORGET!

BY A. A. HOPKINS.

Suggested by the infamous proposal of Mayor Gentner to burn all the flags and records, that every trace of the war might be removed from sight.

What! burn up the flags our victories won,
Ere Peace her glad anthem has scarcely begun?
Destroy the old banners our brave boys bore,
Forget the bright blue of the garments they wore?
Efface all the marks of the conflict so dire,
Remember no more the fierce trial by fire?
Speak not of the feelings which glistened our stars,
And bid our maimed heroes forget all their scars?

Go, bid yonder mother tear out from her breast
The image of him who her bosom once prest;
Go, wash from her heart the hot trace of tears
That burned so deep there in these four long years;
Make her to forget her sad watchings—her prayer
That God would the life of her darling still spare,
And over his grave, where the palmettos grow,
Your mantle of misty forgetfulness throw.

The 'missing' ones back to the home-circle bring,
Over desolate hearth-stones new happiness fling;
Give life to a name, loving lips oft repeat,
Restore a dear form to the now vacant seat;
Uncover the graves where the marble slabs tell
Their stories of heroes who fought and who fell,
And from them give back to their country once more
The hearts that believed our green fields with their gore.

Go to Gettysburg, go where the blossoming soil
Drank deep of their blood who won stars for their toil;
And Southward, where up through Virginia's sod
The thousands are silently looking to God.
Remove every trace of the mounds scattered there
That never a mark of affection may bear,
And bid the dry bones in those shallow graves live,
The nameless there hidden to saddened hearts give.

When this you accomplish, we may then forget
That ever the hordes of oppression we met,
That Freedom was born amid travail and pain,
And blood that was offered as freely as rain!
May chant the old songs that our forefather sung,
Ere Freedom's grand anthem its chorus had rung,
Nor strike the grand strains of a song more sublime
That Freedom will shout thro' the arches of time!

In years yet to come the old grandsires gray
Will gather the children about them that play,
And tell them the story, so oft told before,
Of years when they fought on Potomac's fair shore;
Of march, and surprise, when the bivouac's fire
Become for brave hearts their own funeral pyre,
And tell, as they point to a crutch or a scar,
'Twas won when they battled in Liberty's War!

Then burn the old emblems we captured in fight,
Blot out the old stars that with glory are bright!
Our ranks of dead heroes should rise from their graves
And brand with their scorn the mean cowardly slaves
Who would even breathe of an action so base
As ever brought hateful and lasting disgrace,
And History's pen should the shameful wish write
In letters as black as oppression's own night!

The rivers their course to ocean may run
More bright and more glad than they ever have done;
The vine may creep over the blossoming shore,
The waters forget they were crimsoned with gore;
But ever rebellion's foul record will keep
In freshest remembrance, though nations may sleep,
And the world in its march round the circles of Time
Will tell how we punished foul treason's dark crime!

Miscellany.

AMSTERDAM.

A City in the Sea—Sunday in the Churches—Separation of the Sexes—A peep at Dutch Petticoats.

The city which lies nearly at the South of the Zuyder-Zee, has direct communication by sea with almost all the provinces, had become the mart for their produce long before railroads had introduced a new means of communication, which has not yet superceded the vast intercommunication by water, which existed in this very extraordinary country, almost every field of which may be reached by water, and the manure from the cities is thus, at a very slight cost, spread over the most distant fields. The large barges which are used for the sea voyage as well as internal trade, carry about 100 tons. They are rigged with two masts, placed considerably apart; at sea, and sometimes inland on the rivers, they use their sails. At other times they are propelled with long, straight poles, used by athletic boatman, who placing the ends of the poles against their chests, and urge the boat forward at considerable speed. Inland, when the sails cannot be used, they are drawn by men, or sometimes women. Horses are seldom used. Indeed, if one man can pull one of these boats along, it would be false economy to use a horse, which consumes as much food as seven men, to do the work.

Amsterdam may be said to be built in the sea; all her buildings are raised on piles.

The Protestant churches are rarely open except on Sundays, and even then it is difficult to get a seat. At Berne I found the church locked, and I was refused admittance because I was not there within a quarter of an hour after the service had begun. In Amsterdam it was a little better. I was allowed within the porch, but the doors admitting to the seats were all locked. The minister goes through his duties like a lesson of which he wishes to get rid, and he does not like to be disturbed by those who come late, and they are locked out. The churches are provided with large, heavy ponderous-looking Bibles, fastened with two imposing looking clasps. The catechisms and prayers are placed at the end instead of the beginning. They do not allow families to sit together in pews; all the women are placed in the centre of the church, and the men at each side. The men wear their hats, even during the service, and neither men nor women stand up during the singing of the psalms, which always occurs three times during the service, and collections are made during the sermon. The collectors have implements like landing-nets, with long handles; the net is lined with black velvet. These bags are poked in succession under each person's nose to receive the contribution. The clergyman was supplied with water, and he paused frequently in his discourse to moisten his lips and throat—a very necessary precaution in using such a guttural language as the Dutch.

I found the Crystal Palace open on Sunday evening, and a band engaged in its weekly concert. The building, which would hardly be missed out of that of Sydenham, is simply a large concert hall, with a few flower beds in it. The company, which numbered eight thousand, were seated in groups at small tables, where they had tea, coffee, wine, &c., or strolling about the hall or the adjacent ground. The building was lit with gas, and thronged with people of all classes.

The peculiar costumes of the Dutch women are to be seen in great variety. That of Noora Desbant, which consists of a cap fitting tight over the forehead, but very large over the back of the head, and with a deep curtain or fringe coming down over the shoulders, has a very pretty effect. The most curious head-dresses are those of North and South Holland, in which a gold band is worn across the forehead, and in some cases small ornaments like winkers at each side. These jewels which are very costly are much prised. The hat or bonnet, I hardly know what to call it, is also very peculiar in its shape. As each province has its own head dress, the fair present features of vast variety. The Dutch women seem to cherish their former costumes and traditions, and are not given to change. They are a well-made and a well-looking race, and are well conducted. Illegitimacy is comparatively rare, and there are, it may be said, no poor.

FORCE OF HABIT.—There is an Eastern tale of a magician who discovered, by his incantation that the philosopher's stone lay on the bed of a certain river, but was unable to determine its locality definitely. He, therefore, strolled along the bank with a piece of iron, to which he applied successively all the pebbles he found. As one after another they produced no change in the metal, he flung them into the stream. At last he hit upon the object of his search, and the iron became gold in his hand. But, alas! he had become so accustomed to the "touch and go" movement, that the real stone was involuntarily thrown into the river after the others, and lost to him forever. This story well allegorizes the fate of the coquette. She has tried and discarded so many hearts, that at length she throws away the right one, from pure force of habit.

☞ There is a spot in Nashville called "Hell's Half Acre." If the devil holds no more real estate in Nashville than that, he has been badly swindled. —*Clarksville Chronicle.*

—You don't understand the merits of the case. The devil owns "Hell's Half Acre," in fee simple, but he *squats* on a tremendous extent of territory.—*Nashville Press.*

GARIBALDI'S WIFE.

The story of Garibaldi's wooing is this: He was one day sitting in the cabin of a sloop on the lake of Santa Cathaina, and looking toward the shore, when suddenly he saw, at a farm house situated on a neighboring hill, three or four girls busily engaged in domestic duties. They were all remarkable for beauty, but one in particular arrested his attention for her uncommon grace and loveliness. He was still watching them when he received an order to go on shore. Immediately on landing he directed his steps to the house. He was admitted by the owner, whom he happened to know slightly, having met him once before.

The impulse which had prompted him to the house was to address the girl he had so admired. On seeing her, he immediately besought her to become his wife. The girl, it seems, conceived an affection as warm and sudden as he had felt for her; and after the lapse of a few short days, they were man and wife. The surname of this lovely Brazilian girl of the province of Santa Cathrina, who became, under such peculiar romantic circumstances the wife of Garibaldi, has never been revealed. In all the biographies of our hero she alone is mentioned by her Christian name of Amita. She seems to have been a brunette of a rich, warm complexion, with black and piercing eyes; of a beautiful rounded figure, and a sort of queenly majesty of deportment; active, daring, and high-spirited, and in every respect worthy of being the companion for life of such a man as Garibaldi.

Her courage was remarkable. A short time after their marriage, she went through an engagement at sea, with her husband, refusing to go ashore, and during the fight would stay nowhere but on deck, where she wielded a carbine and cheered the men. In the heat of the battle she was standing on deck, flourishing a sabre, and inspiring the men to deeds of valor, when she was knocked down by the wind of a cannon ball that had killed two men standing at her side. Garibaldi was springing forward to her, thinking that he would find her a corpse, when she rose to her feet, covered with the blood of the men who had fallen close to her, but quite unhurt. He begged her to go below and remain there till the action was over. "I will go below," was her reply, "but only to drive out the sneaking cowards who are skulking there;" for only a few seconds before she had seen three men leave the deck and hurry rapidly down the hatchway, so as to escape out of danger of the storm of bullets that was sweeping the deck. And going below, she immediately after re-appeared, driving before her the three men, overcome by shame that they should have been surpassed in courage by a woman. She accompanied her husband in all his undertakings, and died while flying with him from the Austrians.—*Californian.*

A CURIOUS CALCULATION.

How *Harper's Magazine* is made, is explained in the December number of that periodical, in a long and elaborately illustrated opening article. The cuts include views of the exterior and interior of the Harper establishment, with full explanations of the various mechanical processes by which the magazine is made. For fifteen and a half years this popular magazine has been in existence, and during that time none of the original proprietors or editors have died. Of the printers and engravers who worked on the very first number, many are still engaged in the same labor. The following calculation is curious:

"The magazine was successful from the outset. Of the first number seven thousand five hundred were at first printed. Within six months the number had reached fifty thousand. The average calculation, taking all the numbers from the first, has been somewhat more than one hundred and ten thousand—in all, full twenty and a quarter millions of copies. They would weigh more than five thousand tons of 2000 pounds each. They would measure two thousand cords. They would build a solid wall ten feet thick, almost two and a half miles long. They would make a solid pyramid one hundred feet square at the base, and more than seventy-five feet high. The numbers laid side by side would cover two hundred and eight acres, or make a pavement two and a half feet wide and nearly sixty miles long. The separate sheets would cover a path two and a half feet broad, and four thousand four hundred miles long. They would carpet almost sixteen thousand acres, and as sheet is printed on both sides, they contain more than thirty-one thousand acres of printing.

YOUNG MEN GROWING UNPOETICAL.

"THE girls," will not forgive a London critic for thus disparaging the promising fathers of their own sweet families; "I find well educated young men of twenty who have never read the Waverly novels; who know nothing of the glorious romance of Ivanhoe, save what they gathered from a parody in some so called comic publication, or a burlesque at the theaters. I once knew a popular author, all of the present time, who had never read the Vicar of Wakefield. Our young men also skip the poets. There was a time when parents and guardians had to complain that their sons and wards were Shakspeare mad, and wasted their time in declaiming plays; there was a time not long gone, when Byron and Shelley had to be hidden away from the impressionable youths who were too much given to poetry. But, now-a-days, Shakspeare and Byron, and the rest of the English classics, lie with dust an inch thick on them."

MARRIAGE OVER THE WATER.

Now the French clergy exact that, before marrying a man, he shall come to confession; of which they give him a certificate, exactly as they would give a certificate of his baptism or burial, and they take advantage of the opportunity to put the most extraordinary questions respecting his previous ways and doings. It is not every nominally Catholic French man who likes to pass this private examination; he therefore sends some fellow to personate him, who confesses what he pleases for a small renumeration and brings back the required certificate. As soon, therefore, as our bridegroom has acquired the right to utter fibs to him and his Maker, he convokes on satin paper all within his knowledge to be present at an act of hypocrisy. The party, after finishing at the Mairie, proceed, in all their finery, to the door of the church. The bride enters first in a cloud of white nothing but white from head to foot, leaning on her father's arm, or, in default of father, on her paternal or maternal uncle's. The beadle comes to meet her at the door, with his baldric displayed on his manly chest, and conducts her majestically to the altar, striking the pavement with his cane. During the march, the organ plays an opera tune. The bridegroom follows the bride at a distance of a pace or two; and they bend the knee side byside on a *prie-dieu* made comfortable by a velvet cushion. The priest hurries through a musical mass; a bit of red cloth is stretched over the spouses' heads; the officiating minister makes a short mystical allocution, in which he compares the union of man and wife to the Saviour's union with the Church. The company then emigrates to the sacristy, where bride and bridegroom, relations, friends, acquaintances kiss pell-mell, compliment, squeeze hand and every retires making their remarks on the prettiness or plainness of the bride. And now you have before you a couple of human beings, still unbeknown the one to the other, united to all perpetuity! The maiden has changed her name; and, pale as death under her garland of orange-flowers, she tries to smile. The face of the world may change; what was once a wilderness may become a city; what was once a monarchy shall be tomorrow a republic; but when once that word of the Maire and that other word of the priest have fallen on a woman's head, in France, that woman wholly belongs henceforward to the Irrevocable. Whatever be the sort of man who leads her by the hand to his home, whatever he do, she must follow him in France, to the very last breath. Her only resource, her only refuge from him, is the grave. She has written on her door the word which ought only to be written on the gate of the cemetery.—*London Society.*

CHARLES DICKENS.

"Mr. Dickens is the quintessence of simplicity in the eyes of the French critic. To open one of his books is like opening a closet full of linen and lavender. His humorous power of observation, poetical imagery, and faithful facts gain the feelings of his readers, and then the unostentious wings of melancholy fan them into emotion, through which, nevertheless, a silver chord of gayety runs. The tears he calls forth are such as refresh the soul without scalding the cheek. Born in the mists of Albion, son of a land where spleen leads to suicide, Dickens is reserved in his mirth. His sighs pervade his pages like the soothing of the wind in the trees, and his irony dances over all like a flame over a brazier. It is imagination is his power. From a faded flower, a fallen stone, a remnant of a ruin, he takes a pathetic story, and reanimates the past from its remains, an Cuvier reconstructed a world from isolated bones. In common with the English novelists, he has one common characteristic which lifts him above his brethren in France. He is free from the mania for direct moralizing and doctrinizing. The action of the tale never languishes to give place to the author. He never halts to launch a paradox, inflict a sermon, or thunder forth a harangue. His works are made up of small details, trifles; but they are the trifles and details that constitute real life. Novelists who create their details are in fact writers of a cotemporaneous mythology; they do not appeal to the practical experience of their readers. He makes the reader at once actor, witness and judge."—*London Gazette.*

WHAT VERDI DID.—Verdi, when his fame was just rising, was at Milan, an Austrian commander, delighted with his music, sent for him and asked him to write a march for the Austrian army. Verdi replied, coldly, "I can only write a retreat for you," which so incensed the white-coat that he replied, ', I asked you as a favor to write a march; I now command you to do so. Do you understand?" "Perfectly," replied the composer.—"And you consent?" "There is no choice left me, you shall have the march this evening." That evening the march was delivered, and two days after it was played by all the bands, to the intense joy of the Milanese, who recognized in it a skillfully-interwoven air, known as "Fuorisi barbari" (Away with the Barbarians!) Of course Verdi had prudently made himself scarce, or he might have got score for score.

☞ MISS HANNAH F. GOULD, the poetess, died at her home in Newburyport, Mass., recently. She was born in the last century, the first volume of her poems was published in 1835, and she has continued to be a prolific writer both in prose and verse until quite recently. Her poems are characterized by strong religious sentiment and she has written much and acceptably for children.

LETTER FROM MRS. LINCOLN.

Mr. Carpenter, the artist, who has been publishing in the *Independent* his personal recollections of President Lincoln, gives in his last contribution, the following extract of a letter from Mrs. Lincoln:

"Truly, writes Mrs. Lincoln, no sorrow has been like unto mine. I am as broken-hearted over this overwhelming affliction as when the terrible tragedy first occurred, and of course realize it far more. I have lost the most loving and devoted of husbands, and my dear boys the best father that boys were ever blessed with. 'Until God's love shall place me by his side again,' I shall know no peace or alleviation of my grief—Knowing him as you did, I am sure you can pardon and appreciate a wife's great sorrow over so untimely a loss.

* * * * * *

"How I wish you could have been with my dear husband the three last weeks of his life. Having a realizing sense that the unnatural rebellion was near its close, and being most of the time away from Washington, where he had passed through such conflicts of mind during the last four years—feeling so encouraged, he freely gave vent to his cheerfulness. Down the Potomac he was almost boyish in his mirth, and reminded me of his original nature, as I remembered him in our own home, free from care, surrounded by those he loved.

"That terrible Friday, I never saw him so supremely cheerful. His manner was even playful. At three o'clock he drove out with me in an open carriage. In starting, I asked him if any one should accompany us. He immediately replied. "No, I prefer to ride by ourselves to-day." During the drive he he was so gay that I said to him laughingly, "Dear husband you almost startle me by your great cheerfulness." He replied: "And well I may feel so, Mary, for I consider this day the war has come to a close," and then added; "We must both be more cheerful in the future. Between the war and the loss of our darling Willie we have been very miserable." Every word he then uttered is deeply engraved on my poor broken heart. In the evening his mind was fixed on having some relaxation. * *

* * I firmly believe that if he had remained in the White House, on that night of darkness when the fiends prevailed he would have been horribly cut to pieces. The fiends had too long contemplated this inhuman murder to have allowed him to escape."

CAN A MOTHER FORGET!

Can a mother forget? Not a morning, noon or night, but she looks into the corner of the kitchen where you read Robinson Crusoe, and thinks of you as yet a boy. Mothers rarely become conscious that their children are grown out of their childhood. They think of them, write of them as though not full fourteen years of age. She cannot forget the child. Three times a day she thinks of those who are absent from the table, and hopes that next year, at farthest, she may just "have her own family there;" and if you are there, look out for the fat limb of a fried chicken, and coffee which nobody but everybody's own mother can make. Did Hannah forget Samuel? A short sentence, full of household history, and running over with genuine mother's love, is telling beautiful; "moreover, his mother made him a little coat and brought it to him from year to year when she came up with her husband to sacrifice."

A mother mourning at her first born's grave, or closing the eye of the child after death, displays a grief whose very sacredness is sublime. But, heavier than the death stroke is the desperation of a son who rushes over a crushed heart, into vices which he would hide even from the abandoned and vile.

Napoleon was once asked by a lady what France needed for the education of youth: and the short, profound reply was, "MOTHERS."

OUR CITIZEN SOLDIERS.—Henry Ward Beecher, in a speech at the Grant reception in New York, paid the following beautiful tribute to the veterans who have resumed the garments, and pursuits of peaceful life:

"It was asked of me in England, "What will become of your army when your war is over? What will you do with them?" My reply was, "What do you do in March with your snow wreaths? They melt, and no man has any trouble about them, and out of them come the very juice and herbage that is to cover the ground with spring and summer; and has it not been so? When the soldiers were needed they came as avalanches come, and when they were no longer needed, they melted as snow in summer. They went back to be citizens, and though some are retained as officers and are known an honored throughout the world, they are every one to the core citizens, and are now about to achieve higher victories in the sphere of peace."

SINGING.—Singing is a great institution. It oils the wheels of care, and supplies the place of sunshine. A man who sings has a good heart under his shirt front. Such a man not only works more willingly, but he works more constantly. A singing cobbler will earn as much money again as a cordwainer who gives way to low spirits and indigestion.—A varicious men never sing. The man who attacks singing throws a stone at the head of hilarity, and would, if he could, rob June of its roses and August of its meadow larks. Such a man should be locked to.

☞ MILES O'REILLY, through the New York *Citizen*, says that the "Wearing of the Green" song is a modification of the old Irish chant, of which he recalls these lines:

Then up stepped General Bonyparte,
And took me by the hand—
Sayin' how is auld Ireland,
And where does she stand?

This, he thinks, was written about the time Bonaparte was Consul, and Ireland had hopes of French interference.

☞ A Society of French antiquarians are striving to prove that Joan of Arc was not burned at all, but was married, had children, and died quietly at Metz. They contend that she came to Metz in 1436, where she was recognized by her two brothers though they thought she had been burned long ago. By-and-by she marries Mons. des Amosis chevalier; and some one has been lucky enough to find the very marriage contract dated in 1436.

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The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, JANUARY [illegible]

FROM OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
December 25, 1865.

MR. [illegible]: —Christmas day, and a [illegible] dismal, rainy day, when I do not work, and cannot go about, gives me an excellent opportunity to fulfil my [illegible] neglected promise to write to you. I have no news to communicate. The Reporters for the Associated Press have completely monopolized that department, and they run it with so much energy, that they not unfrequently get ahead of the times, and publish [illegible] in advance of their occurrence. [illegible] I only propose to do [illegible] [illegible] politicians [illegible] giving you, my views of [illegible] in Washington.

Congress has adjourned for the holidays. The special election upon colored [illegible] in the District, is over, and the result, of course, unanimous against it. A violent effort is being made to cast aside, for the time, all the political and partisan questions and troubles, and give the present to hilarity and enjoyment. But [illegible] weather [illegible] emphatically southern weather with Northern principles, sadly interfere with all [illegible] projects; apparently indicating the purpose of Providence to keep their duties before the minds and hearts of the people until they consent to establish justice. The question of recognizing the rights of the colored people, and providing for their protection, is, as it long has been, the all engrossing one. Some try to escape it by talking of other things. Many devise artifices to evade it, to hush it, quiet it, lay it. But more obstinate than the ghost of Banquo, it will not down. Politicians may as well make a note of it, and prepare themselves to face the music.

Wednesday, the 13th inst., I had the pleasure to listen to an oration by Henry Ward Beecher, delivered in the hall of the House of Representatives. Chief Justice Chase presided, and the exercises were opened by an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Highland Garnett, a colored clergyman of this city, a man of real culture and ability. A *Lady* of the F. F. V., the moment he commenced his prayer, got up and immediately left the hall. It is presumed she was afraid he would marry her. Such *[illegible]* abound in this city. Ladies like Mrs. Suratt, except in courage and refinement, and it is quite possible that Gen. Butler's celebrated order in New Orleans, would be beneficial if enforced here. Beecher's lecture was radical in the extreme, and the applause was more than vehement,—tremendous and enthusiastic, proving at once the scripture "How forcible are right words," and Cicero's saying "Delivery bears sway in Oratory." He advocates not only freedmen's but also female suffrage. On this latter point his logic would be difficult to meet, yet the conviction is general that that subject may well be allowed to rest, till others so much more urgent, are disposed of. The night following Beecher, I heard Gen. Banks speak on the same subject before an Association of this city. His style is peculiar, but clear and forcible, and he had the undivided attention of a large and crowded audience. Gen. Banks is yet a young man, who began life as a workman in a factory. He has already attained high honors, and many believe he is destined to reach much higher, if not the highest.

There are many who oppose, not only the freedmen's suffrage, but every enlargement of their privileges—who would deny them the right to testify, and would suppress the schools for their children. Such, too, have their associations, orators and writers, and the energy with which they work, proves the sincerity of their opinions. Fortunate it is, that discussion is now absolutely free, and we may safely rest in the conviction that right has nothing to fear in a fair conflict with error. "*Magna est veritas et prævalebit.*"

The Soldiers League of this city is prosperous, efficient and useful. A national convention will be held the fourth Monday of January next, which will provide for a permanent national organization. We are already assured that every loyal State except Minnesota will be represented. I know the difficulties resulting from a scattered population, in keeping up a voluntary association of any kind, but still I hope the voice of Minnesota, who furnished so many soldiers, good and true, to the war, will be heard in that convention. A constitution like that of ours which I sent you, of course is not adopted to rural districts. There, you do not need the funds which are necessary to us, and frequent meetings are impracticable. But once or twice a year the soldiers of each county might have a glorious reunion. However evanescent the interests in the subject which ordinarily call men together may be, we, who have served in our war, and together endured the toils of the march, stood amid the horrors of battle, or more than horrors of the hospital, have feelings and interests in common, permanent as the hills, and tho our numbers will lessen as the years pass away, our mutual regard will be undiminished. In connection, the many Leagues with which we are in correspondence, have petitioned Congress to equalize the bounties of those who entered the army early, with those who came in later; also to remedy the many imperfections of the pension laws. These petitions have been favorably received and bills are now in progress to accomplish these objects.

It is acknowledged everywhere that Minnesota is ably represented in Congress. Gov. Ramsey, in particular, is regarded as one of the soundest and most influential men in the Senate.

I had thought to have written about the national cemetery, at Arlington heights, and some other points of similar mournful and patriotic interest, but as this is already too long, I must defer it to some future time.

Yours Truly, A. I.

☞ The special election ordered in Rice county to fill the vacancy in the Senate occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Levi Nutting, has resulted in the choice of Gordon E. Cole, Attorney General, by an overwhelming majority.

Inaugural Address of Gov. Patton of Alabama.

In his inaugural address Robert M. Patton, Governor of Alabama, says that "at the beginning of the year 1861 Alabama contained nearly 1,000,000 of inhabitants, and all branches of industry and trade were prosperous. Villages, towns and cities were flourishing, and internal improvements were rapidly and [illegible] going forward; 997,000 bales of cotton were produced in 1860, and Alabama had become the largest cotton-growing State in the Union, producing about one fifth of the entire American crop." The results of the war proved most disastrous, for the Governor adds:

"Of the wide waste and ruin which the war has wrought upon our once happy country, Alabama has suffered a full share. [illegible] it may be safely stated that from thirty-five thousand to forty thousand perished in the service. In [illegible] wealth her loss, in one species of property alone, that of slaves, is not less than $250,000,000; and the aggregate amount of losses of the various other descriptions of property may be equally as much. Hence we find that in this State alone we have sustained a loss in actual [illegible] wealth of at least $5[illegible],-000,000.

* * * "I think we may all profit much by contrasting the prosperity and happiness which our country enjoyed at the beginning of the recent war with its present crippled and almost ruined condition. In doing this we shall forget the contentions, bickerings, passions, excitements, and dissensions through which we have passed; or, if we cannot forget, at least let us rise above them. Let us be as one man, and if we are unable to recover that which is lost, it becomes us to bend our united energies in saving and improving that which remains to us.

"The war closed with Andrew Johnson as President of the United States. The South lay prostrate and helpless at the feet of Federal power. During the war the legislation of Congress was necessarily tinged with the passions of the times, and upon the return of peace there were found upon the national statute books some of the most stringent and proscriptive laws for the punishment of persons and confiscation of property. There was but one way by which we could escape the penalties of these rigorous enactments, and that was through the pardoning power of the President."

The Governor discusses other points as follows:

RECONSTRUCTION.

"The reconstruction or restoration policy of the President was duly submitted to the people of Alabama, and has been unhesitatingly accepted by them. It may be safely asserted that, as far as the work of reconstruction has progressed in this State, it has been in strict conformity with what was understood to be the policy of the General Government. Without undue murmuring and in perfect good faith, our people have patriotically conformed to all the exigencies of the situation. They full and fairly accept the results of the war with all their legitimate consequences.

FREE LABOR.

"A sudden radical change has been wrought in our labor system. The extinction of Slavery is one of the inevitable results of the war. The relation heretofore subsisting between the whites and blacks has been totally changed. The negroes are now free, and this established fact is fully and unequivocally recognized. How far governmental action may be able to promote the common interest of the two races in their suddenly changed condition is a great problem which time alone can solve.

"The normal vocation of the negro is that of a cultivator of the soil. The soil and climate of Alabama are peculiarly adapted to the growth of cotton—that great staple which wields a most potent influence in the commercial world. Land owners are dependent upon the negroes for the labor which is necessary to produce cotton. Hence, the negroes have but to avail themselves of the advantages which they possess as cultivators of cotton lands to make themselves an independent living. In their new condition their future happiness or misery depends entirely upon themselves. They will find no disposition on the part of the whites to oppress them, or withhold from them any of those rights to which they are entitled as freedmen."

Comical Legislation in Virginia.

The legislature sitting at Richmond is discussing with much animation a proposition to reunite West Virginia with old Virginia. The latest phase of the subject is the following appeal, gravely offered in the Richmond House of Delegates last week, by Mr. Hansbrough, of Stafford county:

Resolved, That the Committee on the Union of Eastern and Western Virginia be respectfully requested to examine into the propriety of adopting the following appeal:

Sometimes, in the course of human events, trivial circumstances separate good friends; and, as in the case of Abraham and Lot, one goes to the right hand and the other departs to the left; but when passion subsides and reason is enthroned, the remembrance of ancient friendship prompts the kindly feelings of our nature to reconciliation and mutual esteem.

It grieves us that there has been a separation between us and our western brethren. Bound together by common blood a common language, and the iron hooks of interest, what shall separate us? And bound together by mutual limits, who shall separate what God has joined together? Shall poverty, shall tribulation shall the sword tear asunder from our brethren? And how shall we divide the glory of the Old Dominion? You are too brave and generous to require us in the bondman's key, to say, "Pray, master, forgive us!" And we ask no submission, no humiliation from you; but, with outstretched arms, we invite you to our affectionate and tender embrace. And behold, how good and pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity. It is like the precious ointment upon the head, that ran down to the beard, even Aaron's beard. As the dew of heaven, as the dew that descendeth upon mount of Zion, for there the Lord commanded the blessing of life for evermore.

What the President is Doing.

"Perley," the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says:

President Johnson is triumphantly carrying out his policy. State after State is being released from the authority exercised by right of conquest, and recognized as again entitled to exercise all rightful prerogatives, among them Alabama, which repudiated the second clause of the amendment giving Congress the right to legislate for the freedmen. Pardons are being issued by the scores, and as matters now look, the readmission of Congressmen cannot be far distant. Senator Sumner appears to be the only man who dares stand up in the capitol and assert what every honest member of Congress knows is true, although Gov. Raymond does not attempt to deceive the people.

"I cannot," said the Governor, "assent to the intimations thrown out by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Thad. Stevens) that the President concurred in the views he had expressed, or that he had handled the whole subject of pacifying the States lately in rebellion, and restoring the States to the practical exercise of their functions as members of the Union, to the hands of Congress. I can find no warrant in his message for believing that he designs thus to abandon duties which are evidently, in his judgment devolved upon as the Executive in the Government, and as Commander-in-chief of the armies of the United States. On the contrary, I find him rehearsing, in clear and explicit language, the steps he has taken to restore the rightful energy of the General Government and the States."

Gov. Raymond, it is well known, speaks "by authority," and it is equally well known that President Johnson does not approve of the policy of Mr. Speaker Colfax, of Mr. Sumner, of Mr. Stevens, and many other Congressmen. In the opinion of the President, all that remains for Congress to do is to "judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members," and to provide by suitable legislation for the restoration of the judicial branch of the civil authority. Senators and Representatives who have declared that they would do more than this, must so frame their legislation that it will meet the approval of President Johnson, or must place themselves in opposition to the administration, and attempt to nullify the veto power by a two-thirds vote. This may not be acceptable news to many of our readers, but it is the truth, and nothing but the truth. Neither should the 'whole truth' be withheld at a crisis like this, is no time for veneering and putty—for soft sodder and special pleading.

The Ohio Legislature—Synopsis of the Governor's Message.

The Ohio Legislature assembled on Monday last. The Governor's message is very lengthy, and devoted principally to State affairs. The institutions of the State are represented to be in a flourishing condition.

The total receipts of the State from all sources during the fiscal year were $13,190,000, against 8,630,000 in 1864.

The total disbursements were $12,-400,000 against $6,600,000 in 1864.

The total funded debt of the State is $12,900,000, against $13,000,000 in 1864, showing a diminution of $500,-000.

The Governor devotes considerable space to the railroads of the State, which have become of immense value to the stockholders and the people of the State. He advocates some legislation for the protection of the lives and property and other rights of the people from the encroachments or neglect of these powerful agents.

He advocates a reduction of the State militia tax and a modification of the enrolment process.

In speaking of the detention of Ohio volunteers in the field, the Governor says: It was no part of the intention or expectation that those noble patriots volunteering to fight the war for the Union were to be detained as a police guard to oversee political reforms in the South, whether as to whites or blacks, still less to be marched to the Rio Grande in order to either menance or assault Maximillian or any other despotism. The despot they engaged to suppress was Jeff Davis, the traitor, and he has been safely and properly caged.

He says since entering upon the discharge of his duties as Governor of Ohio, the troops have been reduced to six regiments, and these all mainly serving on the Rio Grande where there is no rebellion to suppress. The Governor argues at some length against the principle of the Monroe Doctrine and interference in Mexican Affairs.

He says what the Monroe Doctrine exactly is we have never agreed among ourselves. Its origin is doubtful, its purpose uncertain; its means to this day are unspecified. Mexico has never been and can never be a republic unless her people will accommodate us to be born again, and of entirely different parentage.

She with all her sister repuplics of South America has been from the beginning uninterruptedly a most violent and bloody incendiary. She has continually injured all nations with which she has held communication. Has ruthlessly ruined and oppressed her own people and Government, and has brought disgrace alike upon the sacred name of Republican liberty and human nature. The Governor is opposed to going to war with France or to menance or bully her in behalf of Mexico.

EFFECTS OF THE LATE GALE IN BUFFALO.—The gale of Sunday night was more severe than has been experienced in this city before for twenty-five years. The effect of the storm is visible in all parts of the city; but providentially, no serious injury was done to persons. Church towers, balustrades, chimneys, roofs and smokestacks suffered severely, while several buildings in progress of construction were demolished entirely. Many families were frightened from their residences by the falling of brick and stones from adjoining buildings, and many people were badly scared.—*Buffalo Com.*

—Senator Doolittle states that he would not accept the Secretaryship of the Interior, if it were offered to him.

Fearful Story of Hydrophobia.

The Madison *Journal* gives a fearful story of hydrophobia, at Waterloo, Wis., upon the authority of Henry Drew, assistant superintendent of public property. It says: Some six or seven years ago a mad dog went through the village of Waterloo, Jefferson county, and bit a number of animals. Among others, it snapped at the leg of a cow belonging to Mr. Lubcock. The animal was examined, but no mark was found, and it was supposed that it escaped being bitten. The animal was afterwards sold to a man by the name of Garrison, who used her milk freely, as did two of his children.

Some of the neighbors, including Mr. Drew's family, were supplied with the milk of this cow. At different times during the time since the cow was bitten, there has been inexplicable and fatal sickness among those using her milk, and two children of Mr. Garrison's, two of Mr. Drew's, and two others have been attacked with spasms and died in great agony.

Mr. Garrison has also been attacked at times with spasms. The mystery of this sickness was solved by the death, with every symptom of hydrophobia, a short time ago, of the cow so slightly bitten seven years ago, and in whose system madness had been latent ever since. The case is a singular one and worthy the attention of scientific men.

STATE NEWS.

TERRIBLE AND FATAL ACCIDENT.—We are informed that Mr. Bartholomew, living near Blue Earth City, was suddenly crushed to death on Wednesday afternoon, the 21st inst. Mr. J. S. Mead had employed some of the neighbors to assist him in removing an old barn from the country to the village, to be used as a blacksmith shop. Two lines of teams were hitched to the building, and Mr. Bartholomew's team being on the right, in order to drive, he walked between the two lines. It is probable that he slipped and fell, as when first discovered, the building was passing over him. The teams were halted, but too late to avail anything. It was evident that Mr. Bartholomew was dead, and there seemed no other way to extricate the body, the building was dragged over, and off from it. Upon examination it was found that life was extinct, that both legs were broken in three different places, and the back in two places, and the flesh mangled and mutilated almost to a pulp. The body was taken home where his good lady had just spread the tea table, anticipating his safe and early return. There's not half a span's breadth 'twixt life and death.—*Mankato Union.*

—Le Sueur is now casting off her swaddling clothes, and henceforth may be placed among the live rival towns of the valley; for she has the decided advantage to stimulate an unprecedented growth, of being behind, instead of ahead, of the adjacent country. She has now within the natural reach and easy access of her trade more acres under cultivation than any other town in the famous Minnesota Valley, and within a radius of seven or eight miles the farming population is at least twice as numerous as that of any other valley town. Nowhere in the State does the surrounding country demand so urgently for a wider range of different kinds of business and for more business enterprise. We are in the lap of as fertile a section of timber and prairie lands as there is in all the West, the trade of which only awaits the asking. Business men of Le Sueur, will you stretch forth your arms and embrace it? The whole State is taking a bound onward to prosperity, and we must at least keep pace with it.—*Statesman.*

MASONIC HALL BURNED.—A fire broke out about 5 o'clock this morning in the first story of the Masonic building, and the building and contents entirely consumed. Loss about $2,000. No insurance. The first story was occupied by Mr. G. Cooper as a wagon shop, who estimates his loss $800.—*Mantorville Express.*

—A correspondent of the *Press*, writing at Mankato 30th, says:

Last evening, at 9:15, P. M., a most remarkable, and, at the same time most beautiful phenomenon was visible in our heavens. It was in the shape of a large and brilliant meteor. It made its appearance in the north-western horizon, where it disappeared in a shower of brilliant sparkles. In size, movement and general appearance, it was not unlike a ball fired from a large Roman candle, and was in sight about thirty seconds.

As it was probably seen in different localities, I hope that others will see fit to give an account of its appearance to them.

FOREIGN NEWS.

By the arrival of the City of Washington at New York we have four days later news from Europe.

Mr. Eyre has been suspended from the office of Governor of Jamaica, pending the inquiry which is about to take place; and the government of the Island has been temporarily entrusted to Sir Henry Storks. The English Government promises that the inquiry into the origin, nature and circumstances of the late disturbance shall be full and impartial.

The Secretary of the Atlantic Telegraph Company informs: the London *Times* that the Great Eastern will go to sea in June, 1866, for the double purpose of laying a new cable and raising the broken end of the cable laid this year. All the arrangements of the directors as to new capital are now completed.

The Emperor of Austria has arrived in the capital of Hungary and met with an enthusiastic reception on the part of the people.

By the arrival at New York of the North America from Rio, we have dates from Brazil to Dec. 3d. The immigrants from the late Rebel States, represented by Col. Wood, have selected a site for a town. A vast tract of 8,000,000 acres of unoccupied Government land has also been selected. It is expected that the immigration from the late Confederate States will soon largely increase. The Paraguayans have withdrawn from Corrientes, and the allied army has advanced on its march to the Parana. The Brazilian squadron was at Corrientes. The Brazilian army has largely suffered by sickness.

The rebellion in China is reported to be nearly at an end. The last stronghold of the rebels in the province of the Kangsi has been evacuated, and the Mahomedan rebels in the province of the Shena have surrendered; but armed bands of banditti were devastating the country near the capital. In Japan the quarrel between the Tycoon and the Prince of Negata had been settled. Silk is plentiful in Japan, but scarce in China.

Advices from Jamaica to December 14 report everything quiet on the Island.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.

The city of Alexandria, Va., yesterday was the scene of rapine and murder, the result of bad whisky and traditional and diabolical hatred of the negro.

The reports this afternoon relative to the affair are conflicting as regards the number murdered, but from the most trustworthy information it is inferred that at least six negroes were brutally killed by the rioters, whose wholesale assaults were entirely unprovoked. So great was the mob of drunken chivalry that the police and military were powerless to stem their devilish work of death; and until long after nightfall they held high carnival to the terror of the more respectable inhabitants of the town.

This city was also the scene of a large number of acts of violence against unoffending colored men and women, who were brutally assaulted by drunken white brutes who thus far have been permitted to go unwhipped of justice—even such as is dispensed to negro-haters by the magistrates of Washington.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 25.—Joseph Edwards, a Baltimore rough, was shot at the Oxford Theater this evening, by a soldier, at whom Edwards had discharged a pistol.

CINCINNATI, Dec 26.—The funeral of Gov. Corwin took place at Lebanon, Ohio, to-day, and was largely attended by delegates from all parts of the State.

BALTIMORE, DEC. 30.—Hon. Henry Winter Davis died of pneumonia at half past 2 o'clock this afternoon.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Up to six o'clock this evening no verdict had been rendered in the Strong divorce case.

Edward Ketchum, of the firm of Ketchum & Co., was to-day arranged before the Court, and received sentence from Recorder Hoffman.

He was sentenced to four years and six months imprisonment. He was accompanied into court by his father and his three brothers. His features looked as though he had suffered mentally, very much, and his face was deadly pale. His father's manifestation of grief was very intense, and his brothers were visibly affected. The court room was densely crowded with spectators, when the Clerk of the Court said: "What have you to say why sentence should not now be pronounced against you." Ketchum replied in full voice, "Nothing." The Recorder then passed sentence as above."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.—The correspondence of our Government with France in regard to Mexican affairs will be sent into Congress as soon as that body reassembles.

Chief Justice Chase, in a conversation yesterday, remarked that whenever he found the case of the United States against Jeff Davis on the docket, he should proceed to try it; but that under no circumstances will he try it in Virginia, while that State is occupied by the military.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The two brass cannon over the main entrance to the War Department were taken from over the door of the reception-room of the royal palace in the City of Mexico, when that city was entered by Gen. Scott. The same palatial residence is now occupied by the Emperor Maximilian.

—About $30,000 worth of defaced and mutilated currency is destroyed by burning, per day, and $50,000 worth printed. Arrangements are nearly completed to make the amount of the latter equal to that of the former.

—At St. Louis, Dec. 29, 1,000 head of Texas cattle, for Mr. Alexander, of Illinois; were driven across the river on the ice.

—By a wind and rain storm at Bowling Green, Ky., Dec. 26, E. Clayborn & Bro. suffered a loss of from $5,000 to $10,000 and several other parties sustained damage in smaller amounts.

—It is reported that Gen. Butler will reply to Gen. Grant's "corked bottle" criticism in a speech to be delivered at Lowell, Mass., soon.

—The total contributions to the National Lincoln Monument Fund up to date, amount to $61,182.77.

—A young lady in Westboro', Mass., was married on Thanksgiving day to a returned soldier whom she had never seen before, the courtship having been conducted by letter. On the following morning she put on her cloak and bonnet and ran away, and has not since returned.

☞ A Washington dispatch of the 28th ult., says:

"In reply to the Senate resolution requesting the Secretary of War to report whether any person was employed in the War Department who has not taken the oath prescribed by act of Congress, Mr. Stanton says none have been so employed except the persons who were appointed Provisional Governors of the Southern States. These have received pay out of the contingent war fund at the same rate allowed Andrew Johnson as Military Governor of Tennessee. The sums thus paid are: to W. H. Holden of North Carolina, $1,750; James Johnson of Georgia, $1,000; to Lewis Parsons of Alabama, $1,000; and to B. F. Perry of South Carolina, $700."

An act of Congress passed July 2d, 1862, says:

"That hereafter every person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the Government of the United States, either in the civil, military, or naval department of the public service, excepting the President of the United States, shall, before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emoluments thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation."

—To wit, the Test Oath, which Messrs Holden, Johnson, Parsons and Perry could *not* take. Mr. Stanton's report, therefore, amounts to an admission that these Gentlemen were paid out of the United States Treasury in defiance of a United States law.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞ There is an entire unanimity among members of Congress in regard to the bill recently introduced, giving bounties to the volunteers of 1861, which will be passed immediately on the reassembling of that body.

Married.

In Merton, 1st inst., by Rev. C. L. TAPPAN, Mr. JAMES H ADAMS (Express Messenger) to Miss SARAH H. HASELTINE, both of Merton.

In Owatonna, 31 inst., by Rev. C. L. TAPPAN, Mr. NATHANIEL GARLAND to LALORNA P. DODGE, both of Wilton.

New Advertisements.

Cockrell & Williams,
PROPRIETORS of the Huff House, Winona, Minnesota. v2n37tf

M. E. Billings,
DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR Post-Office Address, Steele Centre, Steele County, Minn. Will attend to all Surveying upon order. 3-35m3

E. E. FENNO,
AGENT OF
THE SAINT PAUL PRESS,
For Owatonna. Also, agent for the
ROCK RIVER INSURANCE COM'Y.,
OF ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS.
Owatonna, January 4, 1866. v3n35tf

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Owatonna, Minn., Dec. 31, 1865, which, if not called for within thirty days after date, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington, D. C.

Babcock L H	Larison Andrew
Birnum Jenny	Loeclan A A
Betcher P	Moffat David
Buck Clarence L	Misgen John
Cau James A	Meigs Pitt
Delling Sarah	Moses H
Delling [illegible]	McClary Francis
Finch H A (2)	Reynolds W H
Freyday Wm	Reynolds Wm
Getty Anna	Smith Harriet
Guild Geo W	Thostenson Anna
Lewis H F	

Persons calling for the above letters please say "advertised." T. E. HUGHES, P. M.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
STEELE COUNTY. }
To David Turner, Esq:
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA you are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for said County, on the 20th day of February, 1866, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, to answer to Jonathan Scruby, in a Civil Action.
Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA.
Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
COUNTY OF STEELE. }
YOU, DAVID TURNER, WILL PLEASE TAKE notice that the Summons, of which the above is a copy, was, on the 21st day of December, 1865, served on the above named WILLIAM ELLIS at his residence in said County, by leaving a true copy thereat: That said William Ellis did on said 28th day of December appear in answer to said Summons: That the examination of the said William Ellis was by me postponed to the 20th day of February, 1866, at one o'clock in the afternoon. You are therefore summoned and required to appear at my office in Owatonna, in said County, at one o'clock of said last mentioned day, and take part in the examination of said garnishee
Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA.
Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
STEELE COUNTY. }
To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA, you are hereby commanded to summon WILLIAM ELLIS, if he shall be found in your County, to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 28th day of December, 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, then and there to answer, under oath, such questions as may be put to him touching his indebtedness to David Turner, and touching any property, money or effects of the said David Turner in his possession or under his controle. And have you then and there this writ.
Given under my hand this 20th day of December, 1865, at the City of Owatonna.
I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

January 1st, 1866.

OWATONNA

REGULATOR,

No. 3 Dresser's Block!

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS.

NEW PRICES!

Cooper Bro's.

Respectfully announce to the citizens of Owatonna, Steele County and Minnesota generally, that they have opened one of the

BEST SELECTED STOCKS

OF

DRY GOODS,

HATS, CAPS, & FURS,

Boots, Shoes,

AND GROCERIES!

To be found in this city, or anywhere else.

We Bought our Goods Cheap, and will sell them at the

Very Lowest Prices!

We cordially invite all to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
COOPER BRO'S.
Owatonna, Jan. 1866. v3n37tf

1866. THE LADY'S FRIEND—The best of the Monthlies—devoted to LITERATURE and FASHION. $2.50 a year. We give WHEELER & WILSON'S Celebrated $55 Sewing Machines on the following terms:—
Twenty copies and the Sewing Machine, $70.
Thirty copies and the Sewing Machine, $85.
Forty copies and the Sewing Machine, $100.
Send 15 cents for a sample copy to Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

1865. FALL TRADE **1865.**

The people of Owatonna and surrounding country are respectfully requested to call and examine my large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CROCKERY,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

&c., &c., &c.

My stock is selected with a view to the interest of this County, and will be sold for

CASH OR READY PAY,

At prices to suit the times.
Do not fail to give me a call, and I will do my best to please.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,

BRIDGE STREET,

Between Main and Broadway.

J. T. LEWTON.
Owatonna, Oct 19, 1865. v3n26tf.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!



Thomas & White,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, SASH, PUTTY, GLASS, NAILS, ROPE, AX HANDLES, AXES, TABLE & POKCET CUTLERY, POWDER & SHOT, CAPS, HORSE-SHOES & NAILS, SAD IRONS, HAY KNIVES, LANTERNS, FORKS, CHAINS, STRAP HINGES, BUTTS, SCREWS, WASH BOARDS, WELL BUCKETS, OX BOWS, WOOD SAWS, LADIES' & MEN'S SKATES, &c., &c.,

And everything kept in a

HARDWARE STORE,

And at prices that will

Challenge Competition.

We are also Agents for the celebrated

Monitor Clothes-Wringer,

That has taken the premium at several State Fairs.

We have also a

TIN-SHOP

Connected with the store, and are prepared to do

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING

IN

TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER.

On the shortest notice, and prices satisfactory.
THOMAS & WHITE.
Owatonna, July 27, 1865. v3n14tf

NEW CARRIAGE FACTORY AT WINONA.

WM. M. TANNER & CO.,

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Wagons and Buggies, Wood Work, Spokes, Hubs, and Felloes, Springs, Axles, Bolts and Carriage Trimmings, also a large assortment of the best

Carriage Varnishes.

The people of Minnesota are solicited to call and examine our work and facilities for doing the same before going East to purchase, as we will agree to furnish any of the above work to

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Winona, Nov. 20, 1865. v3n33tf

Dr. Middaugh,
PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Home, ten miles west of Owatonna. Good accommodations for man and beast are provided for all who call. 3-35

FOR SALE.
A large MULE, suited for farm or other heavy work. Inquire of J. T. LEWTON,
Next door to the Post-Office, Owatonna. 3-35

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 4, 1866.

FROM OUR WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
December, 25, 1865.

MR. KELLY:—Christmas day, and a most dismal, rainy day, when I do not work, and cannot run about, gives me an excellent opportunity to fulfill my rather neglected promise to write to you. I have no news to communicate. The Reporters for the Associated Press have completely monopolized that department, and they run it with so much energy, that they not unfrequently get ahead of the times, and publish facts in advance of their occurrence. Private enterprise has no chance in competition with them. I only propose to do that thing, so dangerous to politicians, write you a rusty letter, giving as I can, my views of things in and about Washington.

Congress has adjourned for the holidays. The special election upon colored suffrage in the District, is over, and the result, of course, unanimous against it. A violent effort is being made to cast aside, for the time, all the political and partisan questions and troubles, and give the present to festivity and enjoyment. But the weather rival and plural, emphatically Southern weather with Northern principles, sadly interferes with all festive projects: apparently indicating the purpose of Providence to keep their duties before the minds and hearts of the people until they consent to establish justice. The question of recognizing the rights of the colored people, and providing for their protection, is, as it long has been, the all engrossing one. Some try to escape it by talking of other things. Many devise artifices to evade it, to hush it, quiet it, lay it. But more obstinate than the ghost of Banquo, it will not down. Politicians may as well make a note of it, and prepare themselves to face the music.

Wednesday, the 13th inst., I had the pleasure to listen to an oration by Henry Ward Beecher, delivered in the hall of the House of Representatives. Chief Justice Chase presided, and the exercises were opened by an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Highland Garnett, a colored clergyman of this city, a man of real culture and ability. A *Lady* of the F. F. V., the moment he commenced his prayer, got up and tumultuously left the hall. It is presumed she was afraid he would marry her. Such *ladies* abound in this city. Ladies like Mrs. Surratt, except in courage and refinement, and it is quite possible that Gen. Butler's celebrated order in New Orleans, would be beneficial if enforced here. Beecher's lecture was radical in the extreme, and the applause was more than vehement,—tremendous and enthusiastic, proving at once the scripture "How forcible are right words," and Cicero's saying "Delivery bears sway in Oratory." He advocates not only freedmen's but also female suffrage. On this latter point his logic would be difficult to meet, yet the conviction is general that that subject may well be allowed to rest, till others so much more urgent, are disposed of. The night following Beecher, I heard Gen. Banks speak on the same subject before an Association of this city. His style is peculiar, but clear and forcible, and he had the undivided attention of a large and crowded audience. Gen. Banks is yet a young man, who began life as a workman in a factory. He has already attained high honors, and many believe he is destined to reach much higher, if not the highest.

There are many who oppose, not only the freedmen's suffrage, but every enlargement of their privileges—who would deny them the right to testify, and would suppress the schools for their children. Such, too, have their associations, orators and writers, and the energy with which they work, proves the sincerity of their opinions. Fortunate it is, that discussion is now absolutely free, and we may safely rest in the conviction that right has nothing to fear in a fair conflict with error. "*Magna est veritas et prevalebit.*"

The Soldiers League of this city is prosperous, efficient and useful. A national convention will be held the fourth Monday of January next, which will provide for a permanent national organization. We are already assured that every loyal State except Minnesota will be represented. I know the difficulties resulting from a scattered population, in keeping up a voluntary association of any kind, but still I hope the voice of Minnesota, who furnished so many soldiers, good and true, to the war, will be heard in that convention. A constitution like that of ours which I sent you, of course is not adopted to rural districts. There, you do not need the funds which are necessary to us, and frequent meetings are impracticable. But once or twice a year the soldiers of each county might have a glorious reunion. However evanescent the interests in the subject which ordinarily call men together may be, we, who have served in our war, and together endured the toils of the march, stood amid the horrors of battle, or more than horrors of the hospital, have feelings and interests in common, permanent as the hills, and tho our numbers will lessen as the years pass away, our mutual regard will be undiminished. In connection, the many Leagues with which we are in correspondence, have petitioned Congress to equalize the bounties of those who entered the army early, with those who came in later; also to remedy the many imperfections of the pension laws. These petitions have been favorably received and bills are now in progress to accomplish these objects.

It is acknowledged everywhere that Minnesota is ably represented in Congress. Gov. Ramsey, in particular, is regarded as one of the soundest and most influential men in the Senate.

I had thought to have written about the national cemetery, at Arlington heights, and some other points of similar mournful and patriotic interest, but as this is already too long, I must defer it to some future time.

Yours Truly, A. L.

☞ The special election ordered in Rice county to fill the vacancy in the Senate occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Levi Nutting, has resulted in the choice of Gordon E. Cole, Attorney General, by an overwhelming majority.

Inaugural Address of Gov. Patton of Alabama.

In his inaugural address Robert M. Patton, Governor of Alabama, says that "at the beginning of the year 1861 Alabama contained nearly 1,000,000 of inhabitants, and all branches of industry and trade were prosperous. Villages, towns and cities were flourishing, and internal improvements were rapidly and satisfactorily going forward; 997,000 bales of cotton were produced in 1860, and Alabama had become the largest cotton-growing State in the Union, producing about one fifth of the entire American crop." The results of the war proved most disastrous, for the Governor adds:

"Of the wide waste and ruin which the war has wrought upon our once happy country, Alabama has suffered a full share. Of her once brave sons who entered the army it may be safely stated that from thirty five thousand to forty thousand perished in the service. In natural wealth her loss, in one species of property alone, that of slaves, is not less than $250,000,000; and the aggregate amount of losses of the various other descriptions of property must be equally as much. Hence we find that in this State alone we have sustained a loss in actual and substantial wealth of at least $350,000,000.

* * * "I think we may all profit much by contrasting the prosperity and happiness which our country enjoyed at the beginning of the recent war with its present crippled and almost ruined condition. In doing this we shall forget the contentions, bickerings, passions, excitements, and dissensions through which we have passed; or, if we cannot forget, at least let us rise above them. Let us be as one man, and if we are unable to recover that which is lost, it becomes us to bend our united energies in saving and improving that which remains to us.

"The war closed with Andrew Johnson as President of the United States. The South lay prostrate and helpless at the feet of Federal power. During the war the legislation of Congress was necessarily tinged with the passions of the times, and upon the return of peace there were found upon the national statute books some of the most stringent and proscriptive laws for the punishment of persons and confiscation of property. There was but one way by which we could escape the penalties of these rigorous enactments, and that was through the pardoning power of the President."

The Governor discusses other points as follows:

RECONSTRUCTION.

"The reconstruction or restoration policy of the President was duly submitted to the people of Alabama, and has been unhesitatingly accepted by them. It may be safely asserted that, as far as the work of reconstruction has progressed in this State, it has been in strict conformity with what was understood to be the policy of the General Government. Without undue murmuring and in perfect good faith, our people have patriotically conformed to all the exigencies of the situation. They full and fairly accept the results of the war with all their legitimate consequences.

FREE LABOR.

"A sudden radical change has been wrought in our labor system. The extinction of Slavery is one of the inevitable results of the war. The relation heretofore subsisting between the whites and blacks has been totally changed. The negroes are now free, and this stubborn fact is fully and unequivocally recognized. How far governmental action may be able to promote the common interest of the two races in their suddenly changed condition is a great problem which time alone can solve.

"The normal vocation of the negro is that of a cultivator of the soil. The soil and climate of Alabama are peculiarly adapted to the growth of cotton—that great staple which wields a most potent influence in the commercial world. Land owners are dependant upon the negroes for the labor which is necessary to produce cotton. Hence, the negroes have but to avail themselves of the advantages which they possess as cultivators of cotton lands to make themselves an independant living. In their new condition their future happiness or misery depends entirely upon themselves. They will find no disposition on the part of the whites to oppress them, or withhold from them any of those rights to which they are entitled as freedmen."

Contest Legislation in Virginia.

The legislature sitting at Richmond is discussing with much animation a proposition to reunite West Virginia with old Virginia. The latest phase of the subject is the following appeal, gravely offered in the Richmond House of Delegates last week, by Mr. Hansbrough, of Stafford county:

Resolved, That the Committee on the Union of Eastern and Western Virginia be respectfully requested to examine into the propriety of adopting the following appeal:

Sometimes, in the course of human events, trivial circumstances separate good friends; and, as in the case of Abraham and Lot, one goes to the right hand and the other departs to the left; but when passion subsides and reason is enthroned, the remembrance of ancient friendship prompts the kindly feelings of our nature to reconciliation and mutual esteem.

It grieves us that there has been a separation between us and our western brethren. Bound together by common blood a common language, and the iron hooks of interest, what shall separate us? And bound together by mutual limits, who shall separate what God has joined together? Shall poverty, shall tribulation shall the sword tear asunder from our brethren? And how shall we divide the glory of the Old Dominion? You are too brave and generous to require us in the bondman's key, to say, "Pray, master, forgive us!" And we ask no submission, no humiliation from you; but, with outstretched arms, we invite you to our affectionate and tender embrace. And behold, how good and pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity. It is like the precious ointment upon the head, that ran down to the beard, even Aaron's beard. As the dew of heaven, as the dew that descended upon mount of Zion, for there the Lord commanded the blessing of life for evermore.

What the President is Doing.

"Perley," the Washington correspondent of the Boston *Journal* says:

President Johnson is triumphantly carrying out his policy. State after State is being released from the authority exercised by right of conquest, and recognized as again entitled to exercise all rightful prerogatives, among them Alabama, which repudiated the second clause of the amendment giving Congress the right to legislate for the freedmen. Pardons are being issued by the scores, and as matters now look, the readmission of Congressmen cannot be far distant. Senator Sumner appears to be the only man who dares stand up in the capitol and assert what every honest member of Congress knows is true, although Gov. Raymond does not attempt to deceive the people.

"I cannot," said the Governor, "assent to the intimations thrown out by the gentleman from Pennsylvania, (Mr. Thad. Stevens) that the President concurred in the views he had expressed, or that he had handled the whole subject of pacifying the States lately in rebellion, and restoring the States to the practical exercise of their functions as members of the Union, to the hands of Congress. I can find no warrant in his message for believing that he designs thus to abandon duties which are evidently, in his judgment devolved upon as the Executive of the Government, and as Commander-in-chief of the armies of the United States. On the contrary, I find him rehearsing, in clear and explicit language, the steps he has taken to restore the rightful energy of the General Government and the States."

Gov. Raymond, it is well known, speaks "by authority," and it is equally well known that President Johnson does not approve of the policy of Mr. Speaker Colfax, of Mr. Sumner, of Mr. Stevens, and many other Congressmen. In the opinion of the President, all that remains for Congress to do is to "judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members," and to provide by suitable legislation for the restoration of the judicial branch of the civil authority. Senators and Representatives who have declared that they would do more than this, must so frame their legislation that it will meet the approval of President Johnson, or must place themselves in opposition to the administration, and attempt to nullify the veto power by a two-thirds vote. This may not be acceptable news to many of our readers, but it is the truth, and nothing but the truth. Neither should the 'whole truth' be withheld at a crisis like this, is no time for veneering and putty—for soft sodder and special pleading.

The Ohio Legislature—Synopsis of the Governor's Message.

The Ohio Legislature assembled on Monday last. The Governor's message is very lengthy, and devoted principally to State affairs. The institutions of the State are represented to be in a flourishing condition.

The total receipts of the State from all sources during the fiscal year were $13,190,000, against 6,600,000 in 1864.

The total disbursements were $12,400,000 against $6,600,000 in 1864.

The total funded debt of the State is $12,900,000, against $13,000,000 in 1864, showing a diminuation of $500,000.

The Governor devotes considerable space to the railroads of the State, which have become of immense value to the stockholders and the people of the State. He advocates some legislation for the protection of the lives and property and other rights of the people from the encroachments or neglect of these powerful agents.

He advocates a reduction of the State militia tax and a modification of the enrolment process.

In speaking of the detention of Ohio volunteers in the field, the Governor says: It was no part of the intention or expectation that those noble patriots volunteering to fight the war for the Union were to be detained as a police guard to oversee political reforms in the South, whether as to whites or blacks, still less to be marched to the Rio Grande in order to either menance or assault Maximillian or any other despotism. The despot they engaged to suppress was Jeff Davis, the traitor, and he has been safely and properly caged.

He says since entering upon the discharge of his duties as Governor of Ohio, the troops have been reduced to six regiments, and these all mainly serving on the Rio Grande where there is no rebellion to suppress. The Governor argues at some length against the principle of the Monroe Doctrine and interference in Mexican Affairs.

He says what the Monroe Doctrine exactly is we have never agreed among ourselves. Its origin is doubtful, its purpose uncertain; its means to this day are unspecified. Mexico has never been and can never be a republic unless her people will accommodate us to be born again, and of entirely different parentage.

She with all her sister republics of South America has been from the beginning uninterruptedly a most violent and bloody incendiary. She has continually injured all nations with which she has held communication. Has ruthlessly ruined and oppressed her own people and Government, and has brought disgrace alike upon the sacred name of Republican liberty and human nature. The Governor is opposed to going to war with France or to menance or bully her in behalf of Mexico.

EFFECTS OF THE LATE GALE IN BUFFALO.—The gale of Sunday night was more severe than has been experienced in this city before for twenty-five years. The effect of the storm is visible in all parts of the city; but providentially, no serious injury was done to persons. Church towers, balustrals, chimneys, roofs and smoke stacks suffered severely, while several buildings in progress of construction were demolished entirely. Many families were frightened from their residences by the falling of brick and stones from adjoining buildings, and many people were badly scared.—*Buffalo Com.*

—Senator Doolittle states that he would not accept the Secretaryship of the Interior, if it were offered to him.

Fearful Story of Hydrophobia.

The Madison *Journal* gives a fearful story of hydrophobia, at Waterloo, Wis., upon the authority of Henry Drew, assistant superintendent of public property. It says: Some six or seven years ago a mad dog went through the village of Waterloo, Jefferson county, and bit a number of animals. Among others, it snapped at the leg of a cow belonging to Mr. Babcock. The animal was examined, but no mark was found, and it was supposed that it escaped being bitten. The animal was afterwards sold to a man by the name of Garrison, who used her milk freely, as did two of his children.

Some of the neighbors, including Mr. Drew's family, were supplied with the milk of this cow. At different times during the time since the cow was bitten, there has been inexplicable and fatal sickness among those using her milk, and two children of Mr. Garrison's, two of Mr. Drew's, and two others have been attacked with spasms and died in great agony.

Mr. Garrison has also been attacked at times with spasms. The mystery of this sickness was solved by the death, with every symptom of hydrophobia, a short time ago, of the cow so slightly bitten seven years ago, and in whose system madness had been latent ever since. The case is a singular one and worthy the attention of scientific men.

STATE NEWS.

TERRIBLE AND FATAL ACCIDENT.—We are informed that Mr. Bartholomew, living near Blue Earth City, was suddenly crushed to death on Wednesday afternoon, the 21st inst. Mr. J. S. Mead had employed some of the neighbors to assist him in removing an old barn from the country to the village, to be used as a blacksmith shop. Two lines of teams were hitched to the building, and Mr. Bartholomew's team being on the right, in order to drive, he walked between the two lines. It is probable that he slipped and fell, as when first discovered, the building was passing over him. The teams were halted, but too late to avail anything. It was evident that Mr. Bartholomew was dead, and there seemed no other way to extricate the body, the building was dragged over, and off from it. Upon examination it was found that life was extinct, that both legs were broken in three different places, and the back in two places, and the flesh mangled and mutilated almost to a pulp. The body was taken home where his good lady had just spread the tea table, anticipating his safe and early return. There's not half a span's breadth 'twixt life and death.—*Mankato Union.*

—Le Sueur is now casting off her swaddling clothes, and henceforth may be placed among the live rival towns of the valley; for she has the decided advantage to stimulate an unprecedented growth, of being behind, instead of ahead, of the adjacent country. She has now within the natural reach and easy access of her trade more acres under cultivation than any other town in the famous Minnesota Valley, and within a radius of seven or eight miles the farming population is at least twice as numerous as that of any other valley town. Nowhere in the State does the surrounding country demand so urgently for a wider range of different kinds of business and for more business enterprise. We are in the lap of as fertile a section of timber and prairie lands as there is in all the West, the trade of which only awaits the asking. Business men of Le Sueur, will you stretch forth your arms and embrace it? The whole State is taking a bound onward to prosperity, and we must at least keep pace with it.—*Statesman.*

MASONIC HALL BURNED.—A fire broke out about 5 o'clock this morning in the first story of the Masonic building, and the building and contents entirely consumed. Loss about $2,000. No insurance. The first story was occupied by Mr G. Cooper as a wagon shop, who estimates his loss $300.—*Monroeville Express.*

—A correspondent of the *Press*, writing at Mankato 30th, says:

Last evening, at 9:15, P. M., a most remarkable, and, at the same time most beautiful phenomenon was visible in our heavens. It was in the shape of a large and brilliant meteor. It made its appearance in the north-western horizon, where it disappeared in a shower of brilliant sparkles. In size, movement and general appearance, it was not unlike a ball fired from a large Roman candle, and was in sight about thirty seconds.

As it was probably seen in different localities, I hope that others will see fit to give an account of its appearance to them.

FOREIGN NEWS.

By the arrival of the City of Washington at New York we have four days later news from Europe.

Mr. Eyre has been suspended from the office of Governor of Jamaica, pending the inquiry which is about to take place; and the government of the Island has been temporarily entrusted to Sir Henry Storks. The English Government promises that the inquiry into the origin, nature and circumstances of the late disturbance shall be full and impartial.

The Secretary of the Atlantic Telegraph Company informs the London *Times* that the Great Eastern will go to sea in June, 1866, for the double purpose of laying a new cable and raising the broken end of the cable laid this year. All the arrangements of the directors as to new capital are now completed.

The Emperor of Austria has arrived in the capital of Hungary and met with an enthusiastic reception on the part of the people.

By the arrival at New York of the North America from Rio, we have dates from Brazil to Dec. 3d. The immigrants from the late Rebel States, represented by Col. Wood, have selected a site for a town. A vast tract of 8,000,000 acres of unoccupied Government land has also been selected. It is expected that the immigration from the late Confederate States will soon largely increase. The Paraguayans have withdrawn from Corrientes, and the allied army has advanced on its march to the Parana. The Brazilian squadron was at Corrientes. The Brazilian army has largely suffered by sickness.

The rebellion in China is reported to be nearly at an end. The last stronghold of the rebels in the province of the Kangsi has been evacuated, and the Mahomedan rebels in the province of the Shensa have surrendered; but armed bands of banditti were devastating the country near the capital. In Japan the quarrel between the Tycoon and the Prince of Negata had been settled. Silk is plentiful in Japan, but scarce in China.

Advices from Jamaca to December 14 report everything quiet on the Island.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 26.

The city of Alexandria, Va., yesterday was the scene of rapine and murder, the result of bad whisky and traditional and diabolical hatred of the negro.

The reports this afternoon relative to the affair are conflicting as regards the number murdered, but from the most trustworthy information it is inferred that at least six negroes were brutally killed by the rioters, whose wholesale assaults were entirely unprovoked. So great was the mob of drunken chivalry that the police and military were powerless to stem their devilish work of death; and until long after nightfall they held high carnival to the terror of the more respectable inhabitants of the town.

This city was also the scene of a large number of acts of violence against unoffending colored men and women, who were brutally assaulted by drunken white brutes who thus far have been permitted to go unwhipped of justice—even such as is dispensed to negro-haters by the magistrates of Washington.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 25.—Joseph Edwards, a Baltimore rough, was shot at the Oxford Theater this evening, by a soldier, at whom Edwards had discharged a pistol.

CINCINNATI, Dec 26.—The funeral of Gov. Corwin took place at Lebanon, Ohio, to day, and was largely attended by delegates from all parts of the State.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—Hon. Henry Winter Davis died of pneumenia at half past 2 o'clock this afternoon.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.—Up to six o'clock this evening no verdict had been rendered in the Strong divorce case.

Edward Ketchum, of the firm of Ketchum & Co., was to-day arraigned before the Court, and received sentence from Recorder Hoffman.

He was sentenced to four years and six months imprisonment. He was accompanied into court by his father and his three brothers. His features looked as though he had suffered mentally, very much, and his face was deadly pale. His father's manifestation of grief was very intense, and his brothers were visibly affected. The court room was densely crowded with spectators, when the Clerk of the Court said: "What have you to say why sentence should not now be pronounced against you." Ketchum replied in full voice, "Nothing." The Recorder then passed sentence as above."

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—The correspondence of our Government with France in regard to Mexican affairs will be sent into Congress as soon as that body reassembles.

Chief Justice Chase, in a conversation yesterday, remarked that whenever he found the case of the United States against Jeff Davis on the docket, he should proceed to try it; but that under no circumstances will he try it in Virginia, while that State is occupied by the military.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The two brass cannon over the main entrance to the War Department were taken from over the door of the reception-room of the royal palace in the City of Mexico, when that city was entered by Gen. Scott. The same palatial residence is now occupied by the Emperor Maximilian.

—About $30,000 worth of defaced and mutilated currency is destroyed by burning, per day, and $50,000 worth printed. Arrangements are nearly completed to make the amount of the latter equal to that of the former.

—A St. Louis, Dec. 29, 1,000 head of Texas cattle, for Mr. Alexander, of Illinois; were driven across the river on the ice.

—By a wind and rain storm at Bowling Green, Ky., Dec. 26, E. Clayborn & Bro. suffered a loss of from $5,000 to $10,000 and several other parties sustainee damage in smaller amounts.

—It is reported that Gen. Butler will reply to Gen. Grant's "corked bottle" criticism in a speech to be delivered at Lowell, Mass., soon.

—The total contributions to the National Line In Monument Fund up to date, amount to $61,182.77.

—A young lady in Westboro', Mass., was married on Thanksgiving day to a returned soldier whom she had never seen before, the courtship having been conducted by letter. On the following morning she put on her cloak and bonnet and ran away, and has not since returned.

☞ A Washington dispatch of the 28th ult., says:

"In reply to the Senate resolution requesting the Secretary of War to report whether any person was employed in the War Department who has not taken the oath prescribed by act of Congress, Mr. Stanton says none have been so employed except the persons who were appointed Provisional Governors of the Southern States. These have received pay out of the contingent war fund at the same rate allowed Andrew Johnson as Military Governor of Tennessee. The sums thus paid are: to W. H. Holden of North Carolina, $1,750; James Johnson of Georgia, $1,000; to Lewis Parsons of Alabama, $1,000; and to B. F. Perry of South Carolina, $700."

An act of Congress passed July 2d, 1862, says:

"That hereafter every person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the Government of the United States, either in the civil, military, or naval department of the public service, excepting the President of the United States, shall, before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emoluments thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation."

—To wit, the Test Oath, which Messrs Holden, Johnson, Parsons and Perry could *not* take. Mr. Stanton's report, therefore, amounts to an admission that these Gentlemen were paid out of the United States Treasury in defiance of a United States law.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

☞ There is an entire unanimity among members of Congress in regard to the bill recently introduced, giving bounties to the volunteers of 1861, which will be passed immediately on the reassembling of that body.

Married.

In Merton, 1st inst., by Rev. C. L. TAPPAN, Mr. JAMES H ADAMS (Express Messenger) to Miss SARAH H. HASELTINE, both of Merton.

In Owatonna, 3d inst., by Rev. C. L. TAPPAN, Mr. NATHANIEL GARLAND to LAURNA P. POPE, both of Wilton.

New Advertisements.

Cockrell & Williams,
PROPRIETORS of the Huff House, Winona, Minnesota. v2n37tf

M. E. Billings,
DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR. Post-Office Address, Steele Centre, Steele County, Minn. Will attend to all Surveying upon order. 3-35m3

E. L. FENNO,
AGENT OF
THE SAINT PAUL PRESS,
For Owatonna. Also, agent for the
ROCK RIVER INSURANCE COM'Y.,
OF ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS.
Owatonna, January 4, 1866. v3n35tf

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at Owatonna, Minn., Dec. 31, 1865, which, if not called for within thirty days after date, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington, D. C.

Babcock L H	Larison Andrew
Birnan Jenny	Loselan A A
Betcher P	Moffat David
Buck Clarence L	Misgen John
Can James A	Meigs Patt
Delling Sarah	Moses H
Delling —	McClary Francis
Finch H A (2)	Reynolds W H
Freyday Wm	Reynolds Wm
Getty Anna	Smith Harriet
Guild Geo W	Thostenson Anna
Lewis H F	

Persons calling for the above letters please say "advertised." T. E. HUGHES, P. M.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
STEELE COUNTY. }

To David Turner, Esq:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA you are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for said County, on the 20th day of February, 1866, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, to answer to Jonathan Scruby, in a Civil Action.

Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
COUNTY OF STEELE. }

YOU, DAVID TURNER, WILL PLEASE TAKE notice that the Summons, of which the above is a copy, was, on the 21st day of December, 1865, served on the above named WILLIAM ELLIS at his residence in said County, by leaving a true copy thereof; That said William Ellis did on said 28th day of December appear in answer to said Summons: That the examination of the said William Ellis was by me postponed to the 20th day of February, 1866, at one o'clock in the afternoon. You are therefore summoned and required to appear at my office in Owatonna, in said County, at one o'clock of said last mentioned day, and take part in the examination of said parties.

Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
STEELE COUNTY. }

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA, you are hereby commanded to summon WILLIAM ELLIS, if he shall be found in your County, to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 28th day of December, 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, then and there to answer, under oath, such questions as may be put to him touching his indebtedness to David Turner, and touching any property, money or effects of the said David Turner in his possession or under his control. And have you then and there this writ.

Given under my hand this 20th day of December, 1865, at the City of Owatonna.

I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

January 1st, 1866.

OWATONNA
REGULATOR,
No. 3 Dresser's Block!
NEW STORE!
NEW GOODS.
NEW PRICES!
Cooper Bro's.

Respectfully announce to the citizens of Owatonna, Steele County and Minnesota generally, that they have opened one of the

BEST SELECTED STOCKS
OF
DRY GOODS,
HATS, CAPS, & FURS,
Boots, Shoes,
AND GROCERIES!

To be found in this city, or anywhere else.

We Bought our Goods Cheap, and will sell them at the
Very Lowest Prices!

We cordially invite all to examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.
COOPER BRO'S.
Owatonna, Jan. 1866. v3n37tf

1866. THE LADY'S FRIEND—The best of the Monthlies—devoted to LITERATURE and FASHION. $2.50 a year. We give **WHEELER & WILSON'S Celebrated $55 Sewing Machines** on the following terms:—
Twenty copies and the Sewing Machine, $70.
Thirty copies and the Sewing Machine, $85.
Forty copies and the Sewing Machine, $100.
Send 15 cents for a sample copy to Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

1865. FALL TRADE 1865.

The people of Owatonna and surrounding country are respectfully requested to call and examine my large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
CROCKERY,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
&c., &c., &c.

My stock is selected with a view to the interest of this County, and will be sold for

CASH OR READY PAY,

At prices to suit the times.
Do not fail to give me a call, and I will do my best to please.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:
NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,
BRIDGE STREET,
Between Main and Broadway.

J. T. LEWTON.
Owatonna, Oct 19, 1865. w3n26tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!



Thomas & White,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, SASH, PUTTY, GLASS, NAILS, ROPE, AX HANDLES, AXES, TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY, POWDER & SHOT, CAPS, HORSE-SHOES & NAILS, SAD IRONS, HAY KNIVES, LANTERNS, FORKS, CHAINS, STRAP HINGES, BUTTS, SCREWS, WASH BOARDS, WELL BUCKETS, OX BOWS, WOOD SAWS, LADIES' & MEN'S SKATES, &c., &c.,
And everything kept in a
HARDWARE STORE,
And at prices that will
Challenge Competition.
We are also Agents for the celebrated
Monitor Clothes-Wringer,
That has taken the premium at several State Fairs.
We have also a
TIN-SHOP
Connected with the store, and are prepared to do
ALL KINDS OF JOBBING
IN
TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER.
On the shortest notice, and prices satisfactory.
THOMAS & WHITE.
Owatonna, July 27, 1865. v3n14tf

NEW CARRIAGE FACTORY AT WINONA.
WM. M. TANNER & CO.,
Are now prepared to turn out THREE FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES PER WEEK! and have constantly on hand an assortment of
ONE & TWO-SEATED CARRIAGES,
LIGHT OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES,
AND DEMOCRAT WAGONS & SLEIGHS.
Hearses, Express and, Pedler Wagons made to Order.
DEALERS IN
Wagons and Buggies, Wood Work, Spokes, Hubs, and Felloes, Springs, Axles, Bolts and Carriage Trimmings, also a large assortment of the best
Carriage Varnishes.
The people of Minnesota are solicited to call and examine our work and facilities for doing the same before going East to purchase, as we will agree to furnish any of the above work to
COMPETE WITH EASTERN MANUFACTURERS
Both as to Price and Workmanship.
☞ Repairing done at short notice, and all work warranted.
Winona, Nov. 20, 1865. v3n33tf

Dr. Middaugh,
PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Home, ten miles west of Owatonna. Good accommodations for man and beast are provided for all who call. 3-35

FOR SALE.
A large MULE, suited for farm or other heavy work. Inquire of J. T. LEWTON,
Next door to the Post-Office, Owatonna. 3-35

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Official Paper of the City.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

PREACHING.—Elder ALLEN, an Advent Minister, will preach at the School House, next Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

SOLD.—Mr. ODELL sold his residence on Oak street last week to J. Oppliger's partie for $900 cash.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED!—SOULE BRO'S., are now receiving a large stock of Dry Goods, Groceries &c., from the East, which they are selling very low.

CHANGING HANDS.—Property is changing hands in the city rapidly, although in the dead of winter, and as property is now reasonable, now is the best time that persons will have to buy.

AT WORK.—Mr. MORFORD is now engaged in getting out his lumber for the purpose of extending his stores through from Bridge street to Broadway so as to front both streets. This is sensible, is it not?

DONATION.—There will be a donation visit at the School House at Clinton Falls on Thursday afternoon and evening, of the 11th inst., for the benefit of Rev. THOMAS MCCLARY. All are cordially invited to attend.

AGENT FOR THE PIONEER.—J. D. BEERS has been appointed Agent for the Daily and Tri-Weekly *St. Paul Pioneer*, and is now prepared to receive subscriptions. Those wishing a daily paper, will not do better than to subscribe at once.

MASONIC INSTALLATION.—We understand that the Masonic Installation last week passed off pleasantly and that the supper provided at Barker's Exchange for the occasion, was ample, and as good as the best.

LIVERY.—CHARLEY HASTINGS Livery is the place to procure the best of Horses, Sleighs or Cutters. They are prepared to fit out any person according to their taste, and at reasonable prices. You will find them obliging and disposed to do the *fair thing*.

ERRATA.—Last week we called attention to the Stock of Goods of COOPER & SOUTHMAYDE, who were filling up the North Store in Dresser's Brick Block. We should have said Cooper Brother. They have a good stock of New Goods, and are selling cheap.

PERSONAL.—Mr. DAVIDSON, the editor of the *Mower County Register* called on us last week, looking extremely healthy, and we should judge from his appearance, that the Austonians had deputed to him Benjamen's mess continually. Mr. Davidson, however, publishes a *live* paper, and we wish him much success.

HON. J. B. CROOKER, left last Saturday for St. Paul to attend the Legislature which met last Tuesday, of which he is a member. Both branches of the Legislature organized on the day of meeting, and ready for the Governor's Message, but owing to some reports not being received, neither of the Messages will be received until about the middle of next week.

HUFF HOUSE.—We call the attention of our readers to the card of the Huff House in Winona. Messrs. COCKRELL & WILLIAMS are the proprietors, and have been for a number of years. They have as good accommodations as any House in the State. Everything is in order, and kept in the neatest style. They are liked by everybody, and no person going there once will ever pass by without calling.

FOR SALE.—We have received of the Agent, G. C. SMITH, a copy of the Lincoln Emancipation Proclamation with numerous side plates showing the difference between the colored people in Slavery and in Freedom. It is beautifully illustrated, is well executed, and makes a fine ornament to a sitting-room or parlor. The price is reasonable, and every family should have one in their house.

OWATONNA "REGULATOR."—We call attention to the announcement which may be found in another column of COOPER BRO'S. They have just opened a Dry Goods Store in the North Store of Dresser's Brick Block, and have a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c., &c. Their stock is new and of the Latest Styles, and they are determined to sell as low as the lowest. Fail not to call and examine for yourselves and realize the fact.

CONCERT.—Prof. J. B. CARPENTER will give us a Concert on Monday Evening, Jan. 15th. He sang here one year ago, when he gave us a rare treat. He will give us a Change of Programme. Among his songs will be sung the popular ones, entitled "The Old Man in Dreams," by J. P. Webster; "Evangeline," by Hays; "The Long, Long Weary Day;" "Sherman Marched Down to the Sea;" "Beautiful Dreamer," the production of the great Baladis', Stephen C. Foster; "Just before his Death," &c. Give him a full House. See Programme.

FESTIVAL.—Remember the Festival that is to take place this evening at Dresser's Hall for the benefit of the Owatonna Library Association. This is an effort in which all are, or should be interested, throughout the city. The Library needs to be enlarged, and no better way could be devised than the present. The best music has been provided for the occasion.

Admittance at the door, 25 cts. Stewed and fresh Oysters will be provided in addition to canned peaches and other fruits, cakes, &c. All are invited and a good time is looked for.

A NEW VOLUME.—THE ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL commences its 43d Vol. with the present January number—which contains Rufus Choate, John Marshall, Sir Mathew Hale, John Bright, Flat-headed Indians, etc., with portraits. The Two Paths—8 Portraits. Character in Shaking Hands, illustrated. Influence of Mind on Body. Love and Lovers. Fore-seeing and Fore-knowing. Ghosts and Prophets. Heads and Hats. Dress and Disease. Engineering as a pursuit. New York City, with engraved view. Advice to a Student. The Wolf and the Lamb. The Lion and the Mouse. The Ass and his driver. The Dog in the Manger, etc.; with upwards of 30 illustrations. A Pictorial double number, 20 cents, or a year for $2. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

WORK ON THE RAILROADS.—Mr. Perry the Railroad Contractor, between this place and Medford, has built during the week a number of shanties in the north wards, and has commenced work on the Central Railroad in the deep cut about 1 1-2 miles from Broadway. Mr. Perry designs working about 50 hands on the road during the winter.

We learn also that work has been commenced on the Winona and St. Peter Railroad, about two miles east of this City, during the last week, and also on the east end of the road, west of Kasson. The two roads design pushing the roads to this place as early in the next season as possible. They intend to form a junction at this place about the same time.

FIRE.—About 12 o'clock m., last Friday, E. R. FRUNER's house was discovered to be on fire. The citizens turned out en masse with buckets and just in time to save the building. The fire took from a cook stove which stood against a plastered partition, and set the lath on fire, and before it was discovered, had reached into the second story, but by cutting through the lath and pouring in water, it was extinguished before reaching the roof. Had the fire reached the roof, nothing could have been done to save the building, as no ladders were at hand, and it would have been impossible to have reached the fire without them. It would seem that our City Fathers should take some measures to form a fire Company of some kind. If we are not able to procure a Fire Engine, let us have a Hook and Ladder Company, so that the roof of any building can be readily and easily reached. What say you Citizens?

A PLEASANT TIME.—The Congregational Sunday School Festival last Thursday evening, in Dresser's Hall, passed off very pleasantly, and all, both young and old, were perfectly satisfied. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the Committee of Arrangements. The Committee was composed of young Ladies and Gentlemen, and they spared no pains to have everything in order and to give perfect satisfaction to both children and parents, which was done without a single exception. There was about 200 present. The children were provided with Cornucopias, well filled with Cakes, Raisins and Candies, and the older people were provided with side-tables, loaded with Fruits, Cakes, &c., &c. There was hung on the Christmas Trees about $200 worth of gifts for young and old. But although last yet not least of the entertainment was the singing of a number of pieces by Miss Felt, of Lake City. Her singing was equal if not superior to any ever before in this city, and was loudly applauded.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, STEELE COUNTY, } OWATONNA, Dec. 30, 1865. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE received from the Auditor of Steele County, a duplicate of the Taxes assessed upon the property of said County for the year 1865, and the amount of taxes for different purposes:

TOWNS.	Sinking F'd.	State Reve'e.	State Inter't.	County Tax.	Town Tax.	School Tax.	Road Tax.	Bou'y & D'st.	Co. Bounty.	Total.
Aurora,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Somerset,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lemond,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Berlin,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Summit,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dover,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Owatonna (town),	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Owatonna (city),	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Meriden,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Deerfield,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Clinton Falls,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Medford,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Merton,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Totals,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

I will attend at the place of holding elections, or some other convenient place, for the purpose of receiving said Taxes in the different towns, on the following days of January, 1866:

Dover, Thurs., Jan. 18.	Lemond, Thurs., Jan. 25.
Aurora, Friday, " 19.	Meriden, Friday, " 26.
Owatonna, Sat., " 20.	Clinton Falls, Sat., " 27.
Somerset, Mon., " 22.	Deerfield, Mon., " 29.
Summit, Tues., " 23.	Medford, Tues., " 30.
Berlin, Wed., " 24.	Merton, Wed., " 31.

City of Owatonna, Thurs., Feb. 1, and thereafter.

N. B.—All persons wishing to pay taxes are requested to bring a description of their lands.

E. F. MELVIN, Co. Treasurer.

NEVER OUTDONE!

THE undersigned takes this method to announce to his numerous patrons and the country generally, that he has established himself on

MAIN STREET,

IN THE

Cabinet Business,

And is prepared to furnish all who may call, with every variety of

BUREAUS,
BEDSTEADS, of all kinds and prices,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CENTRE TABLES,
CARD TABLES,
FALL-LEAF TABLES, &c.,

CHEAPER

Than can be sold in the State. Also, all kinds of

CHAIRS,

Down to the very latest styles, such as

WINDSOR, ROCKING, CANE-SEAT, OFFICE, &c. SOFAS, LOUNGES, SOFA CHAIRS, &c.

Also a splendid stock of the best

German Plate Mirrors,

WITH OR WITHOUT FRAMES,

And a full assortment of

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings,

For Frames, and a splendid stock of

Mattrasses,

Of every description, and

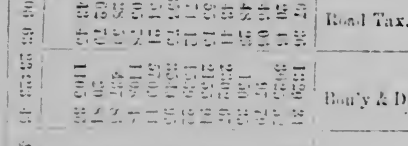
Tucker's Spring Beds,

All of which will be sold for less money than at any other Cabinet Shop in the State. Give us a call and we will prove to you the fact that at J. F. Hanna's is the place to buy cheap.

Our work is WARRANTED, and made of the BEST MATERIAL, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

We also have, in connection with the above

COFFINS



OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

And the latest styles kept constantly on hand. We have on hand the best styles of

METALLIC COFFINS,

Which we will sell as cheap as can be had in Eastern cities.

☞ Strict attention paid to orders and attendance on funerals.

Feeling grateful for former patronage, we hope by keeping the best of ware, and selling at low prices, to merit a continuance of the same.

J. F. HANNA.

Owatonna, Aug. 3, 1865.

LUMBER.

New Lumber Yard,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Near Dresser's Brick Block,

OWATONNA.

We have established a New Lumber Yard in this city, and desire to call the attention of the community to their stock or every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,
FENCING,
DIMENSIONS,
BOARDS,
CLEAR LUMBER,
SIDING,
SHINGLES,
LATH,
&c., &c.

Which will be kept constantly on hand, and for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

JOHNSON & HILLS.

Owatonna, Dec. 7, 1865. v3n33tf

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

JOHN COTTIER

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Steele County that he has opened a

TAILOR SHOP

ON MAIN STREET,

OVER THE OLD DRUG STORE,

Where he is prepared to

CUT AND MAKE

All kinds of

GENTS' CLOTHING,

Agreeable to the

LATEST STYLES,

ON THE

SHORTEST NOTICE & WARRANTED.

All kinds of

Cutting

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO,

AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Having had a

Life-Time Experience

in the business, in the Eastern States, he feels confident that his experience will merit a fair amount of patronage.

Owatonna, July 13, 1865. v3n12tf

MEYER'S

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

BOOKSTORE.

BINDERY, AND

COMMISSION STORE,

SECOND STREET,

Between Main and Johnson,

Winona, Minn.

I have always on hand a large assortment of

GERMAN & ENGLISH BOOKS,
PICTURES,
FRAMES,
POCKET BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
PLAYING CARDS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

AND AT

Chicago & New York Prices;

ALSO, A

Circulating Library.

Books in any Language Sent by Mail,

POCKET-BOOKS MADE,

AND BOOKS BOUND,

NEAT AND CHEAP.

MISSING NUMBERS FURNISHED.

N. MEYER.

Winona, Dec. 21, 1865. v3n35tf

FURNITURE,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. A. HICKCOX'S FURNITURE STORE is the place to buy, as he has just bought out the Winona Establishment; and with that stock and the work he has already on hand, he offers to his former customers, and to all others wishing to purchase, as good a selection as can be found in Minnesota, and at prices as low as can be had this side of the Mississippi. A large stock of

LOOKING GLASSES,

SOFAS, CENTRE-TABLES,

Chamber setts, Ornamented with Gold Leaf,

MATTRASSES, PILLOWS OF FEATHERS, HAIR AND SEA GRASS,

Wright's Patent Sectional Spring

BED BOTTOM,

With assortment of

TUCKERS.

GILT MOLDING PICTURE FRAMES

Made to order.

CURTAIN ROLLERS AND FIXTURES

And a good variety of

CORD AND TASSELS

Of all kinds.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

☞ On College Street, next door east of Hurlbut's Block, at the GILT SIGN. ☜

S. A. HICKCOX.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n1tf

GET UP AND DUST!



Frank Curtis & Co.

Have, in their

GROCERY STORE,

$2,000 WORTH OF TEAS,

of all qualities,

$3,000 worth of Sugars & Syrups,

of all grades. Any quantity of

Choice Apples,

in lots to suit customers.

SACKS & BBLS. OF COFFEE,

of all kinds, and

Thousands of Dollars Worth

of other Goods that must and will be sold immediately,

AT SOME PRICE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY, & BUY CHEAP.

Our stock is

Full and Complete.

And sell we must and no mistake.

Come on, then, and if we can't suit you in

Quality and Prices,

It must be because you have fallen into a state of

CELIBACY,

And will not be suited, and refuse to be comforted. We desire to make you happy in this world's goods, and you have only to

COME AND ASK

For all you need, and

THE PRIZE IS YOURS.

Broadway, Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n71f

REMOVAL.

Miss L. J. Kellogg,

SURGEON, DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED her Office to Chesley's Photograph Rooms in

DRESSER'S NEW BRICK BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET.

Where she is much more HAPPILY SITUATED for attending to the wants of those needing work in her line, than in her old office. She is prepared to attend to

ALL DEPARTMENTS

OF DENTISTRY,

On liberal terms and in the most improved styles. Being thankful for past patronage, solicits a continuance of the same.

ALL WORK WARRANTED,

Owatonna, Nov. 24, 1865. 31-tf

NEW LUMBER YARD!

ON CEDAR STREET,

IN THE

Rear of the Baptist Church

The undersigned has established a new

LUMBER YARD

In this city, at the above named location, and desires to call the attention of everybody to his stock of every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,
FENCING,
DIMENSIONS,
BOARDS,
SIDING
CLEAR LUMBER,
SHINGLES,
LATH,
&c., &c.

Which he has constantly on hand, and for sale at the

Lowest Market Prices.

S. B. WASHBURN

Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOL'SALE GROCERS

— AND —

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

THE BEST OF THE MONTHLIES—THE LADY'S FRIEND—devoted to FASHION and LITERATURE. Beautiful Steel Engravings. Splendid DOUBLE SIZED COLORED FASHION PLATES. The Latest Patterns of Dresses, Cloaks, Bonnets, Embroidery, etc. Household Receipts, Music, etc., etc. Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines given as Premiums. Send 15 cents for a sample copy to Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

UNION

CLOTHING STORE

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned wish to inform the people of

OWATONNA AND VICINITY.

That they have

Opened Business,

AT

No. 1 Dresser's Block,

NEAR MARKET SQUARE,

And are ready and willing to serve the public to as good a stock of

READY-MADE

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

As was ever brought to this place. We wish to mention that

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD THIS SEASON,

Therefore we have

MARKED THEM DOWN

As low as possible. We warrant to give

EVERYBODY SATISFACTION.

Try us and see for yourselves.

H. RUKEYSER & BRO.

Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n34tf

DRUG & BOOK STORE!

At the sign of the

Golden Mortar,

Is the place to get great bargains in the line of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, DYE STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, VARNISHES,

Yankee Notions,

PATENT MEDICINES, of all kinds,
KEROSENE OIL & LAMPS,
(in large quantities,)
SLATES & PENCILS,
COPY & BLANK BOOKS,
DIARIES FOR 1865, &c.

Physicians & Druggits

From the country, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to duplicate any bills, of limited size, from

EASTERN MARKETS.

All Medicine, Domestic Wines, and Liquors,

Warranted Pure & Genuine.

☞ Remember the place: STONE STORE, GOLDEN MORTAR, Broadway.

WOODARD & ELLS.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n1m6

THE CARS ARE RUNNING TO FARIBAULT

And so, via the Central Railroad, are J. H. WINTER'S Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

arriving directly from the East, consisting of

MILINARY AND DRY GOODS!

among which may be found a superior assortment of

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS
BLUE AND BROWN DENIMS
ALL WOOL AND COMMON
DELAINES PRINTS
GINGHAMS, LINDSEYS,
ALPACCAS, &c. &c.

A good assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY FLANNELS

For Ladies', Children and Gents' wear

A large assortment of BLACK and COLORED

CLOAKING.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

RESS BUTTONS,
PINS, NEEDLES,
HOSIERY AND
GLOVES, SHAWLS
AND WORSTED GOODS.

A Complete assortment of

FANCY GOOODS.

☞ The young lady who takes charge of the Millinery Department has just arrived from the East, where she gave entire satisfaction to the Proprietors of the Oldest and Largest Millinery Establishment in Western Mass.

Cloak and Dress Making done to order in all the LATEST STYLES.

Faribault, Nov. 23, 1865. 31-tf

LOTS FOR SALE.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R. R. and Min. Central R. R. Apply to

F. McNAMARA,
Chief Engineer Min. Val. R. R.
St. Paul, Minn.

v3n35m3

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.

1865. 1866.

Metropolitan Hall Building,

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF

C. & D. N. Russell & Co.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO. are now opening their Second Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS direct from the East, which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at New York and Boston prices,

ONCE MORE

The attention of Ladies is respectfully called to our Choice selection of

MERINOS, COMMON AND ALL WOOL DE LA NES, THIBETS, ALPACCAS, PARAMATTAT, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH GINGHAMS, SILK AND WORSTED, PRINTS, &c. &c. GOODS, &c. &c. &c.

Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND / STRIPED AND / BLUE AND — **SHEETING, SHIRTING, DENIMS, TICKINGS,** — BLEACHED / CHECKED / BROWN

&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

SOMETHING NEW!!

—0—0—

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands. The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

☞ We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well Selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public; made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prime Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as any store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE US, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement

FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865.

31-tf C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO.

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

HO, FOR THE "REGULATOR!!"

The Glad Hour has Come!

LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND

BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR,"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' & GENTS' FUR GOODS, AND LADIE'S AND CHILDREN' SHOES,

Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

Superior Qualities, and Very Low Prices!

We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.

We call your especial attention to our

LADIE'S, GENT'S, AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN,' and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.

We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE, and by our long experience in business, we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

No. 3, BANK BLOCK, BROAD'Y, ROCHESTER, Minn

DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.*

v2n48

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Official Paper of the City.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

PREACHING.—Elder ALLEN, an Advent Minister, will preach at the School House, next Sunday at 2 o'clock P. M.

SOLD.—Mr. ODELL sold his residence on Oak street last week to J. Oppliger's partner for $900 cash.

THEY HAVE ARRIVED!—SOULE BRO'S., are now receiving a large stock of Dry Goods, Groceries &c., from the East, which they are selling very low.

CHANGING HANDS.—Property is changing hands in the city rapidly, although in the dead of winter, and as property is now reasonable, now is the best time that persons will have to buy.

AT WORK.—Mr. MORFORD is now engaged in getting out his lumber for the purpose of extending his stores through from Bridge street to Broadway so as to front both streets. This is sensible, is it not?

DONATION.—There will be a donation visit at the School House at Clinton Falls on Thursday afternoon and evening, of the 11th inst., for the benefit of Rev. THOMAS MCCLARY. All are cordially invited to attend.

AGENT FOR THE PIONEER.—J. D. EEERS has been appointed Agent for the Daily and Tri-Weekly *St. Paul Pioneer*, and is now prepared to receive subscriptions. Those wishing a daily paper, will not do better than to subscribe at once.

MASONIC INSTALLATION.—We understand that the Masonic Installation last week passed off pleasantly and that the supper provided at Barker's Exchange for the occasion, was ample, and as good as the best.

LIVERY.—CHARLEY HASTINGS Livery is the place to procure the best of Horses, Sleighs or Cutters. They are prepared to fit out any person according to their taste, and at reasonable prices. You will find them obliging and disposed to do the *fairthing*.

ERRATA.—Last week we called attention to the Stock of Goods of COOPER & SOUTHMAYDE, who were filling up the North Store in Dresser's Brick Block. We should have said Cooper Brother. They have a good stock of New Goods, and are selling cheap.

PERSONAL.—MR. DAVIDSON, the editor of the *Mercer County Register* called on us last week, looking extremely healthy, and we should judge from his appearance, that the Austonians had deputed to him Benjamen's mess continually. Mr. Davidson, however, publishes a *live* paper, and we wish him much success.

HON. J. B. CROOKER, left last Saturday for St. Paul to attend the Legislature which met last Tuesday, of which he is a member. Both branches of the Legislature organized on the day of meeting, and ready for the Governor's Message, but owing to some reports not being received, neither of the Messages will be received until about the middle of next week.

HUFF HOUSE.—We call the attention of our readers to the card of the Huff House in Winona. Messrs. COCKRELL & WILLIAMS are the proprietors, and have been or a number of years. They have as good accommodations as any House in the State. Everything is in order, and kept in the neatest style. They are liked by everybody, and no person going there once will ever pass by without calling.

FOR SALE.—We have received of the Agent, G. G. SMITH, a copy of the Lincoln Emancipation Proclamation with numerous nice plates showing the difference between the colored people in Slavery and in Freedom. It is beautifully illustrated, well executed, and makes a fine ornament, to a sitting-room or parlor. The price is reasonable, and every family should have one in their house.

OWATONNA "REGULATOR."—We call attention to the announcement which may be found in another column of COOPER BROS. They have just opened a Dry Goods Store in the North Store of Dresser's Brick Block, and have a general assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c., &c. Their stock is new and of the Latest Styles, and they are determined to sell as low as the lowest. Fail not to call and examine for yourselves and realize the fact.

CONCERT.—Prof. J. B. CARPENTER will give us a Concert on Monday Evening, Jan. 15th. He sang here one year ago, when he gave us a rare treat. He will give us a Change of Programme. Among his songs will be sung the popular ones, entitled "The Old Man in Dreams," by J. P. Webster; "Evangeline," by Hays; "The Long, Long Weary Day;" "Sherman Marched Down to the Sea;" "Beautiful Dreamer," the production of the great Balatis', Stephen C. Foster; "Just before his Death," &c. Give him a full House. See Programme.

FESTIVAL.—Remember the Festival that is to take place this evening at Dresser's Hall for the benefit of the Owatonna Library Association. This is an effort in which all are, or should be interested, throughout the city. The Library needs to be enlarged, and no better way could be devised than the present. The best music has been provided for the occasion.

Admittance at the door, 25 cts. Stewed and fresh Oysters will be provided in addition to canned peaches and other fruits, cakes, &c. All are invited and a good time is looked for.

A NEW VOLUME.—THE ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL commences its 43d Vol. with the present January number—which contains Rufus Choate, John Marshall, Sir Mathew Hale, John Bright, Flat-headed Indians, etc., with portraits. The Two Paths—8 Portraits. Character in Shaking Hands, illustrated. Influence of Mind on Body. Love and Lovers. Fore-seeing and Fore-knowing. Ghosts and Prophets. Heads and Hats. Dress and Disease. Engineering as a pursuit. New York City, with engraved view. Advice to a Student. The Wolf and the Lamb. The Lion and the Mouse. The Ass and his driver. The Dog in the Manger, etc.; with upwards of 30 illustrations. A Pictorial double number, 20 cents, or a year for $2. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

WORK ON THE RAILROADS.—Mr. Perry the Railroad Contractor, between this place and Medford, has built during the week a number of shanties in the north wards, and has commenced work on the Central Railroad in the deep cut about 1 1-2 miles from Broadway. Mr. Perry designs working about 50 hands on the road during the winter.

We learn also that work has been commenced on the Winona and St. Peter Railroad, about two miles east of this City, during the last week, and also on the east end of the road, west of Kasson. The two roads design pushing the roads to this place as early in the next season as possible. They intend to form a junction at this place about the same time.

FIRE.—About 12 o'clock m., last Friday, E. R. FREMER's house was discovered to be on fire. The citizens turned out en masse with buckets and just in time to save the building. The fire took from a cook stove which stood against a plastered partition, and set the lath on fire, and before it was discovered, had reached into the second story, but by cutting through the lath and pouring in water, it was extinguished before reaching the roof. Had the fire reached the roof, nothing could have been done to save the building, as no ladders were at hand, and it would have been impossible to have reached the fire without them. It would seem that our City Fathers should take some measures to form a fire Company of some kind. If we are not able to procure a Fire Engine, let us have a Hook and Ladder Company, so that the roof of any building can be readily and easily reached. What say you Citizens?

A PLEASANT TIME.—The Congregational Sunday School Festival last Thursday evening, in Dresser's Hall, passed off very pleasantly, and all, both young and old, were perfectly satisfied. Too much praise cannot be bestowed upon the Committee of Arrangements. The Committee was composed of young Ladies and Gentlemen, and they spared no pains to have everything in order and to give perfect satisfaction to both children and parents, which was done without a single exception. There was about 200 present. The children were provided with Cornucopias, well filled with Cakes, Raisins and Candies, and the older people were provided with side-tables, loaded with Fruits, Cakes, &c. &c. There was hung on the Christmas Trees about $200 worth of gifts for young and old. But although last yet not least of the entertainment was the singing of a number of pieces by Miss Felt, of Lake City. Her singing was equal if not superior to any ever before in this city, and was loudly applauded.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, STEELE COUNTY, } OWATONNA, Dec. 30, 1865. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE received from the Auditor of Steele County, a duplicate of the Taxes assessed upon the property of said County for the year 1865, and the amount of taxes for different purposes:

TOWNS.	Sinking Fd.	State Rev'e.	State Inter't.	County Tax.	Town Tax.	School Tax.	Road Tax.	Bou'y & D'st.	Co. Bounty.	Total.
Aurora,										
Somerset,										
Summit,										
Havana,										
Oakdale, (Co.)										
Owatonna, (town)										
Owatonna, (City)										
Medford,										
Clinton Falls,										
Deerfield,										
Merton,										
Totals,										

I will attend at the place of holding elections, or some other convenient places, for the purpose of receiving said Taxes in the different towns, on the following days of January, 1866:

Deerfield, Thurs.,	Jan. 18	Somerset, Thurs.,	Jan. 25.
Aurora, Friday,	" 19.	Meriden, Friday,	" 26.
Owatonna, Sat.,	" 20.	Clinton Falls, Sat.,	" 27.
Somerset, Mon.,	" 22.	Deerfield, Mon.,	" 29.
Summit, Tues.,	" 23.	Medford, Tues.,	" 30.
Berne, Wed.,	" 24.	Merton, Wed.,	" 31.

City of Owatonna, Tuesday, Feb. 1, and thereafter.

N. B.—All persons residing to pay taxes are requested to bring a descend must their mails.

B. F. MELVIN, Co. Treasurer.

NEVER OUTDONE!

THE undersigned takes this method to announce to his numerous patrons and the country generally, that he has established himself on

MAIN STREET,

IN THE

Cabinet Business,

And is prepared to furnish all who may call, with every variety of

BUREAUS,
BEDSTEADS, of all kinds and prices,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CENTRE TABLES,
CARD TABLES,
FALL-LEAF TABLES, &c.,

CHEAPER

Than can be sold in the State. Also, all kinds of

CHAIRS,

Down to the very latest styles, such as

WINDSOR, ROCKING, CANE-SEAT, OFFICE, &c. SOFAS, LOUNGES, SOFA CHAIRS, &c.

Also a splendid stock of the best

German Plate Mirrors,

WITH OR WITHOUT FRAMES,

And a full assortment of

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings,

For Frames, and a splendid stock of

Mattrasses,

Of every description, and

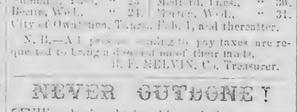
Tucker's Spring Beds,

All of which will be sold for less money than at any other Cabinet Shop in the State. Give us a call and we will prove to you the fact that at J. F. Hanna's is the place to buy cheap.

Our work is WARRANTED, and made of the BEST MATERIAL, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

We also have, in connection with the above

COFFINS



OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

And the latest styles kept constantly on hand. We have on hand the best styles of

METALLIC COFFINS.

Which we will sell as cheap as can be had in Eastern cities.

☞ Strict attention paid to orders and attendance on funerals.

Feeling grateful for former patronage, we hope by keeping the best of ware, and selling at low prices, to merit a continuance of the same.

J. F. HANNA.

Owatonna, Aug. 3, 1865.

LUMBER.

New Lumber Yard,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Near Dresser's Brick Block,

OWATONNA.

We have established a New Lumber Yard in this city, and desire to call the attention of the community to their stock or every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,
FENCING,
DIMENSIONS,
BOARDS,
CLEAR LUMBER,
SIDING,
SHINGLES,
LATH,
&c., &c.

Which will be kept constantly on hand, and for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

JOHNSON & HILLS.

Owatonna, Dec. 7, 1865. v3n33tf

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

JOHN COTTIER

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Steele County that he has opened a

TAILOR SHOP

ON MAIN STREET,

OVER THE OLD DRUG STORE,

Where he is prepared to

CUT AND MAKE

All kinds of

GENTS' CLOTHING,

Agreeable to the

LATEST STYLES,

ON THE

SHORTEST NOTICE & WARRANTED.

All kinds of

Cutting

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO,

AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Having had a

Life-Time Experience

in the business, in the Eastern States, he feels confident that his experience will merit a fair amount of patronage.

Owatonna, July 13, 1865. v3n12tf

MEYER'S

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

BOOKSTORE.

BINDERY, AND

COMMISSION STORE,

SECOND STREET,

Between Main and Johnson,

Winona, Minn.

I have always on hand a large assortment of

GERMAN & ENGLISH BOOKS,
PICTURES,
FRAMES,
POCKET BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
PLAYING CARDS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

AND AT

Chicago & New York Prices;

ALSO, A

Circulating Library.

Books in any Language Sent by Mail,

POCKET-BOOKS MADE,

AND BOOKS BOUND,

NEAT AND CHEAP.

MISSING NUMBERS FURNISHED.

N. MEYER.

Winona, Dec. 21, 1865. v3n35tf

FURNITURE,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. A. HICKCOX'S FURNITURE STORE is the place to buy, as he has just bought out the Winona Establishment; and with that stock and the work he has already on hand, he offers to his former customers, and to all others wishing to purchase, as good a selection as can be found in Minnesota, and at prices as low as can be had this side of the Mississippi. A large stock of

LOOKING GLASSES,

SOFAS, CENTRE-TABLES,

Chamber setts, Ornamented with Gold Leaf,

MATTRASSES, PILLOWS OF FEATHERS, HAIR AND SEA GRASS,

Wright's Patent Sectional Spring

BED BOTTOM,

With assortment of

TUCKERS.

GILT MOLDING PICTURE FRAMES

Made to order.

CURTAIN ROLLERS AND FIXTURES

And a good variety of

CORD AND TASSELS

Of all kinds.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

☞ On College Street, next door east of Hurlbut's Block, at the GILT SIGN. ☜

S. A. HICKCOX.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n41tf

GET UP AND DUST!



Frank Curtis & Co.

Have, in their

GROCERY STORE,

$2,000 WORTH OF TEAS,

of all qualities,

$3,000 worth of Sugars & Syrups,

of all grades. Any quantity of

Choice Apples,

in lots to suit customers.

SACKS & BBLS. OF COFFEE,

of all kinds, and

Thousands of Dollars Worth

of other Goods that must and will be sold immediately,

AT SOME PRICE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY, & BUY CHEAP.

Our stock is

Full and Complete.

And sell we must and no mistake.

Come on, then, and if we can't suit you in

Quality and Prices,

It must be because you have fallen into a state of

CELIBACY,

And will not be suited, and refuse to be comforted. We desire to make you happy in this world's goods, and you have only to

COME AND ASK

For all you need, and

THE PRIZE IS YOURS.

Broadway, Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n7tf

REMOVAL.

Miss L. J. Kellogg,

SURGEON DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED her Office to Chesley's Photograph Rooms in

DRESSER'S NEW BRICK BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where she is much more HAPPILY SITUATED for attending to the wants of those needing work in her line, than in her old office. She is prepared to attend to

ALL DEPARTMENTS

OF DENTISTRY,

On liberal terms and in the most improved styles. Being thankful for past patronage, solicits a continuance of the same.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Owatonna, Nov. 24, 1865, 31-tf

NEW LUMBER YARD!

ON CEDAR STREET,

IN THE

Rear of the Baptist Church

The undersigned has established a new

LUMBER YARD

In this city, at the above named location, and desires to call the attention of everybody to his stock of every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,
FENCING,
DIMENSIONS,
BOARDS,
SIDING
CLEAR LUMBER,
SHINGLES,
LATH,
&c., &c.

Which he has constantly on hand, and for sale at th

Lowest Market Prices.

S. B. WASHBURN

Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

— AND —

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

THE BEST OF THE MONTHLIES—THE LADY'S FRIEND—devoted to FASHION and LITERATURE. Beautiful Steel Engravings. Splendid DOUBLE SIZED COLORED FASHION PLATES. The Latest Patterns of Dresses, Cloaks, Bonnets, Embroidery, etc. Household Receipts, Music, etc., etc. Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines given as Premiums. Send 15 cents for a sample copy to Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

UNION CLOTHING STORE

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned wish to inform the people of

OWATONNA AND VICINITY.

That they have

Opened Business,

AT

No. 1 Dresser's Block,

NEAR MARKET SQUARE,

And are ready and willing to serve the public to as good a stock of

READY-MADE

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

As was ever brought to this place. We wish to mention that

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD THIS SEASON,

Therefore we have

MARKED THEM DOWN

As low as possible. We warrant to give

EVERYBODY SATISFACTION.

Try us and see for yourselves.

H. RUKEYSER & BRO.

Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n34tf

DRUG & BOOK STORE!

At the sign of the

Golden Mortar,

Is the place to get great bargains in the line of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, DYE STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, VARNISHES,

Yankee Notions,

PATENT MEDICINES, of all kinds, KEROSENE OIL & LAMPS, (in large quantities,) SLATES & PENCILS, COPY & BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES FOR 1865, &c.

Physicians & Druggits

From the country, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to duplicate any bills, of limited size, from

EASTERN MARKETS.

All Medicine, Domestic Wines, and Liquors,

Warranted Pure & Genuine.

☞ Remember the place: STONE STORE, GOLDEN MORTAR, Broadway.

WOODARD & ELLS.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n41m6

THE CARS ARE RUNNING TO FARIBAULT

And so, via the Central Railroad, are J. H. WINTER'S Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

arriving directly from the East, consisting of

MILINARY AND DRY GOODS!

among which may be found a superior assortment of

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS
BLUE AND BROWN DENIMS
ALL WOOL AND COMMON
DELAINES PRINTS
GINGHAMS, LINDSEYS,
ALPACCAS, &c. &c

A good assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY FLANNELS

For Ladies', Children and Gents' wear

A large assortment of BLACK and COLORED

CLOAKING.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

BESS BUTTONS,
PINS, NEEDLES,
HOSIERY AND
GLOVES, SHAWLS
AND WORSTED GOODS.

A Complete assortment of

FANCY GOOODS.

☞ The young lady who takes charge of the Millinery Department has just arrived from the East, where she gave entire satisfaction to the Proprietors of the Oldest and Largest Millinery Establishment in Western Mass.

Cloak and Dress Making done to order in all the LATEST STYLES.

Faribault, Nov. 23, 1865. 31-tf

LOTS FOR SALE.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R. R. and Minn. Central R. R. Apply to

F. McNAMARA,
Chief Engineer Min. Val. R. R.
St. Paul, Minn.

v3n35m3

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.

1865. 1866.

Metropolitan Hall Building,

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF

C. & D. N. Russell & Co.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO. are now opening their Second Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS direct from the East, which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at New York and Boston prices,

ONCE MORE

The attention of Ladies is respectfully called to our Choice selection of

MERINOS
COMMON AND ALL WOOL DE LA NES,
AMERICAN AND ENG- LISH GINGHAMS,
THIBETS
ALPACCAS,
PARAMATTAT,
SILK AND WORSTED,
PRINMS, &c. &c.
GOODS. &c. &c. &c.

Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND STRIPED AND BLUE AND

SHEETING,
SHIRTING,
DENIMS, TICKINGS,

BLEACHED
CHECKED
BROWN

&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

SOMETHING NEW!!

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands. The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

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No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

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And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.

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DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.*

v2n45

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

~~DEFECTIVE PAGE~~

FOR SALE

AT

BATCHELDER'S

BLOCK,

FARIBAULT.

10,000 *YARDS DRESS GOODS.*

1,000 *BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.*

PRINTS AT

NEW YORK PRICES

LARGE PILES OF BLANKETS!

SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS,

HATS CAPS AND FURS

WOOLEN CLOTHES AND FLANNELS,
DENIMS, STRIPES, TICKS, SHEETINGS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING. (*All Wool*)
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
LARGE LOT MITTENS AND GLOVES,
GOOD WARM UNDERCLOTHING. (Very Cheap.)

ALL KINDS OF

Groceries, BEST STOCK OF **Crockery**

IN THE STATE

ALL AT THE

Very Lowest Prices.

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK

FARIBAULT

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

THE undersigned wishes to give notice to the public that he has purchased the Building formerly occupied by J. S. DERBY, on Oak Street, opposite the WINSHIP HOUSE, where he has opened a large and extensive

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.
D. C. MORLEY.
Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. State of Minnesota, In Probate Court, Rice County. In the matter of the Guardianship of William Richard Faribault, Alexander Faribault, jr., and Joseph LeClaire, minors.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter, on the 16th day of October, 1865, by the Judge of Probate of said County of Rice, the undersigned Guardian of said minors, will, on the 28th day of December, 1865, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Register of Deeds, at Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State aforesaid, offer for sale at public vendue, the following described lands, situate in said County, to wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of Section No. six (6) in Township No. one hundred and eight (108) north, of Range No. twenty (20) west.

The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. Dated Faribault, Nov. 25, 1865.
ALEXANDER FARIBAULT,
Guardian of William Richard Faribault, Alexander Faribault, jr., and Joseph LeClaire.
COLE & CASE, Att'ys for Guardian. 33-4t

TAKEN UP.—Came into my enclosure on the 20th of Nov. last, two two-year old STEERS. One black, with a bobbed tail; the other black and white. Both have short club horns. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take them away. JOHN McCANN.
Meriden, Dec. 14, 1865. 34-3t

SAMUEL FRIEND,

DEALER IN

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c. &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE BEST!

MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER.

VOLUME XVII. FOR 1866.

This famous Agricultural, Horticultural, Literary and Family Newspaper enters upon its Seventeenth Year and Volume in January. For many years MOORE'S RURAL has not only been a favorite weekly visitor to tens of thousands of homes, in both town and country, but widely known as the *Best and Largest Circulating Journal of its Class in the World*, and [illegible] Conducting Editor and Publisher has resolved that the ensuing volume shall at least equal if not greatly surpass, either of its predecessors in all respects—Contents, Style, Appearance, &c.

VARIETY OF CONTENTS.

The ample pages of this, the original RURAL, comprise various carefully conducted Departments, devoted to or treating upon

AGRICULTURE,	LITERATURE,
SHEEP HUSBANDRY,	ARTS AND SCIENCES,
HORTICULTURE,	EDUCATION,
ARCHITECTURE,	GENERAL NEWS,
DOMESTIC ECONOMY,	MARKET REPORTS, &c.

With Illustrations, Tales, Sketches, Music, Poetry, Enigmas, Rebuses, &c.

While the paper is devoted to the interest of the Farmer, Wool Grower, Stock Breeder, Fruit Grower, Gardener, Housewife, &c., &c., it contains the contributions of Practical and Experienced Men and Women, the Literary and News Departments are so filled as to interest, instruct and benefit the the various members of the family. The department of SHEEP HUSBANDRY, edited by Hon. H. S. RANDALL, LL.D., author of "The Practical Shepherd," &c., is alone worth many times the price of the paper to any American Flock-Master.

AIMS AND OBJECTS.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER has long been awarded the meed of Superiority, by both Press and People, and by [illegible] it is [illegible] twenty year's experience in Agricultural Journalism [illegible] more weekly [illegible] is receiving throughout the Union, Canadas, &c.—Our aim is [illegible] "Excelsior" as our motto, and "[illegible]" as our objects, [illegible] to labor for the elevation and welfare of [illegible] the RURAL.

[illegible] the RURAL is not a monthly of only 12 issues a year, but a Large and Beautiful WEEKLY.

FORM, STYLE AND TERMS.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER is published in Quarto Form, [illegible] Eight Double Quarto Pages, [illegible] printed in Superior Style—new [illegible] good paper and many fine engravings. An Index, Title Page, &c., at the close of each Volume.

Terms in Advance: $3 a year; Five copies for $14; seven for $19; ten for $25, and any greater number at same rate—only $2.50 per copy. Club papers sent to different Post-Offices if desired. As we pay American postage [illegible] $2.70 is [illegible] Club [illegible] Canada, and $3.00 to Europe. New [illegible] Club [illegible] Premiums. Free [illegible] Show-Bills, Specimen Numbers, &c., sent free to all address.

D. D. T. MOORE, Rochester, N. Y.

New Store

AND

NEW GooDS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

[illegible] SUGARS SYRUPS

FISH,

FRESH & DRIED APPLES,

CANNED FRUIT

TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found in a

Grocery Store.

We will sell [illegible] and are prepared [illegible] great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER

RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d,
AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA. 6	De 11 10 am	De 3 00 pm	De. 5 15 am
Minn City* 5	Ar 11 35 De 11 10	3 26	6 05
Stockton 8	12 05 p m	3 50	6 20
Lewiston 3	1 00	4 40	6 55
Utica* 6	1 15	4 55	7 05
St Charles 9	1 50	5 30	7 25
Eyota 7	2 30	6 20	7 55
Chester* 6	3 00	6 40	8 20
Rochester 15	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	8 40
Kasson			Ar 9 30 a m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona 6	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 20 p m
Minn City 5	10 30	11 40	8 55
Stockton 8	10 15	11 15	8 35
Lewiston 3	9 35	10 30	7 45
Utica 6	9 25	10 10	7 25
St Charles 9	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 30	7 00
Eyota 7	8 35		De 6 20 Ar 6 10
Chester 6	8 10	8 50	
Rochester 15	7 50	8 20	5 40
Kasson	De 7 00 p m	De 7 00 p m	De 5 10 p m

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.

Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.

Owatonna, June 30th, 1865. v2n10t

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL
Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the
UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER
TO
Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,
and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE	AT CHICAGO
With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line.	With all Trains for the East & South.

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train,

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a reasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained [illegible] points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.

E. P. EACON, Gen. Ticket Ag't. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or breake like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt ever made.

WESTS', BRADLEY & CARY, late J. I. & J. O. West, SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., New York.

For Sale in all First Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v3n19m3

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. J. & C.

PROSPECTUS OF THE WINONA REPUBLICAN for 1866. An Independent Republican Journal, published Daily and Weekly. One of the Most Valuable and Attractive News-papers in the Northwest. *Great Reduction to Clubs.*

THE WINONA REPUBLICAN has just completed the TENTH YEAR of its publication, and now enters upon the campaign for the ensuing year as a *Live and Progressive Newspaper*, and with the determination of its publishers to spare neither pains nor expense to make it more than ever acceptable to its large and increasing circle of readers.

TO BUSINESS MEN.—As a representative and exponent of the business interests of the city of Winona, and of the State at large, it will always aim to be not only alive and energetic, but, what is of equal importance, also *thorough and reliable*. A leading feature in the paper will be its full tabular statement, [illegible] of the receipts and shipment of wheat and other products of the State, at Winona and other commercial points in Minnesota. The market reports of Winona, Milwaukee, Chicago and New York will appear regularly in both daily and weekly editions. Special attention will be paid to the [illegible] trade and business in all their branches throughout the State.

TO FARMERS.—THE REPUBLICAN has earned the reputation of being the best representative of the agricultural interests of Minnesota in the State.—Its original and selected Agricultural articles are [illegible] of great value, and are always read with interest and profit. This feature will be maintained and if possible improved during the coming year.

POLITICALLY.—THE REPUBLICAN will continue to be, what it has been, a faithful and earnest advocate of the principles of the great Union organization of the country—always reserving the right, however, to criticise or condemn whatever, in either party, may be deemed deserving of criticism or worthy of condemnation.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.—During the approaching session of the Legislature THE REPUBLICAN will publish all the important proceedings of that body, together with the laws enacted the session.

STATE NEWS.—Our compendium of State and Local News is more complete than that of any other paper, embracing, as it does, a condensed summary of all the events transpiring in every locality throughout the State.

AS A FAMILY PAPER, the REPUBLICAN is especially valuable to the people of Minnesota. Its selections of Literature, and General Miscellany, will not only be copious, but of the very best character for family reading.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.—Early in the ensuing year, the WEEKLY will be enlarged and otherwise materially improved in form and contents. It is now a large and well printed paper, and presents, from week to week, a faithful chronicle of events and opinions of the greatest importance to every family in Minnesota.

TERMS:

One copy one year, - - - - - $ 2 00
Club of ten copies, one year, (1.75 each) 17 50
An extra copy will be sent to the getter up of Club.

Remittances for clubs must in all cases be made at any time, but additions may be made at any time at club rates during the year.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN.

TERMS:

One year, by mail, $8.00; six months, $4.50; 3 months, $2.25.
Delivered by carrier in the city, $10.40 per year.
Per week, delivered by carrier, 20 cents.
Address all orders to
D. SINCLAIR & CO.,
Winona, Minn.

ROCHESTER
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Rochester - - - - Minnesota.
ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.
C. H. FOOTE, Sec. 2-36-tf

THE LADY'S FRIEND—The Best of the Monthlies—devoted to Fashion and Pure Literature. $2.50 a year: Two copies $4; Eight (and one gratis) $16. WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES given as Premiums. Send 15 cents for a sample copy to DEACON & PETERSON, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.
Single numbers for sale by the News Dealers.

THE OLD FLAG STILL WAVES!
THE GOOD OLD-TIME HAS COME!

To all who buy their goods of

J. P. GURR,

At Rice Lake, where he keeps a large stock of

DRY GOODS

Consisting in part of

SHAWLS,
PRINTS, best qualities at 25 cts.
DE LAINES,
SUMMER CLOTHING,
FACTORY, Bleached and Unbleached, from 30 to 35 cts., and other things in proportion.

A good assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS, BOOTS & SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY GLASS WARE, SASH & WINDOW GLASS, TIN WARE.

ALL KINDS OF

FARMING UTENSILS, Nails, YANKEE NOTIONS

Also a fine assortment of

GROCERIES!

Of all kinds, and almost everything for

FAMILY USE!

Which we are selling as cheap as any

Store in the West.

We sell for **READY PAY,** and give the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

for all kinds of Country Produce.

Rice Lake, June 16th, 1864. v2n8tf

The Winona & St. Peter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the

RICHEST PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The tarms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.

Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
Winona, Minn.

49tf

PIANOS & MELODEONS!

Harmoniums, Church and

SCHOOL ORGANS!



AT MANUFACTURERS RETAIL PRICES.

A Liberal Discount to Ministers, Churches, Schools and Teachers!

THE undersigned is Agent for the best manufacture of the above Instruments in the United States, all of which are fully warranted for 5 years

TERMS CASH!

Apply, or address me, at Medford, Steele Co. Minn. [v2n10y1] W. E. HAWLEY.

Millinery Store.

MRS. LANGLEY is now receiving a large supply of

Fall and Winter

MILLINERY GOODS,

From the East, at her new shop, one door east of the

People's Store,

And will do all kinds of work pertaining to the Millinery line. She is also prepared to FLUTE all material for

FLOUNCES AND TRIMMINGS, DRESSES, COLLARS, MUSLINS, &c.

Also, Agent for

Singer's Sewing Machine,

Which needs no recommendation, as every one knows it is the best. She has one for her own use, which she would be glad to show to any one wishing to become acquainted with its work.

MACHINE NEEDLES kept for sale.

Thanking the public for past patronage she hopes that it may be continued and will try to suit all, if possible. v3n17tf

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MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1865, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

DAY ACCOMMODATION, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED).

GOING SOUTH.	Leaves	GOING NORTH.	Leaves
Minneapolis,	7:10 A. M.	Faribault,	4:30 P. M.
Mendota,	8:00 A. M.	Dundas,	5:20 P. M.
Westcott,	8:30 A. M.	Northfield,	5:50 P. M.
Rosemount,	8.55 A. M.	Castle Rock,	6:20 P. M.
Farmington,	9:35 A. M.	Farmington,	7:00 P. M.
Castle Rock,	10:05 A. M.	Rosemount,	7:30 P. M.
Northfield,	10:50 P. M.	Wescott,	8:00 P. M.
Dudnas,	11:10 P. M.	Mendota,	8:40 P. M.
Faribault, ar'v	12:00 P. M.	Minneapolis,	9:20 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Superintendent.
Minneapolis, Oct. 21, 1865. oct. 26

DRUG STORE,

DOCT. D. S. HARSHA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &C., ALSO
HOW'S & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf
D. S. HARSHA.
Owatonna, May 14th 1863.

WILLCOX & GIBBS
SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt*, and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with no change of needle, thread or tension.

Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine*. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods*, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "*survive the washtub.*" Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition*, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction*, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is *less than ⅜ of an inch long*, and *is straight*. It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark*. The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at **4000** stitches per minute—other machines only at 400 to 1200, with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years.—Many thousands are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all.—They will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." *Not one operator in ten on the Willcox & Gibbs will break a needle or drop a stitch in a year.* The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

Its rapidity, absolute stillness, ease of motion, narrowness and neatness of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes instruction they will set needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success. A blind girl, with the exception of threading the needle, can do the same. Many ladies owning other first-class machines, come to our office to do their *fine hemming and felling* on the Willcox & Gibbs Machine.

The PRESS universally pronounce this the *best family* Sewing Machine in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price **$1.50.**—Large Discount to Agents.

Editors who desire one of these machines on half advertising contracts, can insert this advertisement, send us their paper, and get a machine at any time.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell OIL, COTTON, SILK, TWIST and NEEDLES *for every kind of sewing machine.*

Is entirely noiseless.
A PATENTED DEVICE prevents its being turned backward.
The PATENTED NEEDLE cannot be set wrong.
The PATENTED HEMMER AND FELLER AND BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.
It runs faster than any other.
It will never drop a stitch.
It is the only practical machine which *all* can use.
It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.
No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."
It cannot be adjusted or got out of order.
It uses the "Rotating Hook."
Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.
The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mecanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Fair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:

"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award **The First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

sbn4y1

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Dificult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole systemt

Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.

It is warrantted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies,) or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.

There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.

DO NOT DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.

Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatize on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures mad in this city.

For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.

Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors.
J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

—IS—

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a half a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chill. Should it produce vomiting (and it probably will, if the stomach is very foul,) take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverence in the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease

Sold by All Medicine Dealers

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.
Sept. vol3.No.27 1 yr

HARPER'S WEEKLY,
SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best Family Paper published in the United States."—*New London Advertiser.*

"The MODEL NEWSPAPER of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper. HARPER'S WEEKLY has earned for itself a right to its title 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"This Paper furnishes *the best illustrations.* Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers are turned to dust."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

"A necessity in every household."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—*Philo. Press.*

"The best of its class in America."—*Boston Traveller.*

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The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictorial Show-bill on application.

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* post-office.

TERMS:

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year - - - $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the WEEKLY or MAGAZINE will be supplied gratis for every club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.

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The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $6 each. *A Complete Set*, comprising Eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $4 50 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser.*—Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World,"

Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore.)

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellences of HARPER'S MAGAZINE—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People, and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—TRUBNER'S *Guide to American Literature, London.*

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

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A Complete Set, now comprising Twenty-nine Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, *postpaid*, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
Franklin Square, New York.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale, 40 acres land one mile East of the Public Square in this city, on the Rice Lake road, at very low figures.

For further particulars enquire of the subscriber.
JOSEPH CHAMBERS.
Owatonna, Nov. 9, 1865.

FOR SALE

AT

BATCHELDER'S

BLOCK,

FARIBAULT.

10,000 *YARDS DRESS GOODS.*

1000 *BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.*

PRINTS AT

NEW YORK PRICES

[illegible]

SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS.

HATS, CAPS AND FURS

WOOLEN CLOTHES AND FLANNELS,

DENIMS, STRIPES, TICKS, SHEETINGS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING. (*All Wool*)

BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS.

LARGE LOT [illegible] GLOVES.

GOOD [illegible] (Very Cheap)

ALL KINDS OF

Groceries, [illegible] Crockery

IN THE STATE

ALL AT THE

Very Lowest Prices.

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK

FARIBAULT

[illegible]

AND

the Best Quality of

Everything.

THE undersigned [illegible]

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand [illegible]

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.

D. C. MORLEY.

Owatonna, Nov. 21 1865.

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. State of Minnesota, In Probate Court, Rice County. In the matter of the Guardianship of William Richard Faribault, Alexander Faribault, jr., and Joseph [illegible] minors.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of [illegible] in said matter, on the [illegible] day of [illegible] by the Judge of Probate of said County [illegible] the undersigned Guardian of said minors, will, on the 29th day of December, 1865, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] at the office of the Register of Deeds at Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State aforesaid, offer for sale at public vendue, the following described lands, situate in said County, to wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of Section No. six [illegible] in Township No. one hundred and eight [illegible] north of Range No. twenty (20) west.

The terms of sale will be [illegible]

ALEXANDER FARIBAULT,

Guardian of William Richard Faribault, Alexander Faribault, jr., and Joseph [illegible]

COLE & CASE, Att'ys for Guardian

TAKEN UP.—Came into my enclosure on the 26th of Nov. last, two two-year old STEERS. One black, with a bobbed tail; the other black and white. Both have [illegible] club horns. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take them away. JOHN [illegible]

Meriden, Dec. 11, 1865.

SUBSCRIBE for the BEST.

MOORE'S RURAL NEW YORKER.

[illegible]

With Illustrations, Tales, Sketches, Music, Poetry, [illegible]

[illegible]

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

[illegible]

FRESH

[illegible]

[illegible] Store.

WINONA AND ST. PETER

[illegible]

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING

&c. &c. &c.

[illegible] Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

[illegible]

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

[illegible]

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL

Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER

TO

Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,

and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

[illegible]

Without Change of Cars,

[illegible]

AT MILWAUKEE AT CHICAGO

With Detroit & Mil. [illegible] all Trains for the East & South. [illegible] Steamship Lines.

The Splendid Steamers

[illegible]

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

[illegible]

Baggage Checked Through from Prairie du Chien to all important Points.

[illegible]

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

HOOP SKIRTS.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Superintendent.

Minneapolis, [illegible]

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1865, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

DAY ACCOMMODATION. (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

GOING SOUTH.	Leaves	GOING NORTH.	Leaves
Minneapolis,	7:10 A. M.	Faribault,	4:30 P. M.
Mendota,	8:00 A. M.	Dundas,	5:20 P. M.
W[illegible]	[illegible] A. M.	Northfield,	5:40 P. M.
Rosemount,	[illegible] A. M.	Castle Rock,	6:25 P. M.
Farmington,	9:35 A. M.	Farmington,	7:00 P. M.
Castle Rock,	10:05 A. M.	Rosemount,	7:30 P. M.
Northfield,	10:50 P. M.	Wescott,	8:00 P. M.
Dundas,	11:10 P. M.	Mendota,	8:40 P. M.
Faribault, arr'v	12:00 P. M.	Minneapolis,	9:20 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Superintendent.

Minneapolis, Oct. 24, 1865. oct. 26

ROCHESTER

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Rochester - - - - Minnesota

[illegible]

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

[illegible]

A. P. CHILDS, [illegible]

C. H. Foster, Sec.

THE LADIES' FRIEND—[illegible]

BILLIARDS, [illegible]

CHARLES BROEN

[illegible]

BILLIARD SALOON

[illegible] A RESTAURANT [illegible]

THE OLD FLAG STILL WAVES!

THE GOOD OLD-TIME HAS COME!

To all who buy their goods of

J. P. GURR,

At Rice Lake, where he keeps a large stock of

DRY GOODS

Consisting in part of

SHAWLS,

PRINTS, best qualities at 25 cts.

DE LAINES,

SUMMER CLOTHING,

FACTORY, Bleached and Unbleached, from 30 to 75 cts., and other things in proportion.

A good assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS, BOOTS & SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY GLASS WARE, SASH & WINDOW GLASS, TIN WARE.

ALL KINDS OF

FARMING UTENSILS, YANKEE NOTIONS

Also a fine assortment of

GROCERIES!

Of all kinds, and almost everything for

FAMILY USE!

Which we are selling as cheap as any

Store in the West.

We sell for **READY PAY**, and give the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

for all kinds of Country Produce.

Rice Lake, June 16th, 1864. v2n8tf

The Winona & St. Peter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the

RICHEST PORTION OF SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

[illegible] applications, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
Winona, Minn.

PIANOS & MELODEONS!

Harmoniums, Church and *SCHOOL ORGANS!*



AT MANUFACTURERS RETAIL PRICES.

A Liberal Discount to Ministers, Churches, Schools and Teachers!

THE undersigned is Agent for [illegible] the above Instruments in the [illegible]

TERMS CASH!

[illegible] Steele Co. Minn. [illegible] W. E. HAWLEY.

Millinery Store.

MRS. [illegible] is now receiving a large supply of

Fall and Winter

MILLINERY GOODS,

[illegible]

People's Store,

[illegible]

[illegible] LACES, MUSLINS, &c.

Also Agent for

Singer's Sewing Machine,

Which [illegible] she would be glad to show to any one wishing to become acquainted with its work.

MACHINE NEEDLES kept for sale.

Thanking the public for past patronage she hopes that it may be continued and will try to suit all. [illegible] v3n17tf

DRUG STORE,

[illegible]

[illegible] CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, [illegible] PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at [illegible]

D. S. HARSHA.

Owatonna, May [illegible] n5-tf

WILLCOX & GIBBS

SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD, *Bind, Braid, Quilt*, and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with *no* change of needle, thread or tension.

Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine*. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods*, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "*survive the washtub.*" Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition*, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction*, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is *less than 3/4 of an inch long*, and *is straight*. It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark*. The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—other machines only at [illegible], with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION.

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years—Many thousand are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all. They will last a generation if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." [illegible] The Willcox & Gibbs will [illegible] The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

[illegible] Willcox & Gibbs Machine.

[illegible] pronounce this the *best family Sewing Machine* in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding [illegible] posture and strain on the eyes. Price $1.50. [illegible]

[illegible]

A Patented Device prevents [illegible] backward.

The Patented Needle cannot be set wrong.

The Patented Hemmer and Feller can [illegible]

It [illegible] any order.

It will never drop a stitch.

It is the only practical machine which [illegible]

It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.

No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."

It cannot be adjusted or got out of order.

It uses the "Rotating Hook."

Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.

The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings of Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Fair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:

"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award **The First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

[illegible]. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

[illegible]

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing Diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system.

Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that it is WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.

It is warranted not to produce costiveness which is the case with most remedies, or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.

There is no need of so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.

Do not hesitate! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.

Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatise on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures made in this city.

For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.

Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors,

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

— IS —

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a half a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chill. Should it produce vomiting it probably will, if the stomach is very foul, take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverance in the above treatment has cured many severe [illegible] this disease.

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Agent, vol3,No.27 1 yr

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"The best Family Paper published in the United States." [illegible]

"The model Newspaper of our country, complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper, Harper's Weekly has earned for itself a right to its title 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—N. Y. Evening Post.

"This Paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers, are turned to dust."—N. Y. Evangelist.

"A necessity in every household."—Boston Transcript.

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—Phila. Press.

"The best of its class in America."—Boston Traveler.

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Franklin Square, New York.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale, 40 acres land one mile East of the Public Square in this city, on the Rice lake road, at very low figures.

For further particulars enquire of the subscriber.

JOSEPH CHAMBERS.

Owatonna, Nov. 9, 1865.

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

FOR SALE

AT

BATCHELDER'S

BLOCK,

FARIBAULT.

10,000 *YARDS DRESS GOODS.*

1,000 *BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.*

PRINTS AT

NEW YORK PRICES

LARGE FILES OF BLANKETS!

SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS,

HATS CAPS AND FURS

WOOLEN CLOTHES AND FLANNELS,
DENIMS, STRIPES, TICKS, SHEETINGS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING. (*All Wool*)
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
LARGE LOT MITTENS AND GLOVES,
GOOD WARM UNDERCLOTHING. (Very Cheap.)

ALL KINDS OF

Groceries, BEST STOCK OF **Crockery**

IN THE STATE.

ALL AT THE

Very Lowest Prices.

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK

FARIBAULT

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

THE undersigned wishes to give notice to the public that he has purchased the Building formerly occupied by J. S. DUDLEY, on Oak Street, opposite the WINSHIP HOUSE, where he has opened a large and extensive

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.

D. C. MORLEY.

Owatonna, Nov. 24 1865.

NOTICE OF GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE. State of Minnesota, In Probate Court, Rice County. In the matter of the Guardiaship of William Richard Faribault, Alexander Faribault, jr., and Joseph LeClaire, minors.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue and in pursuance of an order of license made in said matter, on the 16th day of October, 1865, by the Judge of Probate of said County of Rice, the undersigned Guardian of said minors, will, on the 28th day of December, 1865, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the office of the Register of Deeds, at Owatonna, in the County of Steele and State aforesaid, offer for sale at public vendue, the following described lands, situate in said County, to wit: The west half of the northwest quarter of Section No. six (6) in Township No. one hundred and eight (108) north, of Range No. twenty (20) west.

The terms of sale will be made known at the time and place of sale. Dated Faribault, Nov. 25, 1865.

ALEXANDER FARIBAULT,
Guardian of William Richard Faribault, Alexander Faribault, jr., and Joseph LeClaire.

COLE & CASE, Attys for Guardian 33-4t

TAKEN UP.—Came into my enclosure on the 20th of Nov. last, two two-year old STEERS: One black, with a bobbed tail; the other black and white. Both have short club horns. The owner is requested to call, prove property, pay charges and take them away. JOHN McCANN.

Meriden, Dec. 14, 1865. 34 3t

SAMUEL FRIEND,

DEALER IN

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c. &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE BEST!

MOORE'S RURAL NEW-YORKER.

VOLUME XVII, FOR 1866.

This famous Agricultural, Horticultural, Literary and Family Newspaper enters upon its Seventeenth Year and Volume in January. For many years MOORE'S RURAL has not only been a favorite weekly visitor to tens of thousands of homes, in both town and country, but widely known as the *Best and Largest-Circulating Journal of its Class in the World*,—and its original and present Conducting Editor and Publisher has resolved that the ensuing volume shall at least equal, if not greatly surpass, either of its predecessors in all respects—Contents, Style, Appearance, &c.

VARIETY OF CONTENTS.

The ample pages of *this* (the original) RURAL comprises various carefully conducted Departments, devoted to or treating upon

AGRICULTURE,	LITERATURE,
SHEEP HUSBANDRY,	ARTS AND SCIENCES,
HORTICULTURE,	EDUCATION,
ARCHITECTURE,	GENERAL NEWS,
DOMESTIC ECONOMY,	MARKET REPORTS, &c.

With Illustrations, Tales, Sketches, Music, Poetry, Enigmas, Rebuses, &c.

While the pages devoted to the interests of the Farmer, Wool Grower, Stock Breeder, Fruit Grower, Gardener, Housewife, &c., &c., contain the contributions of Practical and Experienced Men and Women, the Literary and News Departments are so filled as to interest, instruct and benefit the the various members of the family. The department of SHEEP HUSBANDRY, edited by Hon. H. S. RANDALL, LL. D., author of "The Practical Shepherd," &c., is alone worth many times the price of the paper to any American Flock-Master.

AIMS AND OBJECTS.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER has long been awarded the meed of Superiority, by both Press and People, and by *Displaying the Best Talent and Facilities* it is believed that (with over twenty year's experience in Agricultural Journalism, we can render it more worthy the large and increasing circulation it is receiving throughout the Union, Canadas, &c.—Our aim is to EXCEL,—and with "Excelsior" as our motto, and "*Progress and Improvement*" as our chas as our objects, we shall continue to labor for the elevation and welfare of ALL who read the RURAL.

☞ Remember that the RURAL is not a monthly of only 12 issues a year, but a Large and Beautiful WEEKLY.

FORM, STYLE AND TERMS.

THE RURAL NEW-YORKER is published in Quarto Form, each No. comprising Eight Double Quarto Pages, (forty columns,) printed in Superior Style—new and clear Type, good paper and many fine engravings. An Index, Title Page, &c., at the close of each Volume.

Terms in Advance: $3 a year; Five copies for $14; seven for $19; ten for $25, and any greater number at same rate—only $2.50 per copy. Club papers sent to different Post-Offices, if desired. As we pre-pay American postage, $2 70 is the lowest Club rate to Canada, and $3.50 to Europe. NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE AND FORM CLUBS!—☞ Great Inducements to Cash Premiums, Free Copies, &c., to Club Agents, and we want at least one in each town. For Specimen Numbers, Show-Bills, Inducements, &c., (sent free) address

D. D. T. MOORE, Rochester, N. Y.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to informs the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

TEAS SUGARS SYRUPS

FISH,

FRESH & DRIED APPLES,

CANNED FRUIT

TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold, and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER



RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d,

AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA. 6	De 11 10 am	De 3 00 p m	De. 5 15 am
Minn City* 5	Ar 11 35 De 11 40	3 25	6 05
Stockton 8	12 05 p m	3 50	6 20
Lewiston 3	1 00	4 40	6 55
Utica* 6	1 15	4 55	7 05
St Charles 9	1 50	5 30	7 25
Eyota 7	2 30	6 20	7 55
Chester* 6	3 00	6 40	8 20
Rochester 15	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	8 40
Kasson			Ar 9 30 a m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona 6	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 20 p m
Minn City 5	10 30	11 40	8 55
Stockton 8	10 15	11 15	8 35
Lewiston 3	9 35	10 30	7 45
Utica 6	9 25	10 10	7 25
St Charles 9	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 30	7 00
Eyota 7	8 35	8 50	De 6 20 Ar 6 10
Chester 6	8 10	8 20	5 40
Rochester 15	7 50	De 7 00 p m	De 5 10 p m
Kasson	De 7 00 p m		

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A RESTAURANT will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.

Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.

Owatonna, June 30th, 1865. v2n10tf

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL

Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the

UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER

TO

Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,

and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE | AT CHICAGO

With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line. | With all Trains for the East & South.

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train.

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a reasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.

E. P. BACON, Gen. Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IS

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or broake like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the Lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt ever made.

WEST'S, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. L. & J. O. West,) SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., New York.

For Sale in all First-Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v3n19m3

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. *A. & C.*

PROSPECTUS OF THE WINONA REPUBLICAN for 1866. An Independent Republican Journal, published Daily and Weekly. One of the Most Valuable and Attractive Newspapers in the Northwest. *Great Reduction to Clubs.*

The WINONA REPUBLICAN has just completed the TENTH YEAR of its publication, and now enters upon the campaign for the ensuing year as a *Live and Progressive Newspaper*, and with the determination of its publishers to spare neither pains nor expense to make it more than ever acceptable to its large and increasing circle of readers.

TO BUSINESS MEN.—As a representative and exponent of the business interests of the city of Winona, and of the State at large, it will always aim to be not only alive and energetic, but, what is of equal importance, also *thorough and reliable*. A leading feature in the paper will be its full tabular statements, from time to time, of the receipts and shipments of wheat and other products of the State, at Winona and other commercial points in Minnesota. The market reports of Winona, Milwaukee, Chicago and New York will appear regularly in both daily and weekly editions. Special attention will be paid to the interests of trade and business in all their branch s throughout the State.

TO FARMERS.—THE REPUBLICAN has earned the reputation of being the best representative of the agricultural interests of Minnesota in the State,—its original and selected Agricultural articles and miscellany are of great value, and are always read with interest and profit. This feature will be maintained, and if possible improved, during the coming year.

POLITICALLY.—THE REPUBLICAN will continue to be, what it has been, a faithful and earnest advocate of the principles of the great Union organization of the country—always reserving the right, however, to criticise or commend whatever, in either party, may be deemed deserving of criticism or worthy of commendation.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.—During the approaching session of the Legislature THE REPUBLICAN will publish all the important proceedings of that body, together with the laws enacted the session.

STATE NEWS.—Our compendium of State and Local News is more complete than that of any other paper, embracing, as it does, a condensed summary of all the events transpiring in every locality throughout the State.

AS A FAMILY PAPER, the REPUBLICAN is especially valuable to the people of Minnesota. Its selections of Literature, and General Miscellany, will not only be copious, but of the very best character for family reading.

THE WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.—Early in the ensuing year, the WEEKLY will be enlarged and otherwise materially improved in form and contents. It is now a large and well printed paper, and presents, from week to week, a faithful chronicle of events and opinions of the greatest importance to every family in Minnesota.

TERMS:

One copy one year,	$ 2 00
Club of ten copies, one year, (1.75 each)	17 50

An extra copy will be sent to the getter up of Club.

Remittances for clubs must in all cases be made at any time, but additions may be made at any time at club rates during the year.

THE DAILY REPUBLICAN.

TERMS:

One year, by mail, $9.00; six months, $4.50; 3 months, $2.25.

Delivered by carrier in the city, $10.40 per year. Per week, delivered by carrier, 20 cents.

Address all orders to

D. SINCLAIR & CO.,
Winona, Minn.

ROCHESTER

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Rochester - - - - Minnesota.

ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.

C. H. FOOTE, Sec. 2-36-tf

THE LADY'S FRIEND—The Best of the Monthlies—devoted to Fashion and Pure Literature. $2.50 a year; Two copies $4; Eight (and one *gratis*) $16. WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES given as Premiums. Send 15 cents for a sample copy to DEACON & PETERSON, 319 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

Single numbers for sale by the News Dealers.

THE OLD FLAG STILL WAVES!

THE GOOD OLD-TIME HAS COME!

To all who buy their goods of

J. P. GURR,

At Rice Lake, where he keeps a large stock of

DRY GOODS

Consisting in pa of

SHAWLS,
PRINTS, best qualities at 25 cts.
DE LAINES,
SUMMER CLOTHING,
FACTORY, Bleached and Unbleached, from 30 to 35 cts., and other things in proportion.

A good assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS, BOOTS & SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY GLASS WARE, SASH & WINDOW GLASS, TIN WARE.

ALL KINDS OF

FARMING UTENSILS, Nails, YANKEE NOTIONS

Also a fine assortment of

GROCERIES!

Of all kinds, and almost everything for

FAMILY USE!

Which we are selling as cheap as any

Store in the West.

We sell for **READY PAY,** and give the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

for all kinds of Country Produce.

Rice Lake, June 16th, 1864. v2n8tf

The Winona & St. ter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the

RICHEST PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.

Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
430tf Winona, Minn.

PIANOS & MELODEONS!

Harmoniums, Church and *SCHOOL ORGANS!*



AT MANUFACTURERS RETAIL PRICES.

A Liberal Discount to Ministers, Churches, Schools and Teachers!

THE undersigned is Agent for the best manufacture of the above Instruments in the United States, all of which are fully warranted for 5 years

☞ TERMS CASH! ☜

☞ Apply, or address me, at Medford, Steele Co. Minn. [v2n10y1] W. E. HAWLEY.

Millinery Store.

MRS. LANGLEY is now receiving a large supply of

Fall and Winter

MILLINERY GOODS,

From the East, at her new shop, one door east of the

People's Store,

And will do all kinds of work pertaining to the Millinery line. She is also prepared to FLUTE all material for

FLOUNCES AND TRIMMINGS, DRESSES, COLLARS, MUSLINS, &c.

Also, Agent for

Singer's Sewing Machine,

Which needs no recommendation, as every one knows it is the best. She has one for her own use, which she would be glad to show to any one wishing to become acquainted with its work.

MACHINE NEEDLES kept for sale.

Thanking the public for past patronage she hopes that it may be continued and will try to suit all, if possible. v3n17tf

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MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1865, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and East rn Cities.

DAY ACCOMMODATION, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED).

GOING SOUTH.	Leaves	GOING NORTH.	Leaves
Minneapolis,	7:10 A. M.	Faribault,	4:30 P. M.
Mendota,	8:00 A. M.	Dundas,	5:20 P. M.
Westcott,	8:20 A. M.	Northfield,	5:50 P. M.
Rosemont,	8:55 A. M.	Castle Rock,	6:20 P. M.
Farmington,	9:35 A. M.	Farmington,	7:00 P. M.
Castle Rock,	10:05 A. M.	Rosemont,	7:30 P. M.
Northfield,	10:50 P. M.	Wescott,	8:00 P. M.
Dundas,	11:10 P. M.	Mendota,	8:40 P. M.
Faribault, ar'v	12:00 P. M.	Minneapolis,	9:20 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Superintendent.

Minneapolis, Oct. 21, 1865. oct. 26

DRUG STORE.

oO—Oo

DOCT. D. S. HARSHA would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., ALSO

HOWS & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf

D. S. HARSHA.

Owatonna, May 14th 1863.

WILLCOX & GIBBS SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt,* and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with no change of needle, thread or tension.

Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine*. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods*, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to *"survive the wealth."* Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition*, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction*, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is *less than ¾ of an inch long*, and *is straight*. It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark*. The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—other machines only at 400 to 1200, with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years.—Many thousands are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all.—They will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." *Not one* operator in ten on the Willcox & Gibbs will *break a needle or drop a stitch in a year*. The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

Its *rapidity, absolute stillness, ease of motion, arrangement and mechanism* of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes instruction they will set needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success. A blind girl, with the exception of threading the needle, can do the same. Many ladies owning at or first-class machines, come to our office to do their *fine hemming and felling* on the Willcox & Gibbs Machine.

The press universally pronounce this the *best family* Sewing Machine in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER.

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price $1.50.—Large Discount to Agents.

Editors who desire one of these machines on half advertising contracts, can insert this advertisement, send us their paper, and get a machine at any time.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell OIL, COTTON, SILK, TWIST and NEEDLES *for every kind of sewing machine.*

Is entirely useless.

A PATENTED DEVICE prevents its being turned backward.

The PATENTED NEEDLE cannot be set wrong.

The PATENTED HEMMER AND FELLER AND BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.

It runs faster than any other.

It will never drop a stitch.

It is the only practical machine which *all* can use.

It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.

No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."

It cannot be adjusted or got out of order.

It uses the "Rotating Hook."

Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.

The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Pair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:

"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award **The First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

May1

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Dificult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system.

Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.

It is warranted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies,) or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranteed to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.

There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.

DO NOM DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.

Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatize on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures mad in this city.

For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.

Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O,

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

—IS—

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take a half three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chill. Should it produce vomiting (and it probably will, if the stomach is very foul), take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverence in the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease

Sold dy All Medicine Dealers

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

½col, vol3.No.27 1 yr

HARPER'S WEEKLY,
SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best Family Paper published in the United States."—*New London Advertiser.*

"The MODEL NEWSPAPER of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper—HARPER'S WEEKLY has earned for itself a right to its title 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"This Paper furnishes *the best illustrations*. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers are turned to dust."—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

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The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictorial Show-bill on application.

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TERMS:

HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year - - - $4 00

An Extra Copy of either the WEEKLY or MAGAZINE will be supplied gratis for every club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $6 each. *A Complete Set*, comprising Eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $4 50 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser*.—Address HARPER & BROTHERS, Franklin Square, New York.

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day. The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore.)

The most popular Monthly in the world.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellences of HARPER'S MAGAZINE—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People, and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily journal. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—TRUBNER'S *Guide to American Literature, London.*

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as can not be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—1866.

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Owatonna, Nov. 9, 1865.

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Owatonna Plaindealer.

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The Owatonna Plaindealer.

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L. B. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, over Barker's Exchange.

TERMS:—$2,00 per annum, invariably in advance

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Searles & Van Hoesen,
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DENTIST.—I have worked at Dentistry twenty-one years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed to please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n40

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GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Livery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-1y.

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J. B. CARY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has fitted up the old stand of the American Hotel and has all the convenience for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n6tf.

F. S. Bodle, M. D.,
LATE Surgeon U. S. Army, having located at Owatonna, will promptly attend to any calls pertaining to the profession. Office over Wadsworth's Store. v3n2tf

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MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery.—All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Min. n12.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

Horace Hawks,
PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Hotel, 2½ miles west of Rice Lake, on the Owatonna Road.—Good accommodations have been made for the weary traveler and his team. Bills always reasonable, and satisfaction given. v3n2tf

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M. P. Smith,
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PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel." Wasioja, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Wasioja Hotel." v2n52

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I. O. O. F.
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E. K. Smith, N. G. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
L. Bixby, V. G. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
J. Newsalt, D. D. G. M.
Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.
TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R.·. A.·. M.·. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.
GEO. W. DANIELS, H. P.
Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39tf

S. Blood, M. D.,
WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, (known as the Potwin Place,) where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n21tf

M. Dougherty,
WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. 8tf

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE

CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS:
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR,

PICNICS:
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:

Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter,	8½
Sugar,	14
Cream,	18

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,

ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

TAIT & VAN VOORHES.
Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n43

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!

Burr & McClure

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:—

WATCHES,

Of all kinds, both GOLD AND SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS

Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the

Seth Thomas Clocks,

Excelled by none.

JEWELRY,

Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORANTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETTS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE,

CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

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The best assortment in the country.

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A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

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TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS. CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

BIRD CAGES

Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

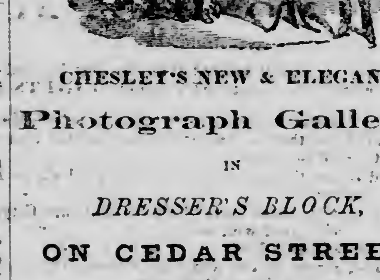
In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

☞ Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.

Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch.
BURR & McCLURE.
Owatonna, May 18, 1865. v3n4tf

NOW OPEN!



CHESLEY'S NEW & ELEGANT

Photograph Gallery,

IN

DRESSER'S BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where he may always be found ready to wait upon those who may favor him with a call. He has the best SKY- AND SIDE-LIGHT in the State, the best of Instruments, Rooms and Chemicals, necessary for the business, and can safely warrant his work.

Good as the Best.

Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.
Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER.

Miss C. B. Kelsey

would inform the people of Steele County, that she has established a branch

MME DEMOREST'S,

Great Emporium of Fashion,

in the City of Owatonna, on Main Street, at the residence of E. R. FENNO, where she will be able to do all kinds of DRESS-MAKING, CLOAKS MANTILLAS, Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's apparel, done promptly and in the latest styles. All kinds of the latest patterns, Cloaks, Mantilla Sacks, Dresses, Misses' and Boys' outfit, which she will furnish to all wanting them.
Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

Poetry.

BUILDING ON THE SAND.

BY ELIZA COOK.

'Tis well to woo, 'tis well to wed,
For so the world hath done
Since myrtles grew, and roses blew,
And morning brought the sun,
But have a care, ye young and fair,
Be sure you pledge with truth,
Be certain that your love will wear
Beyond the days of youth!
For if we give not heart for heart,
As well as hand for hand,
You'll find you've played the unwise part
And "built upon the sand."

'Tis well to save, 'tis well to have
A goodly store of gold,
And hold enough of shining stuff,
For charity is cold.
But place not all your hope and trust
In what the deep mine brings:
We cannot live on yellow dust
Unmixed with purer things;
And he who piles up wealth alone,
Will often have to stand
Beside his coffer chest, and own
'Tis "built upon the sand."

'Tis good to speak in kindly guise,
And soothe where'er we can;
Fair speech should bind the human mind
And love-link man to man.
But stay not at the gentle words;
Let deeds with language dwell;
The one who pities starving birds,
Should scatter crumbs as well.
The mercy that is warm and true
Must lend a helping hand,
For those who talk, yet fail to do,
But "build upon the sand."

THE STATUE IN CLAY.

"Make me a statue," said the King,
"Of marble, white as snow,
It must be pure enough to stand
Before my throne, at my right hand,
The niche is waiting. Go!"

The sculptor heard the King's command
And went upon his way;
He had no marble, but he went
With willing mind and high intent,
To mould his thoughts in clay.

Day after day he wrought the clay,
But knew not what he wrought;
He sought the help of heart and brain,
But could not make the riddle plain—
It lay beyond his thought.

To-day, the statue seemed to grow—
To-morrow, it stood still—
The third day, all went well again.
Thus, year by year, in joy and pain,
He served his Master's will.

At last, his life-long work was done;
It was a fateful day;
He took his statue to the King,
And trembled like a guilty thing
Because it was but clay.

"Where is my statue?" asked the King,
"Here, Lord," the sculptor said,
"But I commanded marble." "True;
I had not that—what could I do
But mould in clay instead?"

"Thou shalt not unrewarded go,
Since thou hast done thy best.
Thy statue shall acceptance win;
It shall be as it should have been,
For I will do the rest."

He touched the statue, and it changed;
The clay falls off: and lo!
A marble shape before him stands,
The perfect work of heavenly hands,
An angel, pure as snow.

A PARODY FOR THE TIMES.

Yesterday, as I sat writing
Of the wars and of the fighting,
And was getting tired of telling,
What had oft been told before!
Saying things I thought most cutting,
Suddenly there came a butting,
And a woolly head was stuck in,
Stuck in at my office door.
'Tis some darkey with a voucher,
Thought I, writing as before;
Only this and nothing more.

I was tired of darkey capers,
And bent close above my papers,
Hoping thus the black intruder
Would go wander from my door.
But I hoped and wished most vainly;
For he knocked and butted, plainly
Showing that he was determined
To have speech upon the floor;
Showing that he really thought he
Had a right upon the floor:
Maybe this and something more.

"Come in," said I in vexation,—
For I hated, like the nation,
Thus to have the fellow thumping,—
"Come in, Darkey, I implore.
What, the dickens! is the matter,
That you make this awful clatter,
Make this horrid din and batter,
Thus against my office door?
Do you want to be a slave, and
Serve your master as before?"
Quoth the nigger, "Nevermore.

"I'm the spirit of a fellow
Who was murdered at Fort Pillow;
Murdered when I begged for mercy;
Pinned by bayonets to the floor;
And I've come to ask in reason,
Is this now a proper season
To have rebels who have strove to
Stab the nation to the core
Taken in, bid freely enter
Through the Nation's open door?
Only this and nothing more.

"We have fought as do the bravest
For your lives, your homes, your safety;
Bones of colored men lie strewn a-
Long the Mississippi's shore.
Black and white are bound together,
Mutual suffering forms the tether.
Now I ask, should we be ever
Made mere vassals as before?
Answer that, if nothing more.

"History tells us of a nation,
That, when owing its salvation
To the slaves who nobly fought to
Keep the foemen from the door,
Granted freedom to such heroes;
But sir! even bloody Neroes
Never granted pardon freely
To the "rebs," a thousand score,
While the serfs remained in bondage,
Whipped and cursed at as before.
Banish that, if nothing more.

"Ask your soldiers who extended
Help and succor as they wended
Dubious paths 'mid Southern forests,
Faint and weary, sick and sore?
Who it was that always waved them
Onward, praying God to save them,
And return them as he gave them
To their homes and friends once more?
Ask them this, if nothing more.

"Ask them, when they heard the thunder
Rending earth and sky asunder,
And the black and white stood close al-
Lied amidst the battle's roar,
If the fear of gun or halter
Ever caused us once to falter?
If a fighting reputation
Did not greet the colored corps?
Ask them this, and one thing more:

"Ask them, now the war is ended,
And the flag has been defended
By two hundred thousand colored
Men who form the Afrique Corps,
If they'll push us from our places,
To make room for rebel faces,
WILL THEY HAVE US VOTE, OR THOSE WHO
BROUGHT SUCH HORRORS TO THEIR DOOR?
Ask them that; there's nothing more."

Thus the darkey said, and started,
And the walls before him parted;
But he waved his hand and said, with
Look I ne'er had seen before,
"Good-by white man, as a nation,
God has given us salvation;
And, UP THERE the humblest private,
Sir, in all the colored corps
Is your equal evermore."

Miscellany.

HOW LOUIS NAPOLEON BECAME PRESIDENT.

There is no character in modern or ancient history more curious than that of the present Emperor of the French. Just now, when his relations with Mexico bring him so prominently to our notice, it may be of interest to glance at some of the earlier events of his career.

Prince Louis Napoleon, as he used to be called—the son of Louis Bonaparte, King of Holland, and Hortense the daughter of the Empress Josephene—had always been a schemer. He had indulged from his boyhood in dreams of empire. Being, according to statute, the heir of his uncle, the first great Napoleon, he was driven by the very exigencies of his inheritance into contrivances to obtain supreme power over France, which he without doubt pursuaded himself was his right. Through long, silent years he studied, until he became learned in jurisprudence. He knew well how to veil his designs by high sounding talk about freedom and honor, and loyality to the will of the many. Still for a long time he was not appreciated or considered a personage of much importance. It was, indeed, rather the fashion to laugh at him, and to regard him as harmless because of sheer want of capacity to do great things.

His attempt to rouse the enthusiasm of the French people, in 1836, covered him still more with ridicule. He presented himself before the army wearing the clothes of the first Napoleon, and, conscious that in point of hat, coat and boots he resembled perfectly the hero of Austerlitz, he imagined himself sure of welcome from the troops. He was utterly quenched however, by a certain resolute Colonel Talandier, and was shipped off to America by a good natured King of the French, Louis Philippe.

In 1840 he made another attempt, this time carrying with him a tame eagle, which he had taught to perform some exploit which he trusted the people would receive as an omen. The eagle failed lamentably in its part of the programme; and again a firm, resolute officer forced his way to the theatre of action—a barrack yard—and disposed of the Prince, his fifty armed followers, his flag, his eagle, and his counterfeit staff, with as much ease as though he had been dealing with a band of strolling players. This time the would be Emperor was tried for treason, and sentenced to perpetual imprisonment in the fortress of Ham, from which he escaped, six years afterward, in the garb of a workman, and went to England.

He took advantage of the revolution of 1848, in which King Louis Philippe was deposed, to return again to France.—"The third wins," says the old proverb, and this time he found more favor in the eyes of his countrymen. He was chosen a deputy to the National Assembly. Lamartine, always opposed to the Bonaparte dynasty, endeavored to effect his banishment, but was unsuccessful; and after stormy debate, the Prince, at this time forty years old, was found to be the most popular candidate. The election was conducted with perfect fairness; the Prince became President, and perhaps, as he had already made two attempts on the throne of France, he had some right to infer that the millions of citizens who elected him to the Presidency were willing to make use of him and his well-known ambition as a means of restoring to France an imperiel form of government. At any rate, he acted upon this inference and no more held himself bound to the support of the constitution by his oath of office than did Jefferson Davis and Robert E. Lee consider themselves bound to the United States by theirs.

A LITTLE COUPLE.

There was a little couple in the time of Charles the Second, who compensated for shortness of stature by length of days. They were Richard and Anne Gibson. Richard had been minature-painter to Charles the First, and was also installed into the office and dignity of court dwarf to Queen Henrietta Maria. The king determined that the little people should be man and wife. It was done, and he gave away the bride. Walter, the court poet, celebrated the nuptials in the following lines:

Design or chance make others wive,
But nature did this match contrive;
Eve might as well have Adam fled,
As she denied her little bed
To him, for whom Heaven seemed to frame
And measure out this little dame.
* * * *
To him the fairest nymphs do show,
Like moving mountains topped with snow,
And every man a Polyphene
Does to his Galatea seem!

The little people had a remarkably happy life of it—if not absolutely "healthy and wealthy and wise," at least something like it. They had nine children, five of whom lived to be men and women, of the ordinary height. Richard, born during the reign of James the First, saw the glories and troubles of Chales the First, Cromwell, Charles the Second, and James the Second, and died early in the reign of William and Mare. Rather late in life he became drawing-master to the Princess Mary and Annie, afterwards queens. He died at the age of seventy-five, while his pocket edition of a wife survived to eighty-nine. They were each under four feet in height; it is even said that they could only muster seven feet of stature between them.

☞ An illiterate person who volunteered to "go round with the hat," but was suspected of sparing his own pocket, overhearing once a hint to that effect, replied. "Other gentlemen put down what they may think proper, and so do I. Charity's a private concern, and what I give is '*nothing* to *nobody*.'"

THE TEMPER OF THE SOUTH.

The election in North Carolina was a perfect farce. Not one of the candidates chosen can take the required oath of loyalty to the Government. Every nominee who could do so was defeated by a large majority. Governor Holden, whose crime was that of having been favorable to a restoration of the Union, though he opposed negro testimony and negro suffrage, is beaten by Worth, whose claim is that he has the glorious record by having fought in the rebel army.

The South Carolina legislature has adopted a resolution, that, while the triumph of the Federal Government is acknowledged, the State loses none of its dignity and honor, and "maintains all its traditional rights unimpaired," which in South Carolina interpretation, includes the "right" of nullification and secession. Wade Hampton, who come within a few votes of being elected Governor, has written a letter to his constituents, in which he counsels them to be faithful to their State, adding, with a magnificent flourish, which smacks of ante-secession times, "That is our country!"

In Georgia, the candidates for Congress were chosen with reference to their secession proclivities. One of them, Hammond, in his address, declares that he cannot take the required oath, and would be ashamed of himself if he could!

When the Louisiana Democratic Convention was held, which nominated a ticket afterwards elected by a large majority, the name of the traitor Gen. Beauregard, who opened the bombardment upon the little garrison at Sumpter, and who fired on the red hospital flag at Manassas, was received with an uproarious applause, which delayed business several minutes. The chairman, a leading citizen of New Orleans, ventured to say that secession was a criminal blunder, when he was at once hissed and hooted from the stand, and pursued with such venomous abuse as to induce an attack of apoplexy, from which he died the next day.

Mississippi elected a blatant, open-mouthed secessionist Governor, in preference to a candidate whose record was that of a moderate rebel. The first act performed by this successful candidate was to declare his opposition to the bill permitting negro testimony in courts, and to recommend a law virtually re-establishing slavery in Mississippi.

These are facts which show, that, while the South succumbs to the pressure of military necessity, it is in nowise converted from its treason. Indeed, the speeches and documents which come to us from all quarters abound in declarations that the insurgent States yield to the logic of superior force, and the inference is to be drawn that the spirit with which they went into the strife still exists.—*Albany Journal.*

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

One hundred years ago there was not a single white man in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana or Illinois Territories. Then, what is now the most flourishing part of America, was as little known as the mountains of the moon. It was not until 1760 that the hunter of Kentucky, the gallant and adventurous Boone, left his home in North Carolina to become the first settler of Kentucky. The first pioneer of Ohio did not settle until 20 years afterwards.

A hundred years ago Canada belonged to France, and the whole population of the United States did not exceed two and a half millions.

A hundred years ago the great Frederick of Prusia was performing these exploits which have made him immortal in military annals, and with his little monarchy was sustaining a single handed contest with Russia, Austria and France, the three great powers of Europe combined.

A hundred years ago the United States were the most loyal people of the British Empire, and on the political horizon no speck indicated the struggle which, within a score of years thereafter, established the Great Republic of the world.

A hundred years ago there were but four newspapers in America—with combined circulation not exceeding 2,000. Steam engines and cylinder presses had not been imagined, and railroads and telegraphs had not entered the remotest conception of man.

When we come to look back at it through the vista of history, we find that the century which has passed has been alloted to more important events in their bearing upon the happiness of the world than almost any other century since the creation.

Who can foretell our development and national greatness a hundred years hence.

☞ An Irishman catching a thief's hand in his pocket in the post office the other day knocked the rascal down, and began to trample on his carcass, as if he was dancing a Fardowner's jig. "What's that for?" said a by-stander. "Oh!" said Pat, "it's small change the fellow wanted, and faith, I'm giving him a few post-office stamps!"

☞ "It was ever my invariable custom in my youth," says a celebrated Persian writer, "to rise from my sleep to watch, pray, and read the Koran. One night, as he was thus engaged, my father, a man of practised virtue, awoke. 'Behold,' said I to him, 'thy other children are lost in irreligious slumber, while I alone am awake to praise God.' 'Son of my soul,' said he, 'it is better to sleep than to wake to remark the faults of thy brethren.'"

☞ He that loves himself has only one joy; he that loves his neighbors has many.

SINGULAR LIFE-WORK OF A LUNATIC.

Has any one noticed the minature fort at the upper end of Blackwell's Island, to the north of the Lunatic Asylum? It is the work of an insane man, who has spent half his life upon it. He lost his reason in Mexico, or somewhere else, where high privates were in demand, and just escaped being Mr. Armstrong or Mr. Parrot, or Mr. Whitworth, by going crazy.

Gunnery was what ailed him, and fortifications. As he was found to be quite harmless, and obedient to his monomania, they gave him intrenching tools, and told him to fortify the island. He took the geological and geographical bearings with the sagacity of a West Pointer, and concluded that any attack upon it would come from the South. So he devised a sea-coast battery with bomb proofs, approachable by a dike, with sluices and gates, and mounting heavy ordnance.

There never was a more patient workman for humanity or patriotism than this poor addle head. Nobody else being insane on the same point, he could get no assistance. All the other monomaniacs had on the brain, or poetry, or capital punishment, or negro suffrage, and were quite as devoted and zealous as he upon their claims.

So the old soldier, with a long sigh, and a brave heart, took up his single shovel and commenced to build the fort by himself. He wheeled barrow after barrow of earth into the sea, tugged from morning till night, until at last he raised a narrow causeway from the main land to a rock at the end of a long sandbar. With pebbles, and shells, and stones from the river, he walled this causeway until it became permanent. All this was not a month's nor a year's work; but year after year passed over his gray hairs; he kept on wheeling, wheeling. The great city on the greater island required protection, and he was making its aegis. So he went on like the man who threw up the Charleston redoubts; and for fear he would be too late to his task, he left his bed altogether, and built himself a hut close to his place of labor. Here he slept and dwelt in the company only of his assuring conscience, and when at last his path was done, he set to work at the fort.

The result of all these years is before us. His battery is sodded green, with parapet, beam, ditch, magazine, revetments, abattis, and it mounts mock, or quaker guns, upon carriages of capital construction, looking up from the Sound towards Hell Gate, like arbiters of dominion.

The old lunatic is worn and failing, but he is not satisfied. His fort is done, but not his whole duty. So he has projected a water battery, and sea wall around the entire island, and means to bring upon it all the knowledge of Vauban and Todleben. When the island is impregnable, he will wrap his mantle about him and die at his battery.

For the truth of all this story, let anybody, passing up the East river, look upon the island tip, and see the old man ditching and building, and the little fort close by, bristling with pop guns.—*Scientific American.*

UNION SENTIMENT AT THE SOUTH.—One of the best commentaries on the returning Union sentiment of the South is the reception of Gen. Grant at Charleston, S. C. The newspaper accounts state that he was met there by a delegation of some five to eight hundred negroes; that a white man addressed the General in their behalf; that the General merely bowed his thanks, but procured Gen. Sickles to address the delegation in his behalf. In the course of his address, Gen. Sickles stated that Gen. Grant desired him to say that *the demonstration was the most marked exhibition of Southern tour, and that he heartily thanked the loyal citizens of Charleston therefor!* Was not this one of these quiet but severe castigations which the general knows how to inflict? If five or eight hundred negroes in Charleston exhibited more loyalty than all the rest of the South put together, upon what class of people at the South are the Union men of the country to depend for the future?—*Chicago Republican.*

SOUTHERN OPINIONS.—A leading article in the Albany "Evening Journal" contains this passage:—

"When in New York, a few days since, we met a gentlemen from the neighborhood of Wilmington, N. C., who, alluding to the change in the labor system of the South, said: 'The fact is, we were all fools upon the subject. I owned before the war two hundred and fifty slaves. I fed them, and clothed them—good and bad, strong and infirm, old and young—alike. Now, I have a hundred hands at fifteen dollars a month each. I take my pick of the best. If they work they are paid; if they do not work, they go unpaid; and they support their own sick and infirm. The one hundred do more labor than two hundred and fifty used to perform, and I am making a great deal more money from them.' A distinguished rebel general, who stood by, quietly remarked, 'That is general throughout the South. The fact is, we had the dearest labor, and the great repulsive institution, in the world.'"

BRUTAL TREATMENT OF FREEDMEN.—A Vicksburg correspondent of the New York "Tribune" says:—

"I am assured by a general officer of high military rank and standing in this department, that instances of the murder of freedmen are of daily occurrence; and that, in consequence of the prevailing sentiment among the whites of hostility to the negro, it is impossible to ferret out and bring the criminals to justice."

Ice Manufactory in New Orleans.

A NEW ORLEANS paper gives a description of a new process of making ice adopted in that city at the Louisiana Ice Works.

In a strong iron cooler a given quantity of liquid ammonia is introduced; and by the means of a slow fire the ammonia gas is held in solution in the water. This gas is separated from the water, and is conveyed with a series of iron worms, which are surrounded by a constant current of water. The gas, running through the worms, becomes liquified by the action of the running water, and the pressure of the boiler, and flows into a receiver.

From the receiver, the liquified gas flows into a series of worms, which constitute the refrigera or freezing bath, where, by a rapid evaporation, extreme cold is produced. To utilize this cold, the iron worms are surrounded by a strong solution of common salt, which absorbs all the cold produced in the worms. Placed in the spaces between the worms, are suspended forms or molds of any size desired, filled with pure water. This water immediately absorbs the cold from the salt bath, and the result is the formation of ice. From the refrigerator the same gas which has produced the cold is pumped into a vase, when it recondensed with liquid ammonia. This again goes through the same process as before, with but little loss.

Such being the case, it will at once be seen that the same ammonia can be used for an indefinite period, with only the loss of gas that may occur in breaking a pump, or by leakage. The temperature at which the ice is made is from 12 to 15 degrees below zero; but 40 degrees of cold can be easily produced by the apparatus. The apparatus now in operation consists of three separate machines, each producing 4 800 pounds of ice in twenty-four hours, and consuming two and one-half barrels of coke. The labor of twenty men is required for each apparatus, whatever may be its size. The only extra cost is fuel. So that the larger the machine the less the ice.

When General Sully, last summer, on the expedition to Devil's Lake, passed Fort Berthold, quite a number of Indians had gathered there to see him and make peace. They complained a great deal of dry weather, and wished the General would make rain the same as Father de Smet, the missionary that used to see them, had done. The General promised them that he would do the best he could. It happened that shortly afterwards a heavy thunder-shower passed, flooding everything. The Indians were greatly pleased, and called the General a great medicine man. But they said it was a little too much at once. "Well," said the General, "I know it; but I couldn't stop the thing after it started!"

THE Albany "Evening Journal" says, in speaking of the disloyal character of the Virginia Legislature,—

"At a session on Friday, one chivalrous gentlemen remarked in reference to the supposed opinion of Mr. Johnson, that 'He did not care what that opinion was; he thought the great State of Virginia had *truckled* to the Washington authorities about long enough;' and the expression was received with applause."

This is only a fair specimen of the prevailing temper of the South. The less such men have to do with our Government the better.—*Chicago Republican.*

THE Richmond "Enquirer" does not want Virginia represented in Congress at present. It is for letting Congress slide and expresses itself thus:—

"The Southern elections for Congress were altogether out of place. These States had been fighting a death struggle for four years to get out of Congress; and, when defeated, it would have been more dignified to have awaited until the Congress invited them to send representatives."

They tell a story in New London illustrative of Groton business enterprise which runs thus: A green grocer in Groton sent his clerk to New London one morning last summer with a bag of green corn to dispose of. The young man was gone all day, and at night returned with his bag of green corn on his shoulder, and dumped it on the floor with the remark, "There's your green corn, go and sell it yourself—I can't." "Why," said the grocer, haven't you sold any?" "Sold any? No," said he. "I've been all over New London with it, and nobody said anything about any green corn. Two or three fellows asked me what I'd got in my bag, and I told 'em 'twas none of their d—d business."

☞ Whispering in church about doll babies, horses, gold mining, high taxes, ginger snaps, monopolies, the latest style of bonnet, mince pies, babies, "that delightful party," and other topics of like important character, while it may have an elevating effect on the mind, generally, we don't believe is exactly the style of worship inculcated by the Good Book.

☞ The modern waterfalls were first worn in 1859, at Buckingham palace, on the celebration of the return of the Prince of Wales from his visit to America. Waterfalls were, however, worn under the old Roman Empire.

☞ How strangely the moon lights up the past; how we can see far-off graves by its gleam; how it shines through the years that are gone; how the jewels of memory glitter when it enters the heart; how it reveals

——"The tideless shore
Where rests the wreck of evermore."

☞ Nothing so roughly brushes the tender gold dust, or flower-pollen, off the minds of girls as that old-maidish cry of alarm at the male sex—that prudish abuse of a sex from which every one must make exceptions in favor of her father and her husband.

☞ Much adversity is requisite to make us hate life; a beckon from prosperity will recall this hatred instantly.

☞ Of all monarchs, Nature is the most just in the enactment of laws, and the sternest in punishing the violation of them.

Owatonna Plaindealer.

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W. R. Kinyon.
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at Law in all the Courts of the State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes, Procures Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14th, 1863. v1n3

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DENTIST, is prepared to attend to all departments of Dentistry, including latest improvements, with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted. Office Chesley's Photograph Rooms, in Dresser's Block. v3n3tf

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DEALER in all kinds of Groceries at the Lowest Figures, Bridge Street, Owatonna. 31 6m

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DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c. Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v3n9tf

J. M. Williams,
DENTIST. I have worked at Dentistry twenty-one years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. Mr. [illegible] do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheaper and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed to please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n40

D. S. Harsha.
DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals Patent Medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

Joos & Roll.
DEALERS in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Assorted Candies, Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins etc. v1-n1 Cash paid for Hides.

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GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Livery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-1y.

Marble Factory.
H. CARPENTER Dealer in Head Stones, Monuments, &c. Main St., Rochester, Min. 5-4

American Hotel,
J. B. CORY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has fitted up the old stand of the American Hotel, and has all the convenience for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n6tf.

F. S. Badie, M. D.,
LATE Surgeon U. S. Army, having located at Owatonna, will promptly attend to any calls pertaining to the profession. Office over Wadsworth's Store. v3n32tf

C. C. Cornell.
MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Min. n12

Carpenter & Smith,
NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloths Cassimeres, and Vestings. Faribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. -1y.

L. L. Bennett, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

Horace Hawks,
PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Hotel, 2½ miles west of Rice Lake, on the Owatonna Road. Good accommodations have been made for the weary traveler and his team. Bills always reasonable, and satisfaction given. v3n31tf

C. C. Hazzard.
PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-tf

D. F. Smith.
PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1n22.

C. W. Yearly.
PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel." Wasioja, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Wasioja Hotel." v2n52

J. H. Easton,
PHOTOGRAPHIST. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27tf.

L. H. Kelly.
PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAINDEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

J. B. Hooker,
REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 8-2

I. O. O. F.
STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building.
E. K. Smith, N. G. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
T. Bixby, V. G. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
J. Newsalt, D. D. G. M.
Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.
TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.
A. N. DANIELS, H. P.
Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39tf

S. Blood, M. D.,
WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, (known as the Potwin Place,) where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n21tf

A. Dough,
WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. 8tf

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE

CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS:
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR,

PICNICS:
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:

Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter,	8½
Sugar,	11
Cream,	18

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,

ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

TAIT & VAN VOORHES.
Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n13

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!

Burr & McClure

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:

WATCHES,

Of all kinds, both GOLD AND SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS

Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the

Seth Thomas Clocks,

Excelled by none.

JEWELRY

Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORANTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETTS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE,

CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

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The best assortment in the country.

Musical Instruments,

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A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

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TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS. CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

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Of various styles,

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the

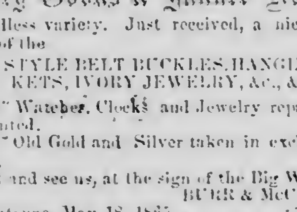
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☞ Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.

Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch.
BURR & McCLURE.
Owatonna, May 18, 1865. v3n1tf

NOW OPEN!



CHESLEY'S NEW & ELEGANT

Photograph Gallery,

IN

DRESSER'S BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where he may always be found ready to wait upon those who may favor him with a call. He has the best SKY- AND SIDE-LIGHT in the State, the best of Instruments, Rooms and Chemicals, necessary for the business, and can safely warrant his work

Good as the Best.

Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.
Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER.

Miss C. B. Kelsey

would inform the people of Steele County, that she has established a branch

MME DEMOREST'S,

Great Emporium of Fashion,

in the City of Owatonna, on Main Street, at the residence of E. R. FENNO, where she will be able to do all kinds of DRESS-MAKING, CLOAKS MANTILLAS, Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's apparel, done promptly and in the latest styles. All kinds of the latest patterns, Cloaks, Mantilla Sacks, Dresses, Misses' and Boys outfit, which she will furnish to all wanting them.
Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

Poetry.

BUILDING ON THE SAND.

BY ELIZA COOK.

'Tis well to woo, 'tis well to wed,
For so the world hath done
Since myrtles grew, and roses blew,
And morning brought the sun.
But have a care, ye young and fair,
Be sure you pledge with truth,
Be certain that your love will wear
Beyond the days of youth!
For if we give not heart for heart,
As well as hand for hand,
You'll find you've played the unwise part
And "built upon the sand."

'Tis well to save, 'tis well to have
A goodly store of gold,
And hold enough of shining stuff,
For charity is cold.
But place not all your hope and trust
In what the deep mine brings:
We cannot live on yellow dust
Unmixed with purer things;
And he who piles up wealth alone,
Will often have to stand
Beside his coffer chest, and own
'Tis "built upon the sand."

'Tis good to speak in kindly guise,
And soothe where'er we can;
Fair speech should bind the human mind
And love link man to man.
But stay not at the gentle words;
Let deeds with language dwell;
The one who pities starving birds,
Should scatter crumbs as well.
The mercy that is warm and true
Must lend a helping hand,
For those who talk, yet fail to do,
But "build upon the sand."

THE STATUE IN CLAY.

"Make me a statue," said the King,
"Of marble, white as snow,
It must be pure enough to stand
Before my throne, at my right hand,
The niche is waiting. Go!"

The sculptor heard the King's command
And went upon his way;
He had no marble, but he went
With willing mind and high intent,
To mould his thoughts in clay.

Day after day he wrought the clay,
But knew not what he wrought:
He sought the help of heart and brain,
But could not make the riddle plain—
It lay beyond his thought.

To-day, the statue seemed to grow—
To-morrow, it stood still:
The third day, all went well again.
Thus, year by year, in joy and pain,
He served his Master's will.

At last, his life-long work was done;
It was a fateful day;
He took his statue to the King,
And trembled like a guilty thing
Because it was but clay.

"Where is my statue?" asked the King,
"Here, Lord," the sculptor said,
"But I commanded marble." "True;
I had not that—what could I do
But mould in clay instead?"

"Thou shalt not unrewarded go,
Since thou hast done thy best,
Thy statue shall accepted win;
It shall be as it should have been,
For I will do the rest."

He touched the statue, and it changed;
The clay falls off; and lo!
A marble shape before him stands,
The perfect work of heavenly hands,
An angel, pure as snow.

A PARODY FOR THE TIMES.

Yesterday, as I sat writing
Of the wars and of the fighting,
And was getting tired of telling,
What had oft been told before!
Saying things I thought most cutting,
Suddenly there came a butting,
And a woolly head was stuck in,
Stuck in at my office door.
'Tis some darkey with a voucher,
Thought I, writing as before;
Only this and nothing more.

I was tired of darkey capers,
And bent close above my papers,
Hoping thus the black intruder
Would go wander from my door.
But I hoped and wished most vainly;
For he knocked and butted, plainly
Showing that he was determined
To have speech upon the floor;
Showing that he really thought he
Had a right upon the floor:
Maybe this and something more.

"Come in," said I in vexation,—
For I hated, like the nation,
Thus to have the fellow thumping,—
"Come in, Darkey, I implore.
What, the dickens! is the matter,
That you make this awful clatter,
Make this horrid din and batter,
Thus against my office door?
Do you want to be a slave, and
Serve your master as before?"
Quoth the nigger, "Nevermore."

"I'm the spirit of a fellow
Who was murdered at Fort Pillow;
Murdered when I begged for mercy;
Pinned by bayonets to the floor;
And I've come to ask in reason,
Is this now a proper season
To have rebels who have strove to
Stab the nation to the core
Taken in, had freely enter
Through the Nation's open door?
Only this and nothing more.

"We have fought as do the bravest
For your lives, your homes, your safety;
Bones of colored men lie strewn a-
Long the Mississippi's shore.
Black and white are bound together,
Mutual suffering forms the tether.
Now I ask, should we be ever
Made mere vassals as before?
Answer that, if nothing more.

"History tells us of a nation
That, when owing its salvation
To the slaves who nobly fought to
Keep the foemen from the door,
Granted freedom to such heroes;
But sir! even bloody Neroes
Never granted pardon freely
To the "rebs," a thousand score,
While the serfs remained in bondage,
Whipped and cursed at as before.
Banish that, if nothing more.

"Ask your soldiers who extended
Help and succor as they wended
Dubious paths 'mid Southern forests,
Faint and weary, sick and sore?
Who it was that always waved them
Onward, praying God to save them,
And return them as he gave them
To their homes and friends once more?
Ask them this, if nothing more.

"Ask them, when they heard the thunder
Rending earth and sky asunder,
And the black and white stood close al-
Lied amidst the battle's roar,
If the fear of gun or halter
Ever caused us once to falter?
If a fighting reputation
Did not greet the colored corps?
Ask them this, and one thing more:

"Ask them, now the war is ended,
And the flag has been defended
By two hundred thousand colored
Men who form the Afrique Corps,
If they'll push us from our places,
To make room for rebel faces,
WILL THEY HAVE US VOTE, OR THOSE WHO
BROUGHT SUCH HORRORS TO THEIR DOOR?
Ask them that; there's nothing more."

Thus the darkey said, and started,
And the walls before him parted;
But he waved his hand and said, with
Look I ne'er had seen before,
"Good-by white man, as a nation,
God has given us salvation:
And, OF THESE the humblest private,
Sir, in all the colored corps
Is your equal evermore."

Miscellany.

HOW LOUIS NAPOLEON BECAME PRESIDENT.

There is no character in modern or ancient history more curious than that of the present Emperor of the French. Just now, when his relations with Mexico bring him so prominently to our notice, it may be of interest to glance at some of the earlier events of his career.

Prince Louis Napoleon, as he used to be called—the son of Louis Bonaparte, King of Holland, and Hortense the daughter of the Empress Josephine—had always been a schemer. He had indulged from his boyhood in dreams of empire. Being, according to statute, the heir of his uncle, the first great Napoleon, he was driven by the very exigencies of his inheritance into contrivances to obtain supreme power over France, which he without doubt pursuaded himself was his right. Through long, silent years he studied, until he became learned in jurisprudence. He knew well how to veil his designs by high sounding talk about freedom and honor, and loyalty to the will of the many. Still for a long time he was not appreciated or considered a personage of much importance. It was, indeed, rather the fashion to laugh at him, and to regard him as harmless because of sheer want of capacity to do great things.

His attempt to rouse the enthusiasm of the French people, in 1836, covered him still more with ridicule. He presented himself before the army wearing the clothes of the first Napoleon, and, conscious that in point of hat, coat and boots he resembled perfectly the hero of Austerlitz, he imagined himself sure of welcome from the troops. He was utterly quenched however, by a certain resolute Colonel Taladier, and was shipped off to America by a good natured King of the French, Louis Philippe.

In 1840 he made another attempt, this time carrying with him a tame eagle, which he had taught to perform some exploit which he trusted the people would receive as an omen. The eagle failed lamentably in its part of the programme; and again a firm, resolute officer forced his way to the theatre of action—a barrack yard—and disposed of the Prince, his fifty armed followers, his flag, his eagle, and his counterfeit staff, with as much ease as though he had been dealing with a band of strolling players. This time the would be Emperor was tried for treason, and sentenced to perpetual imprisonment in the fortress of Ham, from which he escaped, six years afterward, in the garb of a workman, and went to England.

He took advantage of the revolution of 1848, in which King Louis Philippe was deposed, to return again to France.—"The third wins," says the old proverb, and this time he found more favor in the eyes of his countrymen. He was chosen a deputy to the National Assembly. Lamartine, always opposed to the Bonaparte dynasty, endeavored to effect his banishment, but was unsuccessful; and after stormy debate, the Prince, at this time forty years old, was found to be the most popular candidate. The election was conducted with perfect fairness; the Prince became President, and perhaps, as he had already made two attempts on the throne of France, he had some right to infer that the millions of citizens who elected him to the Presidency were willing to make use of him and his well-known ambition as a means of restoring to France an imperial form of government. At any rate, he acted upon this inference and no more held himself bound to the support of the constitution by his oath of office than did Jefferson Davis and Robert E. Lee consider themselves bound to the United States by theirs.

A LITTLE COUPLE.

There was a little couple in the time of Charles the Second, who compensated for shortness of stature by length of days They were Richard and Anne Gibson. Richard had been minature-painter to Charles the First, and was also installed into the office and dignity of court dwarf to Queen Henrietta Maria. The king determined that the little people should be man and wife. It was done, and he gave away the bride. Walter, the court poet, celebrated the nuptials in the following lines:

Design or chance make others wive,
But nature did this match contrive;
Eve might as well have Adam fled,
As she denied her little bed
To him, for whom Heaven seemed to frame
And measure out this little dame.
* * * *
To him the fairest nymphs do show,
Like moving mountains topped with snow,
And every man a Polyphene
Does to his Galatea seem!

The little people had a remarkably happy life of it—if not absolutely "healthy and wealthy and wise," at least something like it. They had nine children, five of whom lived to be men and women, of the ordinary height. Richard, born during the reign of James the First, saw the glories and troubles of Charles the First, Cromwell, Charles the Second, and James the Second, and died early in the reign of William and Mary. Rather late in life he became drawing-master to the Princess Mary and Annie, afterwards queens. He died at the age of seventy-five, while his pocket edition of a wife survived to eighty-nine. They were each under four feet in height; it is even said that they could only muster seven feet of stature between them.

☞ An illiterate person who volunteered to "go round with the hat," but was suspected of sparing his own pocket, overhearing once a hint to that effect, replied. "other gentlemen put down what they may think proper, and so do I. Charity's a private concern, and what I give is '*nothing* to *nobody*.'"

THE TEMPER OF THE SOUTH.

The election in North Carolina was a perfect farce. Not one of the candidates chosen can take the required oath of loyalty to the Government. Every nominee who could do so was defeated by a large majority. Governor Holden, whose crime was that of having been favorable to a restoration of the Union, though he opposed negro testimony and negro suffrage, is beaten by Worth, whose claim is that he has the glorious record by having fought in the rebel army.

The South Carolina legislature has adopted a resolution, that, while the triumph of the Federal Government is acknowledged, the State loses none of its dignity and honor, and "maintains all its traditional rights unimpaired," which in South Carolina interpretation, includes the "right" of nulification and secession. Wade Hampton, who come within a few votes of being elected Governor, has written a letter to his constituents, in which he counsels them to be faithful to their State, adding, with a magnificent flourish, which smacks of ante-secession times, "That is our country."

In Georgia, the candidates for Congress were chosen with reference to their secession proclivities. One of them, Hammond, in his address, declares that he cannot take the required oath, and would be ashamed of himself if he could !

When the Louisiana Democratic Convention was held, which nominated a ticket afterwards elected by a large majority, the name of the traitor Gen. Beauregard, who opened the bombardment upon the little garrison at Sumpter, and who fired on the red hospital flag at Manassas, was received with an uproarious applause, which delayed business several minutes. The chairman, a leading citizen of New Orleans, ventured to say that secession was a criminal blunder, when he was at once hissed and hooted from the stand, and pursued with such venomous abuse as to induce an attack of apoplexy, from which he died the next day.

Mississippi elected a blatant, open-mouthed secessionist Governor, in preferance to a candidate whose record was that of a moderate rebel. The first act performed by this successful candidate was to declare his opposition to the bill permitting negro testimony in courts, and to recommend a law virtually re-establishing slavery in Mississippi.

These are facts which show, that, while the South succumbs to the pressure of military necessity, it is in nowise converted from its treason. Indeed, the speeches and documents which come to us from all quarters abound in declarations that the insurgent States yield to the logic of superior force, and the inference to be drawn that the spirit with which they went into the strife still exists.—*Albany Journal.*

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

One hundred years ago there was not a single white man in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana or Illinois Territories. Then, what is now the most flourishing part of America, was as little known as the mountains of the moon. It was not until 1760 that the hunter of Kentucky, the gallant and adventurous Boone, left his home in North Carolina to become the first settler of Kentucky. The first pioneer of Ohio did not settle until 20 years afterwards.

A hundred years ago Canada belonged to France, and the whole population of the United States did not exceed two and a half millions.

A hundred years ago the great Frederick of Prusia was performing these exploits which have made him immortal in military annals, and with his little monarchy was sustaining a single handed contest with Russia, Austria and France, the three great powers of Europe combined.

A hundred years ago the United States were the most loyal people of the British Empire, and on the political horizon no speck indicated the struggle which, within a score of years thereafter, established the Great Republic of the world.

A hundred years ago there were but four newspapers in America—with combined circulation not exceeding 2,000. Steam engines and cylinder presses had not been imagined, and railroads and telegraphs had not entered the remotest conception of man.

When we come to look back at it through the vista of history, we find that the century which has passed has been alloted to more important events in their bearing upon the happiness of the world than almost any other century since the creation.

Who can foretell our development and national greatness a hundred years hence.

☞ An Irishman catching a thief's hand in his pocket in the post office the other day knocked the rascal down, and began to trample on his carcass, as if he was dancing a Fardowner's jig. "What's that for?" said a by-stander. "Oh!" said Pat, "it's small change the fellow wanted, and faith, I'm giving him a few post-office stamps!"

☞ "It was ever my invariable custom in my youth," says a celebrated Persian writer, "to rise from my sleep to watch, pray, and read the Koran. One night, as he was thus engaged, my father, a man of practised virtue, awoke. 'Behold,' said I to him, 'thy other children are lost in irreligious slumber, while I alone am awake to praise God.' 'Son of my soul,' said he, 'it is better to sleep than to wake to remark the faults of thy brethren.'"

☞ He that loves himself has only one joy; he that loves his neighbors has many.

SINGULAR LIFE-WORK OF A LUNATIC.

Has any one noticed the minature fort at the upper end of Blackwell's Island to the north of the Lunatic Asylum? It is the work of an insane man, who has spent half his life upon it. He lost his reason in Mexico, or somewhere else, where high privates were in demand, and just escaped being Mr. Armstrong or Mr. Barrot, or Mr. Whitworth, by going crazy.

Gunnery was what ailed him, and fortifications. As he was found to be quite harmless, and obedient to his monomania, they gave him intrenching tools, and told him to fortify the island. He took the geological and geographical bearings with the sagacity of a West Pointer, and concluded that any attack upon it would come from the South. So he devised a sea-coast battery with bomb proofs, approachable by a dike, with sluices and gates, and mounting heavy ordnance.

There never was a more patient workman for humanity or patriotism than this poor addle head. Nobody else being insane on the same point, he could get no assistance. All the other monomaniacs had off on the brain, or poetry, or capital punishment, or negro suffrage, and were quite as devoted and zealous as he upon their claims.

So the old soldier, with a long sigh, and a brave heart, took up his single shovel and commenced to build the fort by himself. He wheeled barrow after barrow of earth into the sea, tugged from morning till night, until at last he raised a narrow causeway from the main land to a rock at the end of a long sandbar. With pebbles, and shells, and stones from the river, he walled this causeway until it became permanent. All this was not a month's nor a year's work; but year after year passed over his gray locks, he kept on wheeling, wheeling. The great city on the greater island required protection, and he was making its aegis. So he went on like the man who threw up the Charleston redoubts; and for fear he would be too late to his task, he left his bed altogether, and built himself a hut close to his place of labor. Here he slept and dwelt in the company only of his assuring conscience, and when at last his path was done, he set to work at the fort.

The result of all these years is before us. His battery is sodded green, with parapet, beam, ditch, magazine, revetments, abattis, and it mounts mock, or quaker guns, upon carriages of capital construction, looking up from the South and towards Hell Gate, like arbiters of dominion.

The old lunatic is worn and failing, but he is not satisfied. His fort is done, but not his whole duty. So he has projected a water battery, and sea wall around the entire island, and means to bring up to it all the knowledge of Vauban and Todleben. When the island is impregnable, he will wrap his mantle about him and die at his battery.

For the truth of all this story, let anybody, passing up the East river, look upon the island tip, and see the old man digging and building, and the little fort close by, bristling with pop guns.—*Scientific American.*

UNION SENTIMENT AT THE SOUTH.—One of the best commentaries on the returning Union sentiment of the South is the reception of Gen. Grant at Charleston, S. C. The newspaper accounts state that he was met there by a delegation of some five to eight hundred negroes; that a white man addressed the General in their behalf; that the General merely bowed his thanks, but requested Gen. Sickles to address the delegation in his behalf. In the course of his address, Gen. Sickles stated that Gen. Grant desired him to say that *the demonstration was the most marked exhibition of Southern love, and that he heartily thanked the loyal citizens of Charleston therefor!* Was not this one of those quiet but severe castigations which the general knows how to inflict? If five or eight hundred negroes in Charleston exhibited more loyalty than all the rest of the South put together, upon what class of people at the South are the Union men of the country to depend for the future?—*Chicago Republican.*

SOUTHERN OPINIONS.—A leading article in the Albany "Evening Journal" contains this passage.—

"When in New York, a few days since, we met a gentlemen from the neighborhood of Wilmington, N. C., who, alluding to the change in the labor system of the South, said: 'The fact is, we were all fools upon the subject. I owned before the war two hundred and fifty slaves. I fed them, and clothed them—good and bad, strong and infirm, old and young—alike. Now, I have a hundred hands at fifteen dollars a month each. I take my pick of the best. If they work they are paid; if they do not work, they go unpaid; and they support their own sick and infirm. The one hundred do more labor than two hundred and fifty used to perform, and I am making a great deal more money from them.' A distinguished rebel general, who stood by, quietly remarked, 'That is general throughout the South. The fact is, we had the dearest labor, and the great repulsive institution, in the world.'"

BRUTAL TREATMENT OF FREEDMEN.—A Vicksburg correspondent of the New York "Tribune" says;—

"I am assured by a general officer of high military rank and standing in this department, that instances of the murder of freedmen are of daily occurrence; and that, in consequence of the prevailing sentiment among the whites of hostility to the negro, it is impossible to ferret out and bring the criminals to justice."

Ice Manufacture in New Orleans.

A NEW ORLEANS paper gives a description of a new process of making ice adopted in that city at the Louisiana Ice Works.

In a strong iron cooler a given quantity of liquid ammonia is introduced; and by the means of a slow fire the ammonia gas is held in solution in the water. This gas is separated from the water, and is conveyed with a series of iron worms, which are surrounded by a constant current of water. The gas, running through the worms, becomes liquified by the action of the running water, and the pressure of the boiler, and flows into a revolver.

From the receiver, the liquified gas flows into a series of worms, which constitute the refrigera or freezing bath, where, by a rapid evaporation, extreme cold is produced. To utilize this cold, the iron worms are surrounded by a strong solution of common salt, which absorbs all the cold produced in the worms. Placed in the spaces between the worms, are suspended forms or molds of any size desired, filled with pure water This water immediately absorbs the cold from the salt bath, and the result is the formation of ice. From the refrigerator the same gas which has produced the cold is pumped into a vase, when it recondensed with liquid ammonia. This again goes through the same process as before, with but little loss.

Such being the case, it will at once be seen that the same ammonia can be used for an indefinite period, with only the loss of gas that may occur in breaking a pump, or by leakage. The temperature at which the ice is made is from 12 to 15 degrees below zero; but 40 degrees of cold can be easily produced by the apparatus. The apparatus now in operation consists of three separate machines, each producing 4 800 pounds of ice in twenty-four hours, and consuming two and one-half barrels of coke. The labor of twenty men is required for each apparatus, whatever may be its size. The only extra cost is fuel. So that the larger the machine the less the ice.

When General Sully, last summer, on the expedition to Devil's Lake, passed Fort Berthold, quite a number of Indians had gathered there to see him and make peace. They complained a great deal of dry weather, and wished the General would make rain the same as Father de Smet, the missionary that used to see them, had done. The General promised them that he would do the best he could It happened that shortly afterwards a heavy thunder-shower passed, flooding everything. The Indians were greatly pleased, and called the General a great medicine man. But they said it was a little too much at once. "Well," said the General, "I know it; but I couldn't stop the thing after it started!"

THE Albany "Evening Journal" says, in speaking of the disloyal character of the Virginia Legislature,—

"At a session on Friday, one chivalrous gentlemen remarked in reference to the supposed opinion of Mr. Johnson, that 'He did not care what that opinion was; he thought the great State of Virginia had *truckled* to the Washington authorities about long enough;' and the expression was received with applause."

This is only a fair specimen of the prevailing temper of the South. The less such men have to do with our Government the better.—*Chicago Republican.*

THE Richmond "Enquirer" does not want Virginia represented in Congress at present. It is for letting Congress slide and expresses itself thus:—

"The Southern elections for Congress were altogether out of place. These States had been fighting a death struggle for four years to get out of Congress; and, when defeated, it would have been more dignified to have awaited until the Congress invited them to send representatives."

They tell a story in New London illustrative of Groton business enterprise which runs thus: A green grocer in Groton sent his clerk to New London one morning last summer with a bag of green corn to dispose of. The young man was gone all day, and at night returned with his bag of green corn on his shoulder, and dumped it on the floor with the remark, "There's your green corn, go and sell it yourself—I can't." "Why," said the grocer, haven't you sold any?" "Sold any? No," said he. "I've been all over New London with it, and nobody said anything about any green corn. Two or three fellows asked me what I'd got in my bag, and I told 'em 'twas none of their d—d business."

☞ Whispering in church about doll babies, horses, gold mining, high taxes, ginger snaps, monopolies, the latest style of bonnet, mince pies, babies, "that delightful party," and other topics of like important character, while it may have an elevating effect on the mind, generally, we don't believe is exactly the style of worship inculcated by the Good Book.

☞ The modern waterfalls were first worn in 1859, at Buckingham palace, on the celebration of the return of the Prince of Wales from his visit to America. Waterfalls were, however, worn under the old Roman Empire.

☞ How strangely the moon lights up the past; how we can see far-off graves by its gleam; how it shines through the years that are gone; how the jewels of memory glitter when it enters the heart; how it reveals

———"The tideless shore
Where rests the wreck of evermore."

☞ Nothing so toughly brushes the tender gold dust, or flower-pollen, off the minds of girls as that old-madish cry of alarm at the male sex—that prudish abuse of a sex from which every one must make exceptions in favor of her father and her husband.

☞ Much adversity is requisite to make us hate life; a beckon from prosperity will recall this hatred instantly.

☞ Of all monarchs, Nature is the most just in the enactment of laws, and the sternest in punishing the violation of them.

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Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna Steele County, Minnesota.

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, [illegible] *Exchange.*

TERMS:—$2,00 per annum, invariably in advance.

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ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at Law in all the Courts of this State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes, Procures Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 14th, 1863. v1n3

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Miss L. L. Kellogg,

DENTIST, is prepared to attend to all departments of Dentistry, including latest improvements, with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted. Office—Chesley's Photograph Rooms, in Dresser's Block. v3n33tf

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DEALER in all kinds of Groceries at the Lowest Figures, Bridge Street, Owatonna. Nov. [illegible] 31-6m

[illegible] Cartin & Co.,

DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v2n9tf

J. M. Williams,



DENTIST. I have worked at Dentistry twenty-one years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth get Vulcanite, it is cheapest and the best. No man in Minnesota can beat me in Vulcanite work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operations guaranteed to please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n[illegible]

D. S. Harsha.

DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, choice chemicals Patent Medicines of all kinds, pure Liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils &c. Prescriptions put up with great care.

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DEALERS in Pure Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Assorted Candies, Green apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins etc. v1-n1 Cash paid for Hides.

Hastings & Twiss.

GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and ready pay. Livery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-1y.

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H. CARPENTER, Dealer in Head Stones, Monuments, &c., Main St., Rochester, Min. 3-4

American Hotel,

J. B. C[illegible], Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The proprietor has fitted up the old stand of the American Hotel and has all the conveniences for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n6tf.

F. S. Bodie, M. D.,

LATE Surgeon U. S. Army, having located at Owatonna, will promptly attend to any calls pertaining to the profession. Office over Wade[illegible]

C. C. Cornell,

MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes, and everything usually found at a Pottery—All kinds of produce taken for ware. Factory east end of Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Min. 512

Carpenter & Smith,

NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloths Cassimeres, and Vestings, Faribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. -1y.

L. H. Kelly, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

Horace Hawks,

PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Hotel, 2½ miles west of Rice Lake, on the Owatonna Road.—Good accommodations have been made for the weary traveler and his team. Bills always reasonable, and satisfaction given. v3n24tf

C. C. Hazzard,

PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The traveling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 31-tf

D. P. Smith,

PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1n22

G. W. Yearly,

PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel," Wasioja, Minn., second door south of the Post-Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Wasioja Hotel." v2n52

J. H. Easton,

PHOTOGRAPHIST. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27tf.

L. H. Kelly,

PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAINDEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

J. B. Hooker,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. ☞ Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 8-2

I. O. O. F.

STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building.

E. K. Smith, N. G. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
L. Bixby, V. G. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
J. Newsalt, D. D. G. M.

Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.

TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R.·. A.·. M.·. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

[illegible] DANIELS, H.·. P.·.
Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n39tf

[illegible] M. D.,

WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, (known as the Potwin Place,) where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. ☞ Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n24tf

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WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. 8tf

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE

CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS:
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR,

PICNICS:
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:

Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter,	8½
Sugar,	14
Cream,	18

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,

ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

TAIT & VAN VOORHIES.
Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n43

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!

Burr & McClure

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, as follows:—

WATCHES,

Of all kinds, both GOLD AND SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS

Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the

Seth Thomas Clocks,

Excelled by none.

JEWELRY

Of the choicest styles, and latest novelties, such as FLORANTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETTS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE,

CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

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The best assortment in the country.

Musical Instruments,

GUITARS, BANJOES, VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS CLARONETTS, PICKELOES, FLUTES, FIFES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

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A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

Willow Ware.

TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS. CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

BIRD CAGES

Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of the

NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

☞ Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.

Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch.

BURR & McCLURE.
Owatonna, May 18, 1865. v3n4tf

NOW OPEN!



CHESLEY'S NEW & ELEGANT

Photograph Gallery,

IN

DRESSER'S BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where he may always be found ready to wait upon those who may favor him with a call. He has the best SKY-AND SIDE-LIGHT in the State, the best of Instruments, Rooms and Chemicals, necessary for the business, and can safely warrant his work.

Good as the Best.

Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.
Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

FASHIONABLE DRESS MAKER.

Miss C. B. Kelsey

would inform the people of Steele County that she has established a branch

MME DEMOREST'S,

Great Emporium of Fashion,

In the City of Owatonna, on Main Street, at the residence of E. R. FENNO, where she will be able to do all kinds of DRESS-MAKING, CLOAKS MANTILLAS, Cutting and Fitting Ladies and Children's apparel, done promptly and in the latest styles. All kinds of the latest patterns, Cloaks, Mantilla Sacks, Dresses, Misses' and Boys' outfit, which she will furnish to all wanting them.

Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

Poetry.

BUILDING ON THE SAND.

BY ELIZA COOK.

'Tis well to woo, 'tis well to wed,
For so the world hath done
Since myrtles grew, and roses blew,
And morning brought the sun,
But have a care, ye young and fair,
Be sure you pledge with truth,
Be certain that your love will wear
Beyond the days of youth!
For if we give not heart for heart,
As well as hand for hand,
You'll find you've played the unwise part
And "built upon the sand."

'Tis well to save, 'tis well to have
A goodly store of gold,
And hold enough of shining stuff,
For charity is cold.
But place not all your hope and trust
In what the deep mine brings;
We cannot live on yellow dust
Unmixed with purer things;
And he who piles up wealth alone,
Will often have to stand
Beside his coffer chest, and own
'Tis "built upon the sand."

'Tis good to speak in kindly guise,
And soothe where'er we can;
Fair speech should bind the human mind
And love link man to man.
But stay not at the gentle words;
Let deeds with language dwell;
The one who pities starving birds,
Should scatter crumbs as well.
The mercy that is warm and true
Must lend a helping hand,
For those who talk, yet fail to do,
But "build upon the sand."

THE STATUE IN CLAY.

"Make me a statue," said the King,
"Of marble, white as snow,
It must be pure enough to stand
Before my throne, at my right hand,
The niche is waiting. Go!"

The sculptor heard the King's command
And went upon his way;
He had no marble, but he went
With willing mind and high intent,
To mould his thoughts in clay.

Day after day he wrought the clay,
But knew not what he wrought;
He sought the help of heart and brain,
But could not make the riddle plain—
It lay beyond his thought.

To-day, the statue seemed to grow—
To-morrow, it stood still—
The third day, all went well again.
Thus, year by year, in joy and pain,
He served his Master's will.

At last, his life-long work was done;
It was a fateful day;
He took his statue to the King,
And trembled like a guilty thing
Because it was but clay.

"Where is my statue?" asked the King,
"Here, Lord," the sculptor said,
"But I commanded marble." "True;
I had not that—what could I do
But mould in clay instead?"

"Thou shalt not unrewarded go,
Since thou hast done thy best.
Thy statue shall acceptance win;
It shall be as it should have been,
For I will do the rest."

He touched the statue, and it changed;
The clay falls off; and lo!
A marble shape before him stands,
The perfect work of heavenly hands,
An angel, pure as snow.

A PARODY FOR THE TIMES.

Yesterday, as I sat writing
Of the wars and of the fighting,
And was getting tired of telling,
What had oft been told before!
Saying things I thought most cutting,
Suddenly there came a butting,
And a woolly head was stuck in,
Stuck in at my office door.
'Tis some darkey with a voucher,
Thought I, writing as before;
Only this and nothing more.

I was tired of darkey capers,
And bent close above my papers,
Hoping thus the black intruder
Would go wander from my door.
But I hoped and wished most vainly;
For he knocked and butted, plainly
Showing that he was determined
To have speech upon the floor;
Showing that he really thought he
Had a right upon the floor:
Maybe this and something more.

"Come in," said I in vexation,—
For I hated, like the nation,
Thus to have the fellow thumping,—
"Come in, Darkey, I implore.
What, the dickens! is the matter,
That you make this awful clatter,
Make this horrid din and batter,
Thus against my office door?
Do you want to be a slave, and
Serve your master as before?"
Quoth the nigger, "Nevermore.

"I'm the spirit of a fellow
Who was murdered at Fort Pillow;
Murdered when I begged for mercy;
Pinned by bayonets to the floor;
And I've come to ask in reason,
Is this now a proper season
To have rebels who have strove to
Stab the nation to the core
Taken in, bid freely enter
Through the Nation's open door?
Only this and nothing more.

"We have fought as do the bravest
For your lives, your homes, your safety;
Bones of colored men lie strewn a-
Long the Mississippi's shore.
Black and white are bound together,
Mutual suffering forms the tether.
Now I ask, should we be ever
Made mere vassals as before?
Answer that, if nothing more.

"History tells us of a nation,
That, when owing its salvation
To the slaves who nobly fought to
Keep the foemen from the door,
Granted freedom to such heroes;
But sir! even bloody Neroes
Never granted pardon freely
To the "rebs," a thousand score,
While the serfs remained in bondage,
Whipped and cursed at as before.
Banish that, if nothing more.

"Ask your soldiers who extended
Help and succor as they wended
Dubious paths 'mid Southern forests,
Faint and weary, sick and sore?
Who it was that always waved them
Onward, praying God to save them,
And return them as he gave them
To their homes and friends once more?
Ask them this, if nothing more.

"Ask them, when they heard the thunder
Rending earth and sky asunder,
And the black and white stood close al-
Lied amidst the battle's roar,
If the fear of gun or halter
Ever caused us once to falter?
If a fighting reputation
Did not greet the colored corps?
Ask them this, and one thing more:

"Ask them, now the war is ended,
And the flag has been defended
By two hundred thousand colored
Men who form the Afrique Corps,
If they'll push us from our places,
To make room for rebel faces,
WILL THEY HAVE US VOTE, OR THOSE WHO
BROUGHT SUCH HORRORS TO THEIR DOOR?
Ask them that; there's nothing more."

Thus the darkey said, and started,
And the walls before him parted;
But he waved his hand and said, with
Look I ne'er had seen before,
"Good-by white man, as a nation,
God has given us salvation;
And, IF THERE the humblest private,
Sir, in all the colored corps
Is your equal evermore."

Miscellany.

HOW LOUIS NAPOLEON BECAME PRESIDENT.

There is no character in modern or ancient history more curious than that of the present Emperor of the French. Just now, when his relations with Mexico bring him so prominently to our notice, it may be of interest to glance at some of the earlier events of his career.

Prince Louis Napoleon, as he used to be called—the son of Louis Bonaparte, King of Holland, and Hortense the daughter of the Empress Josephene—had always been a schemer. He had indulged from his boyhood in dreams of empire. Being, according to statute, the heir of his uncle, the first great Napoleon, he was driven by the very exigencies of his inheritance into contrivances to obtain supreme power over France, which he without doubt pursuaded himself was his right. Through long, silent years he studied, until he became learned in jurisprudence. He knew well how to veil his designs by high sounding talk about freedom and honor, and loyality to the will of the many. Still for a long time he was not appreciated or considered a personage of much importance. It was, indeed, rather the fashion to laugh at him, and to regard him as harmless because of sheer want of capacity to do great things.

His attempt to rouse the enthusiasm of the French people, in 1836, covered him still more with ridicule. He presented himself before the army wearing the clothes of the first Napoleon, and, conscious that in point of hat, coat and boots he resembled perfectly the hero of Austerlitz, he imagined himself sure of welcome from the troops. He was utterly quenched however, by a certain resolute Colonel Talandier, and was shipped off to America by a good natured King of the French, Louis Philippe.

In 1840 he made another attempt, this time carrying with him a tame eagle, which he had taught to perform some exploit which he trusted the people would receive as an omen. The eagle failed lamentably in its part of the programme; and again a firm, resolute officer forced his way to the theatre of action—a barrack yard—and disposed of the Prince, his fifty armed followers, his flag, his eagle, and his counterfeit staff, with as much ease as though he had been dealing with a band of strolling players. This time the would be Emperor was tried for treason, and sentenced to perpetual imprisonment in the fortress of Ham, from which he escaped, six years afterward, in the garb of a workman, and went to England.

He took advantage of the revolution of 1848, in which King Louis Philippe was deposed, to return again to France.—"The third wins," says the old proverb, and this time he found more favor in the eyes of his countrymen. He was chosen a deputy to the National Assembly. Lamartine, always opposed to the Bonaparte dynasty, endeavored to effect his banishment, but was unsuccessful; and after stormy debate, the Prince, at this time forty years old, was found to be the most popular candidate. The election was conducted with perfect fairness; the Prince became President, and perhaps, as he had already made two attempts on the throne of France, he had some right to infer that the millions of citizens who elected him to the Presidency were willing to make use of him and his well-known ambition as a means of restoring to France an imperial form of government. At any rate, he acted upon this inference and no more held himself bound to the support of the constitution by his oath of office than did Jefferson Davis and Robert E. Lee consider themselves bound to the United States by theirs.

A LITTLE COUPLE.

There was a little couple in the time of Charles the Second, who compensated for shortness of stature by length of days. They were Richard and Anne Gibson. Richard had been minature-painter to Charles the First, and was also installed into the office and dignity of court dwarf to Queen Henrietta Maria. The king determined that the little people should be man and wife. It was done, and he gave away the bride. Walter, the court poet, celebrated the nuptials in the following lines:

Design or chance make others wive,
But nature did this match contrive;
Eve might as well have Adam fled,
As she denied her little bed
To him, for whom Heaven seemed to frame
And measure out this little dame.
* * * *
To him the fairest nymphs do show,
Like moving mountains topped with snow,
And every man a Polyphene
Does to his Galatea seem!

The little people had a remarkably happy life of it—if not absolutely "healthy and wealthy and wise," at least something like it. They had nine children, five of whom lived to be men and women, of the ordinary height. Richard, born during the reign of James the First, saw the glories and troubles of Chales the First, Cromwell, Charles the Second, and James the Second, and died early in the reign of William and Mare. Rather late in life he became drawing-master to the Princess Mary and Annie, afterwards queens. He died at the age of seventy-five, while his pocket edition of a wife survived to eighty-nine. They were each under four feet in height; it is even said that they could only muster seven feet of stature between them.

☞ An illiterate person who volunteered to "go round with the hat," but was suspected of sparing his own pocket, overhearing once a hint to that effect, replied. "other gentlemen put down what they may think proper, and so do I. Charity's a private concern, and what I give is '*nothing* to *nobody*.'"

THE TEMPER OF THE SOUTH.

The election in North Carolina was a perfect farce. Not one of the candidates chosen can take the required oath of loyality to the Government. Every nominee who could do so was defeated by a large majority. Governor Holden, whose crime was that of having been favorable to a restoration of the Union, though he opposed negro testimony and negro suffrage, is beaten by Worth, whose claim is that he has the glorious record of having fought in the rebel army.

The South Carolina legislature has adopted a resolution, that, while the triumph of the Federal Government is acknowledged, the State loses none of its dignity and honor, and "maintains all its traditional rights unimpaired," which in South Carolina interpretation, includes the "right" of nullification and secession. Wade Hampton, who came within a few votes of being elected Governor, has written a letter to his constituents, in which he counsels them to be faithful to their State, adding, with a magnificent flourish, which smacks of ante-secession times, "That is our country!"

In Georgia, the candidates for Congress were chosen with reference to their secession proclivities. One of them, Hammond, in his address, declares that he cannot take the required oath, and would be ashamed of himself if he could.

When the Louisiana Democratic Convention was held, which nominated a ticket afterwards elected by a large majority, the name of the traitor Gen. Beauregard, who opened the bombardment upon the little garrison at Sumpter, and who fired on the red hospital flag at Manassas, was received with an uproarious applause, which delayed business several minutes. The chairman, a leading citizen of New Orleans, ventured to say that secession was a criminal blunder, when he was at once hissed and hooted from the stand, and pursued with such venomous abuse as to induce an attack of apoplexy, from which he died the next day.

Mississippi elected a blatant, open-mouthed secessionist Governor, in preferance to a candidate whose record was that of a moderate rebel. The first act performed by this successful candidate was to declare his opposition to the bill permitting negro testimony in courts, and to recommend a law virtually re-establishing slavery in Mississippi.

These are facts which show, that, while the South succumbs to the pressure of military necessity, it is in nowise converted from its treason. Indeed, the speeches and documents which come to us from all quarters abound in declarations that the insurgent States yield to the logic of superior force, and the inference to be drawn tha the spirit with which they went into the strife still exists.—*Albany Journal.*

A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

One hundred years ago there was not a single white man in Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana or Illinois Territories. Then, what is now the most flourishing part of America, was as little known as the mountains of the moon. It was not until 1760 that the hunter of Kentucky, the gallant and adventurous Boone, left his home in North Carolina to become the first settler of Kentucky. The first pioneer of Ohio did not settle until 20 years afterwards.

A hundred years ago Canada belonged to France, and the whole population of the United States did not exceed two and a half millions.

A hundred years ago the great Frederick of Prusia was performing those exploits which have made him immortal in military annals, and with his little monarchy was sustaining a single handed contest with Russia, Austria and France, the three great powers of Europe combined.

A hundred years ago the United States were the most loyal people of the British Empire, and on the political horizon no speck indicated the struggle which, within a score of years thereafter, established the Great Republic of the world.

A hundred years ago there were but four newspapers in America—with combined circulation not exceeding 2,000. Steam engines and cylinder presses had not been imagined, and railroads and telegraphs had not entered the remotest conception of man.

When we come to look back at it through the vista of history, we find that the century which has passed has been alloted to more important events in their bearing upon the happiness of the world than almost any other century since the creation.

Who can foretell our development and national greatness a hundred years hence.

☞ An Irishman catching a thief's hand in his pocket in the post office the other day knocked the rascal down, and began to trample on his carcass, as if he was dancing a Fardowner's jig. "What's that for?" said a by-stander. "Oh!" said Pat, "it's small change the fellow wanted, and faith, I'm giving him a few post-office stamps!"

☞ "It was ever my invariable custom in my youth," says a celebrated Persian writer, "to rise from my sleep to watch, pray, and read the Koran. One night, as he was thus engaged, my father, a man of practised virtue, awoke. 'Behold,' said I to him, 'thy other children are lost in irreligious slumber, while I alone am awake to praise God.' 'Son of my soul,' said he, 'it is better to sleep than to wake to remark the faults of thy brethren.'"

☞ He that loves himself has only one joy; he that loves his neighbors has many.

SINGULAR LIFE-WORK OF A LUNATIC.

Has any one noticed the miniature fort at the upper end of Blackwell's Island, to the north of the Lunatic Asylum? It is the work of an insane man, who has spent half his life upon it. He lost his reason in Mexico, or somewhere else, where high privates were in demand, and just escaped being Mr. Armstrong or Mr. Parrot, or Mr. Whitworth, by going crazy.

Gunnery was what ailed him, and fortifications. As he was found to be quite harmless, and obedient to his monomania, they gave him intrenching tools, and told him to fortify the island. He took the geological and geographical bearings with the sagacity of a West Pointer, and concluded that any attack upon it would come from the South. So he devised a sea-coast battery with bomb proofs, approachable by a dike, with sluices and gates, and mounting heavy ordnance.

There never was a more patient workman for humanity or patriotism than this poor addle head. Nobody else being insane on the same point, he could get no assistance. All the other monomaniacs had oil on the brain, or poetry, or capital punishment, or negro suffrage, and were quite as devoted and zealous as he upon their claims.

So the old soldier, with a long sigh, and a brave heart, took up his single shovel and commenced to build the fort by himself. He wheeled barrow after barrow of earth into the sea, tugged from morning till night, until at last he raised a narrow causeway from the main land to a rock at the end of a long sandbar. With pebbles, and shells, and stones from the river, he walled this causeway until it became permanent. All this was not a month's nor a year's work; but year after year passed over his gray hairs; he kept on, wheeling, wheeling. The great city on the greater island required protection, and he was making its aegis. So he went on like the man who threw up the Charleston redoubts; and for fear he would be too late to his task, he left his bed altogether, and built himself a hut close to his place of labor. Here he slept and dwelt in the company only of his assuring conscience, and when at last his path was done, he set to work at the fort.

The result of all these years is before us. His battery is sodded green, with parapet, beam, ditch, magazine, revetments, abattis, and it mounts mock, or quaker guns, upon carriages of capital construction, looking up from the Sound towards Hell Gate, like arbiters of dominion.

The old lunatic is worn and failing, but he is not satisfied. His fort is done, but not his whole duty. So he has projected a water battery, and sea wall around the entire island, and means to bring upon it all the knowledge of Vauban and Todleben. When the island is impregnable, he will wrap his mantle about him and die at his battery.

For the truth of all this story, let anybody, passing up the East river, look upon the island tip, and see the old man ditching and building, and the little fort close by, bristling with pop guns.—*Scientific American.*

UNION SENTIMENT AT THE SOUTH.—One of the best commentaries on the returning Union sentiment of the South is the reception of Gen. Grant at Charleston, S. C. The newspaper accounts state that he was met there by a delegation of some five to eight hundred negroes; that a white man addressed the General in their behalf; that the General merely bowed his thanks, but procured Gen. Sickles to address the delegation in his behalf. In the course of his address, Gen. Sickles stated that Gen. Grant desired him to say that *the demonstration was the most marked exhibition of Southern tour, and that he heartily thanked the loyal citizens of Charleston therefor!* Was not this one of those quiet but severe castigations which the general knows how to inflict? If five or eight hundred negroes in Charleston exhibited more loyalty than all the rest of the South put together, upon what class of people at the South are the Union men of the country to depend for the future?—*Chicago Republican.*

SOUTHERN OPINIONS.—A leading article in the Albany "Evening Journal" contains this passage:—

"When in New York, a few days since, we met a gentleman from the neighborhood of Wilmington, N. C., who, alluding to the change in the labor system of the South, said: 'The fact is, we were all fools upon the subject. I owned before the war two hundred and fifty slaves. I fed them, and clothed them—good and bad, strong and infirm, old and young—alike. Now, I have a hundred hands at fifteen dollars a month each. I take my pick of the best. If they work they are paid; if they do not work, they go unpaid; and they support their own sick and infirm. The one hundred do more labor than two hundred and fifty used to perform, and I am making a great deal more money from them.' A distinguished rebel general, who stood by, quietly remarked, 'That is the general throughout the South. The fact is, we had the dearest labor, and the great repulsive institution in the world.'"

BRUTAL TREATMENT OF FREEDMEN.—A Vicksburg correspondent of the New York "Tribune" says:—

"I am assured by a general officer of high military rank and standing in this department, that instances of the murder of freedmen are of daily occurrence; and that, in consequence of the prevailing sentiment among the whites of hostility to the negro, it is impossible to ferret out and bring the criminals to justice."

Ice Manufactory in New Orleans.

A NEW ORLEANS paper gives a description of a new process of making ice adopted in that city at the Louisiana Ice Works.

In a strong iron cooler a given quantity of liquid ammonia is introduced; and by the means of a slow fire the ammonia gas is held in solution in the water. This gas is separated from the water, and is conveyed with a series of iron worms, which are surrounded by a constant current of water. The gas, running through the worms, becomes liquified by the action of the running water, and the pressure of the boiler, and flows into a revolver.

From the receiver, the liquified gas flows into a series of worms, which constitute the refrigerator or freezing bath, where, by a rapid evaporation, extreme cold is produced. To utilize this cold, the iron worms are surrounded by a strong solution of common salt, which absorbs all the cold produced in the worms. Placed in the spaces between the worms, are suspended forms or molds of any size desired, filled with pure water. This water immediately absorbs the cold from the salt bath, and the result is the formation of ice. From the refrigerator the same gas which has produced the cold is pumped into a vase, when it is condensed with liquid ammonia. This again goes through the same process as before, with but little loss.

Such being the case, it will at once be seen that the same ammonia can be used for an indefinite period, with only the loss of gas that may occur in breaking a pump, or by leakage. The temperature at which the ice is made is from 12 to 15 degrees below zero; but 40 degrees of cold can be easily produced by the apparatus. The apparatus now in operation consists of three separate machines, each producing 4 800 pounds of ice in twenty-four hours, and consuming two and one-half barrels of coke. The labor of twenty men is required for each apparatus, whatever may be its size. The only extra cost is fuel. So that the larger the machine the less the ice.

When General Sully, last summer, on the expedition to Devil's Lake, passed Fort Berthold, quite a number of Indians had gathered there to see him and make peace. They complained a great deal of dry weather, and wished the General would make rain the same as Father de Smet, the missionary that used to see them, had done. The General promised them that he would do the best he could. It happened that shortly afterwards a heavy thunder-shower passed, flooding everything. The Indians were greatly pleased, and called the General a great medicine man. But they said it was a little too much at once. "Well," said the General, "I know it; but I couldn't stop the thing after it started!"

THE Albany "Evening Journal" says, in speaking of the disloyal character of the Virginia Legislature,—

"At a session on Friday, one chivalrous gentlemen remarked in reference to the supposed opinion of Mr. Johnson, that 'He did not care what that opinion was; he thought the great State of Virginia had *truckled* to the Washington authorities about long enough;' and the expression was received with applause."

This is only a fair specimen of the prevailing temper of the South. The less such men have to do with our Government the better.—*Chicago Republican.*

THE Richmond "Enquirer" does not want Virginia represented in Congress at present. It is for letting Congress slide and expresses itself thus:—

"The Southern elections for Congress were altogether out of place. These States had been fighting a death struggle for four years to get out of Congress; and, when defeated, it would have been more dignified to have awaited until the Congress invited them to send representatives."

They tell a story in New London illustrative of Groton business enterprise which runs thus: A green grocer in Groton sent his clerk to New London one morning last summer with a bag of green corn to dispose of. The young man was gone all day, and at night returned with his bag of green corn on his shoulder, and dumped it on the floor with the remark, "There's your green corn, go and sell it yourself—I can't." "Why," said the grocer, haven't you sold any?" "Sold any? No," said he. "I've been all over New London with it, and nobody said anything about any green corn. Two or three fellows asked me what I'd got in my bag, and I told 'em 'twas none of their d—d business."

☞ Whispering in church about doll babies, horses, gold mining, high taxes, ginger snaps, monopolies, the latest style of bonnet, mince pies, babies, "that delightful party," and other topics of like important character, while it may have an elevating effect on the mind, generally, we don't believe is exactly the style of worship inculcated by the Good Book.

☞ The modern waterfalls were first worn in 1859, at Buckingham palace, on the celebration of the return of the Prince of Wales from his visit to America. Waterfalls were, however, worn under the old Roman Empire.

☞ How strangely the moon lights up the past; how we can see far-off graves by its gleam; how it shines through the years that are gone; how the jewels of memory glitter when it enters the heart; how it reveals

—"The tideless shore
Where rests the wreck of evermore."

☞ Nothing so roughly brushes the tender gold dust, or flower-pollen, off the minds of girls as that old-maidish cry of alarm at the male sex—that prudish abuse of a sex from which every one must make exceptions in favor of her father and her husband.

☞ Much adversity is requisite to make us hate life; a beckon from prosperity will recall this hatred instantly.

☞ Of all monarchs, Nature is the most just in the enactment of laws, and the sternest in punishing the violation of them.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1866.

CONSISTENCY.

Last spring, when the Board of County Commissioners met, many of the citizens of the County, feeling that $200 salary, per year, for the County Superintendent, was not a reasonable compensation for the services rendered, and would scarcely pay expenses, petitioned to that Board of Commissioners to raise the salery to $400 per year, but A. CHAMBERS, the Chairman of that Board, refused to do so, probably because his *Spiritual Adviser* was an enemy of the then incumbant, A. A. HARWOOD, and to do so would incur his everlasting displeasure, and through fear of utter banishment from his Holy presence, and the perfumes of sulphur being somewhat offensive, he acted as he did. But when application was made to the Board to have the Superintendants salary raised, CHAMBERS told Hon. J. B. CROOKER that the only reason he declined was, he wanted Mr. HARWOOD re-appointed in the fall, and if the petition was granted, *then* it would be used as an argument against him in the *fall*. He subsequently told Mr. HARWOOD that in disregarding the petition, he had in view his (HARWOOD's) best interest, that the Board must appoint again at the next meeting, and *then* the salary could be raised, conveying the impression that Mr. HARWOOD would be appointed.

We understand that the salary was raised upon the application of Mr. HARWOOD. That gentleman well knew the duties of the office, and regarding the school question paramount to every other in the County, he urged upon the Board the great necessity of properly salarying the office of Superintendant. This shows on his part in addition to a genuine *philanthropy*, the exercise of a true christian spirit, which contrasts widely with the efforts of those professors of Religion who have constantly opposed him. We do not complain of the Commissioners for *this* act—they ought to have done it *long ago*, and it was only because Mr. HARWOOD could not be *used* by CHAMBERS, AIKEN, and CORNELL, that it was not done. They *unite* in saying that Mr. HARWOOD was a good officer, and discharged his duties *faithfully*.

They say that they appointed Mr. HICKMAN because he was poor. Is it the fault of the County, that he is thus? Do they raise the salary for that reason? Are the schools to be deprived of the Superintendance of a man whose interest in their progress was so great, that he would labor constantly in their behalf, for a sum sufficient to defraf, not more than one third of his actual expenses, and be subjected to the denunciation of one who has manifested no interest in them, and was appointed to that position because he was poor? If such considerations as these form the motive spring of action, we may reasonably expect that soon the highest qualifications for any position, will be a manifest inability to take care of ones self. No one but "*Divinity*" can reconcile this state of things with the profession of a genuine Christianity, and he fails to make it meet the approbation of any conscience, except his own.

The raising of the Superintendant's salary was upon the motion of A. BATHOLOMEW, Esq., and we are glad that he commences his career as a County Commissioner by doing an act of justice so long delayed by his colleagues.

"As round and round we run, truth will
Ever come uppermost, and justice will be done."

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.

SENATE—Mr. SUMNER moved a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to guarantee the payment of the national debt, and to repudiate the payment of any rebel debt, which was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Sumner also offered a bill providing for the amendment of the statues of the United States, which was referred to the same committee.

Mr. Williams introduced a joint resolution submitting the following article as an amendment to the Constitution:

"That no power shall exist in Congress to provide for the payment of any person or persons for or on account of the emancipation of any slave or slaves in the United States, and no appropriation of money shall ever be made by law of Congress for that purpose."

The article was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Trumbull introduced two bills, of which he had given previous notice—a bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau, and a bill to guarantee freedom to the colored citizens of the States lately in revolt.

On motion of Mr. Ramsey, the Senate adjourned at 12 30, to meet on the 8th.

LIVE STOCK IN OHIO.—According to the recent Ohio State Agricultural Reports, the total number of horses in the State is 675,644; value, $42,538,879. Total number of cattle, 1,199,208; value $21,952,694. Hamilton county has the largest number of horses—18,189; and Pickaway the largest number of cattle—32,011.

The whole number of sheep in the State is 6,227,252, valued at $21,720,786. Hogs, 1,455,593, valued at $6,961,196. Licking county the greatest number of sheep—236,449, and Pickaway county the largest number of hogs—47,018.

☞ The Porter Brittannia and Plate Company's works, at Taunton, Mass., have been destroyed by fire. The loss was $25,000.

STATE NEWS.

—The United States taxes of Dodge county, amounting to over thirteen hundred dollars, have been received by the collector of the district, with the exception of two dollars.

—The rumor that a large number of persons, including Republicans and Democrats nave withdrawn their children from the "select school, in Rochester, in consequence of the attendance of a young colored man, is emphatically denied by the *Republican* of that city. The facts in the case appear to be that two or three members of the Democratic persuasion, hearing that a "nigger" had been permitted to receive instruction in the school, waited upon the Principal and inquired if the colored individual was to remain in the estadlishment as a pupil. The trustees informed the Principal and he the irate Democrats, that no distinction was to be made on account of color, and that the school was intended for the benefit of all who chose to come and behave themselves properly. The result was that four children out of seventy were withdrawn, whieb will not, we imagine, seriously interfere with its prosperity or usefulness.

—A LIBRARY ASSOCIATION has been formed in Rochester. The *Republican* says that over $1,000 have been raised to commence the enterprise. This is an excellent beginning.

—The Lake City *Leader* estimates that upwards of 1,012,000 bushels of wheat have been shipped during the season, at the different ports in Wabashaw county, including Lake city, Wabashaw, Read's Landing and Minneiska. The Rochester *Republican*, after copying the above says: Upwards of 800,000 bushels were shipped at the depot in this city during the same time.

—A bright little boy, the only child of a Mr. Colman, of Preston, was so severely burned on the 28th ult., by his clothes taking fire, that he died in a few hours.

—A Mrs. PHILLIPS, living on South Creek, Martin county, some twelve miles west of Winnebago city, was frozen to death on the 13th ult. Her husband was away from home at the time, and the family were in destitute circumstances—having been almost entirely without food for several days. In this trying emergency, the mother attempted to force her way through the huge drifts of snow to a neighbor's to obtain food for herself and two children; but she only succeeded in getting a few rods from the house, when she sank down and died from the combined effects of cold, hunger and exhaustion.

THE present Legislature of Minnesota is composed of 62 members—21 in the Senate and 41 in the House. In the Senate there are 8 lawyers, 6 farmers, 2 merchants, 1 mechanic, 1 civil engineer, 1 real estate agent, 1 physician, and 1 hotel keeper. The nativity of the members of the Senate is as follows: Maine, 5; New Hampshire, 4; New York, 3; Ohio, 3; Vermont, 1; Connecticut, 1; Massachusetts, 1; Pennsylvania, 1; Scotland, 1; Germany, 1. All have been or are now married—there being 18 married members and 3 widowers. The oldest members of the Senate are J. V. DANIELS of Olmsted and D. F. LANGLEY of Dakota—being each 56 years of age. The youngest member of the Senate and of the Legislature is THOMAS SIMPSON of Winona, who is 29.

In the House there are 19 farmers, 6 lawyers, 3 merchants, 3 millers, 1 publisher, 1 manufacturer, 1 contractor, 1 lumberman, 1 lumber dealer, 1 clerk, 1 grain dealer, 1 hotel keeper, 1 broker, and 1 cooper. Nativity: New York, 13; Ohio, 3; Maine, 3; Vermont, 3; Germany, 3; Massachusetts, 2; Connecticut, 2; Indiana, 2; Canada West, 2; England, 2; Illinois, 1; New Hampshire 1; Maryland, 1; Virginia, 1; Kentucky 1; Scotland, 1. Of the members of the House, 36 are married, 2 are widowers, and 3 single. The oldest member of the House and of the Legislature is A. K MAYNARD, of Le Sueur county, who is 62 years of age. In concluding this article we would simply say the members of the Legislature seem to have taken to matrimony as naturally as ducks to the water—there being but three batchelor's in the whole body.

A UNIVERSALIST Conference will be held at Rochester on Wednesday and Thursday, the 24th and 25th of this month.

GENERAL NEWS.

—A horrible murder was committed about 3 o'clock Saturday morning in New York, the victim being the chief mate of the schooner John Boynton, lying at anchor in the East river, near Riker's Island. It appears that the captain of the vessel, Mr. J. Reed, and the pilot, were sleeping in a berth in the cabin, and the captain hearing a noise, raised up and discovered a burglar at work ransacking the place. As soon as the burglar saw the captain was awake, he levelled a pistol at his head and threatened to blow out his brains. The captain cried for assistance, and the chief mate, Robert Mitchell, who was in the fore part of the vessel, rushed to his assistance with a hatchet, but the burglar suddenly turned and shot him through the heart, killing him instantly. Before the pilot and captain could recover their presence of mind the murder had escaped. He is described as a short thick-set man, with side whiskers.

—Lieutenant Commander Stillwell, United States Navy, has been sentenced by Court Martial to be suspended from rank and duty for three years, for neglect of duty, in that while in command of the United States steamer Waxsaw, at Baltimore, in November; 1865, he remained out of his vessel over night, and gave permission to his executive officer to be absent from the vessel at the same time thus leaving but one line officer on board, in consequence of which neglect eight men deserted from the vessel.—Lieutenant Wetmore, the executive officer, absent on leave as above stated is sentenced to be reprimanded for not knowing better than to ask or accept permission under such circumstances.

—The Hon. Jacob K. McKinstry, who represented the Barks district in Pennsylvania, in Congress, in 1861, died on the 3d.

LATEST NEWS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Edward B. Ketchum, who was sentenced on Saturday in the Court of General Sessions, to be confined in the State Prison for four years and six monthes was taken yesterday from the Tombs to Sing Sing prison, by Sheriff Kelly. The young man was accompanied from the City Prison, by his father and one of his brothers.

The *Express* has a report of a house in Hudson st., Jersey City, well supplied with arms and stocked with munitions of war, supposed to be a Fenian Lodge.

To-morrow there will be held at the Cooper Institute a public meeting of citizens in support of the position that European powers shall not be allowed to intermeddle in American politics. Several distinguished speakers will address the audience.

Gen. Sweeney, by invitation, visited the Fenian Congress to-day. He was enthusiastically received, and made a brief speech to the effect that he would endorse any measure calculated to unite the Brotherhood and inaugurate at once the great movement for Irish Independence.

A letter from a commercial house, dated Mexico City, Dec. 17th, says that the three loans put upon the market since the establishment of the Empire, have burthened the nation with a new debt of nearly $80,000,000. Of this sum only about $8,000,000 has been used for public service, in consequence of which the Commissioner of Finance has at the disposition of Maximilian only sufficient funds to meet expenses during the month of January.

CRESTLINE, Ohio, Jan. 5.—The large engine house of Bellefontaine R. R. at Galion, O, was consumed by fire last night with 12 locomotives. Loss heavy, estimated at from $300,000 to $500,000.

The *Herald's* Washington special says the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to the application of drovers buying cattle in Canada, informs them that the terms of the act of Congress prohibiting the importation of cattle at every place is decided, and leaves nothing to the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. He says, moreover, that the act of the 18th of December does not apply to cattle transported from one part of the United States to another via Canada.

A New York despatch of the 6th says Ex-President Millard Filmore and lady sail to-day in the steamer Europa for Brest, intending to spend the winter in Spain on account of Mrs. F.'s delicate health. Prior to their departure, however they engaged passage with Mr. Oscanyan for the grand Mediterranean expedition which is expected to leave New York on the 12th of May next, and which they hope to join somewhere in the Mediterranean.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, C. Chandler, and Harvey M. Waterson, have arrived at Wilmington, N. C. It has heretofore been stated that their business is to investigate into the alleged cotton frauds in the South.

A Cleveland dispatch of the 4th says the Ohio Fenian State Convention was held here on the first instant, and declared unanimously in favor of liberty and Gen. Sweeney.

A Buffalo dispatch of to-day says Carrington, convicted of the murder of a policeman last winter, was hung to day. He was but twenty years old.

The *Times* Washington special says there is now deposited in the United States Treasury to the credit of the naval hospital fund for the relief of disabled seaman, nearly $10,000,000. The interest of this sum is nearly sufficient to defray the expenses of hospinals and assistants.

NEW YORK, Jan. 6.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says the Cabinet meeting was of short duration. The latest positively asserted Cabinet change is that Secretary Welles is to be superseded by Senator Dixon.

The Pirate Semmes has had his quarters changed from the Navy Yard to the Marine Barracks to insure greater safety. He will be immediately put upon his trial and doubtless convicted, although his ultimate pardon is said to be already insured.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says the detectives who have been so long engaged in ferreting out the origin of the $100 counterfeit Treasury notes, have made a startling report to Secretary McCulloch. The Secretary has given the parties implicated by this report a few days to prepare rebutting evidence.

One of the sensible moves of the present session is the introduction of a bill for the relief of volunteer officers of the army, who through inexperience in the ways of war at its commencement got behind on their ordnance and quartermasters' account, and thus became nominally indebted to the Government in large sums.

BOSTON, Jan. 6.—Governor Bullock was inaugurated at noon to-day. In his inaugural he congratulated the Legislature that they are assembled for business under the auspices of a national peace, and referred to the sacrifices of the war, and its debts and burdens bequeathed, but with the assurance of a permanent and consolidated republic for North America, and the freedom of all races secured by law. He eulogized the prospects of the Western States, and dwelt upon the importance of improving the facilities for transportation between the Eastern and Western States.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Advices have been received from Japan, via San Francisco, to Nov. 11. A Commission had been appointed to ascertain whether the Tycoon was to withdraw from Yedo and reside henceforth at Keato, the dwelling place of the Mikado. They were then to discuss with the Japan Government the indemnity question and the opening of a new port, which, according to the treaties with the European Powers and the United States, has to to take place during the year 1866. They would also demand the reduction of all duties to the *ad valorem* rate of five per cent.

☞ Pleasure is a ball that a child runs after so long as it keeps rolling, but which he kicks away from him the moment it stops.

New Advertisements.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

Branch Mme. Demorest's Establishment!

Miss C. B. Kelsey

Has removed her Rooms over the new store on

BRIDGE STREET,

First door west of L. Bixby's Drug Store, *up stairs*, and would inform the inhabitants of Owatonna and vicinity, that she has opened a

DRESS AND

CLOAK-MAKING ESTABLISHME'T.

Being a Branch of Mme. Demorest's Emporium, and receiving her patterns direct from that Establishment, she is prepared to do all work pertaining to her business in the latest

NEW-YORK STYLES!

Cutting, Fitting, Marking and Fluting

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S APPAREL,

Done promptly, and in the best possible manner.—Patterns in the

LATEST PARIS FASHIONS,

Direct from Mme. Demorest's, furnished to all who may desire them.

Using Grover & Baker's Elastic Stitch Machine, she is prepared to do all her work with promptness and kispatch. This Machine is superior to all others in the strength and elasticity of its stitch, and it does all kinds of

EMBRODIERY AND ORNAMENTAL WORK!

She is selling the above Machines at low figures.

GENTLEMEN'S PLAIN SEWING

Done neatly and in order.

She has also for sale,

MRS. FOY'S CORSET SKIRT SUPPORT'S,

Which, for health, comfort, and beauty, is superior to anything of the kind in use. Also,

ROSEATE BLOOM OF YOUTH,

For the Complexion.

All kinds of Embroidery and Braiding Patterns for sale.

Please call and examine patterns, &c. All work warranted, and Fashions to suit the most fastidious.

Owatonna, Jan. 11, 1866. v3n38tf

MUSICAL FESTIVAL

AND

CONCERTS.

The adjourned meeting of

THE TEACHER'S AND AMATEUR'S

MUSICAL FESTIVAL!

Will convene in OWATONNA on THURSDAY, THE 16TH INST., and continue in session four days,

The Original Design to be Carried Out!

No Failure need be Apprehended!

"ESTHER, THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN"

Will be represented on

THURSDAY EVE., THE 18th,

In which MRS. TIBBETTS, of Lake City, who is admitted to be best Soprano in the State, will appear as "ESTHER," while the other parts will be well sustained, and all backed by a Chorus such as will not again be heard in Owatonna for some time to come. Let the public make a note of this.

ON FRIDAY EVE., THE 19th,

Will be given the

GRAND PRIZE CONCERT!!

In which Mrs. Tibbetts, Mrs. Davis, of St. Peter, and Miss Felt, now of Owatonna, and several others of superior talent will participate.

☞ One-half the net proceeds given to the winners! Three judges to be chosen from the audience, when assembled.

SPECIALLY TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends, a treat is in store for you. No pains nor expense has been spared to make these Entertainments worthy the name and reputation Owatonna bears abroad. Will you see to it, that this name and reputation are fully sustained by a proper response on your part? Will you?

☞ For particulars, see Programmes for each evening.

Tickets—Single Concert, - - - 40 cts.
" —To both, - - - - - 70 cts.

To be had at the Drug Stores and the Post-Office.

Hon. N. M. DONALDSON, President.
J. B. SEARLES, Sec'y.
W. E. HAWLEY, Conductor.

TREASURER'S NOTICE.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, STEELE COUNTY,
OWATONNA, Dec. 30, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE received from the Auditor of Steele County, a duplicate of the Taxes assessed upon the property of said County for the year 1865, and the amount of taxes for different purposes:

TOWNS.	Sinking F'd.	State Reve'e.	State Inter't.	County Tax.	Town Tax.	School Tax.	Road Tax.	Bou'y & Dist.	Co. Bounty.	Total.
Aurora,	83 03	331 53	83 03	331 53	103 75	165 80	167 36	1329 34	414 55	3009 92
Somerset,	56 02	224 08	56 02	224 08	112 04	112 04	120 46	3625 52	280 29	4810 55
Lemond,	57 41	229 84	57 41	229 84	114 82	114 82	146 06	97 79	286 89	1334 88
Berlin,	35 66	142 84	35 66	142 64	26 77	71 32	48 29	150 35	178 30	831 83
Summitt,	28 58	114 32	28 58	114 32	42 76	57 16	43 41	2302 67	142 90	2874 70
Dover,	60 11	240 28	60 11	210 28	60 15	120 20	55 15	2155 94	300 36	3292 62
Owatonna, (town,)	74 98	299 84	74 98	299 84	112 64	149 96	174 42	1539 22	374 72	3100 60
" (city,)	196 89	786 53	196 89	786 53		393 66	356 75	3540 95	883 19	7141 39
Meriden,	72 75	290 70	72 75	290 70	254 80	145 48	154 21	5709 14	363 44	7353 97
Deerfield,	42 20	168 05	42 20	168 55		84 48	105 78	1408 48	210 94	2231 18
Clinton Falls,	59 76	238 14	59 76	238 14		119 38	28 50	437 86	297 50	1479 04
Medford,	66 90	265 82	66 90	265 82		133 27	62 79	20 84	330 81	1213 15
Merton,	57 35	229 37	57 35	229 37	286 76	114 70	143 45	1105 30	286 76	2510 47
Totals,	891 64	3561 84	891 64	3561 64	114 49	1782 31	1606 63	23423 46	4850 65	41181 30

I will attend at the place of holding elections, or some other convenient place, for the purpose of receiving said Taxes in the different towns, on the following days of January, 1866:

Dover, Thurs., Jan. 18.	Lemond, Thurs., Jan. 25.
Aurora, Friday, " 19.	Meriden, Friday, " 26.
Owatonna, Sat. " 20.	Clinton Falls, Sat. " 27.
Somerset, Mon. " 22.	Deerfield, Mon. " 29.
Summitt, Tues. " 23.	Medford, Tues., " 30.
Berlin, Wed., " 24.	Merton, Wed., " 31.

City of Owatonna, Thurs., Feb. 1, and thereafter.

N. B.—All persons coming to pay taxes are requested to bring a description of their lands.

B. F. MELVIN, Co. Treasurer.

Cockrell & Williams,

PROPRIETORS of the Huff House, Winona, Minnesota. v2n37tf

New Advertisements.

TAKE UP.

Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 25th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.

WALTER STEBBINS.

Meriden, Jan. 11, 1866. 38-3t

A NEW HISTORY

OF THE

AMERICAN REBELLION,

BY THOMAS P. KETTELL,

Late Editor of "*Hunt's Merchant's Magazine*," "*Army and Navy Chronicle*," etc.

Giving the entire war complete, in **ONE LARGE** OCTAVO VOLUME of eight hundred large and closely printed pages. It will be illustrated by 40 portraits,

BATTLE SCENES, ETC.

These pictures are exquisitely beautiful, and will command general admiration. It will be handsomely and substantially bound, in Embossed Leather, printed on strong, white paper, and be in every way a FIRST CLASS BOOK.

Not a line of it was in type until after the capture of Jefferson Davis, and will contain the History up to September 1865. Other war Histories published in two volumes and written while the war was in progress are necessarily defective and incorrect for want of information.

In common with other authors, Mr. KETTELL during the war, issued a part of the War History in a volume first, designing to issue a Volume Second at its close that should complete the History. It was premature thus to write war-histories while the war was in progress. Since then FULL LIGHT has been given upon both the early and later events of the war. It view of these facts Mr. KETTELL decided to revise, correct and re-write all he had published, and, instead of issuing a second Volume, to publish the entire History in

ONE VERY LARGE VOLUME.

Of 800 pages.

The idea of War-Histories in separate Volums, delivered at separate times is daily growing unpopular with the people, owing to the greater cost of Books, so divided, and the difficulty and uncertainty of getting a Second Volume delivered.

KETTELL'S ONE VOLUME HISTORY OF THE REBELLION (*Second Edition now in Press*) is the very first Complete War History issued in the Union, and the people are anxiously waiting for just such a work as this.

☞ Sold only by Subscription, at the low price of FIVE DOLLARS per volume. GERMAN EDITION SIX DOLLARS.

ED. D. BARKER, Sole Agent

for Owatonna, Medford, Clinton, and other towns in Steele County, Minn.

Owatonna, Jan. 10, 1866.

ON SATURDAY, JANUARY 6, 1866, MESSRS. TICKNOR & FIELDS will begin the publication of a weekly journal entitled

Every Saturday:

A Journal of Choice Reading,

SELECTED FROM FOREIGN CURRENT LITERATURE.

Much of the best literature of the day is found in the English and Continental magazines and periodicals; and it is the design of the Publishers of this new journal to reproduce the choicest selections from these for American readers, in a form at once attractive and inexpensive. The Publishers believe that such a journal, conducted upon the plan which they propose, will be not only entertaining and instructive in itself, but interesting and valuable as a reflex of foreign periodical literature of the better class.

EVERY SATURDAY is intended for Town and Country, for the Fireside, the Seaside, the Railway and the Steamboat. Its plan embraces Incidents of Travels and Adventure, Essays Critical and Descriptive, Serial Tales, Short Stories, Poems, Biographies, Literary Intelligence, etc., in connection with judicious selections from the admirable popular papers on Science which are constantly appearing in foreign periodicals. The value of these papers arises from the fact that scientific subjects, however harsh and dry in themselves, are here treated in so graphic and picturesque a style as to charm the reader while instructing him.

It will be, in short, the aim of its Publishers that EVERY SATURDAY shall commend itself by its freshness and variety to all classes of intelligent and cultivated readers.

EVERY SATURDAY will contain each week thirty-two large octavo pages, handsomely printed in double columns, with an engraved title.

TERMS.

Single numbers, 10 cents.

Subscription Price, $5.00 per year, in advance.

MONTHLY PARTS will be issued, containing 128 pages each, handsomely bound in an attractive cover, price 50 cents. Subscription price, $5.00 per year in advance.

CLUBBING ARRANGEMENT.—Subscribers to any of the other Periodicals published by Ticknor & Fields will receive EVERY SATURDAY for $4.00 per year in advance. TICKNOR & FIELDS, Publishers, 124 Tremont St., Boston.

THE GREAT FAMILY NEWSPAPER.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE.

THE N. Y. WEEKLY TRIBUNE

Is printed on a large double-medium sheet, making eight pages of six columns each. It contains all the important Editorials published in THE DAILY TRIBUNE, except those of merely Local interest; also Literary and Scientific Intelligence; Reviews of the most interesting and important new Books; the Letters from our large corps of correspondents; the latest news received by Telegraph from Washington and all other parts of the country; a Summary of all important intelligence in this city and elsewhere; a Synopsis of the proceedings of Congress and State Legislature when in session; the Foreign news received by every steamer; Exclusive Reports of the Proceedings of the Farmer's Club of the American Institute; Talks about Fruit, and other Horticultural and Agricultural information essential to country residents; Stock, Financial, Cattle, Dry Goods and General Market Reports, making it, both for variety and completeness, altogether the most valuable, interesting and instructive WEEKLY NEWSPAPER published in the world.

The Full Reports of the American Institute Farmers' Club, and the various Agricultural Reports, in each number, are richly worth a year's subscription.

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An extra copy will be sent for each club of ten.

For clubs of twenty, two extra copies, or one copy of the Semi-Weekly, will be sent gratis.

For clubs of fifty, five copies, or one copy of the Daily Tribune, will be sent gratis for one year.

Subscribers in Canada must send 20 cents in addition, to pay U. S. Postage.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is published every Tuesday and Friday, and contains all the Editorial articles, not merely local in character; Literary Reviews and Art Criticisms; Letters from our large corps of Foreign and Domestic Correspondents; Special and Associated Press Telegraphic Dispatches; a careful and complete Summary of Foreign and Domestic News; Exclusive Reports of the Proceedings of the Farmers' Club of the American Institute; Talks about Fruit, and other Horticultural and Agricultural Information; Stock, Financial, Cattle, Dry Goods and General Market Reports, which are published in THE DAILY TRIBUNE. THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE also gives, in the course of a year, THREE or FOUR of the BEST AND LATEST POPULAR NOVELS by living authors. The cost of these alone, if bo't in book form, would be from six to eight dollars. If purchased in the ENGLISH MAGAZINES from which they are carefully selected, the cost would be three or four times that sum. Nowhere else can so much current intelligence and permanent literary matter be had at so cheap a rate as in THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Those who believe in the principles and approve of the character of THE TRIBUNE can increase its power and influence by joining with their neighbors in forming clubs to subscribe for THE SEMI-WEEKLY Edition. It will in that way be supplied to them at the lowest price for which such a paper can be printed.

TERMS.

Mail subscribers, 1 copy, 1 year—104 numb's, $4 00
do 2 copies, do do 7 00
do 5 copies, or over, each copy, 3 00

On receipt of $30 for ten copies, an extra copy will be sent six months. On receipt of $45 for fifteen copies, an extra copy will be sent one year.—For $100, we will send thirty-four copies, and one copy DAILY TRIBUNE, gratis.

Subscribers in Canada must send 40 cents in addition, to prepay United States postage.

DAILY TRIBUNE, $10 per annum.

Subscribers in Canada must send $1 20 in addition, to prepay United States postage.

Terms, cash in advance. Drafts on New-York, or Post-Office orders, payable to the order of THE TRIBUNE, being safer, are preferable to any other mode of remittance. Address

THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New-York.

1866 TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT 1866

AT OWATONNA!

Great Rush to Cooper Bro's. New Store!

THE "REGULATOR!"

TRADE RECONSTRUCTED! No More HIGH PRICES!

GOODS AT OLD TIME FIGURES.

COOPER BRO'S.

HAVE JUST OPENED, IN THE

North Store, Dresser's Block, Owatonna,

ONE OF THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SILKS, MERINOS, Common and All Wool DELAINES, ALPACCAS, WORSTED GOODS, AMERICAN, ENGLISH, AND SCOTCH GINGHAMS, MOURNING GOODS, LADIES' CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FANCY DRESS TRIMMINGS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FUR GOODS, at Cost Prices, to close out this part of our trade. A Great Variety of FLANNELS—Red, White, Blue and other colors,—FANCY CHECKS, BEST SHAKER,

The Largest and Best Assortment ever brought into Owatonna!

ALL OF EXCELLENT QUALITY, AND VERY CHEAP!

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

YANKEE NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

OF BEST QUALITY AND LATEST STYLES!

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Our Goods were obtained for Cash, and will be sold at

Panic Prices!

Good Fast Color Prints, from 15 to 25 cents per yard!

Good Denims, 25 cents per yard! and all other Goods Cheaper than the Cheapest!

Give us a call. We will suit you, and give, for a small or large amount of money, more value than you have received since the commencement of the Rebellion! Our motto is

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

Owatonna, January 11, 1866. v3n38tf

Grand Gift Concert!

Authorized and Licensed by United States Government.

2,500 GIFTS.

A GRAND GIFT CONCERT

WILL BE GIVEN, AT

DRESSER'S HALL, OWATONNA,

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1866.

And the public can rest assured that the best Musical Talent the West affords will be engaged for the occasion, when the following **SPLENDID GIFTS** will be distributed to the patrons of the Concert:

1 Ten Acre Lot, in the beautiful city of Biddeford, Me.,	$2,000
1 Lot, and House thereon, two stories and double tenement, situated in the thriving town of Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	1,800
1 Lot, and House thereon, one story, with good ell, in Kilbourn City,	1,200
1 gift in Greenbacks,	800
1 House Lot, with frame barn, 16x20, in Kilbourn City,	300
1 " with good well water, " "	200
2 gifts in Greenbacks, 200,	400
1 House Lot, corner of Rice and Elm Streets, Owatonna,	300
1 " on Elm Street, Owatonna,	180
1 " in Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	150
1 case Surgical Instruments, (first class Treman's make,)	150
1 fine Gold Lever Watch and Chain,	100
1 heavy Silver Hunter Watch and Chain, very fine,	75
5 first class Family Sewing Machines, $75,	375
10 gifts in Greenbacks, $30,	300
4 " " $25,	100
2 prime Sewing Machines, $20,	40
465 gifts in Greenbacks, $2,	930
2,000 " " 50 cts.,	1,000
2,500 gifts,	amounting to $10,000

20 per cent. discount on all gifts over $20. NO POSTPONEMENT. All the Real Estate is well fenced, and beautifully located. The buildings are in good repair, and within ten minutes walk of the Depot.

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION:

Each ticket has its duplicate number. These are placed in a wheel and thoroughly mixed. A disinterested person, selected by the ticket-holders present at the Concert, draws these duplicate numbers from the wheel. The first number called is entitled to the capital gift, and the second number called the next largest gift, and so on until they are all called.

The gifts range as they are printed on the bills and tickets, and we adopt the plan of rotation, believing it to be better for every one. Any person present can keep a list of the gifts as they are called so that you are as well protected, if you are a thousand miles off, as though you were present at the Concert. Persons, however remote their residence, can transact business with this office with the same degree of correctness as though they were present themselves, and we promise to all that they shall receive fair and honorable treatment. Every ticket is registered before being sent out, the number, name of party purchasing, and address, and all will be notified of the result of the distribution.

Try this. If you buy one, two, or four tickets, and look on the darkest and most unfavorable side, it will not ruin you. On the other hand, if you should receive one of the above splendid gifts, do you think you would regret that you bought a few tickets, especially as the Concert itself will be richly worth the price of admission?

Single Tickets, $2.00; 5 for $9.00.

Sent by mail on receipt of price, and parties ordering should be careful to write their name, town, county, and State in a plain, bold hand.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE!

To whom special inducements will be offered. Enclose stamp and send for circulars. Good titles to the above property, and all gift guaranteed, by SOULE BROTHERS, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn., to whom all orders should be addressed.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Official Paper of the City.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

WHEAT MARKET.—No. 1 Wheat in Milwaukee is selling at $1,25 per bushel. At Rochester, 80 cents.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Mr. BARKER sold a lot on Broadway, adjoining Mr. Buxton's Hardware Store, this week, 22 x 130, for $450.

BOUGHT.—Doct. BENNETT has purchased two lots 4 by 8 rods each on Broadway directly east of Judge Donaldson,s, where he designs erecting a Brick Residence next spring.

EVERY SATURDAY.—We this week lay before our readers the Prospectus of a Weekly Paper entitled *Every Saturday*. Pudlished by Ticknor & Field's, Boston.

GOING TO BUILD.—E. ABBOTT, W. F. PETTIT, and J. A. ARMSTRONG have agreed to build a Brick Block fronting on the Public Square, between Bridge Street and Broadway. This will make a splendid Block, and an ornament to the City.

RECEIVED.—*Harper's Monthly*, for January, 1866, is to hand. It is improving in interest yearly, and every means is used to make it the best periodical in the country. To begin with the year, is most desirable, and now is the time to subscribe. It is published monthly, at New York City by HARPER BROTHERS, Franklin Square.

SOLD.—G. W. COTTRELL has sold out his Stock of Hardware to his brother in Faribault, who designs continuing the business as heretofore, by sending here his head clerk to manage the concern. We learn also that Mr. G. W. COTTRELL has, or is about entering into business with J. A. ARMSTRONG, in the Dry Goods business.

KETTELL'S ONE VOLUME HISTORY OF THE REBELLION.—It gives an account of the late Rebellion from its commencement to the close. The Author is a renowned writer, and is as well qualified to give a perfect history of the whole that has transpired as any man living.

Mr. ED. D. BARKER, of this place is Agant, and is now canvassing the County for subscriptions, and considerdig the very low price of the work, we believe he will meet with abundant success.

SOMETHING BEAUTIFUL.—Mr. YOUNG, who is now working for BUSH & McCLURE in the Jewelry Business, has recently sketched the City of Owatonna, and had it Photographed. It is a beautiful design, and shows much skill in the designer. Mr. YOUNG has our thanks for one of the Photographs, and we shall ever feel happy in preserving it as a relic of our youthful city. They may be had at the Post Office, and at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store.

SELECT SCHOOL.—Our readers will notice in another column the Advertisement of Rev. J. H. BABCOCK, of a Select School which he intends opening in Mr. Dunlevy's store on the first floor, adjoining L. BIXBY'S Drug Store, on Bridge street. Our schools are now full and running over, and the children cannot make that proficiency as they might if they were divided. We have no hesitancy in saying that Mr. BABCOCK will be blessed with plenty of scholars, when we consider his ability and aptness to instruct.

REMOVAL.—Please notice the new Advertisement of Miss KELSEY in this issue. She has moved her shop on Bridge street, adjoining L. Bixby's Drug Store, on the west. She is is one of the best seamstresses in the State, and has all the latest Styles of Fashions for Ladies and children, and her work is done with neatness and shows refined taste. Persons wishing anything in her line of business, cannot do better west of the Mississippi River. She has had much experience, and is richly deserving the liberal patronage of this community.

NEW YORK TRIBUNE.—We publish this week the Prospectus of the *New York Tribune*. It speaks for itself, and that paper is considered by the world at large as the most reliable of any published in North America. Owing to its high moral and Political position, it is entitled to the universal Patronage of the entire country. Without it every fireside is lonely, and every such family destitute. It is also the CHEAPEST FAMILY NEWSPAPER in use. Now is the time for clubs, to begin with the New Year.

HIGH SCHOOL REPORT.—*Mr. Editor* :—Through your courtesy I will again report to the patrons of the School. The Scholars particularly distinguishing themselves during the past week, are, In Arithmetic—EMMA SCRUBY ; in Grammar—JENNIE POTTER ; in Geography—HENRY WYMAN ; in Alg.—BENJ. PULLEN.

PROMOTIONS.—FLORENCE CORNELL, from the Third to the Second Class in Grammar.

BLACK LIST—HERBERT RAWSON, O. ODELL, THEODORE DEAN, and EMMA HANES.

ROLL OF HONOR—The remainder of the School.

CHAS T. ANDREWS, Teacher.

Owatonna, Jan. 8, 1866.

GRAND GIFT CONCERT.—We solicit the attention of our readers, and everybody else, to the Advertisement of Soule Brothers Grand Gift Concert which is to take place on the 4th day of June next. It is designed to be a big thing for Owatonna, and will dispense its benefits to all equally, however distant. There is to be 2,500 Gifts, and many of them from $500 to $2000 each. A Grand Concert is to come off on the day above mentioned, when the Gifts will be distributed. The price of Tickets are $2 each, or five for $9, and for that small sum, the person may get the $2,500 prize, but no ticket will be worthless, as it will entitle the holder to the Concert, which will be as good, if not better than any ever in the State.

NEW GOODS.—We desire to call the attention of our readers to the New Advertisement of COOPER Bro's which may be found in another column. They have a splendid assortment of the most showy kinds of Dry Goods, Black Silks, Cassemeres, Alpacas, Delaines, Ladies Furs of all kinds, Breakfast Shawls, Ready-Made Clothing, and a superb Stock of Ladies Gaiters, Boots and Shoes and Groceries, which they are selling for a less price than any other Company in the West. They are fine fellows; and would be happy to show their Goods and prices to all who may desire to call, whether they purchase or not. Go and see for yourselves, it will do you good to see Goods sold again at old prices. Don't fail to call at the "OWATONNA REGULATOR," and you will be forced to exclaim, "THE HALF HAS NEVER BEEN TOLD !"

GRAND HOME CONCERT.—We announce this week the Grand Concert that is to come off in this City next week, under the supervision of Prof. HAWLEY. The singing preparatory for them commences next Tuesday, and continues through each day and evening until the Concert on Thursday evening, the same week, at which time "Esther, the Beautiful Queen," will be represented. Mrs. TIBBITS, of Lake City, will represent Esther, the Queen, aided by the whole Choir. It will, without doubt, be one of the best entertainments ever given in this City. It is announced that no postponment will take place on account of weather, and all singers are invited from a distance to be present and compete for the prizes which takes place on the following Friday evening.

Turn out, Citizens, and hear the best Singing you ever heard, and let Dresser's Hall be filled.

BOUGHT.—A German, name not known bought 44 x 130 feet on Broadway, directly east of the PLAINDEALER office, for $420 cash down. A large Bakery is to be erected on it in the Spring, and the Machinery is expected in a few weeks.

NO MAN is doing more for this City at the present time than Mr. E. ABBOTT. He is disposed to sell his lots for a reasonable consideration. He is one of the principal proprietors, and holds himself ready to sell any lots in his possession for what they are now worth, and not for what they will be some three years to come, as many do in other Cities. The other day he put a quietus on a certain gentleman who wished to buy a lot of him on the East Hill. The gentleman had bought one, by speculating, for $100, and he went to Mr. Abbott to buy another joining. Mr. Abbott asked him $140, but the gentleman insisted on his selling him the lot for $100, the same as he had bought the other. Mr. Abbott refused, and said the lot was worth all he asked, and that to convince the gentleman of his sincerity he would give him $140 for his, but the gentleman refused, and went away sorrowful. The beauty in trading with Mr. Abbott is his strict integrity. His word is as good as a bond, and always reliable.

—It may not be generally known that any one can now send to the public printer, at Washington, and order a set of documents, and pay for them a moderate price, depending on the cost. Heretofore the public have been dependant on members of Congress, for documents, and it has been a great source of annoyance to members, as well as to those who wished to procure them. For this change we understand, we are indebted to Senator Anthony, of Rhode Island, Chairman of the Printing Committee, in the United States Senate. The new system is not perfect, but it is a great improvement on the old practice, as booksellers may now order sets of military and naval documents, and keep them for sale. For this sort of documents, there will probably be a demand for many years after the war is over. English Parliamentary documents have long been sold to the public at cost.

—The Mobile *Evening News*, of Saturday, Dec. 30th, says: We are pleased to inform our citizens that the order closing the Episcopal churches in this State has been rescinded, and divine service will be held at each of the churches in this city on to morrow.

Married.

In this City, Jan. 7th, by A. N. STOUGHTON, J. P. Mr. AUGUST MULLER to Miss LOUISE DRABEL, all of Steele County.

SCHOOL.

A SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES WILL BE opened on MONDAY, the 15th inst., in

DUNLEVY'S BUILDING,

ON BRIDGE STREET.

Instruction will be given in all the Branches of an English Education, and in Latin, and Greek, and French.

TERMS.—FIVE DOLLARS per Quarter of Eleven Weeks, and one dollar additional for each of the Languages.

☞ For admission or information apply to

REV. JOHN H. BABCOCK.

Owatonna, Jan. 9, 1866. 38-4w

Millinery Store.

MRS. LANGLEY is now receiving a large supply of

Fall and Winter

MILLINERY GOODS,

From the East, at her new shop, one door east of the

People's Store,

And will do all kinds of work pertaining to the Millinery line. She is also prepared to PLUTE all material for

FLOUNCES AND TRIMMINGS, DRESSES, COLLARS, MUSLINS, &c.

Also, Agent for

Singer's Sewing Machine,

Which needs no recommendation, as every one knows it is the best. She has one for her own use, which she would be glad to show to any one wishing to become acquainted with its work.

MACHINE NEEDLES kept for sale.

Thanking the public for past patronage she hopes that it may be continued and will try to suit all, if possible. v3n17tf

Special Notices.

☞ NEW ARRIVAL.—D. Steven's of Faribault, has just received from the East a large stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks of all qualities, besides a splendid assortment of Jewelry, Plated and Silver Ware, and a full supply of Musical Instruments, which he proposes to sell on more reasonable terms than any establishment in the West. He has also received a fine lot of Sewing Machines, and a general assortment of Christmas and New Years Toys. All goods sold at wholesale or retail, and a liberal discount made to dealers. D. Stevens' is the best place to get your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired, and to make good bargains.—Store on Main Street, opposite the National House. v3n32tf

☞ SELLING OFF AT COST.—Mrs. MAGOON, of Faribault, being desirous of closing out her business, is selling off her Fine Stock of Goods at *cost*, consisting of Hat and Bonnets, of the latest styles, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Bonnet Frames, Silks, Velvets, Fancy Ornaments, and Veils. Also, a fine assortment of Fancy Goods, Buttons, Cable Cord, Belting, Buckles, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Worsted, Velvet Ribbons, Nets, Berages, Handkerchiefs, Muslins, Corsets, and Skirt Supporters, together with a large stock of Ready-Made Cloaks, and Cloakings, and Trimmings.

Cold weather is coming on, and the place to prepare for it is at Mrs. Magoon's. Call and see our stock and convince yourself that such bargains were never before offered in Faribault. v3n33tf

☞ THE BITTER FRUITS OF BAD BITTERS.—Invalid reader, do you know what nine-tenths of the bitter compounds you are solicited by the proprietors to accept as universal panaceas are composed of? Give heed for a moment. They are manufactured from unpurified Alcohol, containing a considerable portion of *fusel oil*, a poison almost as deadly as prussic acid. The basis of the regular tinctures of the Materia Medica is the same. No amount of "herbal extracts" can overcome the bad tendency of this pernicious element. The essence of sound Rye thoroughly rectified is the only stimulant which can be safely used as a component of a Tonic. Alterative, and anti-bilious medicine, and HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is the only medicinal preparation in the world in which this article is used as an ingredient. Hence the extraordinary effects of this great specific. It gives strength without producing excitement. No other tonic does this. All the ordinary Bitters flush the face and affect the brain. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS diffuse an agreeable calm through the nervous system, promote digestion, and produce sleep. No other tonic so quickly revives the exhausted physical energies, restores the appetite, and removes the gloom and depression which always accompanies weakness of the bodily powers. jan1lm1

LUMBER.

New Lumber Yard,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Near Dresser's Brick Block,

OWATONNA.

We have established a New Lumber Yard in this city, and desire to call the attention of the community to their stock or every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,

FENCING,

DIMENSIONS,

BOARDS,

CLEAR LUMBER,

SIDING,

SHINGLES,

LATH,

&c., &c.

Which will be kept constantly on hand, and for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

JOHNSON & HILLS.

Owatonna, Dec. 7, 1865. v3n33tf

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

JOHN COTTIER

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Steele County that he has opened a

TAILOR SHOP

ON MAIN STREET,

OVER THE OLD DRUG STORE,

Where he is prepared to

CUT AND MAKE

All kinds of

GENTS' CLOTHING,

Agreeable to the

LATEST STYLES,

ON THE

SHORTEST NOTICE & WARRANTED.

All kinds of

Cutting

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO,

AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Having had a

Life-Time Experience

in the business, in the Eastern States, he feels confident that his experience will merit a fair amount of patronage.

Owatonna, July 13, 1865. v3n12tf

MEYER'S

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

BOOKSTORE.

BINDERY, AND

COMMISSION STORE,

SECOND STREET,

Between Main and Johnson,

Winona, Minn.

I have always on hand a large assortment of

GERMAN & ENGLISH BOOKS, PICTURES, FRAMES, POCKET BOOKS, STATIONERY, PLAYING CARDS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

AND AT

Chicago & New York Prices;

ALSO, A

Circulating Library.

Books in any Language Sent by Mail,

POCKET-BOOKS MADE,

AND BOOKS BOUND,

NEAT AND CHEAP.

MISSING NUMBERS FURNISHED.

N. MEYER.

Winona, Dec. 21, 1865. v3n35tf

FURNITURE,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. A. HICKCOX'S FURNITURE STORE is the place to buy, as he has just bought out the Winona Establishment; and with that stock and the work he has already on hand, he offers to his former customers, and to all others wishing to purchase, as good a selection as can be found in Minnesota, and at prices as low as can be had this side of the Mississippi. A large stock of

LOOKING GLASSES,

SOFAS, CENTRE-TABLES,

Chamber setts, Ornamented with Gold Leaf,

MATTRASSES, PILLOWS OF FEATHERS, HAIR AND SEA GRASS,

Wright's Patent Sectional Spring

BED BOTTOM,

With assortment of

TUCKERS.

GILT MOLDING PICTURE FRAMES

Made to order.

CURTAIN ROLLERS AND FIXTURES

And a good variety of

CORD AND TASSELS

Of all kinds.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

☞ On College Street, next door east of Hurlbut's Block, at the GILT SIGN.

S. A. HICKCOX.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n4tf

GET UP AND DUST!



Frank Curtis & Co.

Have, in their

GROCERY STORE,

$2,000 WORTH OF TEAS,

of all qualities,

$3,000 worth of Sugars & Syrups,

of all grades. Any quantity of

Choice Apples,

in lots to suit customers.

SACKS & BBLS. OF COFFEE,

of all kinds, and

Thousands of Dollars Worth

of other Goods that must and will be sold immediately,

AT SOME PRICE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY, & BUY CHEAP.

Our stock is

Full and Complete.

And sell we must and no mistake.

Come on, then, and if we can't suit you in

Quality and Prices,

It must be because you have fallen into a state of

CELIBACY,

And will not be suited, and refuse to be comforted. We desire to make you happy in this world's goods, and you have only to

COME AND ASK

For all you need, and

THE PRIZE IS YOURS.

Broadway, Owatonna, Dec. 11, 1865. v3n7tf

REMOVAL.

Miss L. J. Kellogg,

SURGEON, DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED her Office to Chesley's Photograph Rooms in

DRESSER'S NEW BRICK

BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where she is much more HAPPILY SITUATED for attending to the wants of those needing work in her line, than in her old office. She is prepared to attend to

ALL DEPARTMENTS

OF DENTISTRY,

On liberal terms and in the most improved styles. Being thankful for past patronage, solicits a continuance of the same.

ALL WORK WARRANTED,

Owatonna, Nov. 24, 1865, 31-tf

NEW CARRIAGE FACTORY AT WINONA.

WM. M. TANNER & CO.,

Are now prepared to turn out THREE FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES PER WEEK! and have constantly on hand an assortment of

ONE & TWO-SEATED CARRIAGES,

LIGHT OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES,

AND DEMOCRAT WAGONS & SLEIGHS.

Hearses, Express and, Pedler Wagons made to Order.

DEALERS IN

Wagons and Buggies. Wood Work, Spokes, Hubs, and Felloes, Springs, Axles, Bolts and Carriage Trimmings, also a large assortment of the best

Carriage Varnishes.

The people of Minnesota are solicited to call and examine our work and facilities for doing the same before going East to purchase, as we will agree to furnish any of the above work to

COMPETE WITH EASTERN MANUFACTURES

Both as to Price and Workmanship.

☞ Repairing done at short notice, and all work warranted.

Winona, Nov. 20, 1865. v3n33tf

PIANOS & MELODEONS!

Harmoniums, Church and

SCHOOL ORGANS!



AT MANUFACTURERS RETAIL PRICES.

A Liberal Discount to Ministers, Churches, Schools and Teachers!

THE undersigned is Agent for the best manufacture of the above Instruments in the United States, all of which are fully warranted for 5 years

☞ TERMS CASH! ☜

☞ Apply, or address me, at Medford, Steele Co. Minn. [v2n10tf

W. E. HAWLEY.

UNION

CLOTHING STORE

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned wish to inform the people of

OWATONNA AND VICINITY.

That they have

Opened Business,

AT

No. 1 Dresser's Block,

NEAR MARKET SQUARE,

And are ready and willing to serve the public to as good a stock of

READY-MADE

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

As was ever brought to this place. We wish to mention that

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD THIS SEASON,

Therefore we have

MARKED THEM DOWN

As low as possible. We warrant to give

EVERYBODY SATISFACTION.

Try us and see for yourselves.

H. RUKEYSER & BRO.

Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n34tf

DRUG & BOOK STORE!

At the sign of the

Golden Mortar,

Is the place to get great bargains in the line of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, DYE STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, VARNISHES,

Yankee Notions,

PATENT MEDICINES, of all kinds, KEROSENE OIL & LAMPS, (in large quantities,) SLATES & PENCILS, COPY & BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES FOR 1865, &c.

Physicians & Druggits

From the country, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to duplicate any bills, of limited size, from

EASTERN MARKETS.

All Medicine, Domestic Wines, and Liquors,

Warranted Pure & Genuine.

☞ Remember the place: STONE STORE, GOLDEN MORTAR, Broadway.

WOODDARD & ELLS.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n4m6

THE CARS ARE RUNNING TO FARIBAULT

And so, via the Central Railroad, are J. H. WINTER'S Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

arriving directly from the East, consisting of

MILINARY AND DRY GOODS !

among which may be found a superior assortment of

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS
BLUE AND BROWN DENIMS
ALL WOOL AND COMMON
DELAINES PRINTS
GINGHAMS, LINDSEYS,
ALPACCAS, &c. &c

A good assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY FLANNELS

For Ladies', Children and Gents' wear

A large assortment of BLACK and COLORED

CLOAKING.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

RESS BUTTONS,
PINS, NEEDLES,
HOSIERY AND
GLOVES, SHAWLS
AND WORSTED GOODS.

A Complete assortment of

FANCY GOOODS.

☞ The young lady who takes charge of the Millinery Department has just arrived from the East, where she gave entire satisfaction to the Proprietors of the Oldest and Largest Millinery Establishment in Western Mass.

Cloak and Dress Making done to order in all the LATEST STYLES.

Faribault, Nov. 23, 1865: 31-tf

LOTS FOR SALE.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R. R. and Min. Central R. R. Apply to

F. McNAMARA.

Chief Engineer Min. Val. R. R.

St. Paul, Minn.

v3n35m6

1865. FALL TRADE 1865.

The people of Owatonna and surrounding country are respectfully requested to call and examine my large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES

CROCKERY,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

&c., &c., &c.

My stock is selected with a view to the interest of this County, and will be sold for

CASH OR READY PAY,

At prices to suit the times.

Do not fail to give me a call, and I will do my best to please.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,

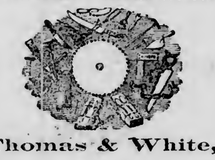
BRIDGE STREET,

Between Main and Broadway.

J. T. LEWTON.

Owatonna, Oct. 19, 1865. v3n26tf.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!



Thomas & White,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, SASH, PUTTY, GLASS, NAILS, ROPE, AX HANDLES, AXES, TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY, POWDER & SHOT, CAPS, HORSE-SHOES & NAILS, SAD IRONS, HAY KNIVES, LANTERNS, FORKS, CHAINS, STRAP HINGES, BUTTS, SCREWS, WASH BOARDS, WELL BUCKETS, OX BOWS, WOOD SAWS, LADIES' & MEN'S SKATES, &c., &c.,

And everything kept in a

HARDWARE STORE,

And at prices that will

Challenge Competition.

We are also Agents for the celebrated

Monitor Clothes-Wringer,

That has taken the premium at several State Fairs.

We have also a

TIN-SHOP

Connected with the store, and are prepared to do

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING

IN

TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER.

On the shortest notice, and prices satisfactory.

THOMAS & WHITE.

Owatonna, July 27, 1865. v3n14tf

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
STEELE COUNTY. }

To David Turner, Esq.:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA you are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for said County, on the 20th day of February, 1866 at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, to answer to Jonathan Sarchy, in a Civil Action.

Given under my hand this 20th day of December, 1865.

I. P. REQUA,
Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
STEELE COUNTY. }

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA, you are hereby commanded to summon WILLIAM ELLIS, if he shall be found in your County, to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 28th day of December, 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, then and there to answer, under oath, such questions as may be put to him touching his indebtedness to David Turner, and touching any property, money or effects of the said David Turner in his possession or under his controle. And have you then and there this writ.

Given under my hand this 20th day of December, 1865, at the City of Owatonna.

I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
COUNTY OF STEELE. }

YOU, DAVID TURNER, WILL PLEASE TAKE notice that the Summons, of which the above is a copy, was, on the 21st day of December, 1865, served on the above named WILLIAM ELLIS at his residence in said County, by leaving a true copy thereof: That said William Ellis did on said 28th day of December appear in answer to said Summons: That the examination of the said William Ellis was by me postponed to the 20th day of February, 1866, at one o'clock in the afternoon. You are therefore summoned and required to appear at my office in Owatonna, in said County, at one o'clock of said last mentioned day, and take part in the examination of said garnishee.

Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA,
Justice of the Peace.

FOR SALE.—A large MULE, suited for farm or other heavy work. Inquire of J. T. LEWTON, Next door to the Post-Office, Owatonna. 3-35

THE OLD FLAG STILL WAVES!

THE GOOD OLD TIME HAS COME!

To all who buy their goods of

J. P. GURR,

At Rice Lake, where he keeps a large stock of

DRY GOODS

Consisting in pa of

SHAWLS,
PRINTS, best qualities at 25 cts.
DE LAINES,
SUMMER CLOTHING,
FACTORY, Bleached and Unbleached, from 30 to 35 cts., and other things in proportion.

A good assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS, BOOTS & SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY GLASS WARE, SASH & WINDOW GLASS, TIN WARE.

ALL KINDS OF

FARMING UTENSILS, Nails, YANKEE NOTIONS

Also a fine assortment of

GROCERIES!

Of all kinds, and almost everything for

FAMILY USE!

Which we are selling as cheap as any

Store in the West.

We sell for **READY PAY**, and give the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

for all kinds of Country Produce.

Rice Lake, June 16th, 1864. v2n8tf

NEW LUMBER YARD!

ON CEDAR STREET,

IN THE

Rear of the Baptist Church

The undersigned has established a new

LUMBER YARD

In this city, at the above named location, and desires to call the attention of everybody to his stock of every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,
FENCING,
DIMENSIONS,
BOARDS,
SIDING
CLEAR LUMBER,
SHINGLES,
LATH,

&c., &c.

Which he has constantly on hand, and for sale at th

Lowest Market Prices.

S. B. WASHBURN

Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

NEVER OUTDONE!

THE undersigned takes this method to announce to his numerous patrons and the country generally, that he has established himself on

MAIN STREET,

IN THE

Cabinet Business,

And is prepared to furnish all who may call, with every variety of

BUREAUS,
BEDSTEADS, of all kinds and prices,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CENTRE TABLES,
CARD TABLES,
FALL-LEAF TABLES, &c.,

CHEAPER

Than can be sold in the State. Also, all kinds of

CHAIRS,

Down to the very latest styles, such as

WINDSOR, ROCKING, CANE-SEAT, OFFICE, &c.
SOFAS, LOUNGES, SOFA CHAIRS, &c.

Also a splendid stock of the best

German Plate Mirrors,

WITH OR WITHOUT FRAMES,

And a full assortment of

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings,

For Frames, and a splendid stock of

Mattrasses,

Of every description, and

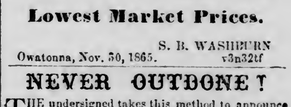
Tucker's Spring Beds,

All of which will be sold for less money than at any other Cabinet Shop in the State. Give us a call and we will prove to you the fact that at J. F. Hanna's is the place to buy cheap.

Our work is WARRANTED, and made of the BEST MATERIAL, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

We also have, in connection with the above

COFFINS



OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

And the latest styles kept constantly on hand. We have on hand the best styles of

METALLIC COFFINS,

Which we will sell as cheap as can be had in Eastern cities.

☞ Strict attention paid to orders and attendance on funerals.

Feeling grateful for former patronage, we hope by keeping the best of ware, and selling at low prices, to merit a continuance of the same.

J. F. HANNA.

Owatonna, Aug. 3, 1865.

Dr. Middaugh,

PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Home, ten miles west of Owatonna. Good accommodations for man and beast are provided for all who call. 3-35

M. E. Billings,

DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR Post-Office Address, Steele Centre, Steele County, Minn. Will attend to all Surveying upon order. 3-35m3

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FOR SALE

AT

BATCHELDER'S

BLOCK,

FARIBAULT.

10,000 *YARDS DRESS GOODS.*

1,000 *BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.*

PRINTS AT

NEW YORK PRICES

LARGE PILES OF BLANKETS!

SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS,

HATS CAPS AND FURS

WOOLEN CLOTHES AND FLANNELS,
DENIMS, STRIPES, TICKS, SHEETINGS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING. (*All Wool*)
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
LARGE LOT MITTENS AND GLOVES,
GOOD WARM UNDERCLOTHING. (Very Cheap.)

ALL KINDS OF

Groceries, BEST STOCK OF **Crockery**

IN THE STATE.

ALL AT THE

Very Lowest Prices.

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK

FARIBAULT

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of

Everything.

THE undersigned wishes to give notice to the public that he has purchased the Building formerly occupied by J. S. DUDLEY, on Oak Street, opposite the WINSHIP HOUSE, where he has opened a large and extensive

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.

D. C. MORLEY.

Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES.

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOL'SALE GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

ROCHESTER

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Rochester - - - - Minnesota.

ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in.

A. F. CHILDS, Pres.
C. H. FOOTE, Sec. 2-36-tf

SAMUEL FRIEND,

DEALER IN

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c, &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.

1865. 1866.

Metropolitan Hall Building,

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF

C. & D. N. Russell & Co.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO. are now opening their Second Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS direct from the East, which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at New York and Boston prices,

ONCE MORE

The attention of Ladies is respectfully called to our Choice selection of

MERINOS, THIBETS, COMMON AND ALL WOOL DE LA NES, ALPACCAS, PARAMATTAT, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH GINGHAMS, SILK AND WORSTED, PRINMS, &c. &c. GOODS. &c. &c. &c.

Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND BLEACHED
STRIPED AND CHECKED
BLUE AND BROWN

SHEETING,
SHIRTING,
DENIMS, TICKINGS,
&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

SOMETHING NEW!!

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands. The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

☞ We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well Selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public; made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prime Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as and store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE US, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement.

FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865.

31-tf C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO.

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

HO, FOR THE "REGULATOR!!"

The Glad Hour has Come!

LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' & GENTS' FUR GOODS, AND LADIE'S AND CHILDREN' SHOES,

Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

Superior Qualities, and Very Low Prices!

We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.

We call your especial attention to our

LADIE'S, GENT'S, AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN," and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.

We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but **WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE**, and by our long experience in business, we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

No. 3, BANK BLOCK, BROAD'Y, ROCHESTER, Minn

DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.* v2n43

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL

Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the

UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER

TO

Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,

and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE | **AT CHICAGO**

With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line. | **With all Trains for the East & South.**

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train,

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a seasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS

FISH,

FRESH & DRIED APPLES,

CANNED FRUIT

TOBACCO

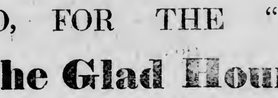
and every thing else usually found in a

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold, and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER



RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d, AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA. 6	De 11 10 am	De 3 00 p m	De. 5 45 am
Minn City* 5	Ar 11 35	3 26	6 05
	De 11 40		
Stockton 8	12 05 p m	3 50	6 20
Lewiston 3	1 00	4 40	6 55
Utica* 6	1 15	4 55	7 05
St Charles 9	1 50	5 30	7 25
Eyota* 7	2 30	6 20	7 55
Chester* 6	3 00	6 40	8 20
Rochester 15	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	8 40
Kasson			Ar 9 30 a m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona 6	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 20 p m
Minn City 5	10 30	11 40	8 55
Stockton 8	10 15	11 15	8 35
Lewiston 3	9 35	10 30	7 45
Utica 6	9 25	10 10	7 25
St Charles 9	9 05	De 9 45	7 00
		Ar 9 30	
Eyota 7	8 35	8 50	De 6 20
			Ar 6 10
Chester 6	8 10	8 20	5 40
Rochester 15	7 50	De 7 00 p m	De 5 10 p m
Kasson	De 7 00 p m		

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.

Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.

Owatonna, June 30th, 1864. v2n10t

DRUG STORE.

DOCT. D. S. HARSHA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., Also

HOWS & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf

D. S. HARSHA.

Owatonna, May 14th 1863.

WILLCOX & GIBBS SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt,* and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with *no* change of needle, thread or tension.

Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine.* It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods,* thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is WARRANTED NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to *"survive the wash-tub."* Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition,* and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction,* or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The Blade of the needle is *less than ¾ of an inch long,* and *is straight.* It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark.* The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—other machines only at 400 to 1200, with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years.—Many thousands are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all.—They will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." *Not one* operator in ten on the Willcox & Gibbs will *break a needle or drop a stitch in a year.* The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

Its *rapidity, absolute stillness, ease of motion, noiselessness and neatness* of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes instruction they will set needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success. A blind girl, with the exception of threading the needle, can do the same. Many ladies owning other first-class machines, come to our office to do their *fine hemming and felling* on the Willcox & Gibbs Machine.

The PRESS universally pronounce this the *best family* Sewing Machine in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price $1.50.—Large Discount to Agents

Editors who desire one of these machines on half advertising contracts, can insert this advertisement, send us their paper, and get a machine at any time.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell OIL, COTTON, SILK, TWIST and NEEDLES *for every kind of sewing machine.*

Is entirely noiseless.

A PATENTED DEVICE prevents its being turned backward.

The PATENTED NEEDLE cannot be set wrong.

The PATENTED HEMMER AND FELLER AND BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.

It runs faster than any other.

It will never drop a stitch.

It is the only practical machine which *all* can use.

It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.

No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."

It cannot be adjusted or get out of order.

It uses the "Rotating Hook."

Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.

The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Fair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:

"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award **The First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

J. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system.

Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.

It is warrantted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies,) or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.

There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.

Do NOT DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.

Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatise on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures made in this city.

For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.

Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

—IS—

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a half a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chill. Should it produce vomiting (and it probably will, if the stomach is very foul), take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverence in the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease.

Sold dy All Medicine Dealers.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

1-2col, vol3.No.27 1 yr

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the Lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt ever made.

WEST, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., New York.

For Sale in all First-Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v2n19m3

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. A. & C.

The Winona & St. Peter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the

RICHEST PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.

Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
491f Winona, Minn.

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1865, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

DAY ACCOMMODATION, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED).

GOING SOUTH.	Leaves	GOING NORTH.	Leaves
Minneapolis,	7:10 A. M.	Faribault,	4:50 P. M.
Mendota,	8:00 A. M.	Dundas,	5:20 P. M.
Westcott,	8:30 A. M.	Northfield,	5:50 P. M.
Rosemont,	8:55 A. M.	Castle Rock,	6:20 P. M.
Farmington,	9:25 A. M.	Farmington,	7:00 P. M.
Castle Rock,	10:05 A. M.	Rosemont,	7:30 P. M.
Northfield,	10:50 P. M.	Wescott,	8:00 P. M.
Dudnas,	11:10 P. M.	Mendota,	8:40 P. M.
Faribault'y	12:30 P. M.	Minneapolis,	9:20 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Superintendent.
Minneapolis, Oct. 21, 1865. oct. 26

DEFECTIVE PAGE

FOR SALE

AT

BATCHELDER'S

BLOCK,

FARIBAULT.

10,000 *YARDS DRESS GOODS.*

1,000 *BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.*

PRINTS AT

NEW YORK PRICES

LARGE PILES OF BLANKETS!

SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS,

HATS CAPS AND FURS

WOOLEN CLOTHES AND FLANNELS,
DENIMS, STRIPES, TICKS, SHEETINGS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING. (*All Wool*)
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
LARGE LOT MITTENS AND GLOVES,
GOOD WARM UNDERCLOTHING. (Very Cheap.)

ALL KINDS OF

Groceries, BEST STOCK OF **Crockery**

IN THE STATE

ALL AT THE

Very Lowest Prices.

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK

FARIBAULT

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

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FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.

D. C. MORLEY.

Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOL'SALE GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,

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INSURANCE COMPANY,

Rochester - - - - Minnesota.

ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in.

C. H. FOOTE, Sec. A. F. CHILDS, Pres. 2-36-tf

SAMUEL FRIEND,

DEALER IN

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

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DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c, &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S

COLUMN

1865. 1866.

Metropolitan Hall Building,

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF

C. & D. N. Russell & Co.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO. are now opening their Second Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS direct from the East, which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at New York and Boston prices,

ONCE MORE

The attention of Ladies is respectfully called to our Choice selection of

MERINOS, THIBETS, COMMON AND ALL WOOL DE LA NES, ALPACCAS, PARAMATTAT, AMERICAN AND ENG. LISH GINGHAMS, SILK AND WORSTED, PRINMS, &c. &c. GOCDS. &c. &c. &c.

Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND STRIPED AND BLUE AND — **SHEETING, SHIRTING, DENIMS, TICKINGS,** &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. — BLEACHED CHECKED BROWN

SOMETHING NEW!!

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands. The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

☞ We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well Selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public; made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prime Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as and store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE US, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement

FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865.

31-tf C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO.

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

HO, FOR THE "REGULATOR!!"

The Glad Hour has Come!

LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' & GENTS' FUR GOODS, AND LADIE'S AND CHILDREN' SHOES,

Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

Superior Qualities, and Very Low Prices!

We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.

We call your especial attention to our

LADIE'S, GENT'S, AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN,' and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.

We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but **WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE**, and by our long experience in business, we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

No. 3, BANK BLOCK, BROADWAY, ROCHESTER, Minn

DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.* v2n43

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL

Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the

UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER

TO

Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,

and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE | AT CHICAGO

With Detroit & Mil- With all Trains for wankee R. R. and the East & South. Steamship Line.

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Trains,

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a seasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.

E. P. BACON, Gen. Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS,

FISH,

FRESH & DRIED APPLES,

CANNED FRUIT

TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found in a

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold, and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER



RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d, AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA. 6	De 11 10 am	De 3 00 p m	De. 5 45 am
Minn City* 5	Ar 11 35 De 11 40	3 26	6 05
Stockton 8	12 05 p m	3 50	6 20
Lewiston 3	1 00	4 40	6 55
Utica* 6	1 15	4 55	7 05
St Charles 9	1 50	5 30	7 25
Eyota 7	2 30	6 20	7 55
Chester* 6	3 00	6 40	8 20
Rochester 15	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	8 40
Kasson			Ar 9 30 a m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona 6	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 20 p m
Minn City 5	10 30	11 40	8 55
Stockton 8	10 15	11 15	8 35
Lewiston 3	9 35	10 30	7 45
Utica 6	9 25	10 10	7 25
St Charles 9	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 30	7 00
Eyota 7	8 35	8 50	De 6 20 Ar 6 10
Chester 6	8 10	8 20	5 40
Rochester 15	7 50	De 7 00 p m	De 5 10 p m
Kasson	De 7 00 pm		

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.

Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.

Owatonna, June 30th. 1864. v2n10

DRUG STORE.

DOCT. D. S. HARSHA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., ALSO HOWS & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf

Owatonna, May 14th 1863. D. S. HARSHA.

WILLCOX & GIBBS

SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt,* and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest leaver cloth and cowhide, with no change of need e, thread or tension.

Will use on the *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine.* It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods,* thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to *"survive the washtub."* Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition,* and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction,* or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is *less than ¾ of an inch long,* and *straight.* It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark.* The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—other machines only at 400 to 1200, with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years.—Many thousands are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all.—They will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." *Not one* operator in ten on the Willcox & Gibbs will *break a needle or drop a stitch in a year.* The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

Its *rapidity, absolute stillness, ease of motion, narrowness and neatness* of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes instruction they will set needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success. A blind girl, with the exception of threading the needle, can do the same. Many ladies owning other first-class machines, come to our office to do their *fine hemming and felling* on the Willcox & Gibbs Machine.

The PRESS universally pronounce this the *best family* Sewing Machine in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price $1.50.—Large Discount to Agents.

Editors who desire one of these machines on half advertising contracts, can insert this advertisement, send us their paper, and get a machine at any time.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell OIL, COTTON, SILK, TWIST and NEEDLES *for every kind of sewing machine.*

Is entirely noiseless.

A PATENTED DEVICE prevents its being turned backward.

The PATENTED NEEDLE cannot be set wrong.

The PATENTED HEMMER AND FELLER AND BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.

It runs faster than any other.

It will never drop a stitch.

It is the only practical machine which *all* can use.

It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.

No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."

It cannot be adjusted or got out of order.

It uses the "Rotating Hook."

Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.

The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Fair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:

"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award **The First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine."**

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

J. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA.

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Dificult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood, heals the irritated parts, gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system.

Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.

It is warranted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies), or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warrantee to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.

There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, which Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent if it taken in time.

Do NOT DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.

Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatize on diseases, lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures made in this city.

For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.

Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors, J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

—IS—

DAVIS' PAIM KIL'ER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a half a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chills. Should it produce vomiting (and it probably will, if the stomach is very foul), take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverence in the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease

Sold by All Medicine Dealers.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

1yr col, vol3, No.27

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the Lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt ever made.

WESTS', BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., New York.

For Sale in all First-Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v3n19m3.

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. *A. & C.*

The Winona & St. ter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the

RICHEST PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.

Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
49tf Winona, Minn.

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1865, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and East en Cities.

DAY ACCOMMODATION, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED).

GOING SOUTH.	Leaves	GOING NORTH.	Leaves
Minneapolis,	7:10 A. M.	Faribault,	4:50 P. M.
Mendota,	8:00 A.M.	Dundas,	5:20 P. M.
Westcott,	8:30 A. M.	Northfield,	6:50 P. M.
Rosemont,	8:55 A. M.	Castle Rock,	6:20 P. M.
Farmington,	9:35 A. M.	Farmington,	7:30 P. M.
Castle Rock,	10:05 A. M.	Rosemont,	7:50 P. M.
Northfield,	10:50 P. M.	Wescott,	8:00 P. M.
Dudnas,	11:10 P. M.	Mendota,	8:40 P. M.
Faribault, ar'v	12:00 P. M.	Minneapolis,	9:20 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Superintendent.

Minneapolis, Oct. 21, 1865. oct. 26

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

FOR SALE

AT

BATCHELDER'S

BLOCK,

FARIBAULT.

10,000 *YARDS DRESS GOODS.*

1,000 *BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.*

PRINTS AT

NEW YORK PRICES

LARGE PILES OF BLANKETS!

SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS,

HATS CAPS AND FURS

WOOLEN CLOTHES AND FLANNELS,
DENIMS, STRIPES, TICKS, SHEETINGS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING. (*All Wool*)
BOOTS, SHOES, AND RUBBERS,
LARGE LOT MITTENS AND GLOVES,
GOOD WARM UNDERCLOTHING. (Very Cheap.)

ALL KINDS OF

Groceries, BEST STOCK OF Crockery

IN THE STATE.

ALL AT THE

Very Lowest Prices.

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK

FARIBAULT

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

THE undersigned wishes to give notice to the public that he has purchased the Building formerly occupied by J. S. DERBY, on Oak Street, opposite the WINSHIP HOUSE, where he has opened a large and extensive

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.
D. C. MORLEY.
Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

J. P. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES.

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOL'SALE GROCERS

— AND —

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

ROCHESTER

INSURANCE COMPANY,

Rochester - - - - Minnesota.

ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.
C. H. FOOTE, Sec. 2-36-tf

SAMUEL FRIEND,
DEALER IN

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

BRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c, &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

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Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.

1865. Metropolitan Hall Building, 1866.

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

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BROWN AND STRIPED AND BLUE AND — **SHEETING, SHIRTING, DENIMS, TICKINGS,** &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. — BLEACHED CHECKED BROWN

SOMETHING NEW!!

— 0 – 0 —

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands. The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

☞ We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public; made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prince Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as any store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE US, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement.

FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865. C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO.
31-tf

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

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LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

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Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

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We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.
We call your especial attention to our

LADIES, GENTS, AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN," and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.
We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE, and by our long experience in business, we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

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DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.* v2n43

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL

Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the
UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER
TO
Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,
and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE | AT CHICAGO

With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line. | **With all Trains for the East & South.**

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train,

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South.

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a seasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.

E. P. BACON, Gen. Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

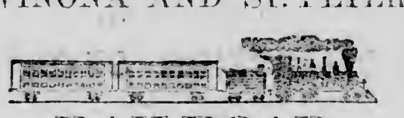
TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS
FISH,
FRESH & DRIED APPLES,
CANNED FRUIT
TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold, and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elswhere.
Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER



RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE,

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d, AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA. 6	De 11 10 am	De 3 00 p m	De. 5 45 am
Minn City* 5	Ar 11 35 De 11 40	3 26	6 05
Stockton 8	12 05 p m	3 50	6 20
Lewiston 3	1 00	4 40	6 55
Utica* 6	1 15	4 55	7 05
St Charles 9	1 50	5 30	7 25
Eyoto 7	2 30	6 20	7·55
Chester* 6	3 00	6 40	8 20
Rochester 15	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	8 40
Kasson			Ar 9 30 a m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona 6	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 20 p m
Minn City 5	10 30	11 40	8 55
Stockton 8	10 15	11 15	8 35
Lewiston 3	9 35	10 30	7 45
Utica 6	9 25	10 10	7 25
St Charles 9	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 30	7 00
Eyota 7	8 35	8 50	De 6 20 Ar 6 10
Chester 6	8 10	8 20	5 40
Rochester 15	7 50		
Kasson	De 7 00 p m	De 7 00 p m	De 5 10 p m

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.
Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.
Owatonna, June 30th. 1864. v2n10t

DRUG STORE.

oO—Oo

DOCT. D. S. HARSHA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., Also HOW'S & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf
D. S. HARSHA.
Owatonna, May 11th 1863.

WILLCOX & GIBBS SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt*, and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with no change of needle, thread or tension.

Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine.* It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods*, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "*survive the washtub.*" Old worn out garments, besoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition*, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction*, or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is *less than ¾ of an inch long*, and *is straight.* It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark.* The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—other machines only at 400 to 1200, with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years.—Many thousands are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all.—They will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." *Not one* operator in ten on the Willcox & Gibbs will *break a needle or drop a stitch in a year.* The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

Its *rapidity, absolute stillness, ease of motion, neatness and quietness* of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes instruction they will set needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success. A blind girl, with the exception of threading the needle, can do the same. Many ladies owning other first-class machines, come to our office to do their *fine hemming and felling* on the Willcox & Gibbs Machine.

The PRESS universally pronounce this the *best family* Sewing Machine in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price $1.50.—Large Discount to Agents.

Editors who desire one of these machines on half advertising contracts, can insert this advertisement, send us their paper, and get a machine at any time.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell OIL, COTTON, SILK, TWIST and NEEDLES *for every kind of sewing machine.*

Is entirely noiseless.

A PATENTED DEVICE prevents its being turned backward.

The PATENTED NEEDLE cannot be set wrong.

The PATENTED HEMMER AND FELLER AND BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.

It runs faster than any other.

It will never drop a stitch.

It is the only practical machine which *all* can use.

It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.

No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."

It cannot be adjusted or got out of order.

It uses the "Rotating Hook."

Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.

The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mecanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Fair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:

"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award **The First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

v5n4y1

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Dificult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.

It is warranted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies,) or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.

There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.

DO NOT DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.

Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatize on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures mad in this city.

For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.

Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors.
J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

— IS —

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a half a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chill. Should it produce vomiting (and it probably will, if the stomach is very foul), take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverence in the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease.

Sold by All Medicine Dealers.

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.
Jeol. vol3.No.27 1 yr

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or breake like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Skirt that ever has or can be made.

The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young ladies, they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the Lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt ever made.

WESTS', BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., New York.

For Sale in all First-Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v3n19m3

INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. *A. & C.*

The Winona & St. ter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the

RICHEST PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNES'A.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.

Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
49tf Winona, Minn.

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Wednesday, Nov. 15, 1865, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

DAY ACCOMMODATION, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED).

GOING SOUTH.	Leaves	GOING NORTH.	Leaves
Minneapolis,	7:10 A. M.	Faribault,	4:30 P. M.
Mendota,	8:00 A. M.	Dundas,	5:20 P. M.
Westcott,	8:30 A. M.	Northfield,	5:50 P. M.
Rosemont,	8:55 A. M.	Castle Rock,	6:20 P. M.
Farmington,	9:35 A. M.	Farmington,	7:00 P. M.
Castle Rock,	10:05 A. M.	Rosemont,	7:30 P. M.
Northfield,	10:50 P. M.	Wescott,	8:00 P. M.
Dudnas,	11:10 P. M.	Mendota,	8:40 P. M.
Faribault ar'v	12:00 P. M.	Minneapolis,	9:20 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Superintendent.
Minneapolis, Oct. 21, 1865. oct. 26

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

MISSING ISSUE

DATE Jan 18,1866

Owatonna Plaindealer.

VOLUME 3. OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1866. NUMBER 40.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna, Steele County, Minnesota.
BY
L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE.—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, east of Barker's Exchange.

TERMS :—$2,00 per annum, invariably in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, of ten lines or less, one insertion,	1,00
Each subsequent insertion,	50
One square, one month,	2,00
One square, three months,	4,00
One square, six months	6,00
One square, one year,	10,00
One quarter column, three months,	10,00
One quarter column, six months,	15,00
One half column, six months,	20,00
One column, six months,	30,00
One fourth column, one year,	25,00
One half column, one year,	40,00
One column, one year,	70,00
Business cards (five lines or less), one year,	5,00

Legal notices will be inserted at 75 cts. a folio for the first insertion, and 37½ cts. a folio for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before affidavit of publication is given.

Advertisements not accompanied with written directions, will be inserted until forbid, and charged accordingly.

Business Directory.

A. A. HARWOOD. [illegible]
Harwood & Kelsey.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW. [illegible] Owatonna. 2-31

W. R. Kinyon.
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at Law in all the Courts of this State. [illegible] to payment of Taxes. [illegible] Bounties, Back Pay, &c., [illegible] Office 2d door [illegible] Public Square Bridge street, Owatonna, May 11th, 1865. v1n5

J. B. SEARLES. P. J. VAN DOUSEN
Searles & Van Dousen.
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Will give [illegible] attention to all business [illegible] pensions, back pay and bounty [illegible] commission and Notary Public. Office [illegible] Street, [illegible] Excelsior Drug Store, Owatonna, Minnesota. v2n2tf

Mrs. L. J. Kellogg.
DENTIST, is prepared to attend to all departments of Dentistry, [illegible] All work warranted. Office [illegible] Photograph Rooms, in Dresser's Block. v2n40tf

E. C. Phelps
DEALER in all kinds of G[illegible] Figures, Bridge Street, Ow[illegible]
Nov. 30, 1865, 31-6m

Frank Curtis & Co.
DEALERS in [illegible] Dry Goods, Groceries, [illegible] Owatonna, Minn.

J. M. Williams.
DENTIST. I have worked [illegible] dentistry twenty-six years [illegible] by filling [illegible] fillings [illegible]

D. S. Harsha.
DEALER in Drugs & Medicines, [illegible] cut up with great care.

Jones & B[illegible].
DEALERS in [illegible] Tobacco, [illegible] Green Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Raisins, &c. [illegible] Cash paid for all [illegible]

Hastings & Twiss.
GOOD Horses and Carriages [illegible] to let on reasonable terms [illegible] Stable west of Stage [illegible] 32-

Webb Pastner.
HARNESS [illegible]

American Hotel.
J. B. CORY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has fitted up [illegible] stand of the American Hotel, and has [illegible]

F. S. Bodle, M. D.,
LATE S[illegible] Owatonna [illegible] store. v1n20tf

C. C. Cornell.
MANUFACTURER and dealer in [illegible] Earthen Ware, [illegible]

Carpenter & Smith.
NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, [illegible] Main Street opposite the National [illegible]

L. L. Bennett, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office [illegible] Owatonna, Minn. [illegible] professional calls by night or day.

Horace Hawk's,
PROPRIETOR of the [illegible] Good accommodations [illegible] traveler [illegible] and satisfaction given. v3n34

C. C. Hazard.
PROPRIETOR of the [illegible] House, at [illegible] Lake. The traveling community will find [illegible] always ready to administer to their comfort. 37 tf

D. P. Smith.
PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1n22.

G. W. Young.
PROPRIETOR of the "Young House," Wasioja, Minn., second door south of the Post Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Wasioja Hotel." v2n52

J. H. Easton.
PHOTOGRAPHIST. Gallery [illegible] Broadway, two doors [illegible] House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27tf

L. H. Kelly.
PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAINDEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

J. B. Hooker.
REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, make investments and collections. [illegible] attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 3-2

I. O. O. F.
STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 11, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room over the People's Store. Entrance rear of building.
E. K. Smith, N. G. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
L. Bixby, V. G. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
J. Newsalt, D. D. G. M.
Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.
TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M. will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.
C. N. DANIELS, H. P.
Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n32tf

S. Blood, M. D.,
WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, known as the Potwin Place, where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n24tf

J. Hough,
WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with despatch, and warranted to perform. 8tf

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE
CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS:
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR,

PICNICS:
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:

[illegible] Boston, Soda, and Butter,	[illegible]
Sugar,	11
Cream,	18

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

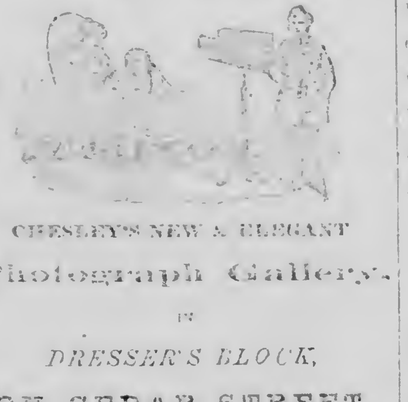
ROCHESTER BAKERY,
ON THIRD STREET.

A [illegible] of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

FAIR & VAN VOORHES.
[illegible] 1865.

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!
Burr & McClure
KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT [illegible]
WATCHES
[illegible] GOLD AND SILVER [illegible]
CLOCKS
[illegible]
Seth Thomas Clocks,
JEWELRY
[illegible]
SILVER & PLATED WARE,
CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c. &c.
SPECTACLES,
[illegible]
Musical Instruments,
[illegible] BANJOS, [illegible] ACCORDEONS, CLARIONETS, [illegible] FLUTES, FIFES, DRUMS, &c., &c.
Cutlery.
[illegible]
WILLOW WARE.
TRAVELING BASKETS, CLOTHES BASKETS, [illegible]
BIRD CAGES
[illegible]
Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,
[illegible] variety. Just received, a fine assortment of
NEW STYLE BELTS, [illegible] HANGING BASKETS, [illegible]
[illegible] Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired and warranted.
[illegible] Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.
Call and see us at the sign of the Big Watch.
BURR & McCLURE.
Owatonna, May 18, 1865. v2n4

NOW OPEN!



CHESLEY'S NEW & ELEGANT
Photograph Gallery,
IN
DRESSER'S BLOCK,
ON CEDAR STREET,

Where he may always be found ready to wait upon those who may favor him with a call. He has the best SKY- AND SIDE-LIGHT in the State, the best of Instruments, Rooms and Chemicals, necessary for the business, and can safely warrant his work to be

Good as the Best.

Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.
Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

Dr. Middaugh.
PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's House, ten miles west of Owatonna. Good accommodations for man and beast are provided for all who call. 3-35

M. E. Billings.
DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR. Post-Office Address, Steele Centre, Steele County, Minn. Will attend to all Surveying upon order. 3-35m3

Cockrell & Williams.
PROPRIETORS of the Hall House, Winona, Minnesota. v2n37tf

TAKEN UP.
Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 25th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.
WALTER STEBBINS.
Meriden, Jan. 11, 1866. 38-3t

Poetry.

PROPOSAL.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

The violet loves a sunny bank,
The cowslip loves the lea :
The scarlet creeper loves the elm ;
But I love—thee.

The sunshine kisses mount and vale,
The stars they kiss the sea.
The west winds kiss the clover bloom ;
But I kiss—thee.

The oriole weds his mottled mate,
The lily's bride o' the bee ;
Heaven's marriage ring is round the earth ;
Shall I wed—thee ?

ANSWER.

There is a freedom in the wind,
A freedom in the sea :
No tyrant love my heart confines,
I too am free.

A stag that fears the hunter's power,
Would from his foot-steps flee ;
As convict fears his dying hour,
Thus I fear thee.

Till many a sun hath ceased to shine,
A careless maid I'll be :
Say, would'st thou win this heart of mine?
'Tis not for thee.

THE SOLDIER'S WIFE.

She look'd within the quiet room,
And saw three orphans sleeping there ;
Theirs was the joy of childhood's bloom,
And her's the grief of cold despair.

Three broken [illegible], well driven in :
Three [illegible] to a shelf ;
A rude [illegible] fastened by a pin,
Begged Santa Claus fill them with pelf.

The purse and heart were empty quite :
The twilight settled like a pall :
The dying fire made fitful light,
And spectral shadows on the wall.

She crept beside the window pane,
And gazed into the [illegible] sky.
Where steadily, a [illegible] train,
[illegible] gleaming by.

And then rose before her sight
Another [illegible] far away :
Where, sleeping in the pale [illegible] night,
The father of her children lay.

She saw him gird his armor on :
[illegible] ;
She beheld [illegible],
A [illegible] of men.

By [illegible],
Amid the thunder of the fray,
The musket [illegible] gleam,
[illegible] lay.

The pale star kissed her pale face,
And [illegible] tears drop in her eyes.
[illegible] above the place
Where [illegible] die.

[illegible]

SONG OF THE PARDON-SEEKERS.

We're coming, Uncle Andrew J., your pardon to implore,
A [illegible] band from Dixie's land we haunt the White House door.
We [illegible] know what [illegible] we've done to harm a single soul,
[illegible] alas! we know that you our fate control :
And, wanting [illegible] band [illegible] with an [illegible]
Upon our knees, we F. F. V's for pardon humbly sue.

We're coming up from Charleston too, and all along the shore,
The chivalry [illegible] your [illegible] to implore.
A year ago, and even less, we thought your scalp to wave,
[illegible] should [illegible] Freedom's bloody grave :
But Northern [illegible], and Freedom lives, and you are President :
[illegible] for your grace our perjured race their supple knees have bent.

Behold the fierce fire-eaters here, as cool as Northern ice,
And tigers, too, from savage Lou., as innocent as mice :
From every State we thronging come, with wishes most intense,
Like Tyler John to find you on the democratic fence,
Where you may shield us while we strike another Seward blow :
Our comrades, the copperheads, assure us 'twill be so.

When sins imputed to our charge give rise to doubts or fear,
[illegible] words of woe, to move your [illegible]
[illegible]
Who [illegible] by cringing thus to you.
And [illegible] we come and so we go and leave the White House door
A [illegible] band, from Dixie's land, as wicked as before.

SAND-MARTINS.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

I passed an island clay precipitate :
From tiny eaves peeped many a sooty poll ;
In each, a mother martin sat elate,
And of the news delivered her small soul.

Fantastic chatter! hasty, glad, and gay,
Whereof the meaning was not ill to tell :—
"Gossip, how wags the world with you to-day ?"
"Gossip, the world wags well, the world wags well."

And listening, I was sure their little ones
Were in the bird-talk, and discourse was made
Concerning hot sea-flights and tropic suns,
For a clear sultriness the tune conveyed ;—

And visions of the sky as of a cup
Hailing down light on Pagan Pharaoh's sand,
And quivering air-waves trembling up and up,
And blank stone-faces marvellously bland ;

When should they pass again by that red land
Where lovely mirage words a broidered hem
To fringe with phantom palms a robe of sand ;
When should they dip their breasts again and play
In slumberous azure pools clear as the air,
Where rosy-winged flamingoes fish all day,
Stalking amid the lotus-blossoms fair ;

Then over palled tamarinds bear their flight,
While cassias feed the wind with spiceries ;
And so betake them to a south sea-bight,
To gossip in the crowns of cocoa-trees

Whose roots are in the spray. O haply there,
Some dawn.—white-winged, they might chance to find
A frigate standing in to make more fair
The loneliness unalt[illegible] of mankind !

A frigate come to water. Nata would fall,
And nimble feet would climb the flower-flushed strand,
And northern talk would ring, and therewithal
The martins would desire th. cool north land,

And all would be as it had been before.
Again at eve there would be news to tell ;
Who passed should hear them chant it o'er and o'er,
"Gossip, how wags the world?" "Well, Gossip, Well!"

The latest invention is a "palpitating bosom" for the ladies, which is set in motion by a concealed spring when an extra display of "emotion" is required.

Miscellany.

GERMAN UNIONISTS IN TEXAS.

An Affecting Episode in the History of the Rebellion.

In the summer of 1862, when an attempt was made by conscription to drag into the rebel army the Germans of West Texas, a number of these gathered from the mountain counties of Kerr, Kendall, Llano, and Gillespie, with the determination to proceed to Mexico, and, if possible join the Union army. Without any obstacle they had arrived, on the evening of August 9, in the neighborhood of Fort Clark, where they encamped in a little cedar grove situated in an open prairie. After having posted some pickets to guard the approaches, the sixty young patriots lay down upon the ground confident of security. At 3 o'clock a. m. they were awakened by a volley of musketry. Two of their picket, wounded, came running in and gave the alarm. A strong body of men, whether white or red men it was impossible to say, was advancing upon the camp. Two pickets, Ernest Beseler, and Lois Schnerholz, had been killed.

The small and badly-armed band of Germans prepared for resistance. Daylight, now at hand, disclosed that they were assailed by a body of a hundred strong. Their own ranks had been thinned by desertion, but the fight was stubbornly maintained. After the struggle had lasted an hour and a half all but twelve or fourteen of the Germans were wounded and the others exhausted. A retreat was resolved upon, but while retreating from the field they twice repulsed their assailants, who then desisted from pursuit. The band now numbering thirty-two, of whom eighteen were wounded fled to the mountains, where they found shelter in a cave, and relief for their wounds in cactus leaves. Some of them got astray and were captured, some were murdered by the rebels.

The bodies of the Union men who had been killed were left on the battle field, and so long as the rebel flag floated over Texas no parent or friend ventured to afford them a resting-place. As soon, however, as the United States had re-established its Government in the State, E. Degener, the father of two of the victims, accompanied by twenty five men, relatives and friends of the slain, went to the battle-field, collected their remains and brought them to Comfort, where they received the honors of Christian burial, on the 20th of August, 1865. The funeral ceremony was of an imposing and touching character. A procession of about three hundred loyal people, headed by the fathers of four of the victims—old men of sixty and seventy years—preceded the funeral car, drawn by four white horses. Under the Union banner lay the remains of the Martyrs of Loyalty. A detachment of Federal troops, sent by General Merritt, accompanied the cortege. At the grave E. Degener pronounced an oration which brought tears of grief to the eyes, and stirred with invigorating patriotism the hearts of the loyal mourners. He concluded thus :

"The sacrifice that we, the fathers of the slaughtered, made to our country and to liberty is great and dolorous. We shall, however, console ourselves ; We shall be proud of having offered our sons to the Union, if the glorious victory of its arms bear all the fruits that this nation and the whole of humanity justly expect to reap."

The detachment of the Federal troops fired a salute over the grave, and the liberated soil of Texas inclosed the remains of its brave and faithful sons.—The little remote spot where they rest must be to the nation as sacred as those places where thousands of her fallen defenders are deposited. Small in number, far away from the patriotic heart and the strong arm of the loyal North, surrounded by fierce enemies of the Union, those brave and devoted Germans offered their lives as a holy protest against the treason of the recreant rebels.

DIVORCE TO BE MADE EASY.

There was pending in the Senate of this State, before its recess, a bill "to regulate the domestic relations," which promises to assume a form that may give a very discreditable and mischievous phase to certain domestic relations. On motion of Senator Frost, the bill was amended so as to make habitual intemperance for one year sufficient cause for divorce. Mr. Doniphan offered to amend Mr. Frost's amendment by an proviso that the intemperance should not have been contracted before marriage. Mr. Doniphan argued that if the husband was intemperate before marriage, and the wife united her fortunes with his with a knowledge of his vice, she ought not to be entitled to a divorce. The Senate voted down Mr. Doniphan's proviso, and adopted Frost's, making habitual intemperance for one year good cause for divorce, by 13 ayes to 10 nays.—*St. Louis Despatch.*

THE LAST FRENCH HORROR.—The son of a lawyer of Dijon recently arrived at Marseilles with his bride, with the avowed object of making a pleasure trip to Egypt. After tarrying a few days in that city, a young townsman of the bridegroom joined the party, and eventually the departure of the lady with a gentleman was duly noticed at the hotel ; but the bridegroom had been ousted in his affections of his bride by his companion, who embarked with him on his friend's ticket in the steamer for Alexandria, while the unfortunate lover was found murdered in the river. His rival and assassin, with his paramour, were overtaken by the Marsellies police in the Egyptian capital, and are soon to be tried at Aix for wilful murder.

A PLUCKY OHIO SOLDIER.

Desperate Hand to Hand Fight—A Struggle for Life or Death.

A Columbia (S. C.) correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes :

"A most desperate conflict recently occurred at Chappel's Depot, between private Mowrey, Company C, 25th Ohio, and a desperado, known by the several names of Lawson, Lamar and the North. He had been arrested several times, but by adroitness and boldness had always made his escape, only to renew his career of rascality. Finally, privates Province and Morey, of Company C, were sent to ferret him out and bring him in, dead or alive. After several narrow escapes, he was finally trapped in company with a confederate named Partalow.—They were taken to the nearest military station, and Partalow turned over to the Provost Marshal. Province was to ride Partalow's horse to Newberry, while Mowrey proceeded with the prisoner Lawson on the cars to the same place.

While a stop was being made at Chappel's Depot a person came into the cars, opening the door between the guard and his prisoner, who, taking this opportunity of escape, darted out of the cars and into the woods. Of course, none of the citizens standing around would assist in his recapture. Mowrey, without a moment's hesitation, started in pursuit, with his rifle in hand, and revolver in his belt, but leaving his bayonet in the car. He was a swift runner, and soon came in sight of Lawson. The latter, seeing that he would be shot if he continued running, stopped and threw up his hands in token of surrender ; but on their way to the cars, Lawson sprang upon Mowrey, seizing his rifle by the muzzle and drawing his. Instantly Mowrey grasped the barrel of the revolver, retaining his hold on the stock of the musket. It was a fearful moment ; neither dared quit his grasp from either weapon.

Then began the terrible struggle for life or death. The ground is spoken of by persons who afterwards saw it as resembling the arena of a bull fight—Lawson finally ceased struggling, and while retaining a firm hold on the weapons, offered Mowrey $500 in greenbacks to release him. Mowrey replied, 'I was ordered to bring you in, dead or alive, and I will do it.' 'Then,' said the desperado, 'one of us will go to hell from here.' 'Very well,' replied Mowrey, 'it won't be me.' The struggle was then renewed with more fierceness than ever, and Lawson succeeded in throwing Mowrey to the ground. In an instant the latter let go the revolver, sprang to his feet, wrenched the musket from the hands of Lawson, and placed it against his breast. With admirable presence of mind the villain exclaimed, 'your gun is not capped ;' but those were his last words, and Mowrey took his dead body to Newbury."

A New Application of Electricity.

President Johnson has invested the telegraph with a new character. He has made it an organ through which the Executive of the United States promulgates official action of the most important kind. He recognises states as in the Union by telegraph ; or he makes known his views clearly through the same means. The Secretary of State disseminates official documents all over the country by the electric wires ; and thus we have the unparalleled spectacle of a great government the material power of which for offense and defense has never been equalled in ancient or modern eras, using an agency for the transmission of state papers of the gravest import which had never been employed before in that capacity. We think the President and Mr. Seward acted wisely in making the telegraph the medium of communication between themselves and the people, and we trust they will continue the new policy they have adopted, in this regard, whenever the public exigencies require it.

We will soon have, notwithstanding previous failures, telegraphic communication with Europe. Then we will instruct our foreign ministers by telegraph; enter into treaties by telegraph ; declare war by telegraph ; make peace by telegraph, and settle delicate diplomatic questions by telegraph. And when we get our lines extended to Mexico and down through the Isthmus of Panama into South America, we will regulate things generally by telegraph.—*New Orleans True Delta.*

A MYSTERIOUS SIGN.—A few weeks ago the inhabitants of San Francisco were filled with conjecture at the following sign, painted in large capitals on the front of the house recently fitted up and repaired : "Mrs. Brown, dealer in all sorts of ladies." All was consternation. Inquiry was instantly set on foot as to who this Mrs. Brown might be ; but no one could tell ; she was a stranger in San Francisco. Great anxiety prevailed as to the proclamation of the new establishment, and for two whole days all was surmise and consultation. On the third morning, behold ! the mystery was unraveled. The house-painter, who had, it seems, been suddenly attacked with a fit of sickness, returned to finish his work, and concluded by adding the following words : "and gentlemen's wearing apparel."

DOWN EAST DIALOGUE.—Reuben—"Mayn't I see you hum from meetin,' Eunice ?"

Eunice—"No, you shan't do no such thing. I'm otherwise engaged."

Reuben—"Wa'al, I kinder guess you've missed it once. I've got my pockets chuck full o' gingerbread and reasons."

Eunice—"You may take my arm, Reuben."

A REMINISCENCE.

But few now remember, we presume, that five years ago an attempt was made to amend the United States Constitution so as to make a future amendment against slavery impossible. Yet such was the fact. Damaging as it may be to his fame, it must be stated, for it is a historical fact, that Thomas Corwin, lately deceased, introduced and advocated the following amendment to the Constitution .

ART. XIII. No amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give to Congress the power to abolish or interfere, with in any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or service by the laws of said State.

The above was passed by the House by the requisite constitutional two-thirds majority, but failed in the Senate, so that it was not submitted for the ratification of the States. One of the Newspapers of that day, Feb. 28, 1861, has the following account of the passage of the proposed amendment by the House :

"Mr. Corwin's report from the Committee of Thirty-three came up for final passage in Congress this morning. I was agreed to amid thunders of applause from the galleries and the floor. As the vote proceeded, the excitement was intense ; and on the announcement of the result, the inexpressible enthusiasm of the members and the crowded galleries, found vent in uproarious demonstrations. All feel that it is the harbinger of peace."

How strange the contrast between now and then. Then government and politicians were bent and swayed by the dominant slave power ; and now the amendment to prohibit the abolition of slavery, has given place to an amendment abolishing slavery, and thus by the supreme law of the land chattel slavery is rendered forever impossible in the United States.

This great and wonderful change in the sentiment and status of the nation on the question of slavery, can but excite amazement. It shows how truly though man proposes, that God disposes. He has over-ruled blind, selfish human designs, and the shackles have never more to be riveted on enslaved human limbs, on territory where the supremacy of our National Constitution is acknowledged. —*Ravenna (O.) Democrt.*

Silver Peaks of Nevada—A Mountain of Silver.

From the St. Louis Democrat.

Where is Silver Peak ? It is at the intersection of the 38th parallel of the altitude with the 118th degree of west longitude, in Nevada—a prominent point in that mountainous region, springing to the altitude of one thousand feet from the plain in which it is situated, and stand nearly a mile above the ocean level. It is distant from Stockton, California, one hundred and twenty miles, and lying on the main road to that locality—the best on the Pacific slope—is easy accessible. "It appears," says the *Enterprise*, "that when the good genii of the mines were depositing their abundant stores of the precious metals in the hills of Nevada, they came to the borders of the valley of death, and although having silver enough to enrich the mountains of a continent, built the protuberance of Silver Peak, and hid all their treasures beneath." It was exploded during the past year, and amid the auriferous region in which it is found there is no locality yet discovered that equals it in the production of rich ores. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Church, who visited that region, declares that "were the debt of our nation to amount to twenty thousand millions, there is wealth enough there to pay it off, and to give to every soldier in the Government service muskets of silver in place of iron, and to plate our warvessels with silver instead of the coarser material now employed." He affirms that he does not speak from idle speculation, but from observation and actual calculation.

From the report of Mr. Platchly, mining engineer of Austin, Nevada, it appears that after five years of explorations in every direction in the "Great Basin" lying between the Snowy and Rocky Mountains, he found the entire section a vast field of mineral deposition, in which all the useful minerals exist in abundance; but, predominating over all others, silver deposits are presented in the greatest the most astonishing quantities. So large were these deposits that the previous year's mining operations, although necessarily imperfect for the want of proper machinery and the difficulties presented by a newly discovered field, nearly equaled the amount produced in Mexico, the oldest and greatest silver producing country on the continent, and he adds, "it is a safe prediction that in ten years the Great Basin will ship one hundred millions of bullion annually." Silver Peak is in the heart of the rich centre, and bears the name of the Mountain of Silver.

"Dear me," said Mrs. Partington to Ike the other day, as she was reading the paper, "what an excoriating circumstance, poor, dear man ! I suppose it was wind on the stomach did it. Dr. Bellows' bust." Ike at once seized the paper, and found the paragraph, so alarmingly headed, referred to a marble bust of the reverened gentleman on view at a statuary repository.

—Chief Justice Chase says he is ready to try Jeff. Davis whenever he finds the case on the docket of the Supreme Court, but that he will not try him in Virginia while military rule continues in that State.

Love's fetters were formerly made of flowers, but in our day *gold bonds* are preferred.

—We must suppose that men value red noses, judging from the expense they are at to get them.

REBEL INGENUITY AT JOHNSON'S ISLAND.

When the rebel prisoners (all officers, and many of them high in rank) were confined on Johnson's Island, opposite this city, they exhibited a far greater amount of ingenuity than they were willing to acknowledge previous to their undertaking the task of rearing a Southern Confederacy. Previous to that event they considered it degrading and beneath the dignity of a gentleman to perform manuel labor of any kind. Perhaps in their case, necessity was the mother of invention, as well as labor, but be that as it may, we know they manufactured many little articles, such as chairs, tables, bedsteads, etc., with which to render prison life comfortable. Many of the articles were very fair specimens of Southern furniture and mechanism, and not totally devoid of rustic beauty. In the line of chairs, they manufactured hundreds of the old split-bottom variety, bottomed with the leather of old boots, cut into strings, and neatly interwoven together. Owing to a scarcity of tools, the wooden frames were made with only the use of the jack-knife and augur, and were really a staunch-made chair. On the release of the prisoners, hundreds of these chairs were sold at public auction, for whatever they would bring, and many of these articles made by them are now scattered about the country, some preserved by sympathizing friends as relics, are all that remain of a cause once dear to their hearts, but now, alas ! no more. Others carry one home, simply as they would a bullet or a piece of shell from a battle field, not that they attach any intrinsic value or merit to it, but simply because it is a rebel relic.

Every one was marked with the name of the owner on the top slat of the back, together with the number of his regiment and the State from whence he came.—They were not marked, we suppose, because they suspected the honesty of their fellow prisoners, but simply that they might be able to tell their own, and be able to reclaim their property should it stray from their quarters. It is not an uncommon thing now to see a chair sitting around, once owned by Col. Sawyer of the 14th Mississippi, or of Brig. Gens. Johnson, Marmaduke, or other notables of the once rebel bull-pen. Fifty years hence such articles will be looked upon as greater curiosities than many that now grace our public museums, and cost hundreds of dollars.

CURING HAMS.—As to curing hams, doctors disagree. I believe I have made as good hams as ever were eaten, by using 6 lbs. salt and 4 oz. saltpetre to 100 lbs. pork, putting the salt dry upon the meat, as soon as possible after it was dressed. We have also made excellent hams in a pickle made as follows :

Weigh the hams or shoulders and take 8 per cent. of the weight, that is 8 lbs. per cwt. of rock salt, and put it in a kettle of water and heat it, and skim off all the skum that will rise. Then add 1 quart of molasses, 2 lbs. of white sugar, ¼ lb. of saleratus, ¼ lb. saltpetre, 1 or 2 oz. allspice for 100 lbs. meat. Boil all together and skim again, and let it cool, and pour it over the meat, adding water enough to cover it.

To those who prefer sugar-cured hams we offer the following recipe :

To cure a ham of 15 lbs. weight requires 1 lb. of good brown sugar, 2 oz. refined and ground saltpetre, ½ lb. of ground sea-salt. First application—saltpetre, and cover the face of the ham with sugar a quarter of an inch thick ; on the 5th day rub the skin side with sugar. Second application—saltpetre and a mixture of three parts of sugar and one of salt ; on the 7th day rub as before. 3d application—half sugar and half salt; on the 7th day rub as before. Fourth application—same as last ; in 7 days rub with half sugar and half salt ; clean the flesh side of the ham. Fifth application—very good molasses (not sorgo) as long as the meat will absorb it. Saturate the ham with sugar as you would in preserving fruit : the salt is only to flavor it ; for hams intended for boiling, and which require more salt, you may use salt according to your judgment, and gain more time. The ham is now cured, and for purposes of boiling it will be found delicious.

One word more about the special advantage of curing with sugar ; fat cured with salt is repulsive to weak stomachs, consequently a large portion is trimmed off hams intended for the American market that in England is always retained, for two reasons—economy and preserving the juices. Stomachs that reject fat when salted, find it palatable when cured with sugar.—*Solon Robinson.*

HOW TO MAKE BUCKWHEAT CAKES.—The season for buckwheat cakes has arrived. A writer in the American *Agriculturist* recommends the following method for making cakes : "The finest, tenderist cakes can be made by adding a little unbolted wheat (or Graham) flour to the buckwheat. Less than a quarter will do. Mix with cold sour milk, or fresh (not sweet) butter milk, which is best. The soda (emptyings are dispensed with,) when put in cold water, will not act satisfactorily. Bake at once. The heat will start the effervesence, and as the paste rises it will bake, thus preventing it from falling. Hence the culminating point of lightness is attained. The batter rises snowy and beautiful, and the pancake will swell to almost undue dimentions, absolutely the lightest and tenderest that can be baked, with not a touch of acid. More salt, however, must be added than usual, to counteract the too fresh taste, when soda alone is used. Thus the bother of emptyings is all dispensed with. Pancakes in this way can be baked at any time, and on the shortest notice. We keep our flour mixed, the Graham with the buckwheat, ready for use.

—They are agitating the question as to whether they shall have a school house or not at Hastings. "It is a notorious fact," says the Conserver, "that the city of Hastings—with a population of upwards of three thousand, and nine hundred children between the ages of five and twenty-one—has not as much as a shed under which to educate the rising generation.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Owatonna Plaindealer.

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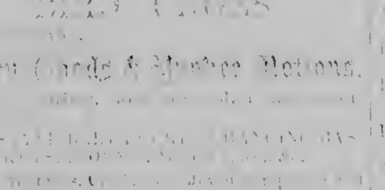
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Good as the Best.

Cases Frames and Albums,

[illegible] constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, [illegible]

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

[illegible]

Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.
Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

Dr. Muldaugh.
PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's House, [illegible]

M. E. B[illegible]
DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR. [illegible] Steele Centre, Steele County, Minn. Will attend to all Surveying [illegible]

Cockrill & Williams.
PROPRIETORS of the Hall House, Wilton, Minnesota. [illegible]

TAKEN UP.
Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 29th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.
WALTER STEBBINS.
[illegible]

Poetry.

PROPOSAL.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

The violet loves a sunny bank,
The cowslip loves the lea:
The scarlet creeper loves the elm:
But I love—thee.

The sunshine kisses mount and vale,
The stars they kiss the sea,
The west winds kiss the clover bloom,
But I kiss—thee.

The oriole weds his mottled mate,
The lily's bride o' the bee:
Heaven's marriage ring is round the earth;
Shall I wed thee?

ANSWER.

There is a freedom in the wind,
A freedom in the sea:
No tyrant o'er my heart confines,
I too am free.

[illegible]

THE SOLDIER'S WIFE.

[illegible]

SONG OF THE PARDON-SEEKERS.

[illegible]

SAND-MARTINS.

[illegible]

☞ The latest invention is a "palpitating bosom" for the ladies, which is set in motion by a concealed spring when an extra display of "emotion" is required.

Miscellany.

GERMAN UNIONISTS IN TEXAS.

An Affecting Episode in the History of the Rebellion.

In the summer of 1862, when an attempt was made by conscription to drag into the rebel army the Germans of West Texas, a number of these gathered from the mountain counties of Kerr, Kendall, Llano, and Gillespie, with the determination to proceed to Mexico, and, if possible join the Union army. Without any obstacle they had arrived, on the evening of August 9, in the neighborhood of Fort Clark, where they encamped in a little cedar grove situated in an open prairie. After having posted some pickets to guard the approaches, the sixty young patriots lay down upon the ground confident of security. At 3 o'clock a. m. they were awakened by a volley of musketry. Two of their pickets, wounded, came running in and gave the alarm. A strong body of men, whether white or red men it was impossible to say, was advancing upon the camp. Two pickets, Ernest Beseler, and Lois Sommerholz had been killed.

The small and badly-armed band of Germans prepared for resistance. Daylight, now at hand, disclosed that they were assailed by a body of a hundred strong. Their own ranks had been thinned by desertion, but the fight was stubbornly maintained. After the struggle had lasted an hour and a half all but twelve or fourteen of the Germans were wounded and the others exhausted. A retreat was resolved upon, but while retreating from the field they twice repulsed their assailants, who then desisted from pursuit. The band now numbering [illegible], of whom eighteen were wounded fled to the mountains, where they [illegible] shelter in a cave, and relief for their wounds in green leaves. Some of them got astray and were captured and were murdered by the rebels.

The bodies of the Union men who had been killed were left on the battle field, and so long as the rebel flag floated over Texas no permit [illegible] to afford them a resting-place. As soon, however, as the United States had reestablished its Government in the State, E. Degener, the father of two of the victims, accompanied by twenty five men, relatives and friends of the slain, went to the battle-field, collected their remains and brought them to Comfort, where they received the honors of Christian burial, on the 20th of August, 1865. The funeral ceremony was of an imposing and touching character. A procession of about three hundred loyal people, headed by the fathers of four of the victims—old men of sixty and seventy years—preceded the funeral car, drawn by four white horses. Under the Union banner lay the remains of the Martyrs of loyalty. A detachment of Federal troops, sent by General Merritt, accompanied the cortege. At the grave E. Degener pronounced an oration which brought tears of grief to the eyes, and stirred with invigorating patriotism the hearts of the loyal mourners. He concluded thus:

"The sacrifice that we, the fathers of the slaughtered, made to our country and to liberty is great and dolorous. We shall, however, console ourselves; We shall be proud of having offered our sons to the Union, if the glorious victory of its arms bear all the fruits that this nation and the whole of humanity justly expect to reap."

The detachment of the Federal troops fired a salute over the grave, and the liberated soil of Texas inclosed the remains of its brave and faithful sons.—The little remote spot where they rest must be to the nation as sacred as those places where thousands of her valiant defenders are deposited. Small in number, far away from the heart of the loyal North, surrounded by fierce enemies of the Union, these brave and devoted Germans offered their lives as a holy protest against the treason of the recreant rebels.

DIVORCE TO BE MADE EASY.

There was pending in the Senate of this State, before its recess, a bill "to regulate the domestic relations," which promises to assume a form that may give a very discreditable and mischievous phase to certain domestic relations. On motion of Senator Frost, the bill was amended so as to make habitual intemperance for one year sufficient cause for divorce. Mr. Doniphan offered to amend Mr. Frost's amendment by an proviso that the intemperance should not have been contracted before marriage. Mr. Doniphan argued that if the husband was intemperate before marriage, and the wife united her fortunes with his with a knowledge of his vice, she ought not to be entitled to a divorce. The Senate voted down Mr. Doniphan's proviso, and adopted Frost's, making habitual intemperance for one year good cause for divorce, by 15 ayes to 10 nays.—*St. Louis Dispatch.*

THE LAST FRENCH HORROR.—The son of a lawyer of Dijon recently arrived at Marseilles with his bride, with the avowed object of making a pleasure trip to Egypt. After tarrying a few days in that city, a young townsman of the bridegroom joined the party, and eventually the departure of the lady with a gentleman was duly noticed at the hotel; but the bridegroom had been ousted in his affections of his bride by his companion, who embarked with him on his friend's ticket in the steamer for Alexandria, while the unfortunate lover was found murdered in the river. His rival and assassin, with his paramour, were overtaken by the Marseilles police in the Egyptian capital, and are soon to be tried at Aix for willful murder.

A PLUCKY OHIO SOLDIER.

Desperate Hand to Hand Fight—A Struggle for Life or Death.

A Columbia (S. C.) correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes:

"A most desperate conflict recently occurred at Chappel's Depot, between private Mowrey, Company C, 25th Ohio, and a desperado, known by the several names of Lawson, Lamar and the North. He had been arrested several times, but by adroitness and boldness had always made his escape, only to renew his career of rascality. Finally, privates Province and Morey, of Company C, were sent to ferret him out and bring him in, dead or alive. After several narrow escapes, he was finally trapped in company with a confederate named Partelow.—They were taken to the nearest military station, and Partalow turned over to the Provost Marshal. Province was to ride Partalow's horse to Newberry, while Mowrey proceeded with the prisoner Lawson on the cars to the same place.

While a stop was being made at Chappel's Depot a person came into the cars, opening the door between the guard and his prisoner, who, taking this opportunity of escape, darted out of the cars and into the woods. Of course, none of the citizens standing around would assist in his recapture. Mowrey, without a moment's hesitation, started in pursuit, with his rifle in hand, and revolver in his belt, but leaving his bayonet in the car. He was a swift runner, and soon came in sight of Lawson. The latter, seeing that he would be shot if he continued running, stopped and threw up his hands in token of surrender; but on their way to the cars, Lawson sprang upon Mowrey, seizing his rifle by the muzzle and drawing his. Instantly Mowrey grasped the barrel of the revolver, retaining his hold on the stock of the musket. It was a fearful moment; neither dared quit his grasp from either weapon.

Then began the terrible struggle for life or death. The ground is spoken of by persons who afterwards saw it as resembling the arena of a bull fight—Lawson finally ceased struggling, and while retaining a firm hold on the weapons, offered Mowrey $500 in greenbacks to release him. Mowrey replied, 'I was ordered to bring you in, dead or alive, and I will do it.' 'Then,' said the desperado, 'one of us will go to hell from here.' 'Very well,' replied Mowrey, 'it won't be me.' The struggle was then renewed with more fierceness than ever, and Lawson succeeded in throwing Mowrey to the ground. In an instant the latter let go the revolver, sprang to his feet, wrenched the musket from the hands of Lawson, and placed it against his breast. With admirable presence of mind the villain exclaimed, 'your gun is not capped!' but those were his last words, and Mowrey took his dead body to Newbury."

A New Application of Electricity.

President Johnson has invested the telegraph with a new character. He has made it an organ through which the Executive of the United States promulgates official action of the most important kind. He recognizes states as in the Union by telegraph; or he makes known his views clearly through the same means. The Secretary of State disseminates official documents all over the country by the electric wires; and thus we have the unparalleled spectacle of a great government the material power of which for offense and defense has never been equalled in ancient or modern eras, using an agency for the transmission of state papers of the gravest import which had never been employed before in that capacity. We think the President and Mr. Seward acted wisely in making the telegraph the medium of communication between themselves and the people, and we trust they will continue the new policy they have adopted, in this regard, whenever the public exigencies require it.

We will soon have, notwithstanding previous failures, telegraphic communication with Europe. Then we will instruct our foreign ministers by telegraph; enter into treaties by telegraph; declare war by telegraph; make peace by telegraph, and settle delicate diplomatic questions by telegraph. And when we get our lines extended to Mexico and down through the Isthmus of Panama into South America, we will regulate things generally by telegraph.—*New Orleans True Delta.*

A MYSTERIOUS SIGN.—A few weeks ago the inhabitants of San Francisco were filled with conjecture at the following sign, painted in large capitals on the front of the house recently fitted up and repaired: "Mrs. Brown, dealer in all sorts of ladies." All was consternation. Inquiry was instantly set on foot as to who this Mrs. Brown might be; but no one could tell; she was a stranger in San Francisco. Great anxiety prevailed as to the proclamation of the new establishment, and for two whole days all was surmise and consultation. On the third morning, behold! the mystery was unraveled. The house-painter, who had, it seems, been suddenly attacked with a fit of sickness, returned to finish his work, and concluded by adding the following words: "and gentlemen's wearing apparel."

DOWN EAST DIALOGUE.—Reuben—"Mayn't I see you hum from meetin,' Eunice?"

Eunice—"No, you shan't do no such thing. I'm otherwise engaged."

Reuben—"Wa'al, I kinder guess you've missed it once. I've got my pockets chuck full o' gingerbread and raisins."

Eunice—"You may take my arm, Reuben."

A REMINISCENCE.

But few now remember, we presume, that five years ago an attempt was made to amend the United States Constitution so as to make a future amendment against slavery impossible. Yet such was the fact. Damaging as it may be to his fame, it must be stated, for it is a historical fact, that Thomas Corwin, lately deceased, introduced and advocated the following amendment to the Constitution.

ART. XIII. No amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give to Congress the power to abolish or interfere, within any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or service by the laws of said State.

The above was passed by the House by the requisite constitutional two-thirds majority, but failed in the Senate, so that it was not submitted for the ratification of the States. One of the Newspapers of that day, Feb. 28, 1861, has the following account of the passage of the proposed amendment by the House:

"Mr. Corwin's report from the Committee of Thirty-three came up for final passage in Congress this morning [illegible] was agreed to amid thunders of applause from the galleries and the floor. As the vote proceeded, the excitement was intense; and on the announcement of the result, the inexpressible enthusiasm of the members and the crowded galleries, found vent in uproarious demonstrations. All feel that it is the harbinger of peace."

How strange the contrast between now and then. Then government and politicians were bent and swayed by the dominant slave power; and now the amendment to prohibit the abolition of slavery, has given place to an amendment abolishing slavery, and thus by the supreme law of the land chattel slavery is rendered forever impossible in the United States.

This great and wonderful change in the sentiment and status of the nation on the question of slavery, can but excite amazement. It shows how truly though man proposes, that God disposes. He has over-ruled blind, selfish human designs, and the shackles have never more to be riveted on enslaved human limbs, on territory where the supremacy of our National Constitution is acknowledged.—*Ravenna (O.) Democrat.*

Silver Peak of Nevada—A Mountain of Silver.

From the St. Louis Democrat.

Where is Silver Peak? It is at the intersection of the 38th parallel of the altitude with the 118th degree of west longitude, in Nevada—a prominent point in that mountainous region, springing to the altitude of one thousand feet from the plain in which it is situated, and stand nearly a mile above the ocean level. It is distant from Stockton, California, one hundred and twenty miles, and lying on the main road to that locality—the best on the Pacific slope—is easy accessible. "It appears," says the *Enterprise*, "that when the good genii of the mines were depositing their abundant stores of the precious metals in the hills of Nevada, they came to the borders of the valley of death, and although having silver enough to enrich the mountains of a continent, built the protuberance of Silver Peak, and hid all their treasures beneath." It was explored during the past year, and amid the auriferous region in which it is found there is no locality yet discovered that equals it in the production of rich ores. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Church, who visited that region, declares that "were the debt of our nation to amount to twenty thousand millions, there is wealth enough there to pay it off, and to give to every soldier in the Government service muskets of silver in place of iron, and to place our warvessels with silver instead of the coarser material now employed." He affirms that he does not speak from idle speculation, but from observation and actual calculation.

From the report of Mr. Platchly, mining engineer of Austin, Nevada, it appears that after five years of explorations in every direction in the "Great Basin" lying between the Snowy and Rocky Mountains, he found the entire section a vast field of mineral deposition, in which all the useful minerals exist in abundance; but, predominating over all others, silver deposits are presented in the greatest the most astonishing quantities. So large were these deposits that the previous year's mining operations, although necessarily imperfect for the want of proper machinery and the difficulties presented by a newly discovered field, nearly equaled the amount produced in Mexico, the oldest and greatest silver producing country on the continent, and he adds, "it is a safe prediction that in ten years the Great Basin will ship one hundred millions of bullion annually." Silver Peak is in the heart of the rich centre, and bears the name of the Mountain of Silver.

☞ "Dear me," said Mrs. Partington to Ike the other day, as she was reading the paper, "what an excoriating circumstance, poor, dear man! I suppose it was wind on the stomach did it. Dr. Bellows' bust." Ike at once seized the paper, and found the paragraph, so alarmingly headed, referred to a marble bust of the reverened gentleman on view at a statuary repository.

—Chief Justice Chase says he is ready to try Jeff. Davis whenever he finds the case on the docket of the Supreme Court, but that he will not try him in Virginia while military rule continues in that State.

☞ Love's fetters were formerly made of flowers, but in our day *gold bonds* are preferred.

—We must suppose that men value red noses, judging from the expense they are at to get them.

REBEL INGENUITY AT JOHNSON'S ISLAND.

When the rebel prisoners (all officers, and many of them high in rank) were confined on Johnson's Island, opposite this city, they exhibited a far greater amount of ingenuity than they were willing to acknowledge previous to their undertaking the task of rearing a Southern Confederacy. Previous to that event they considered it degrading and beneath the dignity of a gentleman to perform manuel labor of any kind. Perhaps in their case, necessity was the mother of invention, as well as labor, but be that as it may, we know they manufactured many little articles, such as chairs, tables, bedsteads, etc., with which to render prison life comfortable. Many of the articles were very fair specimens of Southern furniture and mechanism, and not totally devoid of rustic beauty. In the line of chairs, they manufactured hundreds of the old split-bottom variety, bottomed with the leather of old boots, cut into strings, and neatly interwoven together. Owing to a scarcity of tools, the wooden frames were made with only the use of the jack-knife and auger, and were really a staunch-made chair. On the release of the prisoners, hundreds of these chairs were sold at public auction, for whatever they would bring, and many of these articles made by them are now scattered about the country, some preserved by sympathizing friends as relics, are all that remain of a cause once dear to their hearts, but now, alas! no more. Others carry one home, simply as they would a bullet or a piece of shell from a battle field, not that they attach any intrinsic value or merit to it, but simply because it is a rebel relic.

Every one was marked with the name of the owner on the top slat of the back, together with the number of his regiment and the State from whence he came.—They were not marked, we suppose, because they suspected the honesty of their fellow prisoners, but simply that they might be able to tell their own, and be able to reclaim their property should it stray from their quarters. It is not an uncommon thing now to see a chair sitting around, once owned by Col. Sawyer of the 14th Mississippi, or of Brig. Gens. Johnson, Marmaduke, or other notables of the once rebel bull-pen. Fifty years hence such articles will be looked upon as greater curiosities than many that now grace our public museums, and cost hundreds of dollars.

CURING HAMS.—As to curing hams, doctors disagree. I believe I have made as good hams as ever were eaten, by using 6 lbs. salt and 4 oz. saltpetre to 100 lbs. pork, putting the salt dry upon the meat, as soon as possible after it was dressed. We have also made excellent hams in a pickle made as follows:

Weigh the hams or shoulders and take 8 per cent. of the weight, that is 8 lbs. per cwt. of rock salt, and put it in a kettle of water and heat it, and skim off all the skum that will rise. Then add 1 quart of molasses, 2 lbs. of white sugar, ¼ lb. of saleratus, ¼ lb. saltpetre, 1 or 2 oz. allspice for 100 lbs. meat. Boil all together and skim again, and let it cool, and pour it over the meat, adding water enough to cover it.

To those who prefer sugar-cured hams we offer the following recipe:

To cure a ham of 15 lbs. weight requires 1 lb. of good brown sugar, 2 oz. refined and ground saltpetre, ¼ lb. of ground sea-salt. First application—saltpetre, and cover the face of the ham with sugar a quarter of an inch thick; on the 5th day rub the skin side with sugar. Second application—saltpetre and a mixture of three parts of sugar and one of salt; on the 7th day rub as before. 3d application—half sugar and half salt; on the 7th day rub as before. Fourth application—same as last; in 7 days rub with half sugar and half salt; clean the flesh side of the ham. Fifth application—very good molasses (not sorgo) as long as the meat will absorb it. Saturate the ham with sugar as you would in preserving fruit; the salt is only to flavor it; for hams intended for boiling, and which require [illegible], you may use salt according to your judgment, and gain more time. The ham is now cured, and for purposes of boiling it will be found delicious.

One word more about the special advantage of curing with sugar; fat cured with salt is repulsive to weak stomachs, consequently a large portion is trimmed off hams intended for the American market that in England is always retained, for two reasons—economy and preserving the juices. Stomachs that reject fat when salted, find it palatable when cured with sugar.—*Solon Robinson.*

HOW TO MAKE BUCKWHEAT CAKES.—The season for buckwheat cakes has arrived. A writer in the American *Agriculturist* commends the following method for making cakes: "The finest, tenderist cakes can be made by adding a little unbolted wheat (or Graham) flour to the buckwheat. Less than a quarter will do. Mix with cold sour milk, or fresh (not sweet) butter milk, which is best. The soda (emptyings are dispensed with,) when put in cold water, will not act satisfactorily. Bake at once. The heat will start the effervescence, and as the paste rises it will bake, thus preventing it from falling. Hence the culminating point of lightness is attained. The batter rises snowy and beautiful, and the pancake will swell to almost undue dimensions, absolutely the lightest and tenderest that can be baked, with not a touch of acid. More salt, however, must be added than usual, to counteract the too fresh taste, when soda alone is used. Thus the bother of emptyings is all dispensed with. Pancakes in this way can be baked at any time, and on the shortest notice. We keep our flour mixed, the Graham with the buckwheat, ready for use.

—They are agitating the question as to whether they shall have a school house or not at Hastings. "It is a notorious fact," says the Conserver, "that the city of Hastings—with a population of upwards of three thousand, and nine hundred children between the ages of five and twenty-one—has not as much as a shed and [illegible] which to educate the rising generation."

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Owatonna Plaindealer.

VOLUME 3. OWATONNA, STEELE CO., MINN., THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1866. NUMBER 40.

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Published every Thursday evening, at Owatonna Steele County, Minnesota.

BY

L. H. KELLY, M. D., Editor and Prop.

OFFICE—On Broadway, North Side of the Public Square, east of Barker's Exchange.

TERMS:—$2,00 per annum, invariably in advance

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Legal notices will be inserted at 75 cts. a folio for the first insertion, and 37½ cts. a folio for each subsequent insertion, and must be paid before-hand if of publication is given.

Advertisements not accompanied with written directions, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Business Directory.

A. A. HARWOOD. W. W. HIGBEE.

Harwood & Higbee.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Bridge St., Owatonna. 2-24

W. R. KINYON.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR at Law in all the Courts of this State. Makes Collections. Attends to payment of Taxes, Procures Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c., &c. Professional business promptly attended to. Office 2d door from the Public Square, Bridge Street, Owatonna, May 11th, 1865. v1n3

J. B. SEARLES. E. B. VAN DOESEN

Searles & Van Doesen,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Will give prompt attention to all professional business, make collections, pay taxes, collect pensions, be kind pay and boundary, buy and sell land on commission and Notaries Public. Office on Bridge Street, fr t room over Excelsior Drug Store, Owatonna, Minnesota. v2n20tf

Mrs. L. J. Kellogg.

DENTIST is prepared to attend to all departments of Dentistry, including latest improvements, with neatness and dispatch. All work warranted. Office—Chesley's Photograph Rooms, in Dresser's Block. v2n36tf

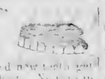
E. C. Phelps

DEALER in all kinds of Groceries at the Lowest Figures, Bridge Street, Owatonna.
Nov. 30, 1865. 31-6m

Frank Curtis & Co.,

DEALERS in all kinds of Groceries, Canned and Dried Fruits, Oysters, Lemons, &c., Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. v3n20tf

J. H. Williams.



DENTIST. I have worked in dentistry twenty-six years, and know that teeth can be saved by filling if taken in time. My fillings do not fall out. If you need new teeth and value them it is cheapest and the best. No name in Minnesota can beat me in Valuable work. Teeth extracted without pain. Operation guaranteed to please. All persons detained for work are allowed one dollar a day for board. Rochester, Min. v1n19

D. S. Ba...sa.

DEALER in Drug & Medicines, choice chemicals Patent medicines of all kinds, pure liquors for medicinal purposes, paints, oils, &c. Prescriptions carefully put up at all hours.

Jons & Hall.

DEALERS in Pure Wines & Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco. Also Fancy and Staple Groceries. Dried Green Apples, lemons, Oranges, Raisins etc. v1n4
Cash paid for Hides.

Hastings & Twiss.

GOOD Horses and Carriages constantly on hand to let on reasonable terms and in country roads. Livery Stable west of Stage Barn. 52-1y.

Marble Factory.

H. CARPENTER, Dealer in Head Stones, Monuments, &c., Main St., Rochester, Minn. 3n1

American Hotel,

J. B. GORY, Proprietor, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. The Proprietor has fitted up the old stand of the American Hotel, and has all the conveniences for the traveling community, both for man and beast. v2n6tf.

P. S. Bodle, M. D.,

LATE Surgeon U. S. Army, having located at Owatonna, will promptly attend to any call pertaining to the profession. Office over Wadsworth's store. v3n22tf

C. C. Cornell,

MANUFACTURER and dealer in all kinds of Earthen Ware, such as Churns, Jars of all sizes and everything usually found in a Pottery. All kinds of produce taken in exchange. Factory near the Straight river bridge, Owatonna, Minn. tf2

Carpenter & Smith,

NEW Merchant Tailors and Dealers in Clothe Cassimeres, and Vestings, Faribault, on Main Street opposite the National House. -ly

L. L. Bennett, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office at Burr & McClure's Jewelry Store, Broadway, Owatonna, Minn. Prompt attention given to all professional calls, by night or day.

Horace Rawles,

PROPRIETOR of the Farmers' House, 2½ miles west of Rice Lake, on the Owatonna Road. Good accommodations for large or small parties or the weary traveler and his team. Feed always ready. Terms reasonable, and satisfaction given. v3n30tf

C. C. Hazzard.

PROPRIETOR of Rice Lake House, at Rice Lake. The travelling community will find us always ready to administer to their comfort. 21tf

D. P. Smith.

PROPRIETOR of the National House, on Main street, Faribault, Minnesota. v1n22.

G. W. Yearly,

PROPRIETOR of the "Yearly Hotel," Waseoja, Minn., second door south of the Post Office, where the weary traveler will find good accommodations for man and beast. Mr. Y. was the former proprietor of the old "Waseoja Hotel." v2n52

J. H. Easton,

PHOTOGRAPHIST. Gallery on the west side of Broadway, two doors south of the American House, Rochester, Minn. Pictures of all kinds taken at all hours of the day. v2n27tf

L. D. Kelly,

PROPRIETOR OF THE OWATONNA PLAINDEALER, is prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work, such as Cards, Blanks, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the neatest styles and on the shortest notice. Terms—Cash on delivery of all work.

J. B. Hooker,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Owatonna, Steele Co., Minn. Will buy and sell land, take charge of farms, make investments and collections. ☞ Particular attention given to the payment of taxes for non-residents. Satisfactory references given when required. 3-2

I. O. O. F.

STAR OF THE WEST LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F. Regular Meeting every Tuesday evening. Lodge Room, over the People's Store. Entrance, rear of building.

E. K. Smith, N. G. | A. C. Hickman Sec.
L. Bixby, V. G. | D. B. Marble, Treas.
J. Newsalt, D. D. G. M.

Degree of Rebecca Meeting every first Friday in the month.

Masonic.

TYRIAN CHAPTER No. 6, R. A. M., will meet in Masonic Hall, in Faribault, on the first and third Wednesday evenings of each month.

C. N. DANIELS, H. P.
Z. S. WILSON, Secretary. v2n32tf

S. Blood, M. D.,

WOULD announce that he has opened an office at his residence, in the city of Owatonna, on Grove Street, (known as the Potwin Place,) where he will attend to all calls in the line of his profession. ☞ Particular attention will be given to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and Surgical Cases. v3n2tf

J. Houghton,

WATCH & CLOCK Repairer, Jeweler, &c., at Wadsworth's Store, Main Street, Owatonna. All work executed with dispatch, and warranted to perform. 3tf

ROCHESTER WHOLESALE

CRACKER MANUFACTORY!

Crackers by the Barrel or Box.

LARGE CRACKERS:
BOSTON, SODA.

ROUND CRACKERS:
BUTTER, WINE, CREAM, SUGAR,

PICNICS:
BUTTER, TEA, OYSTERS, SUGAR.

Wholesale Prices:

Picnic, Boston, Soda, and Butter,	8½
Sugar,	14
Cream,	18

All Crackers warranted fresh, and manufactured out of the finest materials, at the

ROCHESTER BAKERY,

ON THIRD STREET.

All kinds of Crackers given in exchange for Lard and Butter.

TAIT & VAN VOORHIES.
Rochester, Feb. 16, 1865. v2n46

JEWELRY! JEWELRY!

Burr & McClure

KEEP constantly on hand a SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of goods, such as

WATCHES

of all kinds, both GOLD AND SILVER, with all the modern improvements.

CLOCKS

Of all Styles, Sizes and Prices, including the

Seth Thomas Clocks,

Excelled by none.

JEWELRY

Of the choicest styles, and latest new Sets, such as

FLORENTINE, MOSAIC, ENAMELED, CORAL SETTS, &c., &c.

SILVER & PLATED WARE,

CASTORS, CAKE BASKETS, SPOONS, FORKS, &c., &c.

SPECTACLES,

Such as cannot be excelled by any establishment in the country.

Musical Instruments,

GUITARS, BANJOES, VIOLINS, ACCORDEONS CLARONETTS, FICKELOES, FLUTES, FIFES, DRUMS, &c., &c.

Cutlery.

A fine assortment of Table and Pocket Cutlery.

WILLOW WARE.

TRAVELING, MARKET & CLOTHES BASKETS. CHILDREN'S CABS & BUGGIES.

DOOR CAGES

Of various styles.

Fancy Goods & Yankee Notions,

In endless variety. Just received, a nice assortment of fine

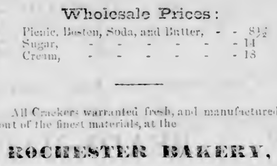
NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, HANGING BASKETS, IVORY JEWELRY, &c., &c.

☞ Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

☞ Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange for goods.

Call and see us, at the sign of the Big Watch.
BURR & McCLURE.
Owatonna, May 18, 1865. v3n11tf

NOW OPEN!



CHESLEY'S NEW & ELEGANT

Photograph Gallery,

IN

DRESSER'S BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Where he may always be found ready to wait upon those who may favor him with a call. He has the best SKY-LIGHT in the State, the best of instruments, Rooms and Chemicals necessary for the business, and can safely warrant his work.

Good as the Best.

Cases, Frames and Albums,

Of all Kinds constantly on hand. Pictures taken in all kinds of weather, and at

Reasonable Prices.

Call and see for yourselves.

☞ Ladies will find a

Convenient Dressing Room

For their use, and a lady always in attendance.
Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. v3n32tf

Dr. Middaugh.

PROPRIETOR of the Farmer's Home, ten miles west of Owatonna. Good accommodations for man and beast are provided for all who call. 3-35

M. E. Bilinke.

DEPUTY COUNTY SURVEYOR. Post-Office Address, Steele Centre, Steele County, Minn. Will attend to all Surveying upon order. 3-35n3

Cockrell & Williams.

PROPRIETORS of the Half House, Winona, Minnesota. v2n37-tf

TAKE UP.

Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 25th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.

WALTER STEBBINS.
Meriden, Jan. 11, 1866. 36-3t

Poetry.

PROPOSAL.

BY BAYARD TAYLOR.

The violet loves a sunny bank,
The cowslip loves the lea:
The scarlet creeper loves the elm:
But I love—thee.

The sunshine kisses mount and vale,
The stars they kiss the sea,
The west winds kiss the clover bloom;
But I kiss—thee.

The cricket woos his mottled mate,
The lily's bride is the bee;
Heaven's marriage ring is round the earth;
Shall I wed—thee?

ANSWER.

There is a freedom in the wind,
A freedom in the sea;
No tyrant love my heart confines,
I too am free.

A stag that fears the hunter's power,
Would from his footsteps flee;
As coward fears his dying hour,
Thus I fear thee.

Till many a sun hath ceased to shine,
A careless maid I'll be;
Say, would'st thou win this heart of mine?
'Tis not for thee.

THE SOLDIER'S WIFE.

She looked within the quiet room,
And saw three orphans sleeping there;
Theirs was the joy of childhood's bloom,
And her's the grief of cold despair.

Three broken forks, well driven in:
Three stockings pinioned to a shelf;
A rude note, fastened by a pin,
Begged Santa Claus fill them with pelf.

The purse and board were empty quite:
The twilight settled like a pall;
The dying fire made fitful light,
And spectral shadows on the wall.

She crept beside the window pane,
And gazed into the sad sun sky,
While steadily, in golden train,
Star after star went gleaming by.

And then arose before her sight
Another picture, far away:
Where, sleeping in the placid night,
The father of her children lay.

She saw him gird his armor on;
She kissed his brow and blessed him then;
She bade him, when the fight began,
Approve himself as best of men.

By Chattahoochie's rolling stream,—
Amid the thunder of the fray,
The musket-rear and barren gleam,—
One night his mangled body lay.

The pale star kissed her pale face,
And gemmed each tear-drop in her eye,
Then softly shone above the place
Where he she loved and lost did die.

Three rosy orphans dream and dream;
Three shrinking no one come to fill
For them by Chattahoochie's stream
Brave Santa Claus is cold and still.

SONG OF THE PARDON-SEEKERS.

We're coming, Uncle Andrew J., your pardon to implore,
A motley band from Dixie's land we haunt the White House door.
We don't know what on earth we've done to harm a single soul,
But, to a man, alas! we know that you our fates control;
And, wanting home and hands again, here, with out more ado,
Upon our knees, we F. F. V's for pardon humbly sue.

We're coming up from Charleston too, and all along the shore,
The chivalry on bended knee, your pardon to implore.
A year ago, and even less, we thought your scalp to wave,
Above the soil where slaves should toil o'er Freedom's bloody grave;
But Northmen fought, and Freedom lives, and you are President;
Hence for your grace our perjured race their supple knees have bent.

Behold the fierce fire-eaters here, as cool as Northern ice,
And tigers, too, from savage Lew., as innocent as mice;
From every State we thronging come, with wishes most intense,
Like Tyler John to find you on the democratic fence,
Where you may shield us while we strike another coward blow:
Our counsels, the copperheads, assure us 'twill be so.

When this imputed to our charge give rise to doubts or fears,
Our women go, in wheels of woe, to move you by their tears;
With weeping infants they have lent, and cowards lent a few,
Who hope to rest in some soft nest by cringing thus to you.
And so we come and so we go, and leave the White House sober
A pardoned band, from Dixie's land, as wicked as before.

SAND-MARTINS.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

I passed an island city precipitate:
From tiny eaves peeped many a sooty poll;
In each a mother martin sat elate,
And of the news delivered her small soul.

Fantastic chatter! hasty, glad, and gay,
Whereof the meaning was not ill to tell:—
"Gossip, how wags the world with you to-day?"
"Gossip, the world wags well, the world wags well."

And listening, I was sure their little ones
Were in the bird-talk, and discourse was made
Concerning hot sun-flights and tropic suns,
For a clear sultriness the tune conveyed;—

And visions of the sky as of a cup
Hailing down light on Pagan Pharaoh's sand,
And quivering air-waves trembling up and up,
And blank stone-faces marvellously bland;

When should the young be helped, and with them he
Where costly day drops down in crimson light;
Fortune to countries of the fire-fly,
Swarm with blue diamonds all the sultry night,

And the immortal moon takes turn with them):—
When should they pass again by that red land
Where lovely mirage words a bordered hem
To fringe with phantom palms a robe of sand;

When should they dip their breasts again and play
In slumberous azure pools clear as the air,
Where rosy-winged flamingoes fish all day,
Stalking amid the lotus-blossoms fair;

Then over pool-led tamarinds bear their flight,
While cassias feed the wind with spiceries;
And so betake them to a south sea-bight,
To gossip in the crowns of cocoa-trees

Whose roots are in the spray. O happy there,
Some dawn,—white-winged, they might chance to find
A frigate standing in to make more fair
The loneliness shadowed of mankind!

A frigate come to water. Nuts would fall,
And nimble feet would climb the flower-flushed strand,
And northern talk would ring, and therewithal
The martins would desire the cool north land,

And all would hear it had been before.
Again at eve there would be news to tell;
Who passed should hear them chant it o'er and o'er,
"Gossip, how wags the world?" "Well, Gossip, Well!"

☞ The latest invention is a "palpitating bosom" for the ladies, which is set in motion by a concealed spring when an extra display of "emotion" is required.

Miscellany.

GERMAN UNIONISTS IN TEXAS.

An Affecting Episode in the History of the Rebellion.

In the summer of 1862, when an attempt was made by conscription to drag into the rebel army the Germans of West Texas, a number of these gathered from the mountain counties of Kerr, Kendall, Llano, and Gillespie, with the determination to proceed to Mexico, and, if possible join the Union army. Without any obstacle they had arrived, on the evening of August 9, in the neighborhood of Fort Clark, where they encamped in a little cedar grove situated in an open prairie. After having posted some pickets to guard the approaches, the sixty young patriots lay down upon the ground confident of security. At 3 o'clock a. m. they were awakened by a volley of musketry. Two of their picket, wounded, came running in and gave the alarm. A strong body of men, whether white or red men it was impossible to say, was advancing upon the camp. Two pickets, Ernest Besider, and Lois Sohnerholz, had been killed.

The small and badly-armed band of Germans prepared for resistance. Daylight, now at hand, disclosed that they were assailed by a body of a hundred strong. Their own ranks had been thinned by desertion, but the fight was stubbornly maintained. After the struggle had lasted an hour and a half all but twelve or fourteen of the Germans were wounded and the others exhausted. A retreat was resolved upon, but while retreating from the field they twice repulsed their assailants, who then desisted from pursuit. The band now numbering thirty-two, of whom eighteen were wounded fled to the mountains, where they found shelter in a cave, and relief for their wounds in cactus leaves. Some of them got astray and were captured, some were murdered by the rebels.

The bodies of the Union men who had been killed were left on the battle field, and so long as the rebel flag floated over Texas no parent or friend ventured to afford them a resting-place. As soon, however, as the United States had re-established its Government in the State, E. Degener, the father of two of the victims, accompanied by twenty-five men, relatives and friends of the slain, went to the battle-field, collected their remains and brought them to Comfort, where they received the honors of Christian burial, on the 20th of August, 1865. The funeral ceremony was of an imposing and touching character. A procession of about three hundred loyal people, headed by the fathers of four of the victims—old men of sixty and seventy years—preceded the funeral car, drawn by four white horses. Under the Union banner lay the remains of the Martyrs of Loyalty. A detachment of Federal troops, sent by General Merritt, accompanied the cortege. At the grave E. Degener pronounced an oration which brought tears of grief to the eyes, and stirred with invigorating patriotism the hearts of the loyal mourners. He concluded thus:

"The sacrifice that we, the fathers of the slaughtered, made to our country and to liberty is great and dolorous. We shall, however, console ourselves; We shall be proud of having offered our sons to the Union, if the glorious victory of its arms bear all the fruits that this nation and the whole of humanity justly expect to reap."

The detachment of the Federal troops fired a salute over the grave, and the liberated soil of Texas inclosed the remains of its brave and faithful sons.—The little remote spot where they rest must be to the nation as sacred as those places where thousands of her fallen defenders are deposited. Small in number, far away from the patriotic heart and the strong arm of the loyal North, surrounded by fierce enemies of the Union, those brave and devoted Germans offered their lives as a holy protest against the treason of the recreant rebels.

DIVORCE TO BE MADE EASY.

There was pending in the Senate of this State, before its recess, a bill "to regulate the domestic relations," which promises to assume a form that may give a very discreditable and mischievous phase to certain domestic relations. On motion of Senator Frost, the bill was amended so as to make habitual intemperance for one year sufficient cause for divorce. Mr. Doniphan offered to amend Mr. Frost's amendment by an proviso that the intemperance should not have been contracted before marriage. Mr. Doniphan argued that if the husband was intemperate before marriage, and the wife united her fortunes with his with a knowledge of his vice, she ought not to be entitled to a divorce. The Senate voted down Mr. Doniphan's proviso, and adopted Frost's, making habitual intemperance for one year good cause for divorce, by 13 ayes to 10 nays.—*St. Louis Despatch.*

THE LAST FRENCH HORROR.—The son of a lawyer of Dijon recently arrived at Marseilles with his bride, with the avowed object of making a pleasure trip to Egypt. After tarrying a few days in that city, a young townsman of the bridegroom joined the party, and eventually the departure of the lady with a gentleman was duly noticed at the hotel; but the bridegroom had been ousted in his affections of his bride by his companion, who embarked with him on his friend's ticket in the steamer for Alexandria, while the unfortunate lover was found murdered in the river. His rival and assassin, with his paramour, were overtaken by the Marsellies police in the Egyptian capital, and are soon to be tried at Aix for willful murder.

A PLUCKY OHIO SOLDIER.

Desperate Hand to Hand Fight—A Struggle for Life or Death.

A Columbia (S. C.) correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes:

"A most desperate conflict recently occurred at Chappel's Depot, between private Mowrey, Company C, 25th Ohio, and a desperado, known by the several names of Lawson, Lamar and the North. He had been arrested several times, but by adroitness and boldness had always made his escape, only to renew his career of rascality. Finally, privates Province and Morey, of Company C, were sent to ferret him out and bring him in, dead or alive. After several narrow escapes, he was finally trapped in company with a confederate named Partalow.—They were taken to the nearest military station, and Partalow turned over to the Provost Marshal. Province was to ride Partalow's horse to Newberry, while Mowrey proceeded with the prisoner Lawson on the cars to the same place.

While a stop was being made at Chappel's Depot a person came into the cars, opening the door between the guard and his prisoner, who, taking this opportunity of escape, darted out of the cars and into the woods. Of course, none of the citizens standing around would assist is his recapture. Mowrey, without a moment's hesitation, started in pursuit, with his rifle in hand, and revolver in his belt, but leaving his bayonet in the car. He was a swift runner, and soon came in sight of Lawson. The latter, seeing that he would be shot if he continued running, stopped and threw up his hands in token of surrender; but on their way to the cars, Lawson sprang upon Mowrey, seizing his rifle by the muzzle and drawing his. Instantly Mowrey grasped the barrel of the revolver, retaining his hold on the stock of the musket. It was a fearful moment; neither dared quit his grasp from either weapon.

Then began the terrible struggle for life or death. The ground is spoken of by persons who afterwards saw it as resembling the arena of a bull fight—Lawson finally ceased struggling, and while retaining a firm hold on the weapons, offered Mowrey $500 in greenbacks to release him. Mowrey replied, 'I was ordered to bring you in, dead or alive, and I will do it.' 'Then,' said the desperado, 'one of us will go to hell from here.' 'Very well,' replied Mowrey, 'it won't be me.' The struggle was then renewed with more fierceness than ever, and Lawson succeeded in throwing Mowrey to the ground. In an instant the latter let go the revolver, sprang to his feet, wrenched the musket from the hands of Lawson, and placed it against his breast. With admirable presence of mind the villain exclaimed, 'your gun is not capped;' but those were his last words, and Mowrey took his dead body to Newbury."

A New Application of Electricity.

President Johnson has invested the telegraph with a new character. He has made it an organ through which the Executive of the United States promulgates official action of the most important kind. He recognises states as in the Union by telegraph; or he makes known his views clearly through the same means. The Secretary of State disseminates official documents all over the country by the electric wires; and thus we have the unparalleled spectacle of a great government the material power of which for offense and defense has never been equalled in ancient or modern eras, using an agency for the transmission of state papers of the gravest import which had never been employed before in that capacity. We think the President and Mr. Seward acted wisely in making the telegraph the medium of communication between themselves and the people, and we trust they will continue the new policy they have adopted, in this regard, whenever the public exigencies require it.

We will soon have, notwithstanding previous failures, telegraphic communication with Europe. Then we will instruct our foreign ministers by telegraph; enter into treaties by telegraph; declare war by telegraph; make peace by telegraph, and settle delicate diplomatic questions by telegraph. And when we get our lines extended to Mexico and down through the Isthmus of Panama into South America, we will regulate things generally by telegraph.—*New Orleans True Delta.*

A MYSTERIOUS SIGN.—A few weeks ago the inhabitants of San Francisco were filled with conjecture at the following sign, painted in large capitals on the front of the house recently fitted up and repaired: "Mrs. Brown, dealer in all sorts of ladies." All was consternation. Inquiry was instantly set on foot as to who this Mrs. Brown might be; but no one could tell; she was a stranger in San Francisco. Great anxiety prevailed as to the proclamation of the new establishment, and for two whole days all was surmise and consultation. On the third morning, behold! the mystery was unraveled. The house-painter, who had, it seems, been suddenly attacked with a fit of sickness, returned to finish his work, and concluded by adding the following words: "and gentlemen's wearing apparel."

DOWN EAST DIALOGUE.—Reuben—"Mayn't I see you hum from meetin,' Eunice?"

Eunice—"No, you shan't do no such thing. I'm otherwise engaged."

Reuben—"Wa'al, I kinder guess you've missed it once. I've got my pockets chuck full o' gingerbread and ammus."

Eunice—"You may take my arm, Reuben."

A REMINESCENCE.

But few now remember, we presume, that five years ago an attempt was made to amend the United States Constitution so as to make a future amendment against slavery impossible. Yet such was the fact. Damaging as it may be to his fame, it must be stated, for it is a historical fact, that Thomas Corwin, lately deceased, introduced and advocated the following amendment to the Constitution.

ART. XIII. No amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give to Congress the power to abolish or interfere, within any State, with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of person held to labor or service by the laws of said State.

The above was passed by the House by the requisite constitutional two-thirds majority, but failed in the Senate, so that it was not submitted for the ratification of the States. One of the Newspapers of that day, Feb. 28, 1861, has the following account of the passage of the proposed amendment by the House:

"Mr. Corwin's report from the Committee of Thirty-three came up for final passage in Congress this morning. It was agreed to amid thunders of applause from the galleries and the floor. As the vote proceeded, the excitement was intense; and on the announcement of the result, the inexpressible enthusiasm of the members and the crowded galleries, found vent in uproarious demonstrations. All feel that it is the harbinger of peace."

How strange the contrast between now and then. Then government and politicians were bent and swayed by the dominant slave power; and now the amendment to prohibit the abolition of slavery, has given place to an amendment abolishing slavery, and thus by the supreme law of the land chattel slavery is rendered forever impossible in the United States.

This great and wonderful change in the sentiment and status of the nation on the question of slavery, can but excite amazement. It shows how truly though man proposes, that God disposes. He has over-ruled blind, selfish human designs, and the shackles have never more to be riveted or enslaved human limbs, on territory where the supremacy of our National Constitution is acknowledged. —*Revenna (O.) Democrat.*

Silver Peaks of Nevada—A Mountain of Silver.

From the St. Louis Democrat.

Where is Silver Peak? It is at the intersection of the 38th parallel of the altitude with the 118th degree of west longitude, in Nevada—a prominent point in that mountainous region, springing to the altitude of one thousand feet from the plain in which it is situated, and stand nearly a mile above the ocean level. It is distant from Stockton, California, one hundred and twenty miles, and lying on the main road to that locality—the best on the Pacific slope—is easy accessible. "It appears," says the *Enterprise*, "that when the good genii of the mines were depositing their abundant stores of the precious metals in the hills of Nevada, they came to the borders of the valley of death, and although having silver enough to enrich the mountains of a continent, built the promontorance of Silver Peak, and hid all their treasures beneath." It was exploded during the past year, and amid the auriferous region in which it is found there is no locality yet discovered that equals it in the production of rich ores. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Church, who visited that region, declares that "were the debt of our nation to amount to twenty thousand millions, there is wealth enough there to pay it off, and to give to every soldier in the Government service muskets of silver in place of iron, and to plate our war vessels with silver instead of the coarser material now employed." He affirms that he does not speak from idle speculation, but from observation and actual calculation.

From the report of Mr. Platchly, mining engineer of Austin, Nevada, it appears that after five years of explorations in every direction in the "Great Basin" lying between the Snowy and Rocky Mountains, he found the entire section a vast field of mineral deposition, in which all the useful minerals exist in abundance; but, predominating over all others, silver deposits are presented in the greatest the most astonishing quantities. So large were these deposits that the previous year's mining operations, although necessarily imperfect for the want of proper machinery and the difficulties presented by a newly discovered field, nearly equaled the amount produced in Mexico, the oldest and greatest silver producing country on the continent, and he adds, "it is a safe prediction that in ten years the Great Basin will ship one hundred millions of bullion annually." Silver Peak is in the heart of the rich centre, and bears the name of the Mountain of Silver.

☞ "Dear me," said Mrs. Partington to Ike the other day, as she was reading the paper, "what an excoriating circumstance, poor, dear man! I suppose it was wind on the stomach did it. Dr. Bellows' bust." Ike at once seized the paper, and found the paragraph, so alarmingly headed, referred to a marble bust of the reverened gentleman on view at a statuary repository.

—Chief Justice Chase says he is ready to try Jeff. Davis whenever he finds the case on the docket of the Supreme Court, but that he will not try him in Virginia while military rule continues in that State.

☞ Love's letters were formerly made of flowers, but in our day *gold bonds* are preferred.

—We must suppose that men value red noses, judging from the expense they are at to get them.

REBEL INGENUITY AT JOHNSON'S ISLAND.

When the rebel prisoners (all officers, and many of them high in rank) were confined on Johnston's Island, opposite this city, they exhibited a far greater amount of ingenuity than they were willing to acknowledge previous to their undertaking the task of rearing a Southern Confederacy. Previous to that event they considered it degrading and beneath the dignity of a gentleman to perform manuel labor of any kind. Perhaps in their case, necessity was the mother of invention, as well as labor, but be that as it may, we know they manufactured many little articles, such as chairs, tables, bedsteads, etc., with which to render prison life comfortable. Many of the articles were very fair specimens of Southern furniture and mechanism, and not totally devoid of rustic beauty. In the line of chairs, they manufactured hundreds of the old split-bottom variety, bottomed with the leather of old boots, cut into strings, and neatly interwoven together. Owing to a scarcity of tools, the wooden frames were made with only the use of the jack-knife and augur, and were really a staunch-made chair. On the release of the prisoners, hundreds of these chairs were sold at public auction, for whatever they would bring, and many of these articles made by them are now scattered about the country, some preserved by sympathizing friends as relics, are all that remain of a cause once dear to their hearts, but now, alas! no more. Others carry one home, simply as they would a bullet or a piece of shell from a battle field, not that they attach any intrinsic value or merit to it, but simply because it is a rebel relic.

Every one was marked with the name of the owner on the top slat of the back, together with the number of his regiment and the State from whence he came.—They were not marked, we suppose, because they suspected the honesty of their fellow prisoners, but simply that they might be able to tell their own, and be able to reclaim their property should it stray from their quarters. It is not an uncommon thing now to see a chair sitting around, once owned by Col. Sawyer of the 14th Mississippi, or of Brig. Gens. Johnson, Marmaduke, or other notables of the once rebel bull-pen. Fifty years hence such articles will be looked upon as greater curiosities than many that now grace our public museums, and cost hundreds of dollars.

CURING HAMS.—As to curing hams, doctors disagree. I believe I have made as good hams as ever were eaten, by using 6 lbs. salt and 4 oz. saltpetre to 100 lbs. pork, putting the salt dry upon the meat, as soon as possible after it was dressed. We have also made excellent hams in a pickle made as follows:

Weigh the hams or shoulders and take 8 per cent. of the weight, that is 8 lbs. per cwt. of rock salt, and put it in a kettle of water and heat it, and skim off all the skum that will rise. Then add 1 quart of molasses, 2 lbs. of white sugar, ¼ lb. of saleratus, ¼ lb. saltpeire, 1 or 2 oz. allspice for 100 lbs. meat. Boil all together and skim again, and let it cool, and pour it over the meat, adding water enough to cover it.

To those who prefer sugar-cured hams we offer the following recipe:

To cure a ham of 15 lbs. weight requires 1 lb. of good brown sugar, 2 oz. refined and ground saltpetre, ¼ lb. of ground sea-salt. First application—saltpetre, and cover the face of the ham with sugar a quarter of an inch thick; on the 5th day rub the skin side with sugar. Second application—saltpetre and a mixture of three parts of sugar and one of salt; on the 7th day rub as before. 3d application—half sugar and half salt; on the 7th day rub as before. Fourth application—same as last; in 7 days rub with half sugar and half salt; clean the flesh side of the ham. Fifth application—very good molasses (not sorgo) as long as the meat will absorb it. Saturate the ham with sugar as you would in preserving fruit; the salt is only to flavor it; for hams intended for boiling, and which require more salt, you may use salt according to your judgment, and gain more time. The ham is now cured, and for purposes of boiling it will be found delicious.

One word more about the special advantage of curing with sugar; fat cured with salt is repulsive to weak stomachs, consequently a large portion is trimmed off hams intended for the American market that in England is always retained, for two reasons—economy and preserving the juices. Stomachs that reject fat when salted, find it palatable when cured with sugar.—*Solon Robinson.*

HOW TO MAKE BUCKWHEAT CAKES.—The season for buckwheat cakes has arrived. A writer in the American *Agriculturist* recommends the following method for making cakes: "The finest, tenderest cakes can be made by adding a little unbolted wheat (or Graham) flour to the buckwheat. Less than a quarter will do. Mix with cold sour milk, or fresh (not sweet) butter milk, which is best. The soda (emptyings are dispensed with,) when put in cold water, will not act satisfactorily. Bake at once. The heat will start the effervescence, and as the paste rises it will bake, thus preventing it from falling. Hence the culminating point of lightness is attained. The batter rises snowy and beautiful, and the pancake will swell to almost undue dimentions, absolutely the lightest and tenderest that can be baked, with not a touch of acid. More salt, however, must be added than usual, to counteract the too fresh taste, when soda alone is used. Thus the bother of emptyings is all dispensed with. Pancakes in this way can be baked at any time, and on the shortest notice. We keep our flour mixed, the Graham with the buckwheat, ready for use.

—They are agitating the question as to whether they shall have a school house or not at Hastings. "It is a notorious fact," says the Conserver, "that the city of Hastings—with a population of upwards of three thousand, and nine hundred children between the ages of five and twenty-one—has not as much as a shed under which to educate the rising generation.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1866.

HOW OUR PROBATE JUDGE WAS APPOINTED.

St. Paul, Jan. 13, 1866.

FRIEND KELLY: - * * * * I think Chambers might do better than to rejoice over the wrong he has done the County by that act. He has added another to the foul blots which mark his character since he came to Owatonna. He obtained Aiken's appointment only by misrepresentation and lying, so open and gross that he has lost all personal influence with the Governors, either elect or MILLER. They both despise him for his low, underhanded course in that matter. It appears that he went to Faribault and got Attorney General Cole's opinion, and then secured his and Dyke's names to a recommend to the Governor for Aikin's appointment. Chambers then came to St. Paul and presented his paper from Faribault to the Governor. The Governor asked for a recommend from Steele County, and Chambers said he did not suppose he needed any. The Governor then asked him if Aikin did not oppose me in the canvass last fall, and was told that he did not: that he was not mixed up in that matter, but was a Presbyterian Minister or D. D., and was above such things. The Governor then asked him if in his opinion it would heal the breach existing among the Republicans of the County, if he made the appointment, and was answered that no appointment could be made which would tend more to do so, than that of Mr. Aiken, who, he said, was well qualified for the position. Still the Governor was not satisfied, and notwithstanding Chambers' earnest desire to carry a Commission for his appointment back with him, he refused to grant one, but promised him that if he did not hear from Steele County about the matter within four days, he would send the appointment down to him. The four days passed, and not hearing from the County, the commission was forwarded according to agreement. When the Governor ascertained the facts in the case, he not only felt indignant at the deceitful course Chambers had pursued, but chagrined to think that he had been the dupe of such trickery. He cannot yet speak in any other than in terms of unmeasured scorn of Chambers course in the matter, and it will be a long time ere the Executive of the State will repose the least shadow of confidence in the man who could thus meanly deceive one who thus overestimated his integrity. * *

J. B. CROOKER.

We publish the above extract from J. B. CROOKER letter, that the public may know how J J. Aiken received the appointment of Probate Judge of this Co. Is it not decidedly cool that Messrs. Cole and Dyke of Rice County should dictate to the people of Steele? Are the people of this County to have no voice in deciding who shall be our rulers? A Chambers, Cole and Dyke by this act emphatically answers us—no! Could a greater insult be offered to the citizens of this county? Is not such an act a gross insult upon our intelligence? and does it not justly merit the scorn and contempt of every voter of this County? But we leave those out of the County, and specially notice the doings of A. Chambers in this transaction. It seems that Chambers was not fully satisfied that he could appoint J. J. Aikin, and consulted with G. C. Cole, who told him the Governor alone, had the power of appointing, and then secured the names of Cole and Dyke of Faribault and started on his secret mission for St. Paul to see Gov. Miller, and stated to him what appears in Mr. Crooker's letter. 1st, He (Mr. Miller) asked him for a recommendation from the citizens of this Co. and was answered that he did not think that it was necessary, implying by such an answer that the people had nothing to say in the matter, that he was the only man in this County that was competent to say who shall fill any office of trust or profit in the county. It seems he was determined to run the County as usual, and if he could not get aid from our citizens he would go to Rice County and obtain it there. He has for the last three years, by his position as Commissioner, made many dupes through fear of losing their position, sallary diminished, or bills disallowed if they should dare to speak unfavorable of his hypocritical conduct, and in no instance has it been more apparent than in the case of the PLAINDEALER. He and his compeer, J. J. Aiken, because they could not make the peoples' organ of the County their instrument to promote their own popularity or National agrandizement, determined to withold from it the public patronage, which they accomplished through the board last fall, and as we have every reason to believe, contrary to the wishes of the people. By this act, Chambers thought he would force us into subjection to his will, or cause us to leave, and make room for an organ that would cater to their pusillanimous nature. But in this they are wofully mistaken, for so long as we have control of the PLAINDEALER, the people shall be informed of the doings of the Board of Commissioners, and their unjust edicts laid before the pulic, let the consequences be what they may. Neither shall we be driven from our purpose through fear of patronage or the wiles of its leader. The Governor then asked him if Aikin did not oppose Mr. CROOKER's election last fall, and was told by A. Chambers that he did not, was a Presbyterian Minister, a Doctor of Divinity, and did not mix up in such matters, &c. Now we ask every candid and intelligent mind in this city who are cognizant of the facts, if a greater misrepresentation, or more false statement was ever uttered by any human being? All are aware and know full well that A. Chambers and his satelite, J. J. Aikin, opposed in a violent manner the election of Mr. CROOKER, and done all in their power to prevent his election, and defeat the regular Republican nominee, and voted for A. Town, who was supported by Democrats and copperheads at the last fall election. We wish these facts to be distinctly understood by the executive department and all in State authority, and if they have any favors to bestow, that they will do it on the recommend of the vilest copperhead, rather than on a man who will wantonly misrepresent and withold the truth to gratify his own selfish nature.

Again, he informs Gov. Miller that no person could be appointed to that office who would give such entire satisfaction to the people of the County as to appoint J. J. Aikin. Now this may be true so far as a few Democrats and copperheads are concerned, but to the great mass of Republicans in the County, it is utterly without foundation, and we venture the assertion that neither A. Chambers or J. J. Aikin could command one hundred true Republican votes, for any office whatever, in the County.

This, then, is the manner in which this great *Divine* received his appointment of Probate Judge, without a single person desiring his appointment, with the exception of A. Chambers, and that through deceit and misrepresentations. Who would envy such a position, secured in such a manner? If J. J. Aikin can gather Laurels by obtaining office in such a manner, we fail to see it, and all such honors will prove a curse rather than a blessing. How long before the people will arouse to a sense of their duty, and put in such persons to fill the offices of the County, as will tend to promote harmony and kind feelings toward all?

OUR REPRESENTATIVE.

The citizens of our County may well feel flattered in the choice of Hon J. B. CROOKER, last fall, to represent them in the present Legislature. We have always believed him to be a man of strict integrity and ability, and it seems that the House to which he is a member, have sustained us in this belief, by appointing him Chairman on the Committee of Ways and Means, the first and most important committee of the House, and by this high position, they virtually acknowledged him the leader of that body. In his present station he is able to command more influence than any other member of the House, aside from the Speaker, and those who know him will acknowledge it was worthily bestowed. He has ever been a firm supporter of our Republican principles, and during the last four years, when our Nation was assailed by internal foes, and struggling for national existence, he was always found at his post, encouraging the faint hearted, and instilling in the hearts of all the true principles of patriotism and love for our beloved country. Treachery was never a part of his nature, and no consideration of emolument could deter him from his settled purpose of thwarting the wicked devices of rebels and copperheads. All who know him are living witnesses of the fact that he is, and ever has been an uncompromising Republican, and a warm defender of our Union and its army. Such men, and these alone, are worthy of the confidence of a free people, and if honors are to be bestowed, it should be on these, and those who have through the passion of patriotism marched to the field of carnage and in hand to hand engagements, defended our sacred institutions. The House is now engaged in maturing the plan for revising our State Laws, and in doing which, the great burden of revising will devolve upon the Committee of Ways and Means, and the Chairman in particular. This is a laborious work, and is rather doubtful whether it will be fully completed this session. It is a work long needed, and much desired by the people of the State generally. From the amount of talent on this Committee, we may safely infer that when perfected, will not only prove a great benefit to the State, but an honor to these who had it under their supervison.

☞ The *World* calls Congress the "Rump Congress," whereupon the *Tribune* intimates that it is looking for the return of the Stuarts. There is a good deal in the *Tribune's* hint. For that too was '*Restoration*'—the restoration of Despotism and its instruments—the rack and thumb-screw. That is not the restoration to which the "Rump Congress" is preliminary, or if it be, if we repeat history in that, we shall follow it to the end: and we know what became of the Stuarts, finally; and we know what became of the Bourbons. Reactions are but the backward spring of revolutions preparing for a grander leap forward. So the Stuarts had better keep out of the way of the tiger.—*Press.*

☞ Gen. Grant has sent to both the Senate and House committee on military affairs a very important communication in regard to an increase of the regular army, accompanied by reports from the paymaster's, quartermaster's, commissary and engineer departments, and the cavalry bureau, stating what each will require in case an increase of the regular army is agreed upon. The suggestions contained in the communication are essentially different from the bill prepared by Senator Wilson. The authority for using colored regiments Gen. Grant proposes to place in the hands of the President. It is doubtful whether the committee will leave this matter to the President.

☞ Secretary Harlan has been elected U. S. Senator from Iowa, for the long term, and Governor Kirkwood for the short term.

Hon. John Sherman has been re-elected U. S. Senator from Ohio, for the term of six years from the fourth of March, 1867.

Good Faith Profitable.

The New York *Evening Post*, referring to the announcement that the Barings have taken two millions of Massachusetts five per cent bonds, at about 97 cents on the dollar, or, at very nearly par, contrasts the fact with the less commanding position of the finances of the Union, and of other States. It says:

The State of Massachusetts deserves her high credit. The unsurpassed energy and thrift of her people entitle her to obtain money in the market at the lowest rates. But there is something more than that, just now, gives her a peculiar right to high credit. All through the war, no matter how much depreciated was the paper money of the country, no matter what premium, as it is called, she had to pay for gold, she steadily and unflinchingly paid the public interest, as she had promised to pay it, in coin. Our own great and wealthy State, the chief partner in our Union of States, failed to do this. We are now paying the penalty of our bad faith and of our expensive policy in this respect. New York seven per cent bonds are selling for barely par in paper money; in other words, New York has issued bonds promising to pay some years hence, $25,000,000 in gold, of which bonds the net proceeds to the State are in cash, only 17,250,000, leaving a shave, as they say in Wall street, of about $8,000,000 on the transaction.

A Letter from Mrs. Jeff Davis.

The wife of the ex-head of the Southern Confederacy writes from Mill View, Georgia, to T. C. Clark, Secretary of the Ladie's Southern Aid Association, in reply to a letter tendering herself and family pecuniary assistance. In the course of her letter she says:

"To the accepted prayers of the widows and orphans, our suffering but heroic women, our brave and true men, our innocent little children, I look for the restoration to my little children of their agonized but Christian father. If a merciful Providence so ordain it, we hope to live and die among you, mutually consoling and bearing each other's burdens. I pray God we may not be driven from the home of our childhood, 'for how can we sing our own song in a strange land?' We would not have our dear friends betrayed by their sympathy into offering, for our use, too much from their own 'basket and store.' I and mine have, so far, been miraculously cared for and shielded from want. We seem ever environed by the love which is reflected upon us from that which lighted my husband in his dungeon—softened his prison walls with sunny pictures of loving eyes and out-stretched arms.

Grief and gratitude seem to impose upon me silence. I would, but cannot, say more. I will enclose within this note the names and directions of gentlemen to whom the contributions of which you speak may be inclosed."

☞ Washington despatch of the 14th chronicles the following instance of chivalry:

Senator Sumner last evening received a box containing the finger of a negro accompanied with the following note:

"You old son of a b——, I send you a piece of one of your friends, and if that bill of yours passes I will have a piece of you.

(Signed.) A UNION MAN."

The finger, which had evidently been in alcohol for some time, was done up in a round box, addressed in a beautiful hand, and left on the door-step of Senator Sumner's boarding house, where it was found by a servant girl. The note was in a boyish hand, and in several instances words of it misspelled.

☞ At a promiscuous assemblage of whites and blacks in Washington the other night, at which they had tableaux, the Washington *Republican* of the 3d says:

"The audience were agreeably surprised by the appearance of the 'Contraband Sybil,' represented by Sojourner Truth, who appeared in an appropriate costume and sang words and music of her own composition, with good effect. When she retired it was stated by D. M. Kelsey, Esq., that she had been a slave in the State of New York for upwards of thirty years, and had lived to see slavery gradually disappear from nearly all the northern States, and had finally witnessed its total abolition throughout the Republic."

THE TALMUD ON WOMANKIND.—The Jewish Talmud has these sentences about women: "A good wife is heaven's noblest gift. A housewife never allows herself to be disturbed from her work; even while conversing she is busily spinning. An old, experienced woman in a household is an ornament to it like a pearl. He who lives in an unmarried state knows no joys, none of the blessings of home, and is without support. The man who stands at the death-bed of his wife feels like those who saw the temple of Jerusalem reduced to ashes; for the wife is the temple in which each man finds repose and quiet, where he rests after the labors of the day, and where he can give expression to his feelings, joyful and mournful. God has given to woman more ability of judging correctly, than by man."

In the Senate, on the 17th, Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, offered the following preamble and resolution, which, being objected to by Mr. Dixon, lies over under the rule.

WHEREAS, The British Government has refused indemnity for the damage done to American commerce by her subjects; therefore

Resolved, That the President be requested to withdraw our Minister from the Court of St. James, and to declare national non-intercourse between the two nations.

—The important intelligence is received from Mexico that Maximilian has been guranteed security upon his throne by a treaty signed sixteen months ago by France, Austria, Italy, Spain and England

STATE NEWS.

—The board of trade of Winona, held a meeting on Saturday evening to elect delegates to the Anti-Monopoly Convention.

—The Rochester *Post* says that hydrophobia is raging to a considerable extent among the dogs, cattle, and hogs, in and about Frankford, in Mower county, about 25 miles south of Rochester.

DOUBLE MINIMUM LANDS.—A letter of instructions has been received by the Land Officers of this district from the Commissioners of the General Land Office, stating that no double minimum lands ($2.50 per acre) or that located within ten miles, on either side of the lines of St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, shall be subject to private entry until they have been again offered at public sale. The even numbered sections still remain open for homesteads or pre-emptions, at the double minimum rates.—*St. Cloud Democrat.*

—The Taylor's Falls *Reporter* notes the formation of the "Old Settler's Association" of the St Croix Valley, of which the officers: W. H. C. Folsom, President; John S. Godfrey, Vice President; L. K. Standard, Secretary, and S. Thompson, Wm. Blanding, Ansell Smith, Directors. The place and time for the next annual meeting was appointed at Osceol, Feb. 23.

The editor of the Anoka *Union* was caught at Monticello when all communication was cut off by the late storm. On his journey home he says:

We waited till Saturday evening, then chartered a team and started down the west side of Mississippi. Owing to there being no track, the snow three feet deep, and the night dark, we got lost, and traversed all through the Big Woods and Crow Wing Valley. We have wanted to inspect that region of country, but decidedly object to taking a tour of observation at midnight, in an open cutter—mercury 20 below—snow two feet deep—get upset about every ten rods and laid in a snow-bank with more swiftness than grace. Perhaps it was nice—if it was we fail to appreciate.

—The Mankato *Union* comes to us in a new dress, and looks finely.

—The Brownsville *Free Press* of the 12th says: "Up to this date there has been about 51,000 bushels of wheat shipped from this place to Milwaukee, by way of the La Crosse Elevator. There is considerable wheat in store at present though we have not ascertained the exact amount."

—A man named Donahue was killed a few days since at Waterford, Dakota county, by John Masters, a constable of that place.

THINGS ABROAD.

—The private fortune left by king leopold is estimated at £3,200,000 sterling

—The "ill wind" which roared across Ireland last month, "blew good" to Patrick Murphy, of Slatery, Queen's County. It removed the thatch from his cottage, but revealed to him a horn filled with four hundred guineas and several Spanish dollars.

—The play called Henrietta Mareschel has been withdrawn from the boards of the Theatre Francais, Paris, by order of the authorities.

—The annual receipts of the city of Paris have increased at the rate of about five millions a year during the last four years. This has been done entirely without increase in the local taxation.

—Sir Morton Peto has incurred the displeasure of his Bristol constituents by expressing his willingness to postpone the settlement of the Reform measure.

—A laborer named Watts has been committed to prison for one month by the Nuneaton magistrates, for trespassing in a wood to gather acorns, and doing damage to the amount of one penny.

—An aristocratic pigeon shooting match is to come off in London about June next. Lords and baronets of every degree are among the subscribers.

—The believers in the Suez canal are very hopeful that it will receive the support of the English government, now that Lord Palmerston, its great opposer, is dead.

—An iron theatre, with a hotel attached, is being constructed in Sydney, Australia, to be erected at the new gold field Hokitika. The building is of iron, and will be one hundred and fifty feet long, forty-five wide and twenty-three feet width of stage, with a depth of thirty feet. There will be a dress circle, stalls, and pit, and a handsome portico entrance. All the decorations and scenery are to be made in Sydney and taken down with the building. The house is to be fitted with every convenience, including bathrooms, and will have two American bars, twenty by fifteen feet.

—A man died in London from "black fever," caused by inhaling the vapor from gasworks' refuse floating down the Regent's canal.

—The Queen of Spain is said to be improving in health, and it is probable that she will open the Cortes in person

—The Grand Dutchess of Mecklenberg-Strelitz lately gave a ball at which she wore the jewelry of her great-great-grandmother, a German princess, who died over a hundred and fifty years ago.

—The typhus fever has broken out among the animals in the Jardin d'Acclimation, Paris, and two gazelles and six yaks died of the disease. They were buried twenty feet below the surface of the ground.

—Three prominent Englishmen—Lord A. Hervey, the Hon. Mr. Strutt and Mr. Corre—have been seized by brigands in Greece. One thousand pounds ransom each was demanded, and the brigands allowed Lord Hervey and Mr. Strutt to go at liberty to look after the money, while Mr. Corre was held as a hostage for its payment.

—Six cholera cases, all ending in death, have been officially recorded at St. Petersburg. Hospitals have been prepared for the reception of the terrible guest and rules of diet officially published in the papers. There is a rumor that the duty of military service will be rendered universal in Russia and reduced to seven and in some exceptional cases even to three years.

—The Legislature of California finally ratified the slavery-abolishing Constitutional amendment on the 28th, making the twenty-ninth State that has done so.

☞ When fame is regarded as the end, and merit as only the means, men are apt to dispense with the latter, if the former can be had without it

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

—A loving pair eloped in New Orleans lately. The young swain was poor, but the girl ran away with him against her parents' will—was married, went to his hotel, and was duly forgiven.

—Hon. John Bell, a Tennessee fossil who ran for President in 1860, lately met Mr. George Baber, of Kentucky, at Nashville, where the twain had a conversation on the state of the country. Mr. Baber requests Mr. Bell to air his opinions and the result is a series of letters published in the Louisville *Journal*, of which Mr. Baber is an editor, the first of which is three solid columns long. He accepts the results of the war, and endorses the President's reconstruction policy.

—A civil court in Houston, Texas, recently fined a restaurant keeper $50 and bound him over in $1,000 for flogging a negro waiter. The judge, in passing sentence, said he could make no distinction on account of color and that all must now be treated alike before the law.

—A Richmond paper, discussing the affairs of the state library of Virginia, says the books are in great confusion, many valuable works mutilated and ruined, and many volumes belonging to important and valuable sets of works missing from the alcoves, as well as many valuable single volumes.

—A negro lay freezing in front of some colored people's houses, the other day, in Louisville. The unfeeling wretches refused to take him in, until Gen. Palmer sent an orderly threatening to shut up the entire neighborhood in jail if they did not assist the man.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, JAN 18.—The galleries of the House were densely crowded during the session to-day, and owing to the pressure many persons were unable to gain admission. The colored population were present in large numbers.

Every one present, both white and black, took a great interest in the question discussed, namely, the extension of the elective franchise in the District of Columbia. The vote on the passage of the bill was much larger than its most sanguine friends anticipated; and when the result was announced, the applause on the floor and in the galleries, was almost deafening. The bill which passed the House has yet to be acted on in the Senate. It confers suffrage without other qualifications than are attached to whites.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The *Herald's* Washington special says a case was recently brought before the Treasury Department for decision of considerable interest to holders of certificates of indebtedness and other government securities. The holder of a thousand dollar certificate mailed to the Department for redemption without filling the blank space making it payable to the order of a particular person. It was stolen from the mail and sold finally to a party in Boston. The blanks were filled by the holder, and the certificates forwarded to the Department the second time. Both parties forwarding it for redemption were promptly notified by the Department, and on its final arrival each claimed to be its possessor. The Department held that by neglecting to fill the blank the New Yorker lost possession, and awarded the payment to the Boston holder.

—Colorado has ratified the Constitutional amendment by a vote of 36 1.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL

AND

CONCERTS.

The adjourned meeting of

THE TEACHER'S AND AMATEUR'S

MUSICAL FESTIVAL!

Will convene in OWATONNA on WEDNESDAY, THE 24TH INST., and continue in session four days,

The Original Design to be Carried Out!

No Failure need be Apprehended!

"ESTHER, THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN"

Will be represented on

ON FRIDAY EVE., THE 26th.

In which MRS. TIBBETTS, of Lake City, who is admitted to be best Soprano in the State, will appear as "ESTHER," while the other parts will be well sustained, and all backed by a Chorus such as will not again be heard in Owatonna for some time to come. Let the public make a note of this.

SATURDAY EVE., THE 27th,

Will be given the

GRAND PRIZE CONCERT!!

In which Mrs. Tibbetts, Mrs. Davis, of St. Peter, and Miss Felt, now of Owatonna, and several others of superior talent will participate.

☞ One-half the net proceeds given to the winners! Three judges to be chosen from the audience, when assembled.

SPECIALLY TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends, a treat is in store for you. No pains nor expense has been spared to make these Entertainments worthy the name and reputation Owatonna bears abroad. Will you see to it, that this name and reputation are fully sustained by a proper response on your part? Will you?

☞ For particulars, see Programmes for each evening.

Tickets to each Concert, - - - 40 cts.
Children under 12, - - - - - 25 cts.

To be had at the Drug Stores and the Post-Office.

N. M. DONALDSON, President.
J. B. SEARLES, Sec'y.
W. E. HAWLEY, Conductor.

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Monday, Jan. 1, 1866, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

GOING SOUTH.			GOING NORTH.	
de 7.30 A. M.		MINNEAPOLIS,	ar 7.55	P. M.
de 8.15 A. M.		MENDOTA,	de 7.20	P. M.
de 8.45 A. M.		WESTCOTT,	de 6.45	P. M.
de 9.10 A. M.		ROSEMOUNT,	de 6.20	P. M.
de 9.35 A. M.		FARMINGTON,	de 5.50	P. M.
de 10.00 A. M.		CASTLE ROCK,	de 5.25	P. M.
de 10.35 A. M.		NORTHFIELD,	de 5.05	P. M.
de 10.55 A. M.		DUNDAS,	de 4.35	P. M.
ar 11.30 A. M.		FARIBAULT,	de 4.00	P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Sup't.

Minneapolis, Dec. 30, 1865.

TAKEN UP.

Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 25th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.

WALTER STEBBINS.

Meriden, Jan. 11, 1866. 38 5t

1866 TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT 1866

AT OWATONNA!

Great Rush to Cooper Bro's. New Store!

THE "REGULATOR!"

TRADE RECONSTRUCTED! No More HIGH PRICES!

GOODS AT OLD TIME FIGURES.

COOPER BRO'S.

HAVE JUST OPENED, IN THE

North Store, Dresser's Block, Owatonna,

ONE OF THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SILKS, MERINOS, Common and All Wool DELAINES, ALPACCAS, WORSTED GOODS, AMERICAN, ENGLISH, AND SCOTCH GINGHAMS, MOURNING GOODS, LADIES' CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FANCY DRESS TRIMMINGS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FUR GOODS, at Cost Prices, to close out this part of our trade. A Great Variety of FLANNELS—Red, White, Blue and other colors, — FANCY CHECKS BEST SHAKER,

The Largest and Best Assortment ever brought into Owatonna!

ALL OF EXCELLENT QUALITY, AND VERY CHEAP!

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

YANKEE NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

OF BEST QUALITY AND LATEST STYLES!

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Our Goods were obtained for Cash, and will be sold at

Panic Prices!

Good Fast Color Prints, from 15 to 25 cents per yard!

Good Denims, 25 cents per yard! and all other Goods Cheaper than the Cheapest!

Give us a call. We will suit you, and give, for a small or large amount of money, more value than you have received since the commencement of the Rebellion! Our motto is

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

Owatonna, January 11, 1866. v3n38tf

Grand Gift Concert!

BY SOULE BROTHERS.

Authorized and Licensed by United States Government.

2,500 GIFTS; 5,000 TICKETS.

A GRAND GIFT CONCERT

WILL BE GIVEN, AT

DRESSER'S HALL, OWATONNA,

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1866.

And the public can rest assured that the best Musical Talent the West affords will be engaged for the occasion, when the following **SPLENDID GIFTS** will be distributed to the patrons of the Concert:

1 Ten Acre Lot, in the beautiful city of Biddeford, Me.	$2,000
1 Lot, and House thereon, two stories and double tenement, situated in the thriving town of Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	1,500
1 Lot, and House thereon, one story, with good ell, in Kilbourn City,	1,200
1 gift in Greenbacks,	800
1 House Lot, with frame barn, 16x20, in Kilbourn City,	300
1 " with good well water, " "	200
2 gifts in Greenbacks $200,	400
1 House Lot, corner of Rice and Elm Streets, Owatonna,	200
1 " on Elm Street, Owatonna,	150
1 " in Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	150
1 case Surgical Instruments, (first class Treman's make,)	150
1 fine Gold Lever Watch and Chain,	100
1 heavy Silver Hunter Watch and Chain, very fine,	75
5 first class Family Sewing Machines, $75,	375
10 gifts in Greenbacks, $30,	300
4 " " $25,	100
2 prime Sewing Machines, $20,	40
465 gifts in Greenbacks, $2,	930
2,000 " " 50 cts.,	1,000
2,500 gifts.	amounting to $10,000

20 per cent. discount on all cash gifts over $20. NO POSTPONEMENT. All the Real Estate is well fenced, and beautifully located. The buildings are in good repair, and within ten minutes walk of the Depot.

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION:

Each ticket has its duplicate number. These are placed in a wheel and thoroughly mixed. A disinterested person, selected by the ticket holders present at the Concert, draws these duplicate numbers from the wheel. The first number called is entitled to the capital gift, and the second number called the next largest gift, and so on until they are all called.

The gifts range as they are printed on the bills and tickets, and we adopt the plan of rotation, believing it to be better for every one. Any person present can keep a list of the gifts as they are called so that you are as well protected, if you are a thousand miles off, as though you were present at the Concert. Persons, however remote their residence, can transact business with this office with the same degree of correctness as though they were present themselves, and we promise to all that they shall receive fair and honorable treatment. Every ticket is registered before being sent out, the number, name of party purchasing, and address, and all will be notified of the result of the distribution.

Try this. If you buy one, two, or four tickets, and look on the darkest and most unfavorable side, it will not ruin you. On the other hand, if you should receive one of the above splendid gifts, do you think you would regret that you bought a few tickets, especially as the Concert itself will be richly worth the price of admission?

Single Tickets, $2.00; 5 for $9.00.

Sent by mail on receipt of price, and parties ordering should be careful to write their name, town, county, and State in a plain, bold hand.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE!

To whom special inducements will be offered. Enclose stamp and send for circulars. Good titles to the above property, and all gift guaranteed, by **SOULE BROTHERS**, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn., to whom all orders should be addressed. v3n38tjul

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1866.

HOW OUR PROBATE JUDGE WAS APPOINTED.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 13, 1866.

FRIEND KELLY: * * * * * I think Chambers might do better than to rejoice over the wrong he has done the County by that act. He has added another to the foul blots which mark his character since he came to Owatonna. He obtained Aiken's appointment only by misrepresentation and lying, so open and gross that he has lost all personal influence with the Governors, either Miller or Miller. They both despise him for his low, underhanded course in that matter. It appears that he went to Faribault and got Attorney General Cole's opinion, and then secured his and Dyke's names to a recommend to the Governor for Aikin's appointment. Chambers then came to St. Paul and presented his paper from Faribault to the Governor. The Governor asked for a recommend from Steele County, and Chambers said he did not suppose he needed any. The Governor then asked him if Aikin did not oppose me in the canvas last fall, and was told that he did not; that he was not mixed up in that matter, but was a Presbyterian Minister or D. D., and was above such things. The Governor then asked him if in his opinion it would heal the breach existing among the Republicans of the County, if he made the appointment, and was answered that no appointment could be made which would tend more to do so, than that of Mr. Aiken, who, he said, was well qualified for the position. Still the Governor was not satisfied, and notwithstanding Chambers' earnest desire to carry a Commission for his appointment back with him, he refused to grant one, but promised him that if he did not hear from Steele County about the matter within four days, he would send the appointment down to him. The four days passed, and not hearing from the County, the commission was forwarded according to agreement. When the Governor ascertained the facts in the case, he not only felt indignant at the deceitful course Chambers had pursued, but chagrined to think that he had been the dupe of such trickery. He cannot yet speak in any other than in terms of unmeasured scorn of Chambers course in the matter, and it will be a long time ere the Executive of the State will repose the least shadow of confidence in the man who could thus meanly deceive one who thus overestimated his integrity. * * *

J. B. CROOKER.

We publish the above extract from J. B. CROOKER letter, that the public may know how J. J. Aiken received the appointment of Probate Judge of this Co. Is it not decidedly cool that Messrs. Cole and Dyke of Rice County should dictate to the people of Steele? Are the people of this County to have no voice in deciding who shall be our rulers? A Chambers, Cole and Dyke by this act emphatically answers us—no! Could a greater insult be offered to the citizens of this county? Is not such an act a gross insult upon our intelligence? and does it not justly merit the scorn and contempt of every voter of this County? But we leave those out of the County, and specially notice the doings of A. Chambers in this transaction. It seems that Chambers was not fully satisfied that he could appoint J. J. Aikin, and consulted with G. C. Cole, who told him the Governor alone, had the power of appointing, and then secured the names of Cole and Dyke of Faribault and started on his secret mission for St. Paul to see Gov. Miller, and stated to him what appears in Mr. Crooker's letter. 1st, He (Mr. Miller) asked him for a recommendation from the citizens of this Co. and was answered that he did not think that it was necessary, implying by such an answer that the people had nothing to say in the matter, that he was the only man in this County that was competent to say who shall fill any office of trust or profit in the county. It seems he was determined to run the County as usual, and if he could not get aid from our citizens he would go to Rice County and obtain it there. He has for the last three years, by his position as Commissioner, made many dupes through fear of losing their position, sallary diminished, or bills disallowed if they should dare to speak unfavorable of his hypocritical conduct, and in no instance has it been more apparent than in the case of the PLAINDEALER. He and his compeer, J. J. Aiken, because they could not make the peoples' organ of the County their instrument to promote their own popularity or National agrandizement, determined to withold from it the public patronage, which they accomplished through the board last fall, and as we have every reason to believe, contrary to the wishes of the people. By this act, Chambers thought he would force us into subjection to his will, or cause us to leave, and make room for an organ that would cater to their pusillanimous nature. But in this they are wofully mistaken, for so long as we have control of the PLAINDEALER, the people shall be informed of the doings of the Board of Commissioners, and their unjust edicts laid before the pulic, let the consequences be what they may. Neither shall we be driven from our purpose through fear of patronage or the wiles of its leader. The Governor then asked him if Aikin did not oppose Mr. CROOKER'S election last fall, and was told by A. Chambers that he did not, was a Presbyterian Minister, a Doctor of Divinity, and did not mix up in such matters, &c. Now we ask every candid and intelligent mind in this city who are cognizant of the facts, if a greater misrepresentation, or more false statement was ever uttered by any human being? All are aware and know full well that A. Chambers and his satellite, J. J. Aikin, opposed in a violent manner the election of Mr. CROOKER, and done all in their power to prevent his election, and defeat the regular Republican nominee, and voted for A. Town, who was supported by Democrats and copperheads at the last fall election.

We wish these *facts* to be distinctly understood by the executive department and all in State authority, and if they have any favors to bestow, that they will do it on the recommend of the vilest copperhead, rather than on a man who will wantonly misrepresent and withold the truth to gratify his own selfish nature.

Again, he informs Gov. Miller that no person could be appointed to that office who would give such entire satisfaction to the people of the County as to appoint J. J. Aikin. Now this may be true so far as a few Democrats and copperheads are concerned, but to the great mass of Republicans in the County, it is utterly without foundation, and we venture the assertion that neither A. Chambers or J. J. Aikin could command one hundred true Republican votes, for any office whatever, in the County.

This, then, is the manner in which this great *Divine* received his appointment of Probate Judge, without a single person desiring his appointment, with the exception of A. Chambers, and that through deceit and misrepresentations. Who would envy such a position, secured in such a manner? If J. J. Aikin can gather Laurels by obtaining office in such a manner, we fail to see it, and all such honors will prove a curse rather than a blessing. How long before the people will arouse to a sense of their duty, and put in such persons to fill the offices of the County, as will tend to promote harmony and kind feelings toward all?

OUR REPRESENTATIVE.

The citizens of our County may well feel flattered in the choice of Hon J. B. CROOKER, last fall, to represent them in the present Legislature. We have always believed him to be a man of strict integrity and ability, and it seems that the House to which he is a member, have sustained us in this belief, by appointing him Chairman on the Committee of Ways and Means, the first and most important committee of the House, and by this high position, they virtually acknowledged him the leader of that body. In his present station he is able to command more influence than any other member of the House, aside from the Speaker, and those who know him will acknowledge it was worthily bestowed. He has ever been a firm supporter of our Republican principles, and during the last four years, when our Nation was assailed by internal foes, and struggling for national existence, he was always found at his post, encouraging the faint-hearted, and instilling in the hearts of all the true principles of patriotism and love for our beloved country. Treachery was never a part of his nature, and no consideration of emolument could deter him from his settled purpose of thwarting the wicked devices of rebels and copperheads. All who know him are living witnesses of the fact that he is, and ever has been an uncompromising Republican, and a warm defender of our Union and its army. Such men, and these alone, are worthy of the confidence of a free people, and if honors are to be bestowed, it should be on these, and those who have through the passion of patriotism marched to the field of carnage and in hand to hand engagements, defended our sacred institutions. The House is now engaged in maturing the plan for revising our State Laws, and in doing which, the great burden of revising will devolve upon the Committee of Ways and Means, and the Chairman in particular. This is a laborious work, and is rather doubtful whether it will be fully completed this session. It is a work long needed, and much desired by the people of the State generally. From the amount of talent on this Committee, we may safely infer that when perfected, will not only prove a great benefit to the State, but an honor to those who had it under their supervison.

☞ The *World* calls Congress the "Rump Congress," whereupon the *Tribune* intimates that it is looking for the return of the Stuarts. There is a good deal in the *Tribune's* hint. For that too was '*Restoration*'—the restoration of Despotism and its instruments—the rack and thumb-screw. That is not the restoration to which the "Rump Congress" is preliminary, or if it be, if we repeat history in that, we shall follow it to the end: and we know what became of the Stuarts, finally; and we know what became of the Bourbons. Reactions are but the backward spring of revolutions preparing for a grander leap forward. So the Stuarts had better keep out of the way of the tiger.—*Press.*

☞ Gen. Grant has sent to both the Senate and House committee on military affairs a very important communication in regard to an increase of the regular army, accompanied by reports from the paymaster's, quartermaster's, commissary and engineer departments, and the cavalry bureau, stating what each will require in case an increase of the regular army is agreed upon. The suggestions contained in the communication are essentially different from the bill prepared by Senator Wilson. The authority for using colored regiments Gen. Grant proposes to place in the hands of the President. It is doubtful whether the committee will leave this matter to the President.

☞ Secretary Harlan has been elected U. S. Senator from Iowa, for the long term, and Governor Kirkwood for the short term.

Hon. John Sherman has been re-elected U. S. Senator from Ohio, for the term of six years from the fourth of March, 1867.

Good Faith Profitable.

The New York *Evening Post*, referring to the announcement that the Barings have taken two millions of Massachusetts five per cent bonds, at about 97 cents on the dollar, or, at very nearly par, contrasts the fact with the less commanding position of the finances of the Union, and of other States. It says:

The State of Massachusetts deserves her high credit. The unsurpassed energy and thrift of her people entitle her to obtain money in the market at the lowest rates. But there is something more than that, just now, gives her a peculiar right to high credit. All through the war, no matter how much depreciated was the paper money of the country, no matter what premium, as it is called, she had to pay for gold, she steadily and unflinchingly paid the public interest, as she had promised to pay it, in coin. Our own great and wealthy State, the chief partner in our Union of States, failed to do this. We are now paying the penalty of our bad faith and of our expensive policy in this respect. New York seven per cent bonds are selling for barely par in paper money; in other words, New York has issued bonds promising to pay some years hence, $25,000,000 in gold, of which bonds the net proceeds to the State are in cash, only 17,250,000, leaving a shave, as they say in Wall street, of about $8,000,000 on the transaction.

A Letter from Mrs. Jeff Davis.

The wife of the ex-head of the Southern Confederacy writes from Mill View, Georgia, to T. C. Clark, Secretary of the Ladie's Southern Aid Association, in reply to a letter tendering herself and family pecuniary assistance. In the course of her letter she says:

"To the accepted prayers of the widows and orphans, our suffering but heroic women, our brave and true men, our innocent little children, I look for the restoration to my little children of their ago*nized* but Christian father. If a merciful Providence so ordain it, we hope to live and die among you, mutually consoling and bearing each other's burdens. I pray God we may not be driven from the home of our childhood, 'for how can we sing our own song in a strange land?' We would not have our dear friends betrayed by their sympathy into offering, for our use, too much from their own 'basket and store.' I and mine have, so far, been miraculously cared for and shielded from want. We seem ever environed by the love which is reflected upon us from that which lighted my husband in his dungeon—softened his prison walls with sunny pictures of loving eyes and out-stretched arms.

Grief and gratitude seem to impose upon me silence. I would, but cannot, say more. I will enclose within this note the names and directions of gentlemen to whom the contributions of which you speak may be inclosed."

☞ Washington despatch of the 14th chronicles the following instance of chivalry:

Senator Sumner last evening received a box containing the finger of a negro accompanied with the following note:

"You old son of a b——, I send you a piece of one of your friends, and if that bill of yours passes I will have a piece of you.

(Signed,) A UNION MAN."

The finger, which had evidently been in alcohol for some time, was done up in a round box, addressed in a beautiful hand, and left on the door-step of Senator Sumner's boarding house, where it was found by a servant girl. The note was in a boyish hand, and in several instances words of it misspelled.

☞ At a promiscuous assemblage of whites and blacks in Washington the other night, at which they had tableaux, the Washington *Republican* of the 3d says:

"The audience were agreeably surprised by the appearance of the 'Contraband Sybil,' represented by Sojourner Truth, who appeared in an appropriate costume and sang words and music of her own composition, with good effect. When she retired it was stated by D. M. Kelsey, Esq., that she had been a slave in the State of New York for upwards of thirty years, and had lived to see slavery gradually disappear from nearly all the northern States, and had finally witnessed its total abolition throughout the Republic."

THE TALMUD ON WOMANKIND.—The Jewish Talmud has these sentences about women: "A good wife is heaven's noblest gift. A housewife never allows herself to be disturbed from her work; even while conversing she is busily spinning. An old, experienced woman in a household is an ornament to it like a pearl. He who lives in an unmarried state knows no joys, none of the blessings of home, and is without support. The man who stands at the death-bed of his wife feels like those who saw the temple of Jerusalem reduced to ashes; for the wife is the temple in which each man finds repose and quiet, where he rests after the labors of the day, and where he can give expression to his feelings, joyful and mournful. God has given to woman more ability of judging correctly, than by man."

In the Senate, on the 17th, Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, offered the following preamble and resolution, which, being objected to by Mr. Dixon, lies over under the rule.

WHEREAS, The British Government has refused indemnity for the damage done to American commerce by her subjects; therefore

Resolved, That the President be requested to withdraw our Minister from the Court of St. James, and to declare national non-intercourse between the two nations.

—The important intelligence is received from Mexico that Maximilian has been guranteed security upon his throne by a treaty signed sixteen months ago by France, Austria, Italy, Spain and England.

STATE NEWS.

—The board of trade of Winona, held a meeting on Saturday evening to elect delegates to the Anti-Monopoly Convention.

—The Rochester *Post* says that hydrophobia is raging to a considerable extent among the dogs, cattle, and hogs, in and about Frankford, in Mower county, about 25 miles south of Rochester.

DOUBLE MINIMUM LANDS.—A letter of instructions has been received by the Land Officers of this district from the Commissioners of the General Land Office, stating that no double minimum lands ($2.50 per acre) or that located within ten miles, on either side of the lines of St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, shall be subject to private entry until they have been again offered at public sale. The even numbered sections still remain open for homesteads or pre-emptions, at the double minimum rates.—*St. Cloud Democrat.*

—The Taylor's Falls *Reporter* notes the formation of the "Old Settler's Association" of the St Croix Valley, of which the officers: W. H. C. Folsom, President; John S. Godfrey, Vice President; L. K. Standard, Secretary, and S. Thompson, Wm. Blanding, Ansell Smith, Directors. The place and time for the next annual meeting was appointed at Osceol, Feb. 23.

The editor of the Anoka *Union* was caught at Monticello when all communication was cut off by the late storm. Of his journey home he says:

We waited till Saturday evening, then chartered a team and started down the west side of Mississippi. Owing to there being no track, the snow three feet deep, and the night dark, we got lost, and traversed all through the Big Woods and Crow Wing Valley. We have wanted to inspect that region of country, but decidedly object to taking a tour of observation at midnight, in an open cutter—mercury 20 below—snow two feet deep get upset about every ten rods and laid in a snow-bank with more swiftness than grace. Perraps it was nice—if it was we fail to appreciate.

—The Mankato *Union* comes to us in a new dress, and looks finely.

—The Brownsville *Free Press* of the 12th says: "Up to this date there has been about 51,000 bushels of wheat shipped from this place to Milwaukee, by way of the La Crosse Elevator. There is considerable wheat in store at present though we have not ascertained the exact amount."

—A man named Donahue was killed a few days since at Waterford, Dakota county, by John Masters, a constable of that place.

THINGS ABROAD.

—The private fortune left by king Leopold is estimated at £3,200,000 sterling.

—The "ill wind" which roared across Ireland last month, "blew good" to Patrick Murphy, of Slatery, Queen's County. It removed the thatch from his cottage, but revealed to him a horn filled with four hundred guineas and several Spanish dollars.

—The play called Henrietta Maresehel has been withdrawn from the boards of the Theatre Francais, Paris, by order of the authorities.

—The annual receipts of the city of Paris have increased at the rate of about five millions a year during the last four years. This has been done entirely without increase in the local taxation.

—Sir Morton Peto has incurred the displeasure of his Bristol constituents by expressing his willingness to postpone the settlement of the Reform measure.

—A laborer named Watts has been committed to prison for one month by the Nuneton magistrates, for trespassing in a wood to gather acorns, and doing damage to the amount of one penny.

—An aristocratic pigeon shooting match is to come off in London about June next. Lords and baronets of every degree are among the subscribers.

—The believers in the Suez canal are very hopeful that it will receive the support of the English government, now that Lord Palmerston, its great opposer, is dead.

—An iron theatre, with a hotel attached, is being constructed in Sydney, Australia, to be erected at the new gold field Hokitika. The building is of iron, and will be one hundred and fifty feet long, forty-five wide and twenty three feet width of stage, with a depth of thirty feet. There will be a dress circle, stalls and pit, and a handsome portico entrance. All the decorations and scenery are to be made in Sydney and taken down with the building. The hotel is to be fitted with every convenience, including bathrooms, and will have two American bars, twenty by fifteen feet.

—A man died in London from "black fever," caused by inhaling the vapor from gas-works' refuse floating down the Regent's canal.

—The Queen of Spain is said to be improving in health, and it is probable that she will open the Cortes in person.

—The Grand Dutchess of Mecklenberg-Strelitz lately gave a ball at which she wore the jewelry of her great-great-grandmother, a German princess, who died over a hundred and fifty years ago.

—The typhus fever has broken out among the animals in the Jardin d'Acclimation, Paris, and two gazelles and six yaks died of the disease. They were buried twenty feet below the surface of the ground.

—Three prominent Englishmen—Lord A. Hervey, the Hon. Mr. Strutt and Mr. Corre—have been seized by brigands in Greece. One thousand pounds ransom each was demanded, and the brigands allowed Lord Hervey and Mr. Strutt to go at liberty to look after the money, while Mr. Corre was held as a hostage for its payment.

—Six cholera cases, all ending in death, have been officially recorded at St. Petersburg. Hospitals have been prepared for the reception of the terrible guest and rules of diet officially published in the papers. There is a rumor that the duty of military service will be rendered universal in Russia and reduced to seven and in some exceptional cases even to three years.

—The Legislature of California finally ratified the slavery-abolishing Constitutional amendment on the 28th, making the twenty-ninth State that has done so.

☞ When fame is regarded as the end, and merit as only the means, men are apt to dispense with the latter, if the former can be had without it.

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

—A loving pair eloped in New Orleans lately. The young swain was poor, but the girl ran away with him against her parents' will—was married, went to his hotel, and was duly forgiven.

—Hon. John Bell, a Tennessee fossil who ran for President in 1860, lately met Mr. George Baber, of Kentucky, at Nashville, where the twain had a conversation on the state of the country. Mr. Baber requests Mr. Bell to air his opinions and the result is a series of letters published in the Louisville *Journal*, of which Mr. Baber is an editor, the first of which is three solid columns long. He accepts the results of the war, and endorses the President's reconstruction policy.

—A civil court in Houston, Texas, recently fined a restaurant keeper $50 and bound him over in $1,000 for flogging a negro waiter. The judge, in passing sentence, said he could make no distinction on account of color and that all must now be treated alike before the law.

—A Richmond paper, discussing the affairs of the state library of Virginia, says the books are in great confusion, many valuable works mutilated and ruined, and many volumes belonging to important and valuable sets of works missing from the alcoves, as well as many valuable single volumes.

—A negro lay freezing in front of some colored people's houses, the other day, in Louisville. The unfeeling wretches refused to take him in, until Gen. Palmer sent an orderly threatening to shut up the entire neighborhood in jail if they did not assist the man.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, JAN 18.—The galleries of the House were densely crowded during the session to-day, and owing to the pressure many persons were unable to gain admission. The colored population were present in large numbers.

Every one present, both white and black, took a great interest in the question discussed, namely, the extension of the elective franchise in the District of Columbia. The vote on the passage of the bill was much larger than its most sanguine friends anticipated; and when the result was announced, the applause on the floor and in the galleries, was almost deafening. The bill which passed the House has yet to be acted on in the Senate. It confers suffrage without other qualifications than are attached to whites.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The *Herald's* Washington special says a case was recently brought before the Treasury Department for decision of considerable interest to holders of certificates of indebtedness and other government securities.

The holder of a thousand dollar certificate mailed to the Department for redemption without filling the blank space making it payable to the order of a particular person. It was stolen from the mail and sold finally to a party in Boston. The blanks were filled by the holder, and the certificates forwarded to the Department the second time. Both parties forwarding it for redemption were promptly notified by the Department, and on its final arrival each claimed to be its possessor. The Department held that by neglecting to fill the blank the New Yorker lost possession, and awarded the payment to the Boston holder.

—Colorado has ratified the Constitutional amendment by a vote of 36 1.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL

AND

CONCERTS.

The adjourned meeting of

THE TEACHERS AND AMATEUR'S

MUSICAL FESTIVAL!

Will convene in OWATONNA on WEDNESDAY, THE 24TH INST., and continue in session four days,

The Original Design to be Carried Out!

No Failure need be Apprehended!

"ESTHER, THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN"

Will be represented on

ON FRIDAY EVE., THE 26TH.

In which MRS. TIBBETTS, of Lake City, who is admitted to be best Soprano in the State, will appear as "ESTHER," while the other parts will be well sustained, and all backed by a Chorus such as will not again be heard in Owatonna for some time to come. Let the public make a note of this.

SATURDAY EVE., THE 27TH,

Will be given the

GRAND PRIZE CONCERT!!

In which Mrs. Tibbetts, Mrs. Davis, of St. Peter, and Miss Felt, now of Owatonna, and several others of superior talent will participate.

☞ One-half the net proceeds given to the winners. Three judges to be chosen from the audience, when assembled.

SPECIALLY TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends, a treat is in store for you. No pains nor expense has been spared to make these Entertainments worthy the name and reputation Owatonna bears abroad. Will you see to it, that this name and reputation are fully sustained by a proper response on your part? Will you?

☞ For particulars, see Programmes for each evening.

Tickets to each Concert, - - - 40 cts.
Children under 12, - - - - - 25 cts.

To be had at the Drug Stores and the Post-Office.

N. M. DONALDSON, President.
J. B. SEARLES, Sec'y.
W. E. HAWLEY, Conductor.

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Monday, Jan. 1, 1866, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card, making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

GOING SOUTH.		GOING NORTH.		
de 7.30	A. M.	MINNEAPOLIS,	ar	7.55 P. M.
de 8.15	A. M.	MENDOTA,	de	7.20 P. M.
de 8.45	A. M.	WESTCOTT,	de	6.45 P. M.
de 9.10	A. M.	ROSEMOUNT,	de	6.20 P. M.
de 9.35	A. M.	FARMINGTON,	de	5.50 P. M.
de 10.00	A. M.	CASTLE ROCK,	de	5.25 P. M.
de 10.35	A. M.	NORTHFIELD,	de	5.05 P. M.
de 10.55	A. M.	DUNDAS,	de	4.35 P. M.
ar 11.30	A. M.	FARIBAULT,	de	4.00 P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Sup't.

Minneapolis, Dec. 30, 1865.

TAKEN UP.

Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 25th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.

WALTER STEBBINS.

Meridan, Jan. 11, 1866. 38 3t

1866 TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT 1866

AT OWATONNA!

Great Rush to Cooper Bro's. New Store!

THE "REGULATOR!"

TRADE RECONSTRUCTED! No More HIGH PRICES!

GOODS AT OLD TIME FIGURES.

COOPER BRO'S.

HAVE JUST OPENED, IN THE

North Store, Dresser's Block, Owatonna,

ONE OF THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SILKS, MERINOS, Common and All Wool DELAINES, ALPACCAS, WORSTED GOODS, AMERICAN, ENGLISH, AND SCOTCH GINGHAMS, MOURNING GOODS, LADIES' CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FANCY DRESS TRIMMINGS, BALMORAL AND HOOP KIRTS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FUR GOODS, at Cost Prices, to close out this part of our trade. A Grea Variety of FLANNELS—Red, White, Blue and other colors. — FANCY CHECKS BEST SHAKER,

The Largest and Best Assortment ever brought into Owatonna!

ALL OF EXCELLENT QUALITY, AND VERY CHEAP!

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

YANKEE NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

OF BEST QUALITY AND LATEST STYLES!

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Our Goods were obtained for Cash, and will be sold at

Panic Prices!

Good Fast Color Prints, from 15 to 25 cents per yard!

Good Denims, 25 cents per yard! and all other Goods Cheaper than the Cheapest!

Give us a call. We will suit you, and give, for a small or large amount of money, more value than you have received since the commencement of the Rebellion! Our motto is

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

Owatonna, January 11, 1866. v3n28tf

Grand Gift Concert!

BY SOULE BROTHERS.

Authorized and Licensed by United States Government.

2,500 GIFTS; 5,000 TICKETS.

A GRAND GIFT CONCERT

WILL BE GIVEN, AT

DRESSER'S HALL, OWATONNA,

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1866.

And the public can rest assured that the best Musical Talent the West affords will be engaged for the occasion, when the following **SPLENDID GIFTS** will be distributed to the patrons of the Concert:

1	Ten Acre Lot, in the beautiful city of Biddeford, Me.,	$2,000
1	Lot, and House thereon, two stories and double tenement, situated in the thriving town of Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	1,500
1	Lot, and House thereon, one story, with good ell, in Kilbourn City,	1,200
1	gift in Greenbacks,	800
1	House Lot, with frame barn, 16x20, in Kilbourn City,	200
1	" with good well water, "	200
2	gifts in Greenbacks 200,	400
1	House Lot, corner of Rice and Elm Streets, Owatonna,	200
1	" on Elm Street, Owatonna,	150
1	" in Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	150
1	case Surgical Instruments, (first class Tremain's make,)	150
1	fine Gold Lever Watch and Chain,	100
1	heavy Silver Hunter Watch and Chain, very fine,	75
5	first class Family Sewing Machines, $75,	375
10	gifts in Greenbacks, $30,	300
4	" " $25,	100
2	prime Sewing Machines, $20,	40
465	gifts in Greenbacks, $2,	930
2,000	" " 50 cts.,	1,000
2,500	gifts,	amounting to $10 000

20 per cent. discount on all cash gifts over $20. NO POSTPONEMENT. All the Real Estate is well fenced, and beautifully located. The buildings are in good repair, and within ten minutes walk of the Depot.

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION:

Each ticket has its duplicate number. These are placed in a wheel and thoroughly mixed. A disinterested person, selected by the ticket holders present at the Concert, draws these duplicate numbers from the wheel. The first number called is entitled to the capital gift, and the second number called the next largest gift, and so on until they are all called.

The gifts range as they are printed on the bills and tickets, and we adopt the plan of rotation, believing it to be better for every one. Any person present can keep a list of the gifts as they are called so that you are as well protected, if you are a thousand miles off, as though you were present at the Concert. Persons, however remote their residence, can transact business with this office with the same degree of correctness as though they were present themselves, and we promise to all that they shall receive fair and honorable treatment. Every ticket is registered before being sent out, the number, name of party purchasing, and address, and all will be notified of the result of the distribution.

Try this. If you buy one, two, or four tickets, and look on the darkest and most unfavorable side, it will not ruin you. On the other hand, if you should receive one of the above splendid gifts, do you think you would regret that you bought a few tickets, especially as the Concert itself will be richly worth the price of admission?

Single Tickets, $2.00; 5 for $9.00.

Sent by mail on receipt of price, and parties ordering should be careful to write their name, town, county, and State in a plain, bold hand.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE!

To whom special inducements will be offered. Enclose stamp and send for circulars. Good titles to the above property, and all gift guaranteed, by SOULE BROTHERS, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn., to whom all orders should be addressed. v3n38tf4

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

THURSDAY, JANUARY [illegible], 1866.

HOW OUR PROBATE JUDGE WAS APPOINTED.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 13, 1866.

FRIEND KELLY: * * * * I think Chambers might do better than to rejoice over the wrong he has done the County by that act. He has added another to the foul blots which mark his character since he came to Owatonna. He obtained Aiken's appointment only by misrepresentation and lying, so open and gross that he has lost all personal influence with the Governors, either elect or MILLER. They both despise him for his low, underhanded course in that matter. It appears that he went to Faribault and got Attorney General Cole's opinion, and then secured his and Dyke's names to a recommend to the Governor for Aikin's appointment. Chambers then came to St. Paul and presented his paper from Faribault to the Governor. The Governor asked for a recommend from Steele County, and Chambers said he did not suppose he needed any. The Governor then asked him if Aikin did not oppose me in the canvass last fall, and was told that he did not; that he was not mixed up in that matter, but was a Presbyterian Minister or D. D., and was above such things. The Governor then asked him if in his opinion it would heal the breach existing among the Republicans of the County, if he made the appointment, and was answered that no appointment could be made which would tend more to do so, than that of Mr. Aiken, who, he said, was well qualified for the position. Still the Governor was not satisfied, and notwithstanding Chambers' earnest desire to carry a Commission for his appointment back with him, he refused to grant one, but promised him that if he did not hear from Steele County about the matter within four days, he would send the appointment down to him. The four days passed, and not hearing from the County, the commission was forwarded according to agreement. When the Governor ascertained the facts in the case, he not only felt indignant at the deceitful course Chambers had pursued, but chagrined to think that he had been the dupe of such trickery. He cannot yet speak in any other than in terms of unmeasured scorn of Chambers course in the matter, and it will be a long time ere the Executive of the State will repose the least shadow of confidence in the man who could thus meanly deceive one who thus overestimated his integrity.

J. B. CROOKER.

We publish the above extract from J. B. CROOKER letter, that the public may know how J. J. Aiken received the appointment of Probate Judge of this Co. Is it not decidedly cool that Messrs. Cole and Dyke of Rice County should dictate to the people of Steele? Are the people of this County to have no voice in deciding who shall be our rulers? A Chambers, Cole and Dyke by this act emphatically answers us—no! Could a greater insult be offered to the citizens of this county? Is not such an act a gross insult upon our intelligence? and does it not justly merit the scorn and contempt of every voter of this County? But we leave those out of the County, and specially notice the doings of A. Chambers in this transaction. It seems that Chambers was not fully satisfied that he could appoint J. J. Aikin, and consulted with G. C. Cole, who told him the Governor alone, had the power of appointing, and then secured the names of Cole and Dyke of Faribault and started on his secret mission for St. Paul to see Gov. Miller, and stated to him what appears in Mr. Crooker's letter. 1st, He (Mr. Miller) asked him for a recommendation from the citizens of this Co., and was answered that he did not think that it was necessary, implying by such an answer that the people had nothing to say in the matter, that he was the only man in this County that was competent to say who shall fill any office of trust or profit in the county. It seems he was determined to run the County as usual, and if he could not get aid from our citizens he would go to Rice County and obtain it there. He has for the last three years, by his position as Commissioner, made many dupes through fear of losing their position, sallary diminished, or bills disallowed if they should dare to speak unfavorable of his hypocritical conduct, and in no instance has it been more apparent than in the case of the PLAINDEALER. He and his compeer, J. J. Aiken, because they could not make the peoples' organ of the County their instrument to promote their own popularity or National agrandizement, determined to withold from it the public patronage, which they accomplished through the board last fall, and as we have every reason to believe, contrary to the wishes of the people. By this act, Chambers thought he would force us into subjection to his will, or cause us to leave, and make room for an organ that would cater to their pusillanimous nature. But in this they are wofully mistaken, for so long as we have control of the PLAINDEALER, the people shall be informed of the doings of the Board of Commissioners, and their unjust edicts laid before the pulic, let the consequences be what they may. Neither shall we be driven from our purpose through fear of patronage or the wiles of its leader. The Governor then asked him if Aikin did not oppose Mr. CROOKER'S election last fall, and was told by A. Chambers that he did not, was a Presbyterian Minister, a Doctor of Divinity, and did not mix up in such matters, &c. Now we ask every candid and intelligent mind in this city who are cognizant of the facts, if a greater misrepresentation, or more false statement was ever uttered by any human being? All are aware and know full well that A. Chambers and his satellite, J. J. Aikin, opposed in a violent manner the election of Mr. CROOKER, and done all in their power to prevent his election, and defeat the regular Republican nominee, and voted for A. Town, who was supported by Democrats and copperheads at the last fall election. We wish these facts to be distinctly understood by the executive department and all in State authority, and if they have any favors to bestow, that they will do it on the recommend of the vilest copperhead, rather than on a man who will wantonly misrepresent and withold the truth to gratify his own selfish nature.

Again, he informs Gov. Miller that no person could be appointed to that office who would give such entire satisfaction to the people of the County as to appoint J. J. Aikin. Now this may be true so far as a few Democrats and copperheads are concerned, but to the great mass of Republicans in the County, it is utterly without foundation, and we venture the assertion that neither A. Chambers or J. J. Aikin could command one hundred true Republican votes, for any office whatever, in the County.

This, then, is the manner in which this great Divine received his appointment of Probate Judge, without a single person desiring his appointment, with the exception of A. Chambers, and that through deceit and misrepresentations. Who would envy such a position, secured in such a manner? If J. J. Aikin can gather Laurels by obtaining office in such a manner, we fail to see it, and all such honors will prove a curse rather than a blessing. How long before the people will arouse to a sense of their duty, and put in such persons to fill the offices of the County, as will tend to promote harmony and kind feelings toward all?

OUR REPRESENTATIVE.

The citizens of our County may well feel flattered in the choice of Hon. J. B. CROOKER, last fall, to represent them in the present Legislature. We have always believed him to be a man of strict integrity and ability, and it seems that the House to which he is a member, have sustained us in this belief, by appointing him Chairman on the Committee of Ways and Means, the first and most important committee of the House, and by this high position, they virtually acknowledged him the leader of that body. In his present station he is able to command more influence than any other member of the House, aside from the Speaker, and those who know him will acknowledge it was worthily bestowed. He has ever been a firm supporter of our Republican principles, and during the last four years, when our Nation was assailed by internal foes, and struggling for national existence, he was always found at his post, encouraging the faint hearted, and instilling in the hearts of all the true principles of patriotism and love for our beloved country. Treachery was never a part of his nature, and no consideration of emolument could deter him from his settled purpose of thwarting the wicked devices of rebels and copperheads. All who know him are living witnesses of the fact that he is, and ever has been an uncompromising Republican, and a warm defender of our Union and its army. Such men, and these alone, are worthy of the confidence of a free people, and if honors are to be bestowed, it should be on these, and those who have through the passion of patriotism marched to the field of carnage and in hand to hand engagements, defended our sacred institutions. The House is now engaged in maturing the plan for revising our State Laws, and in doing which, the great burden of revising will devolve upon the Committee of Ways and Means, and the Chairman in particular. This is a laborious work, and is rather doubtful whether it will be fully completed this session. It is a work long needed, and much desired by the people of the State generally. From the amount of talent on this Committee, we may safely infer that when perfected, will not only prove a great benefit to the State, but an honor to these who had it under their supervison.

☞ The *World* calls Congress the "Rump Congress," whereupon the *Tribune* intimates that it is looking for the return of the Stuarts. There is a good deal in the *Tribune's* hint. For that too was '*Restoration*'—the restoration of Despotism and its instruments—the rack and thumb-screw. That is not the restoration to which the "Rump Congress" is preliminary, or if it be, if we repeat history in that, we shall follow it to the end: and we know what became of the Stuarts, finally; and we know what became of the Bourbons. Reactions are but the backward spring of revolutions preparing for a grander leap forward. So the Stuarts had better keep out of the way of the tiger.—*Press.*

☞ Gen. Grant has sent to both the Senate and House committee on military affairs a very important communication in regard to an increase of the regular army, accompanied by reports from the paymaster's, quartermaster's, commissary and engineer departments, and the cavalry bureau, stating what each will require in case an increase of the regular army is agreed upon. The suggestions contained in the communication are essentially different from the bill prepared by Senator Wilson. The authority for using colored regiments Gen. Grant proposes to place in the hands of the President. It is doubtful whether the committee will leave this matter to the President.

☞ Secretary Harlan has been elected U. S. Senator from Iowa, for the long term, and Governor Kirkwood for the short term.

Hon. John Sherman has been re-elected U. S. Senator from Ohio, for the term of six years from the fourth of March, 1867.

Good Faith Profitable.

The New York *Evening Post*, referring to the announcement that the Barings have taken two millions of Massachusetts five per cent bonds, at about 97 cents on the dollar, or, at very nearly par, contrasts the fact with the less commanding position of the finances of the Union, and of other States. It says:

The State of Massachusetts preserves her high credit. The unsurpassed energy and thrift of her people enable her to obtain money in the market at the lowest rates. But there is something more than that, just now, gives her a peculiar right to high credit. All through the war, no matter how much depreciated was the paper money of the country, no matter what premium, as it is called, she had to pay for gold, she steadily and unflinchingly paid the public interest, as she had promised to pay it, in coin. Our own great and wealthy State, the chief partner in our Union of States, failed to do this. We are now paying the penalty of our bad faith and of our expensive policy in this respect. New York seven per cent bonds are selling for barely par in paper money; in other words, New York has issued bonds promising to pay some years hence, $25,000,000 in gold, of which bonds the net proceeds to the State are in cash, only 17,25[illegible], leaving a shave, as they say in Wall street, of about $8,000,000 on the transaction.

A Letter from Mrs. Jeff Davis.

The wife of the ex-head of the Southern Confederacy writes from Mill View, Georgia, to T. C. Clark, Secretary of the Ladie's Southern Aid Association, in reply to a letter tendering herself and family pecuniary assistance. In the course of her letter she says:

"To the accepted prayers of the widows and orphans, our suffering but heroic women, our brave and true men, our innocent little children, I look for the restoration to my little children of their agonized but Christian father. If a merciful Providence so ordain it, we hope to live and die among you, mutually consoling and bearing each other's burdens. I pray God we may not be driven from the home of our childhood, 'for how can we sing our own song in a strange land?' We would not have our dear friends be trayed by their sympathy into offering, for our use, too much from their own 'basket and store.' I and mine have, so far, been miraculously cared for and shielded from want. We seem even environed by the love which is reflected upon us from that which lighted my husband in his dungeon—softened his prison walls with snowy pictures of flying eyes and out-stretched arms.

Grief and gratitude seem to impose upon me silence. I would, but cannot, say more. I will enclose with this note the names and directions of you and men to whom the [illegible] you speak may be [illegible]."

☞ Washington despatch of the 14th chronicles the following instance of chivalry:

Senator Sumner last evening received a box containing the finger of a negro accompanied with the following note:

"You old son of a b——, I send you a piece of one of your friends and if that bill of yours passes I will have a piece of you.

(Signed.) A UNION MAN."

The finger, which had evidently been in alcohol for some time, was done up in a round box, addressed in a beautiful hand, and left on the door-step of Senator Sumner's boarding house, where it was found by a servant girl. The note was in a boyish hand, and in several instances words of it misspelled.

☞ At a promiscous assemblage of whites and blacks in Washington the other night, at which they had tableaux, the Washington *Republican* of the 3d says:

"The audience were agreeably surprised by the appearance of the 'Cumbrian Sybil,' represented by Sojourner Truth, who appeared in an appropriate costume and sang words and music of her own composition, with good effect. When she retired it was stated by D. M Kelsey, Esq., that she had been a slave in the State of New York for upwards of thirty years, and had lived to see slavery gradually disappear from nearly all the northern States, and had finally witnessed its total abolition throughout the Republic."

THE TALMUD ON WOMANKIND.—The Jewish Talmud has these sentences about women: "A good wife is heaven's noblest gift. A housewife never alows herself to be disturbed from her work; even while conversing she is busily spinning. An old, experienced woman in a household is an ornament to it like a pearl. He who lives in an unmarried state knows no joys, none of the blessings of home, and is without support. The man who stands at the death-bed of his wife feels like those who saw the temple of Jerusalem reduced to ashes; for the wife is the temple in which each man finds repose and quiet, where he rests after the labors of the day, and where he can give expression to his feelings, joyful and mournful. God has given to woman more ability of judging correctly, than by man."

In the Senate, on the 17th, Mr. CHANDLER, of Michigan, offered the following preamble and resolution, which, being objected to by Mr. Dixon, lies over under the rule.

WHEREAS, The British Government has refused redemnity for the damage done to American commerce by her subjects; therefore

Resolved, That the President be requested to withdraw our Minister from the Court of St. James, and to declare national non-intercourse between the two nations.

—The important intelligence is received from Mexico that Maximilian has been guaranteed security upon his throne by a treaty signed sixteen months ago by France, Austria, Italy, Spain and England.

STATE NEWS.

—The board of trade of Winona, held a meeting on Saturday evening to elect delegates to the Anti-Monopoly Convention.

—The Rochester *Post* says that hydrophobia is raging to a considerable extent among the dogs, cattle, and hogs, in and about Frankford, in Mower county, about 25 miles south of Rochester.

DOUBLE MINIMUM LANDS.—A letter of instructions has been received by the Land Officers of this district from the Commissioners of the General Land Office, stating that no double minimum lands ($2 50 per acre) or that located within ten miles, on either side of the lines of St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, shall be subject to private entry until they have been again offered at public sale. The even numbered sections still remain open for homesteads or pre-emptions, at the double minimum rates.—*St. Cloud Democrat.*

—The Taylor's Falls *Reporter* notes the formation of the "Old Settlers' Association" of the St Croix Valley, of which the officers: W. H. C. Folsom, President; John S. Godfrey, Vice President; L. K. Standard, Secretary, and S. Thompson, Wm. Blanding, Anseli Smith, Directors. The place and time for the next annual meeting was appointed at Osceola, Feb. 23

The editor of the Anoka *Union* was caught at Monticello when all communication was cut off by the late storm. Of his journey home he says:

We waited till Saturday evening, then chartered a team and started down the west side of Mississippi. Owing to there being no track, the snow three feet deep, and the night dark, we got lost, and traveled all through the Big Woods and Crow Wing Valley. We have wanted to inspect that region of country, but decidedly object to taking a tour of observation at midnight, in an open cutter—mercury 20 below—snow two feet deep —get upset about every ten rods and land in a snow-bank with more swiftness than grace. Perhaps it was nice—if it was we fail to appreciate.

—The Mankato *Union* comes to us in a new dress, and looks finely.

—The Brownsville *Free Press* of the 12th says: "Up to this date there has been about 21,000 bushels of wheat shipped from this place to Milwaukee, by way of the La Crosse Elevator. There is considerable wheat in store at present though we have not ascertained the exact amount."

—A man named Donahue was killed a few days since at Waterford, Dakota county, by John Masters, a constable of that place.

TOPICS ABROAD.

—The private fortune left by king Leopold is estimated at £5,200,000 sterling

—The "ill wind" which roared across Ireland last month, "blew good" to Patrick Murphy, of Slatery, Queen's county. It removed the thatch from his cottage but revealed to him a hidden [illegible] with four hundred guineas and several Spanish doubloons.

—The play called Henrietta Mares hal has been withdrawn from the boards of the Theatre Français, Paris, by order of the authorities.

—The annual receipts of the city of Paris have increased at the rate of about five millions a year during the last four years. This has been done entirely without increase in the local taxation.

—Sir Morton Peto has incurred the displeasure of his Bristol constituents by expressing his willingness to postpone the settlement of the Reform measure.

—A laborer named Watts has been condemned to [illegible] for one month, by the Nantwich magistrates, for trespassing in a wood to gather acorns, and doing damage to the amount of one penny.

—An aristocratic pigeon shooting match is to come off in London about June next. Lords and baronets of every degree are among the subscribers.

—The believers in the Suez canal are very hopeful that it will receive the support of the English government, now that Lord Palmerston, its great opposer, is dead.

—An iron theatre, with a hotel attached, is being constructed in Sydney, Australia, to be erected at the new gold field Hokitika. The [illegible]

[illegible]

—The Queen of Spain is said to be [illegible], and it is probable that she will open the Cortes in person.

—The Grand Dutchess of Mecklenberg-Strelitz lately gave a ball at which she wore the jewelry of her great-great-grandmother, a German princess, who died over a hundred and fifty years ago.

—The typhus fever has broken out among the animals in the Jardin d'Acclimation, Paris, and two gazelles and six yaks died of the disease. They were buried twenty feet below the surface of the ground.

—Three prominent Englishmen—Lord A. Hervey, the Hon. Mr. Strutt and Mr. Corre—have been seized by brigands in Greece. One thousand pounds ransom each was demanded, and the brigands allowed Lord Hervey and Mr. Strutt to go at liberty to look after the money, while Mr. Corre was held as a hostage for its payment.

—Six cholera cases, all ending in death, have been officially recorded at St. Petersburg. Hospitals have been prepared for the reception of the terrible guest and rules of diet officially published in the papers. There is a rumor that the duty of military service will be rendered universal in Russia and reduced to seven and in some exceptional cases even to three years.

—The Legislature of California finally ratified the slavery-abolishing Constitutional amendment on the 28th, making the twenty-ninth State that has done so.

☞ When fame is regarded as the end, and merit as only the means, men are apt to dispense with the latter, if the former can be had without it.

SOUTHERN ITEMS.

—A loving pair eloped in New Orleans lately. The young swain was poor, but the girl ran away with him against her parents' will—was married, went to his hotel, and was duly forgiven.

—Hon. John Bell, a Tennessee fossil who ran for President in 1860, lately met Mr. George Baber, of Kentucky, at Nashville, where the twain had a conversation on the state of the country. Mr. Baber requests Mr. Bell to air his opinions and the result is a series of letters published in the Louisville *Journal*, of which Mr. Baber is an editor, the first of which is three solid columns long. He accepts the results of the war, and endorses the President's reconstruction policy.

—A civil court in Houston, Texas, recently fined a restaurant keeper $50 and bound him over in $1,000 for flogging a negro waiter. The judge, in passing sentence, said he could make no distinction on account of color and that all must now be treated alike before the law.

—A Richmond paper, discussing the affairs of the state library of Virginia, says the books are in great confusion, many valuable works mutilated and ruined, and many volumes belonging to important and valuable sets of works missing from the alcoves, as well as many valuable single volumes.

—A negro lay freezing in front of some colored people's houses, the other day, in Louisville. The unfeeling wretches refused to take him in, until Gen. Palmer sent an orderly threatening to shut up the entire neighborhood in jail if they did not assist the man.

LATEST NEWS.

WASHINGTON, JAN 18.—The galleries of the House were densely crowded during the session to-day, and owing to the pressure many persons were unable to gain admission. The colored population were present in large numbers.

Every one present, both white and black, took a great interest in the question discussed, namely, the extension of the elective franchise in the District of Columbia. The vote on the passage of the bill was much larger than its most sanguine friends anticipated; and when the result was announced, the applause on the floor and in the galleries, was almost deafening. The bill which passed the House has yet to be acted on in the Senate. It confers suffrage without other qualifications than are attached to whites.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The *Herald's* Washington special says a case was recently brought before the Treasury Department for decision of considerable interest to holders of certificates of indebtedness and other government securities.

The holder of a thousand dollar certificate mailed to the Department for redemption without filling the blank space making it payable to the order of a particular person. It was stolen from the mail and sold finally to a party in Boston. The blanks were filled by the holder, and the certificates forwarded to the Department the second time. Both parties forwarding it for redemption were promptly notified by the Department, and on its final arrival each claimed to be its possessor. The Department held that by neglecting to fill the blank the New Yorker lost possession, and awarded the payment to the Boston holder.

—Colorado has ratified the Constitutional amendment by a vote of 36 1.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL

AND

CONCERTS.

The adjourned meeting of
THE TEACHER'S AND AMATEUR'S

MUSICAL FESTIVAL!

Will be given at OWATONNA on WEDNESDAY, THE 24TH INST., and continue in session four days,

The Original Design to be Carried Out!

No Failure need be Apprehended!

"ESTHER, THE BEAUTIFUL QUEEN"

Will be represented on

ON FRIDAY EVE., THE 26th.

In which MRS. TIBBETTS, of Lake City, who is admitted to be the best Soprano in the State, will appear as "ESTHER," while the other parts will be well sustained, and a [illegible] by a Chorus such as [illegible] in Owatonna for some time to come. Let the public make a note of this.

SATURDAY EVE., THE 27th,

Will be given the

GRAND PRIZE CONCERT!

In which Mrs. Tibbetts, Mrs. Davis, of St. Peter, and Miss Felt, now of Owatonna, and several others [illegible] will participate.

One-half the net proceeds given to the winner. Three judges to be chosen from the audience, when assembled.

SPECIALLY TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends, a treat is in store for you. No pains nor expense has been spared to make these Entertainments worthy the name and reputation Owatonna bears abroad. Will you see to it, that this name and reputation are fully sustained by a proper response on your part? Will you?

☞ For particulars, see Programmes for each evening.

Tickets to each Concert, - - - 40 cts.
Children under 12, - - - - - 25 cts.
To be had at the Drug Stores and the Post-Office.

S. M. DONALDSON, President.
J. B. SHAPLEY, Sec'y.
W. L. BAWLEY, Conductor.

MINNESOTA CENTRAL R. R.

TIME TABLE.

On and after Monday, Jan. 1, 1866, Trains will run in conformity with the following Time Card. making direct connections with the Minnesota Stage Company's Lines and the Winona and St. Peter Railroad for points in the interior, and for Rochester, Winona, LaCrosse and Eastern Cities.

GOING SOUTH.				GOING NORTH.		
de	7.30	A. M.	MINNEAPOLIS,	ar	7.55	P. M.
de	8.15	A. M.	MENDOTA,	do	7.20	P. M.
de	8.45	A. M.	WESTCOTT,	de	6.45	P. M.
de	9.10	A. M.	ROSEMOUNT,	de	6.20	P. M.
de	9.35	A. M.	FARMINGTON,	de	5.50	P. M.
de	10.00	A. M.	CASTLE ROCK,	de	5.25	P. M.
de	10.35	A. M.	NORTHFIELD,	do	5.05	P. M.
de	10.55	A. M.	DUNDAS,	do	4.35	P. M.
ar	11.30	A. M.	FARIBAULT,	de	4.00	P. M.

D. C. SHEPARD, Sup't.

Minneapolis, Dec. 30, 1865.

TAKEN UP.

Came into the enclosure of the subscriber on the 25th of November, 1865, a dark brindle STEER, two years old. The owner is requested to pay charges and take them away.

WALTER STEBBINS.

Meriden Jan. 11, 1866. 36 3t

1866 TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT 1866

AT OWATONNA!

Great Rush to Cooper Bro's. New Store!

THE "REGULATOR!"

TRADE RECONSTRUCTED! No More HIGH PRICES!

GOODS AT OLD TIME FIGURES.

COOPER BRO'S.

HAVE JUST OPENED, IN THE

North Store, Dresser's Block, Owatonna,

ONE OF THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST SELECTED STOCKS OF

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SILKS, MERINOS, Common and All Wool DELAINES, ALPACCAS, WORSTED GOODS, AMERICAN, ENGLISH, AND SCOTCH GINGHAMS, MOURNING GOODS, LADIES' CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FANCY DRESS TRIMMINGS, BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FUR GOODS, at Cost Prices, to close out this part of our trade. A Great Variety of FLANNELS—Red, White, Blue and other colors, — FANCY CHECKS BEST SHAKER,

The Largest and Best Assortment ever brought into Owatonna!

ALL OF EXCELLENT QUALITY, AND VERY CHEAP!

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

AT VERY LOW PRICES!

YANKEE NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

OF BEST QUALITY AND LATEST STYLES!

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

Our Goods were obtained for Cash, and will be sold at

Panic Prices!

Good Fast Color Prints, from 15 to 25 cents per yard!

Good Denims, 25 cents per yard! and all other Goods Cheaper than the Cheapest!

Give us a call. We will suit you, and give, for a small or large amount of money, more value than you have received since the commencement of the Rebellion! Our motto is

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

Owatonna, January 17, 1866. v3n38tf

Grand Gift Concert!

BY SOULE BROTHERS.

Authorized and Licensed by United States Government.

2,500 GIFTS; 5,000 TICKETS.

A GRAND GIFT CONCERT

WILL BE GIVEN, AT

DRESSER'S HALL, OWATONNA,

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1866.

And the public can rest assured that the best Musical Talent the West affords will be engaged for the occasion, when the following **SPLENDID GIFTS** will be distributed to the patrons of the Concert:

1 Ten Acre Lot, in the beautiful city of Biddeford, Me.	$3 000
1 Lot, and House thereon, two stories and double tenement, situated in the thriving town of Kilbourn City Wisconsin,	1,500
1 Lot, and House thereon, one story, with good cil, in Kilbourn City,	1,200
1 gift in Greenbacks,	800
1 House Lot, with frame barn, 16x20, in Kilbourn City,	300
1 " with good well water, "	200
2 gifts in Greenbacks $200,	400
1 House Lot, corner of Rice and Elm Streets, Owatonna.	200
1 " on Elm Street, Owatonna,	150
1 " in Kilbourn City, Wisconsin,	150
1 case Surgical Instruments, (first class Tremain's make,)	150
1 fine Gold Lever Watch and Chain,	100
1 heavy Silver Hunter Watch and Chain, very fine,	75
5 first class Family Sewing Machines, $75,	375
10 gifts in Greenbacks, $30,	300
4 " " $25,	100
2 prime Sewing Machines, $20,	40
465 gifts in Greenbacks, $2,	930
2,000 " " 50 cts.,	1,000
2,500 gifts	amounting to $10 000

20 per cent. discount on all cash gifts over $20. NO POSTPONEMENT. All the Real Estate is well fenced, and beautifully located. The buildings are in good repair, and within ten minutes walk of the Depot.

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION:

Each ticket has its duplicate number. These are placed in a wheel and thoroughly mixed. A disinterested person, selected by the ticket holders present at the Concert, draws these duplicate numbers from the wheel. The first number called is entitled to the capital gift, and the second number called the next largest gift, and so on until they are all called.

The gifts range as they are printed on the bills and tickets, and we adopt the plan of rotation, believing it to be better for every one. Any person present can keep a list of the gifts as they are called so that you are as well protected, if you are a thousand miles off, as though you were present at the Concert. Persons, however remote their residence, can transact business with this office with the same degree of correctness as though they were present themselves, and we promise to all that they shall receive fair and honorable treatment. Every ticket is registered before being sent out, the number, name of party purchasing, and address, and all will be notified of the result of the distribution.

Try this. If you buy one, two, or four tickets, and look on the darkest and most unfavorable side, it will not ruin you. On the other hand, if you should receive one of the above splendid gifts, do you think you would regret that you bought a few tickets, especially as the Concert itself will be richly worth the price of admission?

Single Tickets, $2.00; 5 for $9.00,

Sent by mail on receipt of price, and parties ordering should be careful to write their name, town, county, and State in a plain, bold hand.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE!

To whom special inducements will be offered. Enclose stamp and send for circulars. Good titles to the above property, and all gift guaranteed, by **SOULE BROTHERS**, Owatonna, Steele County, Minn., to whom all orders should be addressed. v3n36tf

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

The Owatonna Plaindealer.

Official Paper of the City.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

We solicit attention to the advertisement of E. & H. T. Anthony & Co., which may be found in another column.

Our readers will notice, under the head of "Special Notices," the card of "Marriage and Celibacy."

Godey for February has been lain upon our table. It is, as usual, interesting and well adapted for the refined circle of readers. Published monthly at Philadelphia, Pa.

Donation.—A Donation Visit, for the benefit of Rev. T. McClary, will be held at Dresser's Hall, in this city, on Thursday, evening, Feb. 1st. All are respectfully invited to attend.

Co-Partnership.—Messrs. Hickman and Searles, we learn, have entered into co partnership in the practice of law, and occupy the front rooms over Bixby's Drug Store.

"Every Saturday" comes as regular as any day of the week, and much more to the delight of everybody who takes this beautiful periodical. Published by Ticknor & Fields, weekly, in pamphlet form, for $5 per year, at Boston, Mass.

Storm.—The past week has been rather severe for winter, the thermometer ranging from zero to thirty below, and most of the time severe wind, which has thrown the deep snow into drifts, making the roads nearly impassable for a number of days. The last two days has been pleasant and people have again got the track in good order.

New Tailor Shop.—We call attention to the new advertisement of M. Conner's. He has opened his Shop over Bixby's Drug Store, in the back part. He is said to be a man of much experience in his business, having been employed in many of the first Shops in the Eastern States. We wish him much success and many customers.

New Store.—Messrs Padgham & Dickinson have opened business in the Dry Goods line, in Dresser's Brick Block, one door north of Rukeyser's Ready-Made Clothing Store. Their new stock has not yet all arrived, but is expected in a few days. They are both fine business men and liberal dealers. They will make a strong team, and if they pull even they cannot be outdone in the city.

Lecture.—Mr Davis has been lecturing on Astronomy a number of evenings of the past week. His lectures were very interesting and highly instructive to the young. His pictures were of a good character and very beautiful. Wherever he may go we would recommend the people to give him a full house, as they will be well entertained and get the worth of their money.

Accident.—Last night the second floor of the Boarding House, in this City, on the Central Railroad gave way, precipitating a large number of persons who had retired for the night, making a general crash. Lucky for the ladies who were below, were in a bedroom at the time, and the partitions only saved the timbers from falling on them. This is a warning to others that they see to it, that their buildings are made safe, and not built in such a manner as to endanger the lives of its inmates. We learn no one was seriously injured.

To Our Merchants.—We have many times wondered why our Merchants do not bring on more of the first quality of goods. Many people in our community will not buy anything but the best, and if they cannot get them at home they will go abroad to find them, and pay out their money in another County. This is not as it should be. Our citizens require as good an article as can be found in the Eastern Market, and if they were brought in they would sell first, as in the case of Coburn's, who brought on some five dozen elegant Breakfast Shawls, as Mr. Southwayte informed us, and now they have but two of the poorest left. Is this not [illegible] to the mercantile trade the wants of the community?

Concerts.—Remember the Concerts which are to come off Friday and Saturday evenings of this week. The Musical Convention began yesterday (Wednesday) morning, preparatory for the Concerts. On Friday evening the entertainment will consist of representing "Esther, the Beautiful Queen," and considering the musical talent both at home and abroad, that will be engaged, we may reasonably expect that it will be one of the best, if not *the* best, entertainment ever given in Owatonna. Persons who have any taste for fine music, should not fail to be present on the occasion, as they may not have another opportunity for years. On Saturday evening, the Prize Concert takes place and many are preparing for the occasion. Every means are being made use of by Prof. Hawley to bring the choir to as near a state of perfection as possible. Let us, then, all turn out, and fill the Hall, and patronize our home enterprises. Our neighbors and friends are earnestly laboring to improve their musical talents. Let us then be liberal in turning out on both evenings, and encourage them by our presence.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION.

Branch Mme. Demorest's Establishment!

Miss C. B. Kelsey

Has removed her Rooms over the new store on

BRIDGE STREET,

First door west of L. Bixby's Drug Store, *up stairs*, and would inform the inhabitants of Owatonna and vicinity, that she has opened a

DRESS AND

CLOAK-MAKING ESTABLISHMET.

Being a Branch of Mme. Demorest's Emporium and receiving her patterns direct from that Establishment, she is prepared to do all work pertaining to her business in the latest

NEW-YORK STYLES!

Cutting, Fitting, Marking and Fluting

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S APPAREL.

Done promptly, and in the best possible manner.—Patterns in the

LATEST PARIS FASHIONS,

Direct from Mme. Demorest's, furnished to all who may desire them.

Using Grover & Baker's Elastic Stitch Machine, she is prepared to do all her work with promptness and dispatch. This Machine is superior to all others in the strength and elasticity of its stitch, and it does all kinds of

EMBRODIERY AND ORNAMENTAL WORK!

She is selling the above Machines at low figures.

GENTLEMEN'S PLAIN SEWING

Done neatly and in order.

She has also for sale,

Mrs. FOY'S CORSET SKIRT SUPPORTS,

Which, for health, comfort, and beauty, is superior to anything of the kind in use. Also,

ROSEATE BLOOM OF YOUTH,

For the Complexion.

All kinds of Embroidery and Braiding Patterns for sale.

Please call and examine patterns, &c. All work warranted, and Fashions to suit the most fastidious.

Owatonna, Jan. 1[illegible] 186[illegible] v3n[illegible]

Special Notices.

☞ Marriage and Celibacy.—An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men.—Also, Diseases and Abuses which prematurely Prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent Free of Charge, in sealed letter envelopes.—Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. v3n40y1

☞ New Arrival.—D. Steven's of Faribault, has just received from the East a large stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks of all qualities, besides a splendid assortment of Jewelry, Plated and Silver Ware, and a full supply of Musical Instruments, which he proposes to sell on more reasonable terms than any establishment in the West. He has also received a fine lot of Sewing Machines, and a general assortment of Christmas and New Years Toys. All goods sold at wholesale or retail, and a liberal discount made to dealers. D. Stevens' is the best place to get your Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired, and to make good bargains.—Store on Main Street, opposite the National House. v3n32tf

☞ Selling off at Cost.—Mrs. Magoon, of Faribault, being desirous of closing out her business, is selling off her Fine Stock of Goods at cost, consisting of Hat and Bonnets, of the latest styles, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Laces, Bonnet Frames, Silks, Velvets, Fancy Ornaments, and Veils. Also, a fine assortment of Fancy Goods, Cottons, Cable Cord, Belting, Buckles, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Worsteds, Velvet Ribbons, Nets, Berages, Handkerchiefs, Muslins, Corsets, and Skirt Supporters, together with a large stock of Ready-Made Cloaks, and Cloakings, and Trimmings.

Cold weather is coming on, and the place to prepare for it is at Mrs. Magoon's. Call and see our stock and convince yourself that such bargains were never before offered in Faribault. v3n33tf

☞ The Bitter Fruits of Bad Bitters.—[illegible] Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the only medicinal preparation in the world in which this article is used as an ingredient. Hence the extraordinary effects of this great specific. [illegible] jan11m1

New Advertisements.

List of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Owatonna, Minn., Jan. 25, 1866, which, if not called for within thirty days after date, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Washington, D. C.

Babcock H A	Meyers Hiram
Brown Sarah	McEntire W
Brown P J 3	Piper Geo W
Boughton Peter 2	Paige D J
Bowan Margaret	Richardson Ira (Lemond)
Bishop & White	Stone Israel P
Constable John	Stone Fannie P
Clark C H	Stearns Mrs. —
Clark James W	Sawyer J T
Cook Watson	Smith Philander
Curtis Frank	Smith Cornelius
Davis L B	Smith J F
Ewers L [illegible] 2	Schuster P N
Gregson Geo	Sturker I
Hawkins F	Webster Wm
Hennish Minna	Willson Wm 2
Hanley Wm J	Woods Cornelia
Jenkins Jos H	Whittaker John
Johnson H C	Weaver Phillip er John
Johnson J H	

Persons calling for the above letters please say "advertised." T. E. HUGHES, P. M.

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

M. CONNER,

Late of the city of Elmira, N. Y., has opened a

Tailor Shop

Over L. Bixby's Drug Store,

Where he is prepared to attend to all business in his line. Having had many years experience in the

MOST FASHIONABLE SHOPS IN THE EASTERN STATES,

He feels to assure the public that he is able to compete with the

BEST WORKMEN IN THE STATE!

And fit all to their Entire Satisfaction. Particular attention paid to

CUTTING.

All Work Warranted.

Owatonna, Jan. 25, 1866. v3n49tf

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
501 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

In addition to our main business of PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS, we are headquarters for the following, viz.:

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.

Of these we have an immense assortment, including

VIEWS OF THE WAR,

Obtained at great expense and forming a complete PHOTOGRAPHIC HISTORY OF THE GREAT UNION CONTEST

Bull Run,	Monitors,	City Point,
Yorktown,	Fort Morgan,	Nashville,
Gettysburgh,	Charleston,	Petersburgh,
Fair Oaks,	Florida,	Belle Plain,
Savage Station,	Dutch Gap,	Chattanooga,
Fredericksburg,	Pontoon Trains,	Atlanta,
Fairfax,	Hanover Junc'n,	Mobile,
Richmond,	Lookout Moun't,	Strawberry Plains,
Deep Bottom,	Chickahominy,	&c., &c.

American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, &c. Also, Revolving Stereoscopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to $50. Our ALBUMS have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any other.—They will be sent by mail, FREE on receipt of price.

☞ FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER. ☜

The Trade will find our Albums the most Salenble they can buy.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS.

Our Catalogue now embraces over Five Thousand subjects (to which additions are continually being made) of Eminent Americans, &c., viz.: about

100 Maj-Gens.,	100 Lieut-Cols,	550 Statesmen,
100 Brig "	250 other Offic'rs,	130 Divines,
275 Colonels,	75 Navy "	125 Authors,
40 Artists,	125 Stage,	50 Promi't wom'n

3,000 Copies of Works of Art.

Including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, &c. Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue, will be filled on receipt of $1.80, and sent by mail FREE.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D., will please remit twenty-five per cent. of the amount with their order.

☞ The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. v3n40m10

Lots for Sale.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R. R. and Min. Central R. R. Apply to

F. McNAMARA,
Chief Engineer Min. Val. R. R.
St. Paul, Minn.

v3n[illegible]m3

LUMBER.

New Lumber Yard,

ON CEDAR STREET,

Near Dresser's Brick Block,

OWATONNA.

We have established a New Lumber Yard in this city, and desire to call the attention of the community to their stock or every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,

FENCING,

DIMENSIONS,

BOARDS,

CLEAR LUMBER,

SIDING,

SHINGLES,

LATH,

&c., &c.

Which will be kept constantly on hand, and for sale at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Owatonna, Dec. 7, 1865. JOHNSON & HILLS. v3n33tf

NEW TAILOR SHOP.

JOHN COTTIER

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Steele County that he has opened a

TAILOR SHOP

ON MAIN STREET,

OVER THE OLD DRUG STORE,

Where he is prepared to

CUT AND MAKE

All kinds of

GENTS' CLOTHING,

Agreeable to the

LATEST STYLES,

ON THE

SHORTEST NOTICE & WARRANTED.

All kinds of

Cutting

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO,

AND WARRANTED TO FIT.

Having had a

Life-Time Experience

In the business, in the Eastern States, he feels confident that his experience will merit a fair amount of patronage.

Owatonna, July 13, 1865. v3n12tf

MEYER'S

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

BOOKSTORE.

BINDERY, AND

COMMISSION STORE,

SECOND STREET,

Between Main and Johnson,

Winona, Minn.

I have always on hand a large assortment of

GERMAN & ENGLISH BOOKS,
PICTURES,
FRAMES,
POCKET BOOKS,
STATIONERY,
PLAYING CARDS.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

AND AT

Chicago & New York Prices;

ALSO, A

Circulating Library.

Books in any Language Sent by Mail,

POCKET-BOOKS MADE,

AND BOOKS BOUND,

NEAT AND CHEAP.

MISSING NUMBERS FURNISHED.

Winona, Dec. 21, 1865. N. MEYER. v3n35tf

FURNITURE,

AT REDUCED PRICES.

S. A. HICKCOX'S FURNITURE STORE is the place to buy, as he has just bought out the Winona Establishment: and with that stock and the work he has already on hand, he offers to his former customers, and to all others wishing to purchase, as good a selection as can be found in Minnesota, and at prices as low as can be had this side of the Mississippi. A large stock of

LOOKING GLASSES,

SOFAS, CENTRE-TABLES,

Chamber setts, Ornamented with Gold Leaf,

MATTRASSES, PILLOWS OF FEATHERS, HAIR AND SEA GRASS,

Wright's Patent Sectional Spring

BED BOTTOM,

With assortment of

TUCKERS.

GILT MOLDING PICTURE FRAMES

Made to order.

CURTAIN ROLLERS AND FIXTURES

And a good variety of

CORD AND TASSELS

Of all kinds.

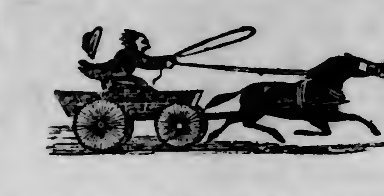
DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

☞ On College Street, next door east of Hurlbut's Block, at the GILT SIGN. ☜

S. A. HICKCOX.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n4tf

GET UP AND DUST!



Frank Curtis & Co.

Have, in their

GROCERY STORE,

$2,000 WORTH OF TEAS,

of all qualities,

$3,000 worth of Sugars & Syrups,

of all grades. Any quantity of

Choice Apples,

in lots to suit customers.

SACKS & BBLS. OF COFFEE,

of all kinds, and

Thousands of Dollars Worth

of other Goods that must and will be sold immediately,

AT SOME PRICE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY, & BUY CHEAP.

Our stock is

Full and Complete.

And sell we must and no mistake.

Come on, then, and if we can't suit you in

Quality and Prices,

It must be because you have fallen into a state of

CELIBACY,

And will not be suited, and refuse to be comforted. We desire to make you happy in this world's goods, and you have only to

COME AND ASK

For all you need, and

THE PRIZE IS YOURS.

Broadway, Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n7tf

REMOVAL.

Miss L. J. Kellogg,

SURGEON, DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED her Office to Chesley's Photograph Rooms in

DRESSER'S NEW BRICK

BLOCK,

ON CEDAR STREET.

Where she is much more HAPPILY SITUATED for attending to the wants of those needing work in her line, than in her old office. She is prepared to attend to

ALL DEPARTMENTS

OF DENTISTRY,

On liberal terms and in the most improved styles. Being thankful for past patronage, solicits a continuance of the same.

ALL WORK WARRANTED,

Owatonna, Nov. 24, 1865, 31-tf

New Carriage Factory at Winona.

WM. M. TANNER & CO.,

Are now prepared to turn out THREE FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES PER WEEK! and have constantly on hand an assortment of

ONE & TWO-SEATED CARRIAGES,

LIGHT OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES,

AND DEMOCRAT WAGONS & SLEIGHS.

Hearses, Express, and Pedler Wagons made to Order.

DEALERS IN

Wagons and Buggies, Wood Work, Spokes, Hubs, and Felloes, Springs, Axles, Bolts and Carriage Trimmings, also a large assortment of the best

Carriage Varnishes.

The people of Minnesota are solicited to call and examine our work and facilities for doing the same before going East to purchase, as we will agree to furnish any of the above work to

COMPETE WITH EASTERN MANUFACTURES

Both as to Price and Workmanship.

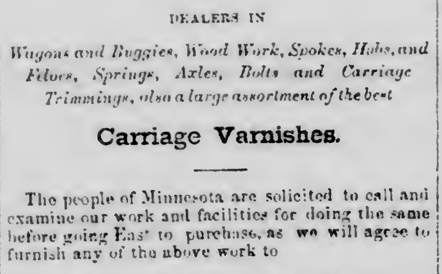
☞ Repairing done at short notice, and all work warranted.

Winona, Nov. 20, 1865. v3n33tf

PIANOS & MELODEONS!

Harmoniums, Church and

SCHOOL ORGANS!



AT MANUFACTURERS RETAIL PRICES.

A Liberal Discount to Ministers, Churches, Schools and Teachers!

The undersigned is Agent for the best manufacture of the above Instruments in the United States, all of which are fully warranted for 5 years.

☞ TERMS CASH!

☞ Apply, or address me, at Medford, Steele Co. Minn. v3n[illegible] W. E. HAWLEY.

UNION

CLOTHING STORE

NEW STORE!

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned wish to inform the people of

OWATONNA AND VICINITY.

That they have

Opened Business,

AT

No. 1 Dresser's Block,

NEAR MARKET SQUARE,

And are ready and willing to serve the public to as good a stock of

READY-MADE

MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

As was ever brought to this place. We wish to mention that

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD THIS SEASON,

Therefore we have

MARKE THEM DOWN

As low as possible. We warrant to give

EVERYBODY SATISFACTION.

Try us and see for yourselves.

H. RUKEYSER & BRO.

Owatonna, Dec. 14, 1865. v3n34tf

DRUG & BOOK STORE!

At the sign of the

Golden Mortar,

Is the place to get great bargains in the line of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, DYE STUFFS, SCHOOL BOOKS, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, VARNISHES,

Yankee Notions,

PATENT MEDICINES, of all kinds, KEROSENE OIL & LAMPS, (in large quantities,) SLATES & PENCILS, COPY & BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES FOR 1865, &c.

Physicians & Druggits

From the country, will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are prepared to duplicate any bills, of limited size, from

EASTERN MARKETS.

All Medicine, Domestic Wines, and Liquors,

Warranted Pure & Genuine.

☞ Remember the place: STONE STORE, GOLDEN MORTAR, Broadway.

WOODARD & ELLS.

Rochester, Minn., May 18, 1865. v3n4m6

THE CARS ARE RUNNING TO FARIBAULT

And so, via the Central Railroad, are J. H. WINTER'S Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

arriving directly from the East, consisting of

MILINARY AND DRY GOODS!

among which may be found a superior assortment of

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS
BLUE AND BROWN DENIMS
ALL WOOL AND COMMON PRINTS
DELAINES LINDSEYS,
GINGHAMS,
ALPACCAS, &c. &ct

A good assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY FLANNELS

For Ladies', Children and Gents' wear

A large assortment of BLACK and COLORED

CLOAKING.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS.

DRESS BUTTONS,
PINS, NEEDLES,
HOSIERY AND
GLOVES, SHAWLS
AND WORSTED GOODS.

A Complete assortment of

FANCY GOOODS.

☞ The young lady who takes charge of the Millinery Department has just arrived from the East, where she gave entire satisfaction to the Proprietors of the Oldest and Largest Millinery Establishment in Western Mass.

Cloak and Dress Making done to order in all the LATEST STYLES.

Faribault, Nov. 23, 1865. 31-tf

For Sale.

One Lot, 4 by 8 rods, fronting on Broadway, with a good House thereon, and a Good Well of Water. The lot is well fenced, and situated in a pleasant part of the City, which will be SOLD CHEAP.

For particulars enquire at this Office.

Owatonna, Jan. 17, 1866. [illegible]

1865. FALL TRADE 1865.

The people of Owatonna and surrounding country are respectfully requested to call and examine my large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES

CROCKERY,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

&c., &c., &c.

My stock is selected with a view to the interest of this County, and will be sold for

CASH OR READY PAY,

At prices to suit the times.

Do not fail to give me a call, and I will do my best to please.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE,

BRIDGE STREET,

Between Main and Broadway.

Owatonna, Oct. 19, 1865. J. T. LEWTON. v3n26tf.

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!



Thomas & White,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, SASH, PUTTY, GLASS, NAILS, ROPE, AX HANDLES, AXES, TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY, POWDER & SHOT, CAPS, HORSE-SHOES & NAILS, SAD IRONS, HAY KNIVES, LANTERNS, FORKS, CHAINS STRAP HINGES, BUTTS, SCREWS, WASH BOARDS, WELL BUCKETS, OX BOWS, WOOD SAWS, LADIES' & MEN'S SKATES, &c., &c.,

And everything kept in a

HARDWARE STORE,

And at prices that will

Challenge Competition.

We are also Agents for the celebrated

Monitor Clothes-Wringer,

That has taken the premium at several State Fairs.

We have also a

TIN-SHOP

Connected with the store, and are prepared to do

ALL KINDS OF JOBBING

IN

TIN, SHEET IRON AND COPPER.

On the shortest notice, and prices satisfactory.

THOMAS & WHITE.

Owatonna, July 27, 1865. v3n14tf

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
Steele County. }

To the Sheriff or any Constable of said County:

In the name of the State of Minnesota, you are hereby commanded to summon WILLIAM ELLIS, if he shall be found in your County, to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 28th day of December, 1865, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, then and there to answer, under oath, such questions as may be put to him touching his indebtedness to David Turner, and touching any property, money or effects of the said David Turner in his possession or under his controle. And have you then and there this writ.

Given under my hand this 20th day of December, 1865, at the City of Owatonna.

I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } SS.
County of Steele. }

You, David Turner, will please take notice that the Summons, of which the above is a copy, was, on the 21st day of December, 1865, served on the above named WILLIAM ELLIS at his residence in said County, by leaving a true copy thereof: That said William Ellis did on said 28th day of December appear in answer to said Summons: That the examination of the said William Ellis was by me postponed to the 20th day of February, 1866, at one o'clock in the afternoon. You are therefore summoned and required to appear at my office in Owatonna, in said County, at one o'clock of said last mentioned day, and take part in the examination of said garnishee.

Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA, Justice of the Peace.

SCHOOL.

A SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES WILL BE opened on MONDAY, the 15th inst., in

DUNLEVY'S BUILDING,

ON BRIDGE STREET.

Instruction will be given in all the Branches of an English Education, and in Latin, and Greek, and French.

TERMS.—Five Dollars per Quarter of Eleven Weeks, and one dollar additional for each of the Languages.

☞ For admission or information apply to

REV. JOHN H. BABCOCK.

Owatonna, Jan. 9, 1866. [illegible]

THE OLD FLAG STILL WAVES!

THE GOOD OLD TIME HAS COME!

To all who buy their goods of

J. P. GURR,

At Rice Lake, where he keeps a large stock of

DRY GOODS

Consisting in part of

SHAWLS,

PRINTS, best qualities at 25 cts.

DE LAINES,

SUMMER CLOTHING,

FACTORY, Bleached and Unbleached, from 30 to 35 cts., and other things in proportion.

A good assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS, BOOTS & SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, CROCKERY GLASS WARE, SASH & WINDOW GLASS, TIN WARE.

ALL KINDS OF

FARMING UTENSIL, Nails, YANKEE NOTIONS

Also a fine assortment of

GROCERIES!

Of all kinds, and almost everything for

FAMILY USE!

Which we are selling as cheap as any

Store in the West.

We sell for **READY PAY**, and give the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE

for all kinds of Country Produce.

Rice Lake, June 16th, 1864. v2n8tf

NEW LUMBER YARD!

ON CEDAR STREET,

IN THE

Rear of the Baptist Church

The undersigned has established a new

LUMBER YARD

In this city, at the above named location, and desires to call the attention of everybody to his stock of every description of

LUMBER,

INCLUDING

FLOORING,

FENCING,

DIMENSIONS,

BOARDS,

SIDING

CLEAR LUMBER,

SHINGLES,

LATH,

&c., &c.

Which he has constantly on hand, and for sale at the

Lowest Market Prices.

Owatonna, Nov. 30, 1865. S. B. WASHBURN v3n32tf

NEVER OUTDONE!

The undersigned takes this method to announce to his numerous patrons and the country generally, that he has established himself on

MAIN STREET,

IN THE

Cabinet Business,

And is prepared to furnish all who may call, with every variety of

BUREAUS,
BEDSTEADS, of all kinds and prices,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CENTRE TABLES,
CARD TABLES,
FALL-LEAF TBLES, &c.,

CHEAPER

Than can be sold in the State. Also, all kinds of

CHAIRS,

Down to the very latest styles, such as

WINDSOR, ROCKING, CANE-SEAT, OFFICE, &c.
SOFAS, LOUNGES, SOFA CHAIRS, &c.

Also a splendid stock of the best

German Plate Mirrors,

WITH OR WITHOUT FRAMES.

And a full assortment of

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings,

For Frames, and a splendid stock of

Mattrasses,

Of every description, and

Tucker's Spring Beds,

All of which will be sold for less money than at any other Cabinet Shop in the State. Give us a call and we will prove to you the fact that at J. F. Hanna's is the place to buy cheap.

Our work is WARRANTED, and made of the BEST MATERIAL, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.

We also have, in connection with the above

COFFINS



OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

And the latest styles kept constantly on hand. We have on hand the best styles of

METALLIC COFFINS,

Which we will sell as cheap as can be had in Eastern cities.

☞ Strict attention paid to orders and attendance on funerals.

Feeling grateful for former patronage, we hope by keeping the best of ware, and selling at low prices, to merit a continuance of the same.

J. F. HANNA.

Owatonna, Aug. 3, 1865.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

WE SELL, AT

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, FARIBAULT

Best Saleratus at 10 cts. per pound.
Superior Japan Tea, $1.40 "
do Green Tea, 1.75 "

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Spices, Tobacco, Crockery, &c., &c.,

At Very Low Prices.

WE ARE SELLING,

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

Best Prints at 20 to 25 cts. per yard.

Good all-wool Gray Twilled Flannel, at 50 cts. per yard.
All-wool Merino, (double fold.) 90 " "
Cotton Batts, 20 " per pound.

Worsted and Woolen Dress Goods, Shawls, Hoods, Breakfast Capes, Hose, Gloves, Mittens and Furs,

AT ACTUAL COST.

Blankets & Carpets at Cost

Hoop Skirts, 25 per cent. discount from Fall Prices!

Buffalo and Arctic Overshoes, Boot Packs and Shoe Packs,
(NEW LOT JUST RECEIVED.)

AT COST.

YOU CAN BUY, AT

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

Good warm Undershirts and Drawers at 85 cts. each.
Overcoats, Shirts, Drawers, Mitts, Gloves, Scarfs, &c., at just what they cost by the Car Load!
All-wool socks, for 25 cts. per pair.

N. B.—Batchelder's Block contains the Best Assortment of Goods of all kinds in the State. Exceeding in value, for the past year, the stocks of all other dealers in general merchandise in Faribault added together, (according to the tax lists of the County.) All kinds of goods are to be found at BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, at the LOWEST PRICES, warranted to be just what they are represented, and sold very cheap for cash, on one price system; We have sold nearly **a quarter of a million of dollar's worth of goods,** at BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, in the past three years. Why?
BECAUSE we keep GOOD articles and sell them CHEAP.
BECAUSE we buy cheaper and contract freights cheaper than we could in small lots.
BECAUSE we sell for cash and make quick returns.
BECAUSE we lose no large amounts by bad debts.
For these reasons, and because of the great amount of our sales, we CAN, DO AND WILL sell all kinds of goods very cheap, at

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, FARIBAULT.

FLOUR AND FEED STORE,

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

THE undersigned wishes to give notice to the public that he has purchased the Building formerly occupied by J. S. DERBY, on Oak Street, opposite the WINSHIP HOUSE, where he has opened a large and extensive

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.
D. C. MORLEY.
Owatonna, Nov. 2d 1865.

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOL'SALE GROCERS

— AND —

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

ROCHESTER INSURANCE COMPANY,

Rochester - - - - Minnesota.
ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.
H. C. FOSTER, Sec. 2-35 tf

SAMUEL FRIEND,

DEALER IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c. &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.

1865. 1866.

Metropolitan Hall Building,

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF

C. & D. N. Russell & Co.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO. are now opening their Second Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS direct from the East, which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at New York and Boston prices.

ONCE MORE

The attention of Ladies is respectfully called to our Choice selection of

MERINOS, THIBETS, COMMON AND ALL ALPACCAS, WOOL DE LA NES, PARAMATTAT, AMERICAN AND ENGLISH GINGHAMS, SILK AND WORSTED, PRINTS, &c. &c. GOODS, &c. &c. &c.

Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND STRIPED AND BLUE AND **SHEETING, SHIRTING,** BLEACHED CHECKED BROWN

DENIMS, TICKINGS,
&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

SOMETHING NEW!!

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes. weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well Selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public: made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prime Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as any store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE US, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement.

FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865.
31-tf C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

HO, FOR THE "REGULATOR!"

The Glad Hour has Come!

LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' & GENTS' FUR GOODS, AND LADIES AND CHILDREN' SHOES,

Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

Superior Qualities, and Very Low Prices!

We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.
We call your especial attention to our

LADIES', GENTS', AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN," and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.
We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE, and by our long experience in business we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

No. 3, BANK BLOCK, BROAD'Y, ROCHESTER, Minn

DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.*
v2n43

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the
UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER
TO
Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,
and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago.

Without Change of Cars,
Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE | AT CHICAGO
With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line. | With all Trains for the East & South.

The Splendid Steamers
OF THE
NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE
Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train.

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South.

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a seasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.
E. P. BACON, Gen. Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

TEAS SUGARS SYRUPS
FISH,
FRESH & DRIED APPLES,
CANNED FRUIT
TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found [in a]

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold, and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d, AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. [illegible] PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA.	De 11 [illegible]	De 5 00 p m	De [illegible]
6 Minn City*	Ar 11 35 De 11 40	3 25	[illegible]
5 Stockton	12 05 p m	3 [illegible]	[illegible] 20
8 Lewiston	1 00	4 40	6 55
3 Utica*	1 15	[illegible]	7 [illegible]
6 St Charles	1 50	5 30	7 [illegible]
9 Eyota	2 30	6 20	7 55
7 Chester*	3 00	6 40	[illegible] 20
6 Rochester	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	[illegible]
15 Kasson			Ar [illegible] m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 2[illegible] p m
6 Minn City	10 30	11 40	[illegible] 55
5 Stockton	10 15	11 15	8 35
8 Lewiston	9 35	10 30	7 45
3 Utica	9 25	10 10	7 25
6 St Charles	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 30	7 00
9 Eyota	8 35	8 50	De 6 20 Ar 6 10
7 Chester	8 10		
6 Rochester	7 50	8 20 De 7 00 p m	5 40 De 5 10 p m
15 Kasson	De 7 00 p m		

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.
Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.
Owatonna, June 30th, 1864. v2n10t

DRUG STORE,

—oO—Oo—

Doct. D. S. HARSHA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c. Also HOWS & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf
Owatonna, May 14th 1865. D. S. HARSHA.

WILLCOX & GIBBS SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt,* and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *same* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with *no* change of needle, thread or tension.

Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine.* It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods,* thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "survive the washtub." Old worn out garments, hose, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the [illegible], and to THIS [illegible] premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patent [illegible] *machine being run in the wrong direction,* or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong.

Thus avoiding a great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

[illegible]

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them in the *dark.* The hemmer [illegible]

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

It runs by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—[illegible]

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

[illegible]

They will not get out of order.

[illegible]

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

[illegible]

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER.

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES

[illegible]

The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mechanical and Scientific Societies, over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

[illegible] Machine.

The award is as follows:
"The Willcox & Gibbs Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award The First Premium (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS,

ST. ANTHONY

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood. Heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system.
Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.
It is warranted not to produce costiveness which is the case with most remedies, or affect the [illegible]. It contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.
There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.
Do not DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.
Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatise on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures made in this city.
For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.
Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors,
J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.
For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

— IS —

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take [illegible] of the Pain Killer in a [illegible] water, well sweetened with [illegible] bathing freely [illegible] with the medicine, at [illegible] in twenty minutes [illegible] the chill. Should it produce vomiting, and it probably will, if the stomach [illegible] Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. [illegible] the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.
Aged. vol3.No.27 1yr

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Spring Skirt that ever has or can be made.
The wonderful flexibility and great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.
A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are superior to all others.
The Hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.
All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable and Economical Skirt ever made.
WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., [New York].
For Sale in all First-Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v3n19m3
INQUIRE FOR THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT. A. & C.

The Winona & St. Peter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

[of] lands situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all [situated] within

FIFTEEN MILES

[of the road] which extends through the

[illegible] PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNES'A.

[illegible] of Agriculture, these lands cannot [illegible]. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.
Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
Winona, Minn.
49tf

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
STEELE COUNTY, }

To [illegible] Turner, Esq.:
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA you are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for said County, on the 20th day of February, 1866, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, to answer to [illegible] in a Civil Action.
Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA,
Justice of the Peace.

LOTS FOR SALE.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R.R. and Min. Central R. R. Apply to [illegible]
P. McNAMARA,
Chief Engineer Min. Val. R. R.
v2n[illegible] St. Paul, Minn.

WE SELL, AT

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, FARIBAULT

Best Saleratus at 10 cts. per pound.
Superior Japan Tea, $1.40 "
do Green Tea, 1.75 "

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Spices, Tobacco, Crockery, &c., &c.,

At Very Low Prices.

WE ARE SELLING,

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

Best Prints at 20 to 25 cts. per yard.

Good all-wool Gray Twilled Flannel, at 50 cts. per yard.
All-wool Merino, (double fold.) 90 " "
Cotton Batts, 20 " per pound.

Worsted and Woolen Dress Goods, Shawls, Hoods, Breakfast Capes, Hose, Gloves, Mittens and Furs,

AT ACTUAL COST.

Blankets & Carpets at Cost

Hoop Skirts, 25 per cent. discount from Fall Prices!

Buffalo and Arctic Overshoes, Boot Packs and Shoe Packs.
(NEW LOT JUST RECEIVED.)

AT COST.

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Good warm Undershirts and Drawers at 85 cts. each.
Overcoats, Shirts, Drawers, Mitts, Gloves, Scarfs, &c., at just what they cost by the Car Load!
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BECAUSE we keep GOOD articles and sell them CHEAP.
BECAUSE we buy cheaper and contract freights cheaper than we could in small lots.
BECAUSE we sell for cash and make quick returns.
BECAUSE we lose no large amounts by bad debts.
For these reasons, and because of the great amount of our sales, we CAN, DO AND WILL sell all kinds of goods very cheap, at

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, FARIBAULT.

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

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FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.
D. C. MORLEY.
Owatonna. Nov. 2d 1865.

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOL'SALE GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 3 Jackson Street,

St. Paul, Minn.

ROCHESTER
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Rochester - - - - Minnesota.
ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in.
A. C. FOOTE, Sec. A. E. CHILDS, Pres. 2 25 1

SAMUEL FRIEND,

DEALER IN

READY-MADE

CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c. &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.

1865. 1866.

Metropolitan Hall Building,

THIRD STREET, Faribault, Minnesota.

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF

C. & D. N. Russell & Co.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO. are now opening their Second Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS direct from the East, which they offer at Wholesale and Retail at New York and Boston prices,

ONCE MORE

The attention of Ladies is respectfully called to our Choice selection of

MERINOS, THIBETS, COMMON AND ALL ALPACCAS, WOOL DE LA NES, PARAMATTAT, AMERICAN AND ENG. SILK AND LISH GINGHAMS, WORSTED, PRINTS, &c. &c. GOODS, &c. &c. &c.

Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND STRIPED AND BLUE AND — **SHEETING, SHIRTING, DENIMS, TICKINGS,** &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. — BLEACHED, CHECKED, BROWN

SOMETHING NEW!!

—o o—

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands. The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

☞ We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

HATS AND CAPS,

AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well Selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public; made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prime Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as any store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement.
FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865.
31-tf C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

HO, FOR THE "REGULATOR!"

The Glad Hour has Come!

LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' & GENTS' FUR GOODS, AND LADIES AND CHILDREN' SHOES,

Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

Superior Qualities, and Very Low Prices!

We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.
We call your especial attention to our

LADIES', GENTS', AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN," and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.
We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE, and by our long experience in business we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

No. 3, BANK BLOCK, BROADW'Y, ROCHESTER, Minn

DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.*
v2n43

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL
Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the
UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER
TO
Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,
and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at Janesville with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago.

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE — With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line.
AT CHICAGO — With all Trains for the East & South.

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE

NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train.

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South.

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a [illegible] table [illegible].

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.
Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.
Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.
E. P. BACON, Gen. Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

New Store

AND

NEW GOODS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

TEAS SUGARS SYRUPS

FISH,

FRESH & DRIED APPLES,

CANNED FRUIT

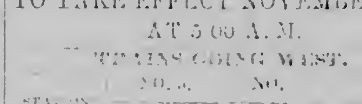
TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
Owatonna Oct. 26 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER



RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d, AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. [illegible] FREIGHT.	NO. [illegible] PASSENGER.	NO. [illegible] [illegible]
WINONA	De 11 [illegible]	[illegible] p m	[illegible]
6 Minn City	Ar 11 35 De 11 [illegible]	3 2[illegible]	[illegible]
7 Stockton	12 05 p m	3 [illegible]	[illegible]
8 Lewiston	1 00	4 [illegible]	6 55
3 Utica	1 15	[illegible]	7 [illegible]
6 St Charles	1 50	5 [illegible]	[illegible] 2[illegible]
9 Eyota	2 30	6 2[illegible]	7 [illegible]
7 Chester	3 00	[illegible]	[illegible]
6 Rochester	Ar 3 20 p m	Ar 7 [illegible] p m	[illegible]
15 Kasson			[illegible]

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. [illegible]
Winona	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 0[illegible] p m	Ar 9 2[illegible] p m
6 Minn City	10 20	11 [illegible]	[illegible] 55
5 Stockton	10 15	11 15	8 3[illegible]
8 Lewiston	9 35	10 30	7 45
3 Utica	9 25	10 10	7 25
6 St Charles	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 20	7 00
9 Eyota	8 35	8 50	De 6 20 Ar 6 10
7 Chester	8 10	8 20	[illegible]
6 Rochester	7 50	De 7 00	De 5 1[illegible] p m
15 Kasson	De 7 00 p m		

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.
Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.
Owatonna, June 29th, 1864. v2n10t

DRUG STORE,

oO—Oo

DOCT. D. S. HARSH would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

Drugs, Medicines, &c., Also
HOW'S & STEVENS' CELEBRATED FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price.
n3-tf D. S. HARSH.
Owatonna, May 11th 1865.

WILLCOX & GIBBS

SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt,* and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with no change of needle, thread or tension.
Will use coarse *Cotton, Linen, Silk* and *twine.* It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods,* thus securely fastening every stitch so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to "*survive the washtub.*" Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS who [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], and for this stitch premiums have been awarded for its SECURITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.
A Patented Device [illegible] [illegible] *machine being run in the wrong direction,* or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong.

This avoids a great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

[illegible]

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

[illegible]

It will not Drop Stitches;

[illegible]

[illegible]

They will not get out of order.

[illegible]

[illegible]

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

[illegible]

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

[illegible]

The award is as follows:
"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award The First Premium [illegible] to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine.**"

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS.

ST. ANTHONY

ALLEN'S

LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system.
Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.
It is warranted not to produce costiveness which is the case with most remedies, or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.
There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.
Do not despair! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.
Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatize on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures made in this city.
For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.
Also sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors.
J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O.
For sale by D. S. Harsh and dealers in Patent Medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

—IS—

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take [illegible] of the Pain Killer in a [illegible] [illegible] water, well sweetened with molasses [illegible] on going to bed, bathing freely [illegible] with the medicine, at [illegible] twenty minutes [illegible] the chill. Should it [illegible] it probably will, if the stomach [illegible] Pain Killer in [illegible] with sugar after each spasm. [illegible] has cured many severe and old cases of this disease.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers

For sale by D. S. Harsh and dealers in Patent Medicines generally.
[illegible] vol3.No.2. 1yr

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.

THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Duplex Elliptic [illegible] are comfort, and [illegible] Duplex Elliptic [illegible] day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For [illegible] Young Ladies, they are superior.

[illegible] with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single [illegible] which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use. [illegible] bed tapes, [illegible] every part, giving to the [illegible] possible, [illegible] Most Desirable, [illegible] ever made.
[illegible] J. I. & J. O. WEST [illegible] and MANUFACTURERS [illegible] 79 and 81 Reade Sts.,
[illegible] First-Class Stores in this city, and [illegible] United States, and Canadas, Havana [illegible] Mexico, South America, and the West [illegible]
[illegible] DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT. J. & C.

The Winona & St. Peter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

[illegible] in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTEAD, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all within

FIFTEEN MILES

[illegible] the

[illegible] *of SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.*

[illegible] these lands cannot [illegible] in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.
Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
Winona, Minn.
19tf

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
STEELE COUNTY. }

[illegible]
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA [illegible] to be and appear before [illegible] one of the Justices of the Peace in and for said County, on the 20th day of February, 1866, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at [illegible] Owatonna, in said County, to answer to [illegible] Civil Action.
Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA,
Justice of the Peace.

LOTS FOR SALE.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R. R. and Min. Central R. R. Apply to [illegible]
P. McNAMARA.
[illegible] Val. R. R.
[illegible] St. Paul, Minn

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE

WE SELL, AT

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, FARIBAULT

Best Saleratus at 10 cts. per pound.
Superior Japan Tea, $1.40 "
do Green Tea, 1.75 "

Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Spices, Tobacco, Crockery, &c., &c.,

At Very Low Prices.

WE ARE SELLING,

AT BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

Best Prints at 20 to 25 cts. per yard.

Good all-wool Gray Twilled Flannel, at 50 cts. per yard.
All-wool Merino, (double fold,) 90 " "
Cotton Batts, 20 " per pound.

Worsted and Woolen Dress Goods, Shawls, Hoods, Breakfast Capes, Hose, Gloves, Mittens and Furs,

AT ACTUAL COST.

Blankets & Carpets at Cost

Hoop Skirts, 25 per cent. discount from Fall Prices!

Buffalo and Arctic Overshoes, Boot Packs and Shoe Packs,
(NEW LOT JUST RECEIVED.)

AT COST.

YOU CAN BUY, AT

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK,

Good warm Undershirts and Drawers at 85 cts. each.
Overcoats, Shirts, Drawers, Mitts, Gloves, Scarfs, &c., at just what they cost by the Car Load!
All-wool socks, for 25 cts. per pair.

N. B.—Batchelder's Block contains the Best Assortment of Goods of all kinds in the State. Exceeding in value, for the past year, the stocks of all other dealers in general merchandise in Faribault added together, (according to the tax lists of Rice County.) All kinds of goods are to be found at BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, at the LOWEST PRICES, warranted to be just what they are represented, and sold very cheap for cash, on one price system; We have sold nearly **a quarter of a million of dollar's worth of goods,** at BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, in the past three years. Why?
BECAUSE we keep GOOD articles and sell them CHEAP.
BECAUSE we buy cheaper and contract freights cheaper than we could in small lots.
BECAUSE we sell for cash and make quick returns.
BECAUSE we lose no large amounts by bad debts.
For these reasons, and because of the great amount of our sales, we CAN, DO AND WILL sell all kinds of goods very cheap, at

BATCHELDER'S BLOCK, FARIBAULT.

FLOUR AND FEED STORE.

AND

the Best Quality of Everything.

THE undersigned wishes to give notice to the public that he has purchased the Building formerly occupied by J. S. DERBY, on Oak Street, opposite the WINSHIP HOUSE, where he has opened a large and extensive

FEED STORE,

where he will keep on hand the best quality, and at the lowest possible rates,

Flour, Provender, Oats, Butter, Corn,

and all kinds of the finest

VEGETABLES

that can but suit the most fastidious. Don't fail to call and examine for yourselves.
D. C. MORLEY.
Owatonna. Nov. 2d 1865.

J. M. BOHRER, R. MORRISSON, C. P. REEVES,

BOHRER, MORRISSON & REEVES,

Successors to
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 3 Jackson Street,
St. Paul, Minn.

ROCHESTER
INSURANCE COMPANY,
Rochester - - - - Minnesota.
ORGANIZED UPON THE STOCK AND MUTUAL PLAN.

No Risks Taken Upon Any Other than Detached Farm Property.

Farmers will find this a safe and reliable Company to insure in.
H. C. FOOTE, Sec. A. F. CHILDS, Pres.
2-36 tf

SAMUEL FRIEND,
DEALER IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING

HATS & CAPS,

BOY'S CLOTHING,

AND

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE

People's Store,

Bridge St., Owatonna, Minn.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the citizens of Owatonna and vicinity that he has rented the new building on Bridge St., called the

DRESSER BUILDING,

where he will keep constantly on hand a

Full & Fashionable Assortment

OF ALL KINDS OF

GENTS' READY-MADE CLOTHING,

&c, &c. &c.

Being connected with the large and extensive Wholesale Clothing House of

H. FRIEND & BRO.,

of Milwaukee, I flatter myself that I can suit you all in

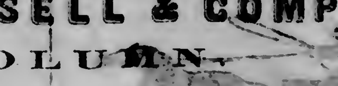
QUALITIES & PRICES.

Remember the

PEOPLE'S STORE,

SAMUEL FRIEND.

C. & D. N. RUSSELL & COMPANY'S COLUMN.



1865. 1866.

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Mourning Goods

OF ALL STYLES AND QUALITIES

OUR STOCK OF

Domestic Goods

Is Large and Complete, Consisting of

BROWN AND BLEACHED
STRIPED AND CHECKED
BLUE AND BROWN

SHEETING,
SHIRTING,
DENIMS, TICKINGS,
&c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c. &c.

SOMETHING NEW!!

—0—0—

Sly Quaker Hoop Skirts with or without extension bands The lightest and best yet. Forty Springs and nine Tapes, weighing only sixteen ounces, or less than three-fourths the weight of the lightest Skirt. Less number of springs in proportion. Price very low.

☞ We invite the attention of Gentlemen to our Large stock of

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AND

COUNTRY GOODS

Our Country is Marching on! And so are C. & D. N. RUSSELL & Co., who find it for their interest to keep a Large and well Selected Stock of BOOTS and SHOES for the inspection of their friends and the public; made from the best material, of the Latest Style and work warranted.

—0—

In our Grocery Department may be found a good assortment of Pure and Choice **FAMILY GROCERIES** consisting of Prime Green, Japan, and Black Teas, Pulverized, Granulated, Crushed, Yellow and Brown Sugars, Syrups, Spices, Salt, and the usual assortment kept in a First Class Grocery Store. Also, PURE OHIO CIDER VINEGAR!

—0—

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.—Which we own cheaper than anybody else, consequently we can SELL CHEAPER!

—v—

WE shall constantly be receiving New Goods as the trade demand, and at as **LOW PRICES** as and store in Rice County. CALL AND SEE US, and we will convince you of the truth of our statement

FARIBAULT, Minn. Nov. 23, 1865.
31-tf C. & D. N. RUSSELL & CO.

No. 3, No. 3, No. 3.

HO, FOR THE "REGULATOR!!"

The Glad Hour has Come!

LET THE NEWS GO FORTH.

GATHER THE PEOPLE TOGETHER, AND BRING THEM ALL TO ONE PLACE!

THE "REGULATOR"

And there let them behold the largest and best selected stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' & GENTS' FUR GOODS, AND LADIES' AND CHILDREN' SHOES,

Ever brought to Minnesota! And now to the people of Steele and adjoining counties we will say that we have opened up a large stock of Goods for your inspection, and after your careful examination of the

Superior Qualities, and Very Low Prices!

We feel confident that you will find it to your interest to buy your goods at the REGULATOR, as we intend to make it

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR GOOD BARGAINS!

And to satisfy yourselves that such is the fact, COME AND SEE.
We call your especial attention to our

LADIE'S, GENT'S, AND CHILDREN'S FUR GOODS

Of which we have a beautiful assortment. Also, our superior lot of

READY-MADE CLOTHING AND FLANNELS!!

We've got "FLANNEL ON THE BRAIN," and we know we can please you in this as well as in every other Department, if you will only TRY US ON. In

LADIE'S AND CHILDREN's SHOES

We have every style and quality. Also, a lot of

MEN'S HEAVY BOOTS,

Which we are selling at COST, to close out this branch of our trade.
We don't expect to monopolize the trade of Rochester, but WE EXPECT TO DO OUR SHARE, and by our long experience in business we find the way to be successful is to sell NOT LESS THAN COST, but a SMALL ADVANCE ABOVE, which we intend to do, and if you will give us a call we shall always be pleased to wait upon you, and do you all the good we can. Our Place is

No. 3, BANK BLOCK, BROAD'Y, ROCHESTER, Minn

DON'T BUY TILL YOU FIND IT!

BARDEN, BALDWIN & VAN DUSEN.

P. S.—We are Wholesale Agents for the sale of SALT, WATER LIME and STONE COAL, at *REDUCED PRICES.*
v2n43

FOR THE EAST!

CHICAGO, PRA. DU CHIEN & ST. PAUL Railway and Packet Line

From all points on the
UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER
TO
Madison, Janesville, Milwaukee, Chicago,
and all points

EAST AND SOUTH!

TWO EXPRESS TRAINS LEAVE PRAIRIE DU CHIEN DAILY.

Connecting at **Janesville** with the Chicago and North Western Railway through to Milwaukee or Chicago

Without Change of Cars,

Making direct connections

AT MILWAUKEE With Detroit & Milwaukee R. R. and Steamship Line.

AT CHICAGO With all Trains for the East & South.

The Splendid Steamers

OF THE
NORTH WESTERN PACKET LINE

Make sure Connections at Pra. du Chien with Morning Express Train,

Arriving at Milwaukee and Chicago in time to connect with evening trains for the East and South

Passengers from points above La Crosse by this route get a FULL NIGHT'S REST on Steamers, and breakfast on board at a seasonable hour.

THROUGH TICKETS to all important points can be obtained at all points on the River.

Call for Tickets via Prairie du Chien.

Fare as low as by any Other Route.

Baggage Checked Through from Pra. du Chien to all Important Points.

E. P. BACON, Gen. Ticket Agt. WM. JERVIS, Superintendent.

New Store

AND

NEW GooDS

E. C. PHELPS, takes this method to inform the Citizens of Steel County, that he has opened in his NEW STORE, on Bridge Street in the City of Owatonna, a

FRESH

and complete Stock of

Groceries

Consisting in part of the finest qualities of

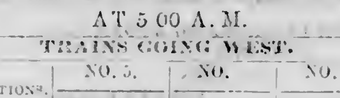
TEAS SUGARS SYRUPS
FISH,
FRESH & DRIED APPLES,
CANNED FRUIT
TOBACCO

and every thing else usually found

Grocery Store.

We will not be undersold, and are prepared to give our Customers great bargains. Don't fail to call and examine our Goods and prices before purchasing elswhere.
Owatonna Oct. 26, 1865. 27 tf

WINONA AND ST. PETER



RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT NOVEMBER 22d, AT 5 00 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	NO. 5. FREIGHT.	NO. PASSENGER.	NO. 1. PASSENGER.
WINONA.	De 11 10 am	De 3 00 p m	De. 5 45 am
6			
Minn City*	Ar 11 35 De 11 40	3 25	6 05
5			
Stockton	12 05 p m	3 50	6 20
8			
Lewiston	1 00	4 40	6 55
3			
Utica*	1 15	4 55	7 05
6			
St Charles	1 50	5 30	7 25
9			
Eyoto	2 30	6 20	7 55
7			
Chester*	3 00	6 40	8 20
6			
Rochester	Ar 3 30 p m	Ar 7 10 p m	8 40
15			
Kasson			Ar 9 30 a m

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	NO. 2. PASSENGER.	NO. 4. PASSENGER.	NO. 6. FREIGHT.
Winona	Ar 10 50 p m	Ar 12 05 p m	Ar 9 20 p m
6			
Minn City	10 30	11 40	8 55
5½			
Stockton	10 15	11 15	8 35
8			
Lewiston	9 35	10 30	7 45
3			
Utica	9 25	10 10	7 25
6			
St Charles	9 05	De 9 45 Ar 9 30	7 00
9			
Eyota	8 35	8 50	De 6 20 Ar 6 10
7			
Chester	8 10	8 20	5 40
6			
Rochester	7 50	De 7 00 p m	De 5 10 p m
15			
Kasson	De 7 00 p m		

H. C. ATKINS, Superintendent.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

CHARLES SHOEN

Gives notice that he will open a

BILLIARD SALOON

Next Saturday, on Main Street, for the accommodation of those who wish to participate in such exercises. A **RESTAURANT** will be opened also at the same place for those who may desire.
Refreshments on reasonable terms. Everything will be conducted in a neat and orderly manner, and agreeable to the rules of such houses.
Owatonna, June 30th, 1864. v2n10t

DRUG STORE,

—oO—Oo—

Doct. D. S. HARSHA, would announce to the public that he still continues at his old stand to keep a well selected stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., ALSO
HOW'S & STEVENS' CELEBRATED. FAMILY

Dye Colors,

Pure Native Grape Wine and Liquors, STRICTLY FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, and other articles usually kept in Drug Stores. All of which will be sold at the lowest cash price. n3-tf
D.S. HARSHA.
Owatonna, May 14th 1863.

WILLCOX & GIBBS SEWING MACHINE

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, CORD *Bind, Braid, Quilt,* and *Embroider* beautifully. It will, with the *finest* needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest beaver cloth and cowhide, with *no* change of needle, thread or tension.
Will use coarse *cotton, linen, silk* and *twine.* It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, differing from every other stitch, each loop being *twisted* by means of the

ROTATING HOOK,

and drawing the twist *into the goods,* thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will bear to be cut at frequent intervals, and in that case even, the seam is warranted NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances to *"survive the washtub."* Old worn out garments, bosoms, pants, dresses, &c., have been submitted to Committees at FAIRS where was the *greatest competition,* and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.
A Patented Device *prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction,* or the balance wheel ever wearing or touching the dress. By another ingenious Patent improvement,

The Needle cannot be set Wrong,

Thus avoiding a great trouble of other machines. In this it is so easy that a child may set it in the dark with unerring correctness every time.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES.

The blade of the needle is *less than ¾ of an inch long,* and *is straight.* It is less than half the length of other machine needles, many of which are curved, therefore more easily bent or broken—a great source of annoyance, expense and trouble.

The Hemmer and Feller can never be set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them *in the dark.* The hem may be of any width. No other hemmer or feller is like this. It turns the hem on the right or upper side, as you want it.

It will not Drop Stitches;

As the needle is always set right, the blade short and straight does not vibrate like longer ones.

Is run by steam at 4000 stitches per minute—other machines only at 400 to 1200, with safety.

They are manufactured with

MATHEMATICAL PRECISION,

Hence each part is interchangeable, and can be readily replaced in case of accident.

They will not get out of order.

We have known it intimately for several years.—Many thousands are already in use here, and so far as we know, not one in family use has ever cost a dime to repair, or ever been out of order at all.—They will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have used it can be persuaded to use any other.

Works at an instant's notice, and never stops "unaccountably." *Not one* operator in ten on the Willcox & Gibbs will *break a needle or drop a stitch in a year.* The Willcox & Gibbs, in the hands of any one, knows no "skips," "drops," "jumps" or "misses." The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

Its *rapidity, absolute stillness, ease of motion, narrowness and neatness* of its HEM and FELL were NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can call in any boy or girl from the street, and with three minutes instruction they will set a needle, attach the Hemmer, or Feller, and do the work with entire success. A blind girl, with the exception of threading the needle, can do the same. Many ladies owning other first-class machines, come to our office to do their *fine hemming and felling* on the Willcox & Gibbs Machine.
The PRESS universally pronounce this the *best family* Sewing Machine in the world.

We are General Agents for

BARNUM'S SELF-SEWER,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES.

It guides the work itself, thus avoiding the bent posture and strain on the eyes. Price $1.50.—Large Discount to Agents
Editors who desire one of these machines on half advertising contracts, can insert this advertisement, send us their paper, and get a machine at any time.
We take other machines in exchange. We sell OIL, COTTON, SILK, TWIST and NEEDLES *for every kind of sewing machine.*
Its entirely noiseless.
A PATENTED DEVICE prevents its being turned backward.
The PATENTED NEEDLE cannot be set wrong.
The PATENTED HEMMER AND FELLER AND BRAIDER cannot be set wrong.
It runs faster than any other.
It will never drop a stitch.
It is the only practical machine which *all* can use.
It does the finest and neatest work ever known, and all varieties of family sewing in the most perfect manner.
No other machine takes the "TWISTED LOOP STITCH."
It cannot be adjusted or got out of order.
It uses the "Rotating Hook."
Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Willcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other ever offered to the public.
The Gold Medal at the American Institute, and numerous First Premiums at State Fairs, and at the meetings Mecanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies.

It is now the Great Leading Family Sewing Machine all over the World.

The Grand Fair of the New England States, held at Springfield, awarded the highest premium to the Willcox & Gibbs, as the **Best Family Sewing Machine.**

The award is as follows:
"The Willcox & Gibbs' Machine is very simple, efficient, and easily understood. We award The **First Premium** (medal) to the Willcox & Gibbs Machine as the **Best Family Machine."**

Send for full descriptive Circular and Price List and specimen of work to

L. CORNELL & CO.,
133 Lake St., Chicago, Ill.
General Agents for Northwestern States.

. W. STRATTON,

TRAVELLING AGENT, MINNESOTA,

HEAD-QUARTERS:

St. ANTHONY

ALLEN'S
LUNG BALSAM

The Great Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA CROUP, DISEASES OF THE THROAT, PAINS AND OPPRESSIONS OF THE CHEST AND LUNGS, BRONCHITIS.

Dificult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

It is one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the Lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the Lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; changes the secretions and purifies the blood, heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the Liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole systemt
Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A VERY FEW HOURS.
It is warrantted not to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies,) or affect the head, as it contains no opium in any form. It is warranted to be perfectly harmless to the most delicate child.
There is no real necessity for so many deaths by Consumption, when Allen's Lung Balsam will prevent it if taken in time.
DO NOT DESPAIR! although all other medicines have failed, but give this remedy a trial.
Call where the balsam is for sale, and get a pamphlet containing a treatize on diseased lungs, and certificates of remarkable cures mad in this city.
For sale by City Druggists generally, and by most dealers in medicines through the Western States.
Also, sold wholesale and retail by the proprietors.
J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O,
For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.

FEVER AND AGUE AND CHILLS.

THE BEST REMEDY

TO CURE

—IS—

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER!

DIRECTIONS FOR ITS USE: Take three teaspoonfuls of the Pain Killer in a half a pint of hot water, well sweetened with molasses, as the attack is coming on, bathing freely the chest, back and bowels with the medicine, at the same time. Repeat the dose in twenty minutes, if the first does not stop the chill. Should it produce vomiting (and it probably will, if the stomach is very foul,) take a little Pain Killer in cold water, sweetened with sugar, after each spasm. Perseverence in the above treatment has cured many severe and obstinate cases of this disease

Sold by All Medicine Dealers

For sale by D. S. Harsha and dealers in Patent medicines generally.
½eol. vol3.No.27 1 yr

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865-6.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT.
THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape twice as long as any Single Skirt that ever has or can be made.
The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress.
A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are superior to all others.
The Hoops are covered with a 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the Single yarn covering which is used on all Single Steel Hoop Skirts. The three bottom rods on every Skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.
All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the Lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt ever made.
WESTS', BRADLEY & CARY, (late J. I. & J. O. West,) SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 and 81 Reade Sts., New York.
For Sale in all First-Class Stores in this city, and throughout the United States, and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. v3n19m3
INQUIRE for THE DUPLEX ELLIPTIC (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. A. & C.

The Winona & St. Peter

RAILROAD COMPANY

OFFER FOR SALE

150,000 ACRES

of their lands, situated in the Counties of

WINONA, HOUSTON, WABASHA, OLMSTED, FILLMORE, DODGE, MOWER, GOODHUE, RICE, STEELE, AND FREEBORN.

The Winona & St. Peter Railroad Lands are all situated within

FIFTEEN MILES

of its Road, which extends through the
RICHEST PORTION of SOUTHERN MINNESOTA.

For all purposes of Agriculture, these lands cannot be excelled. The farms are sold in tracts of

FORTY ACRES AND UPWARDS,

For Cash or on Credit,

a liberal deduction being made to those wishing to purchase for cash.
Maps showing the exact location of the lands, can be seen at the office, and full information on all points will be furnished, on application, in person or by letter to

LAND COMMISSIONER,
Winona & St. Peter Railroad Co.,
49tf Winona, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
STEELE COUNTY, }

To David Turner, Esq.:
IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA you are hereby summoned to be and appear before the undersigned one of the Justices of the Peace, in and for said County, on the 20th day of February, 1866, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at my office in Owatonna, in said County, to answer to Jonathan Scruby, in a Civil Action.
Given under my hand this 29th day of December, 1865. I. P. REQUA,
Justice of the Peace.

LOTS FOR SALE.—In McNamara's addition to Owatonna. Location near the proposed Depot Grounds of the Winona & St. P. R. R. and Min. Central R. R. Apply to
T. McNAMARA.
Chief Engineer Min. Val. R. R.
v3n35m3 St. Paul, Minn.

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE PAGE